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Delta Ultimate Integrated AC Servo Drive with Excellent Performance ASDA-M Series User Manual



Preface

Thank you for purchasing ASDA-M. This user manual provides the related information of ASDA-M series servo drives and ECMA series servo motors. This manual includes:

- Installation and inspection of servo drive and servo motor
- The configuration of servo drive
- Procedures of trial run
- Control function and adjustment methods of servo drive
- Parameters
- Communication protocol
- Maintenance and inspections
- Troubleshooting

This manual addresses personnel with the following qualifications:

- Servo system designers
- Installation or wiring personnel
- Trial and tuning personnel
- Maintenance and inspection personnel

Before using the product, please read through this manual carefully in order to ensure the correct use of the product. In addition, please place this manual safely for quick reference whenever is needed. Please follow the rules below if you have not finished reading this manual yet.

- No water, corrosive gas and inflammable gas are allowed in installation environment.
- Three-phase power is prohibited to connect to U, V and W connector when wiring.
 It is possible to damage the servo drive.
- Ground is a must.
- Do not disconnect the servo drive, motor or change the wiring when connecting to the power.
- Be ensured that the emergency stop can be activated anytime before connecting to the power and operation.
- Do not touch the heat sink to avoid scald before connecting to the power and operation.

If you have any enquiry, please contact the distributors or DELTA customer service center.

Preface ASDA-M

Safety Precautions

ASDA-M series is the high resolution and open type servo drive. It should be installed in a shielded control box during operation. This servo drive uses precise feedback control and the digital signal processor with high-speed calculation function to control the current output which generated by IGBT so as to operate three-phase permanent magnet synchronous motors (PMSM) and to achieve precise positioning.

ASDA-M is applicable on industrial application and is suggested to be installed in the panel-board of the user manual. (Servo drives, wire rod and motors all should be installed in the environment which complies with the minimum requirement of UL Level 1.)

Pay special attention to the following safety precautions anytime during inspection, installation, wiring, operation and examination.

The symbol of **danger**, **warning** and **stop** represent:



It indicates the potential hazards. It is possible to cause severe injury or fatal harm if not follow the instructions.



It indicates the potential hazards. It is possible to cause minor injury or lead to serious damage of the product or even malfunction if not follow the instructions.



It indicates the absolute prohibited activity. It is possible to damage the product or cannot be used due to malfunction if not follow the instructions.

Inspection



Please follow the instruction when using servo drive and servo motor, or it is possible to cause fire or malfunction.

Installation



It is prohibited to expose the product with the environment which containing water, corrosive gas, inflammable gas, etc. Or it is possible to cause electric shock or fire.

Wiring

- > Please connect the ground terminal to class-3 ground system (under 100 Ω), poor grounding may result in electric shock or fire.
- DANGER
- Do not connect the three-phase source to the motor output terminal U, V and W. Or it is possible to cause personnel injury or fire.
- Please tighten the screws of the power and motor output terminal. Or it is possible to cause fire.
- Please connect wiring according to the wire rod in order to prevent any danger.

ii Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Preface

Operation

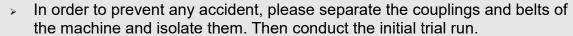


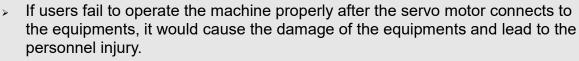
Before the operation, please change the parameter setting value according to the needs. If it is not adjusted to the correct setting value, it is possible to lead to malfunction of the machine or the operation might out of control.

Before the machine starts to operate, please be ensured the emergency stop can be activated anytime.



> During the operation, it is prohibited to touch any rotating motor parts. Or it is possible to cause personnel injury.







- In order to prevent the danger, it is strongly recommended to check if the motor can operate normally without load first. Then, operate the motor with load.
- Do not touch the heat sink of the servo drive. Or it is possible to cause scald due to the high temperature.

Maintenance and Inspection

- It is prohibited to touch the internal parts of the servo drive and servo motor.
 Or it is possible to cause electric shock.
- It is prohibited to disassemble the panel of the servo drive when turning on the power. Or it is possible to cause electric shock.



- Do not touch the ground terminal within 10 minutes after turning off the power. Or the residual voltage may cause electric shock.
- Do not disassemble the motor. Or it is possible to cause electric shock or personnel injury.
- > Do not change the wiring when the power is on. Or it is possible to cause electric shock or personnel injury.
- > Only the qualified electrical and electronics professionals can install, wire and maintain the servo drive and servo motor.

Main Circuit Wiring

Do not put the power cable and the encoder cable in the same channel and bond them together. Please separate the power cable and the encoder cable for at least 30 centimeters (= 11.8 inches) when wiring.



- Please use stranded wires and multi-core shielded-pair wires for the encoder cables and encoder feedback cables. The maximum length of command input cable is 3 meters (= 9.84 feet) and the maximum length of feedback cable is 20 meters (= 65.62 feet).
- The high voltage might remain in the servo motor even when the power is off. Do not touch the power terminal temporally (at least 10 minutes). Please conduct the inspection not until the indicator light, **CHARGE** is off.

Revision July, 2018

Preface ASDA-M



> Do not turn the power on and off too often. If continuous power on and off is needed, please be ensured the interval is one minute at most.

Terminal Wiring of the Main Circuit

When wiring, please disassemble the terminal socket from the servo drive.





- > When inserting the electric wires, do not connect the conductor to the adjacent wire.
- Before connecting to the power, please inspect and be ensured the wiring is correct.



If there is any difference of each version, please refer to DELTA's website (http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation/) for the latest information.

İV Revision July, 2018

Table of Content

Chap	ter 1	Inspection and Model Explanation	
1.1	Insp	ection	1-1
1.2	Prod	duct Model	1-2
	1.2.1	Nameplate Information	1-2
	1.2.2	Model Explanation	1-3
1.3	Serv	o Drive and Corresponding Servo Motor	1-5
1.4	Feat	tures of Servo Drive	1-6
Chap	ter 2	Installation	
2.1	Note	es	2-1
2.2	Amb	pient Conditions of Storage	2-1
2.3	Amb	pient Conditions of Installation	2-2
2.4	Insta	allation Direction and Space	2-3
2.5	Spec	cification of Circuit Breaker and Fuse	2-5
2.6	EMI	Filters Selection	2-5
2.7	Sele	ection of Regenerative Resistor	2-8
Chap	ter 3	Wiring	
3.1	Coni	nection between Peripheral Devices and Main Power Circuit	3-1
	311	Wiring Diagram of Peripheral Devices	3-1

	3.1.2	Connectors and Terminals of the Servo Drive	
	3.1.3	Wiring Method	
	3.1.4	Specification of Motor U, V, W Power Cable	
	3.1.5	Specification of Connector of Encoder Cable	
	3.1.6	Selection of Wire Rod	2
3.2	Sche	ematic Diagram of Servo System	3
3.3	I/O S	Signal (CN1) Connection 3-14	
	3.3.1	I/O Signal (CN1) Connector Terminal Layout	
	3.3.2	Explanation of I/O (CN1) Connector Signal	
	3.3.3	Wiring Diagram (CN1)	0
	3.3.4	The Specified DI and DO Signal by the User	9
3.4	CN2	Connector	0
3.5	Wirir	ng of CN3 Connector3-4	3
	3.5.1	Layout of CN3 Connector	3
	3.5.2	Connection between CN3 connector and Personal Computer 3-4	4
3.6	CN4	Serial Connector (USB)	4
3.7	CN5	Connector (Full-closed Loop)	5
3.8	CN6	Connector (CANopen)	6
3.9	Stan	dard Wiring Method3-4	8
	3.9.1	Position (PT) Mode Standard Wiring 3-4	8
	3.9.2	Position (PR) Mode Standard Wiring	9
	3.9.3	Speed Mode Standard Wiring	0
	3.9.4	Torque Mode Standard Wiring3-5	1

	3.9.5	CANopen Mode Standard Wiring	3-52
Chap	ter 4	Panel Display and Operation	
4.1	Pane	el Description	4-1
4.2	Para	meter Setting Procedure	4-2
	4.2.1	Axis Switching Procedure	4-2
	4.2.2	Parameter Setting Procedure of Each Axis	4-3
4.3	Statu	us Display	4-4
	4.3.1	Setting Saved Display	4-4
	4.3.2	Decimal Point	4-4
	4.3.3	Alarm Message	4-4
	4.3.4	Positive and Negative Sign Setting	4-5
	4.3.5	Monitor Display	4-5
4.4	Gene	eral Function	4-8
	4.4.1	Operation of Fault Record Display	4-8
	4.4.2	JOG Mode	4-9
	4.4.3	Forced Digital Output Operation	4-10
	4.4.4	Digital Input Diagnosis Operation	4-11
	4.4.5	Digital Output Diagnosis Operation	4-12
Chap	ter 5	Trial Operation and Tuning	
5.1	Inspe	ection without Load	5-1
5.2	Appl	y Power to the Servo Drive	5-2

Table o	f Conter	nt	ASDA-M
5.3	JOG	Trial Run without Load	5-6
5.4	Trial	Run without Load (Speed Mode)	5-7
5.5	Trial	Run without Load (Position Mode)	5-9
5.6	Tuni	ng Procedure	5-11
	5.6.1	Flowchart of Tuning Procedure	5-12
	5.6.2	Inertia Estimation Flowchart (with Mechanism)	5-13
	5.6.3	Flowchart of Auto Tuning	5-14
	5.6.4	Flowchart of Semi-auto Tuning	5-15
	5.6.5	Limit of Load Inertia Estimation	5-17
	5.6.6	Mechanical Resonance Suppression Method	5-19
	5.6.7	Tuning Mode and Parameters	5-20
	5.6.8	Tuning in Manual Mode	5-21
Chap	ter 6 (Control Mode of Operation	
6.1	Sele	ction of Operation Mode	6-1
6.2	Posi	tion Mode	6-3
	6.2.1	Position Command of PT Mode	6-3
	6.2.2	Position Command of PR Mode	6-6
	6.2.3	Control Structure of Position Mode	6-7
	6.2.4	S-curve Filter (Position)	6-8
	6.2.5	Electronic Gear Ratio	6-12
	6.2.6	Low-pass Filter	6-14
	6.2.7	Timing Diagram in Position Mode (PR)	6-15

	6.2.8	Gain Adjustment of Position Loop	. 6-16
	6.2.9	Low-frequency Vibration Suppression in Position Mode	. 6-18
6.3	Spee	ed Mode	. 6-24
	6.3.1	Selection of Speed Command	. 6-24
	6.3.2	Control Structure of Speed Mode	. 6-25
	6.3.3	Smooth Speed Command	. 6-26
	6.3.4	The Scaling of Analog Command	6-32
	6.3.5	The Timing Diagram in Speed Mode	. 6-33
	6.3.6	Gain Adjustment of Speed Loop	6-34
	6.3.7	Resonance Suppression	. 6-41
6.4	Torq	ue Mode	6-49
	6.4.1	Selection of Torque Command	6-49
	6.4.2	Control Structure of Torque Mode	. 6-50
	6.4.3	Smooth Torque Command	. 6-51
	6.4.4	The Scaling of Analog Command	6-52
	6.4.5	The Timing Diagram in Torque Mode	6-53
6.5	Dual	Mode	. 6-54
	6.5.1	Speed / Position Dual Mode	. 6-55
	6.5.2	Speed / Torque Dual Mode	. 6-55
	6.5.3	Torque / Position Dual Mode	. 6-56
6.6	Othe	ers	. 6-57
	6.6.1	The Use of Speed Limit	. 6-57
	6.6.2	The Use of Torque Limit	. 6-57

i abie of	Conter	nt A	SDA-IV
	6.6.3	Analog Monitor	. 6-58
	6.6.4	The Use of Mechanical Brake	. 6-63
Chapt	ter 7	Motion Control	
7.1	Moti	on Control Functions of ASDA-M	. 7-1
7.2	Infor	mation of the Servo Drive	. 7-1
	7.2.1	Description of Monitor Variables	. 7-3
	7.2.2	Description of Data Array	. 7-9
7.3	Desc	cription of Motion Axes	. 7-13
7.4	Desc	cription of PR Mode	. 7-14
7.5	The	Position Unit of PR Mode	. 7-14
7.6	Desc	cription of Register in PR Mode	. 7-15
7.7	Desc	cription of Homing in PR Mode	. 7-16
7.8	DI / I	DO Provide by PR Mode and Diagrams	. 7-17
7.9	Para	meter Settings in PR Mode	. 7-19
	7.9.1	The Relation between the Previous Path and Next Path	. 7-31
	7.9.2	Programming the Path in PR Mode	. 7-32
7.10	The	Description of E-Cam Function	. 7-33
	7.10.1	1 Function Description of CAPTURE (Data Capture)	. 7-43
	7.10.2	2 Function Description of COMPARE (Data Compare)	. 7-46
Chapt	ter 8	Parameters	
8.1	Para	meter Definition	. 8-1

8.2	Parameters	8-2
8.3	Parameter Description	8-12
	P0-xx Monitor Parameters	8-12
	P1-xx Basic Parameters	8-38
	P2-xx Extension Parameters	8-79
	P3-xx Communication Parameters	8-118
	P4-xx Diagnosis Parameters	8-127
	P5-xx Motion Setting Parameters	8-142
	P6-xx PR Parameters	8-198
	P7-xx PR Parameters	8-248
	Table 8.1 Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	8-298
	Table 8.2 Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	8-305
Chapt	er 9 Communication	
9.1	RS-485 / RS-232 Communication Hardware Interface	9-1
9.2	RS-485 / RS-232 Communication Parameters Setting	9-4
9.3	MODBUS Communication Protocol	9-8
9.4	Write-in and Read-out in Communication Parameters	9-20
Chapt	er 10 Troubleshooting	
10.1	Alarm of Servo Drive	10-1
10.2	Alarm of CANopen Communication	10-4
10.3	Alarm of Motion Control	10-7

Table of	Content	ASDA-M
10.4	Causes and Corrective Actions	10-12
10.5	Corrective Actions after the Alarm Occurs	10-37
Chapte	er 11 Specifications	
11.1	Specifications of Servo Drive (ASDA-M Series)	11-1
11.2	Specifications of Servo Motor (ECMA Series)	11-4
11.3	Torque Features (T-N curve)	11-10
11.4	Overload Features	11-12
11.5	Dimensions of the Servo Drive	11-14
11.6	Dimensions of the Servo Motor	11-16

Appendix A Accessories

Appendix B Maintenance and Inspection

Chapter 1 Inspection and Model Explanation

1.1 Inspection

In order to prevent the negligence during purchasing and delivery, please inspect the following items carefully.

- Please check if the product is what you have purchased: check the part number of the motor and the servo drive on the nameplate. Refer to the next page for the model explanation.
- Check if the motor shaft can rotate smoothly: Rotate the motor shaft by hand. If it can be rotated smoothly, it means the motor shaft is normal. However, it cannot be rotated by hand if the motor has an electromagnetic brake.
- Check if there is any damage shown on its appearance: visually check if there is any damage or scrape of the appearance.
- Check if there is any loose screw: If the screws are un-tightened or fall off.

If any of the above situations happens, please contact the distributors to solve the problems. A complete and workable servo set should include:

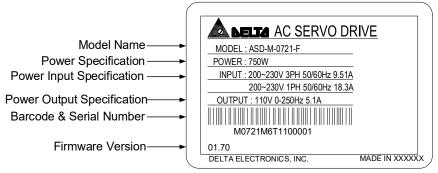
- (1) A Servo drive and a servo motor
- (2) Three UVW motor power cables, the U, V and W wires can connect to the socket attached by the servo drive and another side is the plug which could connect to the socket of the motor. And a green ground wire which should be locked to the ground terminal of the servo drive. (selective purchase)
- (3) Three encoder cables which connect to the socket of the encoder. One side of it connects to CN2 servo drive and another side is the plug. (selective purchase)
- (4) 50-PIN connector which is used in CN1 (3M analog product) (selective purchase)
- (5) 20-PIN connector which is used in CN2 (3M analog product) (selective purchase)
- (6) 6-PIN connector which is used in CN3 (IEEE 1394 analog product) and is for general communication (RS485) (selective purchase)
- (7) 4-PIN connector which used in CN4 (USB Type B product) (selective purchase)
- (8) RJ45 connector which used in CN6 and is for high-speed communication (selective purchase)
- (9) Servo drive power input:
 - (a) 750W and 1.5kW: 2 PIN fast connector (L1c, L2c)
 - (b) 750W and 1.5kW: 3 PIN fast connector (R, S, T)
- (10) 3 sets of 3-PIN fast connector (U, V, W)
- (11) 4-PIN fast connector (P⊕, D, C, ⊕)
- (12) A plastic lever (attached in all series)
- (13) A metal short-circuit chip (attached in all series)
- (14) An installation manual

1.2 Product Model

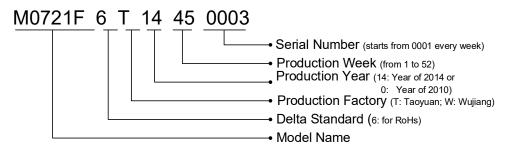
1.2.1 Nameplate Information

ASDA-M Series Servo Drive

Nameplate Information

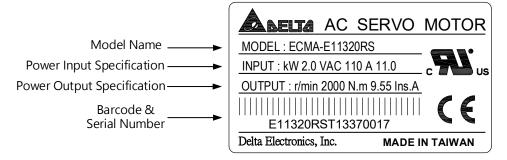


Serial Number

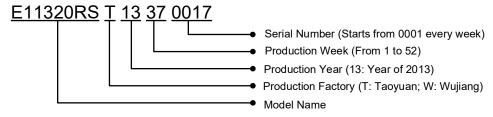


ECMA Series Servo Motor

Nameplate Information



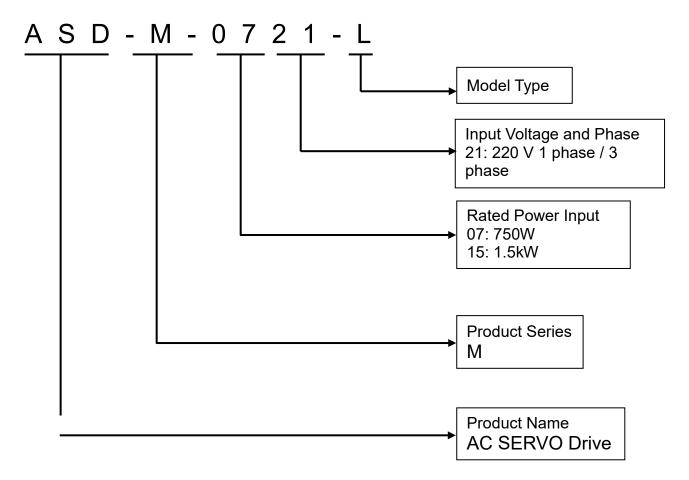
Serial Number



1-2 Revision July, 2018

1.2.2 Model Explanation

ASDA-M Series Servo Drive

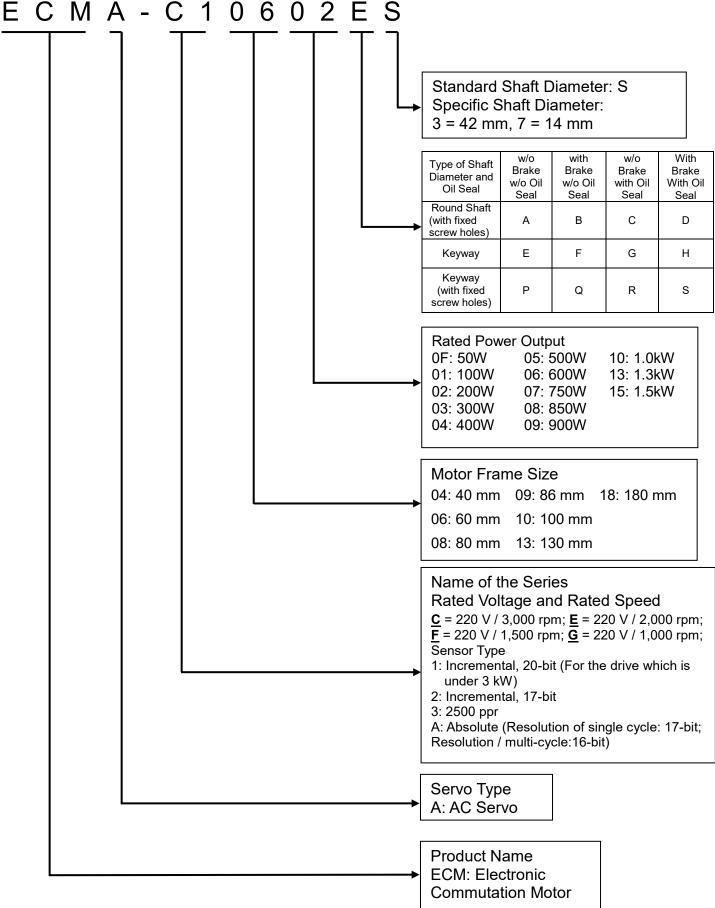


Model Type

Туре	Full-closed Loop	CANopen	DMCNET	E-CAM
M	0	0	×	0
F	0	×	0	0
L	0	×	×	×
R	0	×	0	0

Revision July, 2018

ECMA Series Servo Motor



1-4 Revision July, 2018

1.3 Servo Drive and Corresponding Servo Motor

ASDA-M Series Servo Drive

	Servo Drive Corresponding Servo Motor	
		ECMA-C1040F□S (S = 8 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0401□S (S = 8 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0602□S (S = 14 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0604□S (S = 14 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0604□H (H = high-inertia)
750W	ASD-M-0721-□	ECMA-C∆0804□7 (7 = 14 mm)
73000	AOD-W-0721-L	ECMA-C∆0807□S (S = 19 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0807□H (H = high-inertia)
		ECMA-C△0907□S(S = 16 mm)
		ECMA-E△1305□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-G△1303□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-G△1306□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0807□S(S = 19 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0807□H (H = high-inertia)
		ECMA-C△0907□S(S = 16 mm)
		ECMA-C∆0910□S (S = 16 mm)
. =		ECMA-C△1010□S(S = 22 mm)
1500W	ASD-M-1521-□	ECMA-E△1310□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-F△1308□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-F△1313□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-E△1315□S(S = 22 mm)
		ECMA-G△1309□S(S = 22 mm)



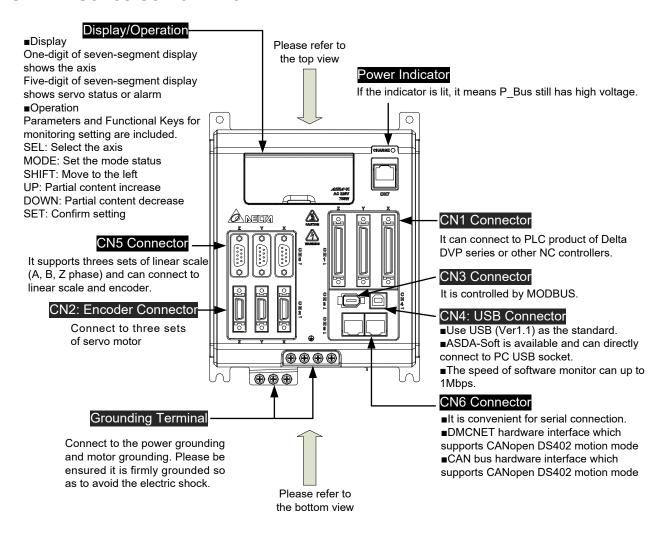
-) Box, (□) at the end of the model name of the servo drive represents the code of ASDA-M. Please refer to the type of purchasing product information.
- 2) Triangle, (△) in the mode name of the servo motor represents the type of encoder.
 △ = 1: incremental, 20-bit; △ = 2: incremental, 17-bit; △ = 3: 2500 ppr; △ = A:
 Absolute. The listed model name is for reference. To purchase the product, please contact the local dealer for product availability.
- 3) Box, (□) in the model name of the servo motor represents the type of brake or keyway / oil seal.

The above table shows the specification of servo drive which has triple rated current. If the user needs the servo drive which has six times of the rated current, please contact with distributors. For detailed specification of the servo motor and servo drive, please refer to the appendix.

Revision July, 2018

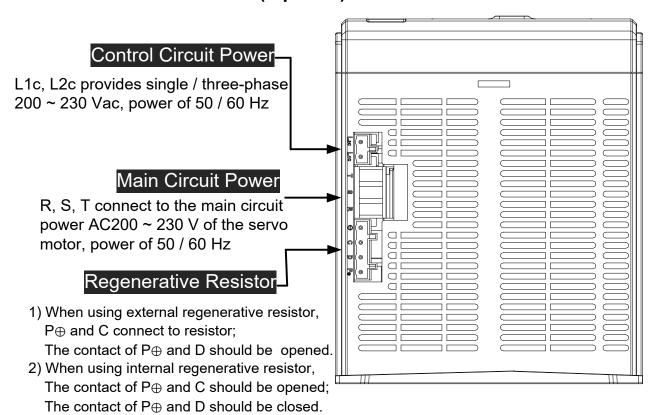
1.4 Features of Servo Drive

ASDA-M Series Servo Drive



1-6 Revision July, 2018

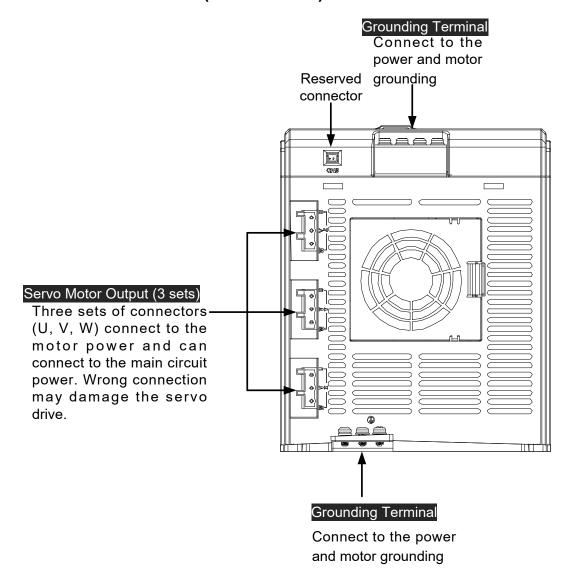
ASDA-M Series Servo Drive (top view)



3) When using external brake unit, P⊕ and Θ connect to brake unit; The contact of P⊕, C and P⊕, D should be opened.

Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Series Servo Drive (bottom view)



1-8 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 Notes

Please pay special attention to the followings:

- 1) Do not strain the cable connection between the servo drive and the servo motor.
- 2) Make sure each screw is tightened when fixing the servo drive.
- 3) The motor shaft and the ball screw should be parallel.
- 4) If the connection between the servo drive and the servo motor is over 20 meters, please thicken the connecting wire, UVW as well as the encoder cable.
- 5) Tighten the fixed four screws of the motor.

2.2 Ambient Conditions of Storage

Before the installation, this product has to be kept in shipping carton. In order to retain the warranty coverage and for the maintenance, please follow the instructions below when storage, if the product is not in use temporally:

- Store the product in a dry and dust-free location.
- Store the product within an ambient temperature range of -20 °C to +65 °C.
- Store the product within a relative humidity range of 0 % to 90 % and a non-condensing environment.
- Avoid storing the product in the environment of corrosive gas and liquid.
- It is better to store the product in shipping carton and put it on the shelf or working platform.

2.3 Ambient Conditions of Installation

The best temperature of this servo drive is between 0 °C and 55 °C. If the temperature is over 45 °C, please place the product in a well-ventilated environment so as to ensure its reliability performance. If the product is installed in an electric box, make sure the size of the electric box and its ventilation condition will not overheat and endanger the internal electronic device. Also, pay attention to the vibration of the machine. Check if the vibration will influence the electronic device of the electric box. Besides, the ambient conditions should also include:

- Location has no over-heat device.
- Location has no water drop, vapor, dust and oily dust.
- Location has no corrosive and inflammable gas and liquid.
- Location has no airborne dust and metal particles.
- Location has solid foundation and no vibration.
- Location has no interference of electromagnetic noise.

The ambient temperature of the motor is between 0 °C and 40 °C and the ambient conditions include:

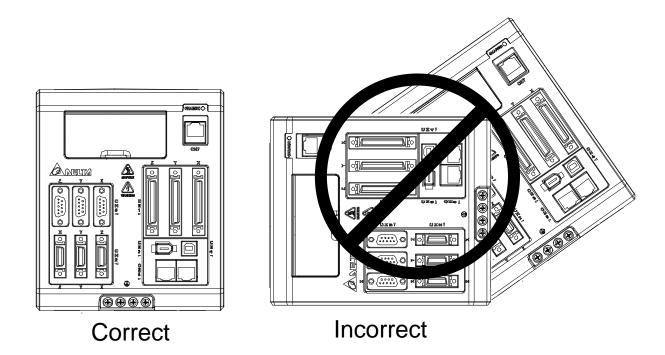
- Location has no over-heat device.
- Location has not water drop, vapor, dust and oily dust.
- Location has no corrosive and inflammable gas and liquid.
- Location has no airborne dust and metal particles.

2-2 Revision July, 2018

2.4 Installation Direction and Space

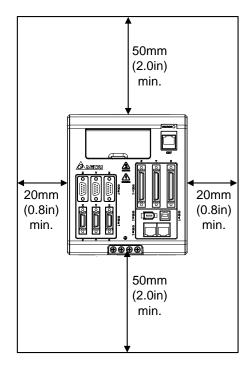
Notes:

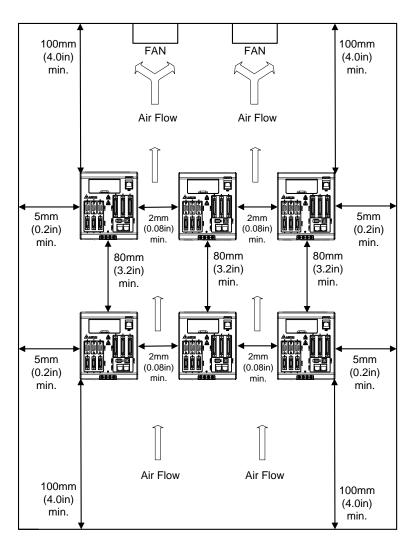
Follow the instructions for installation direction. Otherwise it is possible to cause malfunction. In order to have well-cooling and circulation effect, the enough space between adjacent objects and the baffle is needed. Or it might result in malfunction. When installing AC servo drive, do not seal the suction hole and the vent hole. Do not place the drive in a horizontal direction, or it might cause malfunction.



Dimensions:

In order to have smaller wind resistance of the fan and increase the ventilation, please follow the suggested clearance value when installing one or more than one servo drives. (Refer to the following diagrams.)







The above diagrams are not in equal proportion. Please refer to the annotation.

2-4 Revision July, 2018

2.5 Specification of Circuit Breaker and Fuse

Caution: Please use the fuse and circuit breaker that is recognized by UL / CSA.

Servo Drive Model	Circuit breaker	Fuse (Class T)
Operation Mode	General	General
ASD-M-0721-□	30A	50A
ASD-M-1521-□	70A	140A



If the servo drive equips with earth leakage circuit breaker for avoiding electric leakage, please choose the current sensitivity which is over 200mA and can continue up to 0.1 seconds.

2.6 EMI Filters Selection

Item	Power	Servo Drive Model	EMI Filter Model	FootPrint
1	750W	ASD-M-0721-□	20TDT1W4D	N
2	1500W	ASD-M-1521-□	20TDT1W4D	N

EMI Filter Installation

All electronic equipment (including servo drive) generates high or low frequency noise during operation and interfere the peripheral equipment via conduction or radiation. With EMI Filter and the correct installation, much interference can be eliminated.

When installing servo drive and EMI Filter, please follow the instructions of the user manual and make sure it meets the following specification.

- 1. EN61000-6-4 (2001)
- 2. EN61800-3 (2004) PDS of category C2
- 3. EN55011+A2 (2007) Class A Group 1

General Precaution

In order to ensure the best performance of EMI Filter, apart from the instructions of servo drive installation and wiring, please follow the precautions mention below:

- 1. The servo drive and EMI Filter should be installed on the same metal plate.
- 2. When installing servo drive and EMI Filter, the servo drive should be installed above the EMI Filter.
- 3. The wiring should be as short as possible.
- 4. The metal plate should be well grounded.
- 5. The metal cover of the servo drive and EMI Filter or grounding should be firmly fixed on the metal plate. Also, the contact area should be as large as possible.

Motor Cable Selection and Installation Precautions

The selection of motor cables and correct installation affect the performance of EMI Filter. Please follow the precautions mention below.

- 1. Use the cable that has braid shielding (The effect of double shielding is better)
- 2. The shield on both sides of the motor cable should be grounded in the shortest distance and the largest contact area.
- 3. The protective paint of the U-shape saddle and metal plate should be removed in order to ensure the good contact. Please see disgram 1.
- 4. It should have correct connection between the braid shielding of the motor cable and the metal plate. The braid shielding on both sides of the motor cable should be fixed by the U-shape saddle and metal plate. Please see diagram 2 for the correct connection.

2-6 Revision July, 2018

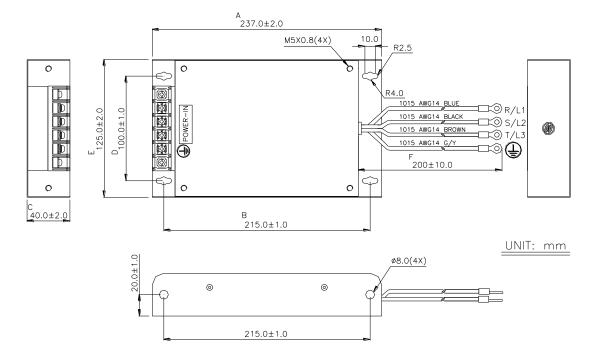
Diagram 2

Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.

Diagram 1

Dimensions of EMI Filter

Delta Part Number: 20TDT1W4D



2.7 Selection of Regenerative Resistor

When the direction of pull-out torque is different from the rotation, it means the electricity is sent back to the servo drive from the load-end. It becomes the capacitance of DC Bus and increases the voltage. When the voltage increases to a specific value, the come-back eletricity can only be consumed by regenerative resistor. There is a built-in regenerative resistor in the servo drive. Users can also use the external regenerative resistor if needed.

The following table is the specification of built-in regenerative resistor provided by ASDA-M series.

Servo Drive	Specification regenerati	on of built-in ve resistor	*1 The capacity of built-in regenerative	Minimum allowable resistance (Ohm)	
(kW)	Resistance (P1-52) (Ohm)	Capacity (P1-53) (Watt)	resistor (Watt)		
0.75	40	60	30	30	
1.5	20	100	50	20	

^{*1} The capacity of built-in regenerative resistor (average value) is 50 % of the rated capacity of the built-in regenerative resistor. The capacity of the external regenerative resistor is the same as the built-in one.

When the regenerative resistor exceeds the capacity of built-in regenerative resistor, the external regenerative resistor should be applied. Please pay special attention to the followings when using the regenerative resistor.

- 1. Please correctly set up the resistance (P1-52) and capacity (P1-53) of the regenerative resistor. Or it might influence the performance of this function.
- If users desire to use the external regenerative resistor, please make sure the applied
 value is the same as the built-in regenerative resistor. If users desire to connect it in
 parallel to increase the power of regenerative resistor, please make sure the
 capacitance meets the requirements.
- 3. In natural environment, if the capacity of regenerative resistor (the average value) is within the rated capacity, the temperature of the capacitance will increase to 120°C or even higher (under the condition of regenerative energy keeps existing). For safety concerns, please apply the method of forced cooling in order to reduce the temperature of regenerative resistor. Or, it is suggested to use the regenerative

2-8 Revision July, 2018

resistor which is equipped with thermal switches. Please contact the distributors for load characteristics of the regenerative resistor.

When using the external regenerative resistor, the resistor should connect to P, C terminal and the contact of P, D terminal should be opened. It is recommended to choose the above mentioned capacitance. For easy calculation of regenerative resistor capacity, except the energy consumed by IGBT, two ways are provided to select the capacity of external regenerative resistor.

(1) Regenerative Power Selection

(a) When the external load on torque does not exist

If the motor operates back and forth, the energy generated by the brake will go into the capacitance of DC bus. When the voltage of the capacitance exceeds a specific value, the redundant energy will be consumed by regenerative resistor. Two ways of selecting regenerative resistor are provided here. The table below provides the energy calculation method. Users can refer to it and calculate the selected regenerative resistor.

Servo Drive (kW)		Motor Rotor Inert J (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.		Regenerative power from empty load 3000 r / min to stop Eo (joule)	The Maximum regenerative power of capacitance Ec (joule)
	0.75	ECMA-C∆040F□□	0.021	0.10	4.21
	0.75	ECMA-C∆0401□□	0.037	0.18	4.21
	0.75	ECMA-C∆0602□□	0.177	0.87	5.62
	0.75	ECMA-C∆0604□□	0.277	1.37	8.42
Low	0.75	ECMA-C∆0804□□	0.68	3.36	8.42
Inertia	0.75	ECMA-C∆0807□□	1.13	5.59	17.47
	0.75	ECMA-C∆0907□□	1.93	9.54	17.47
	1.5	ECMA-C∆1010□□	2.65	13.10	21.22
	1.5	ECMC-C∆0910□□	2.62	12.96	21.22
Medium	0.75	ECMA-E∆1305□□	8.17	40.40	8.42
Inertia	1.0	ECMA-E∆1310□□	8.41	41.59	21.22
Medium-High Inertia	1.5	ECMA-F∆1308□□	13.6	67.25	21.22

	0.75	ECMA-G∆1303□□	8.17	17.96	8.42
High	0.75	ECMA-G∆1306□□	8.41	18.48	17.47
Inertia	1.5	ECMA-G∆1309□□	11.18	24.57	21.22

Eo= $J*wr^2 / 182$ (joule), Wr: r/min

Assume the load inertia is N times to the motor inertia and the motor decelerates from 3000 r / min to 0, its regenerative energy is (N+1) × Eo. The consumed regenerative resistor is (N+1) × Eo - Ec joule. If the cycle of back and forth operation is T sec, then the power of regenerative resistor it needs is $2 \times ((N+1) \times Eo - Ec)$ / T.

Followings are the calculation procedure:

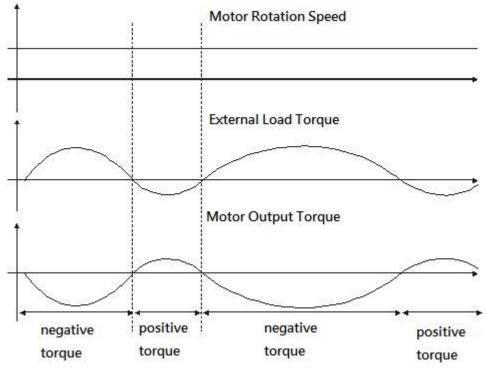
Steps	Item	Calculation and Setting Method
1	Set the capacity of regenerative resistor to the maximum	Set P1-53 to the maximum value
2	Set T cycle of back and forth operation	Enter by the user
3	Set the rotational speed wr	Enter by the user or read via P0-02
4	Set the load/motor inertia ratio N	Enter by the user or read via P0-02
5	Calculate the maximum regenerative energy Eo	Eo= J*wr² / 182
6	Set the absorbable regenerative energy Ec	Refer to the above table
7	Calculate the needful capacitance of regenerative resistor	2 × ((N+1)× Eo-Ec) / T

Take 400W as the example, the cycle of back and forth operation is T = 0.4 sec, the maximum speed is 3000 r / min and the load inertia is 7 times to the motor inertia. Then, the needful power of regenerative resistor is $2 \times ((7+1) \times 1.68 - 8) / 0.4 = 27.2$ W. If it is smaller than the built-in capacity of regenerative resistor, the built-in 60 W regenerative resistor will do. Generally speaking, when the need of the external load inertia is not much, the built-in regenerative is enough. The diagram below describes the actual operation. The smaller power of the regenerative resistor it has, the more energy it accumulates and the higher temperature will be. When the temperature is higher than a specific value, ALE05 occurs.

2-10 Revision July, 2018

(b) When the external load torque exists, the motor is in reverse rotation.

Usually, the motor is in forward rotation, which means the torque output direction of the motor is the same as the rotation direction. However, in some applications, the direction of torque output is different from the rotation. In this situation, the motor is in reverse rotation. The external energy goes into the servo drive through the motor. The diagram below is one of the examples. When the motor is in constant speed, it is positive torque in most of the time and a huge amount of energy rapidly transmits to regenerative resistor.



Negative torque: TL × Wr TL: external load torque

For safety reasons, please calculate it by considering the safest situation.

For example, when the external load torque is the +70 % rated torque and the rotation reaches 3000 r / min, then take 400W (the rated torque is 1.27 Nt-m) as the example, the user has to connect a 40 Ω regenerative resistor which calculation is as follows:

 $2 \times (0.7 \times 1.27) \times (3000 \times 2 \times \pi / 60) = 560W.$

(2) Simple Selection

Choose the appropriate regenerative resistor according to the allowable frequency and empty load frequency in actual operation. The so-called empty allowable frequency is the frequency of continuous operation when the servo motor runs from 0 r / min to the rated speed and then decelerates from the rated speed to 0 r / min. The following table lists the allowable frequency of built-in regenerative resistor when the servo drive runs without load (times / min).

Allowable frequency of built-in regenerative resistor when the servo drive runs without load								
	(times / min)							
Motor Capacity	Motor Capacity 600W 750W 900W 1.0kW 1.5kW							
Corresponding 06 07 09 10 15 Motor								
ECMA□□C	-	312	-	137	-			
ECMA□□E	-	-	-	42	32			
ECMA□□G	42	-	31	-	-			

When the servo motor runs with load, the allowable frequency will be different according to different load inertia or speed. The following is the calculation method. m represents load / motor inertia ratio.

$$Allowable frequency = \frac{Allowable frequency when servo motor run without load}{m+1} \times \left(\frac{Rated speed}{Operating speed}\right)^2 \frac{times}{min.}$$

The comparison table of external regenerative resistor is provided below. Please choose the appropriate regenerative resistor according to the allowable frequency. The table below describes the suggested allowable frequency (times / min) of regenerative resistor when the servo drive runs without load.

Allowable frequency of regenerative resistor when the servo drive runs without load						
	(times / min)					
Motor Capacity ECMA□□C						
	200W	400W (F60)	400W (F80)	750W	1.0kW	
Suggested Regenerative Resistor	02	04	04	07	10	
BR400W040 (400W 40 Ω)	-	8608	3506	2110	925	
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20 Ω)	-	-	8765	5274	2312	

2-12 Revision July, 2018

Motor Capacity	ECMA□□E				
	0.5kW	1kW	1.5kW		
Suggested Regenerative Resistor	05	1.0	15		
BR400W040 (400W 40Ω)	291	283	213		
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20Ω)	729	708	533		
Motor Capacity	ECMA□□G				
	0.3kW	0.6kW	0.9kW		
Suggested Regenerative Resistor	03	06	09		
BR400W040 (400W 40 Ω)	292	283	213		
BR1K0W020 (1kW 20 Ω)	729	708	533		

If watt is not enough when using regenerative resistor, connecting the same regenerative resistor in parallel can increase the power.

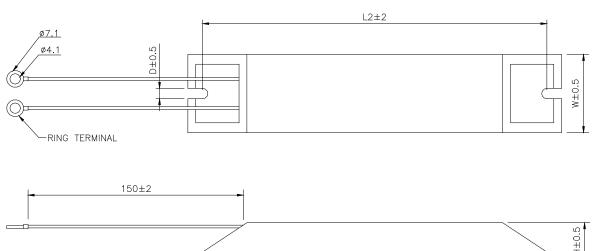


ASDA-M can control three motors at the same time. If the energy of three motors goes into the servo drive, the power of regenerative resistor needs to be increased to three times of the origin.

Dimensions of Regenerative Resistor

Delta Part Number: BR400W040 (400W 40 Ω)

L1	L2	Н	D	W	MAX. WEIGHT (g)
265	250	30	5.3	60	930



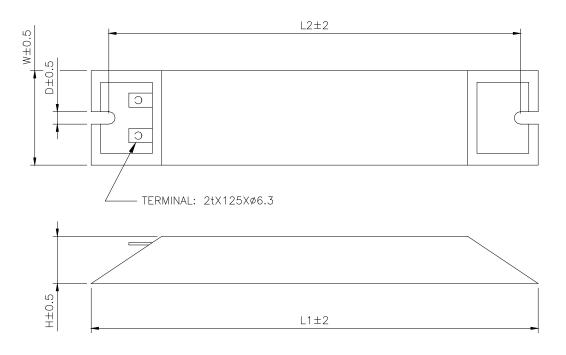
Revision July, 2018 2-13

 $L1\pm2$

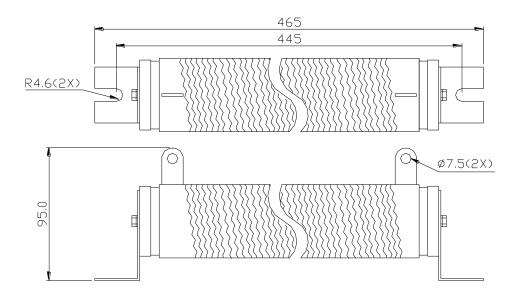
Chapter 2 Installation

Delta Part Number: BR1K0W020 (1kW 20 Ω)

L1	L2	Н	D	W	MAX. WEIGHT (g)
400	385	50	5.3	100	2800



Delta Part Number: BR1K5W005 (3kW 10 Ω)



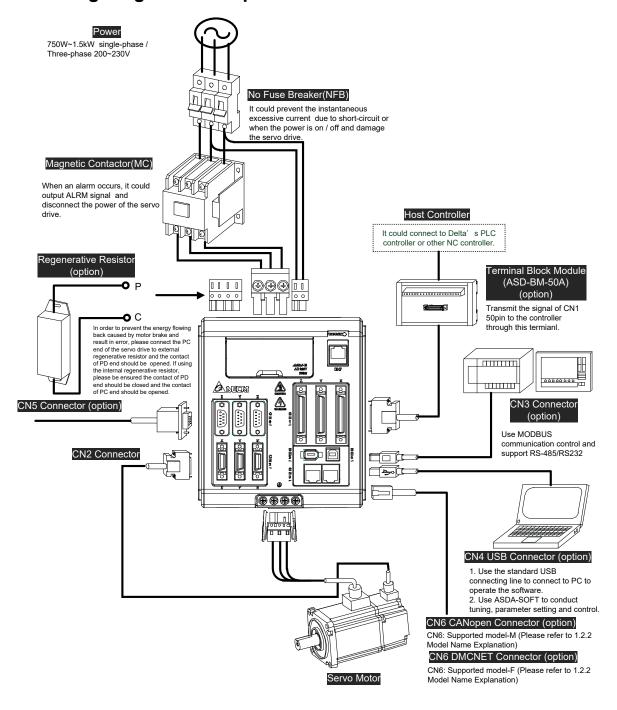
2-14 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 3 Wiring

This chapter details the wiring method of servo drive, the definition of each signal and standard wiring diagram.

3.1 Connection between Peripheral Devices and Main Power Circuit

3.1.1 Wiring Diagram of Peripheral Devices





Installation Notes:

- 1) Check if the power and wiring among R, S, T and L1c, L2c are correct.
- 2) Check if the output terminal U, V, W of the servo motor is correctly wired. The incorrect wiring may disable the operation of the motor or cause the malfunction.
- 3) When applying to the external regenerative resistor, the contact between P \oplus and D should be opened and the external regenerative resistor should connect to terminal P \oplus and C. When applying to the internal regenerative resistor, the contact between P \oplus and D should be closed and the contact between P \oplus and C should be opened.
- 4) When an alarm occurs or the system is in emergency stop status, use ALARM or WARN to output and disconnect the power of magnetic contactor in order to disconnect the power of servo drive.

3-2 Revision July, 2018

3.1.2 Connectors and Terminals of the Servo Drive

Terminal Signal	Name	Description					
L1c, L2c	Power input of the control circuit	Connect to single-phase AC power (select the appropriate voltage specification according to the product)					
		Connect to	three-ph	ase AC power (select the			
R, S, T	Power input of the main circuit	appropriate	voltage	specification according to the			
	main on out	product)					
		Connect to	the moto	or .			
		Terminal Symbol	Wire Color	Description			
U, V, W		U	Red				
FG	Motor cable	V	White	Three-phase main power cable of the motor			
		W	Black	The motor			
		FG	Green	Connect to the grounding of the servo drive.			
		Use internal resistor		The contact between P⊕ and D end should be closed; contact between P⊕ and C end should be opened.			
P⊕, D, C,	Regenerative resistor terminal or brake unit	Use external resister		Connect P⊕, C ends to the resistor and the contact between P⊕ and D end should be opened.			
		Use external braking unit		P⊕ and P⊝ of the brake unit should connect to P⊕ and P⊝ respectively. The contact between P⊕ and D and P⊕ and C should be opened.			
(Ground terminal	Connect to motor	the grou	nd wire of the power and the servo			
CN1	I/O connector (option)		the host	controller, please refer to Section			
CN2	Connector (option)	-		der of the motor, please refer to			
CN3	Connector (option)	Connect to RS-485 or RS-232, please refer to Section 3.5					
CN4	USB connector (Type B) (option)	Connect to personal computer (PC or NOTEBOOK), please refer to Section 3.6					
CN5	Connector (option)			r scale or encoder to constitute a ase refer to Section 3.7			
CN6	CANopen connector (option)			ase refer to Section 3.8			

Pay special attention to the followings when wiring:

1) When the power is cutoff, do not touch R, S, T and U, V, W since the capacitance inside the servo drive still contains huge amount of electric charge. Wait until the charging light is off.

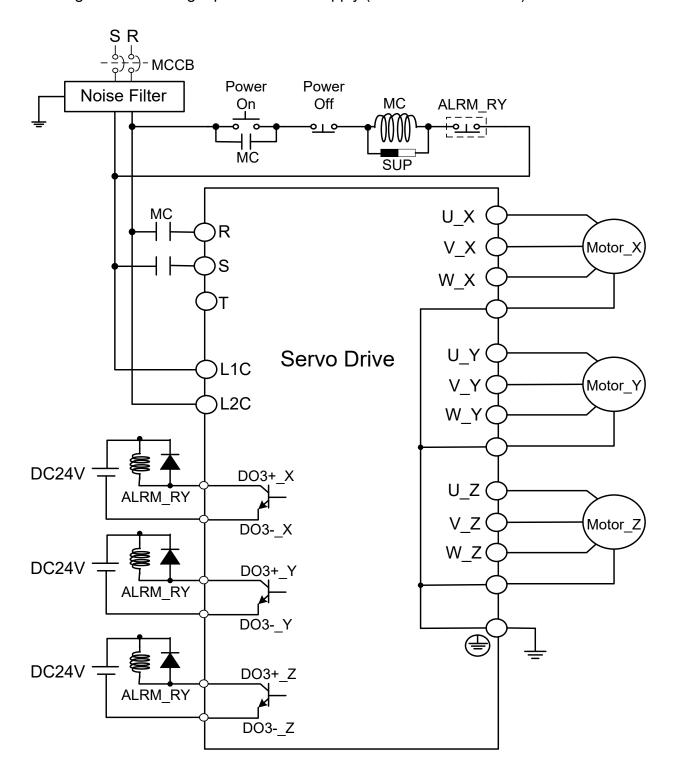
- 2) Separate R, S, T and U, V, W from the other wires. The interval should be at least 30 cm (11.8 inches).
- 3) If the wire of encoder CN2 or CN5 connecter is not long enough, please use shielded twisted-pair cable which cannot exceed 20 meters (65.62 feet). If it exceeds 20 meters, please choose the bigger wire diameter of signal cable to ensure it will not cause signal fading. As for the encoder wiring specification of 20-meter-long cable, please use AWG26 of wire size and Metal braided shield twisted-pair cable which complies with the standard of UL 2464.
- 4) When using CANopen, please use the standard shielded twisted-pair cables to ensure the communication quality.
- 5) When selecting the wire rod, please refer to Section 3.1.6.

3-4 Revision July, 2018

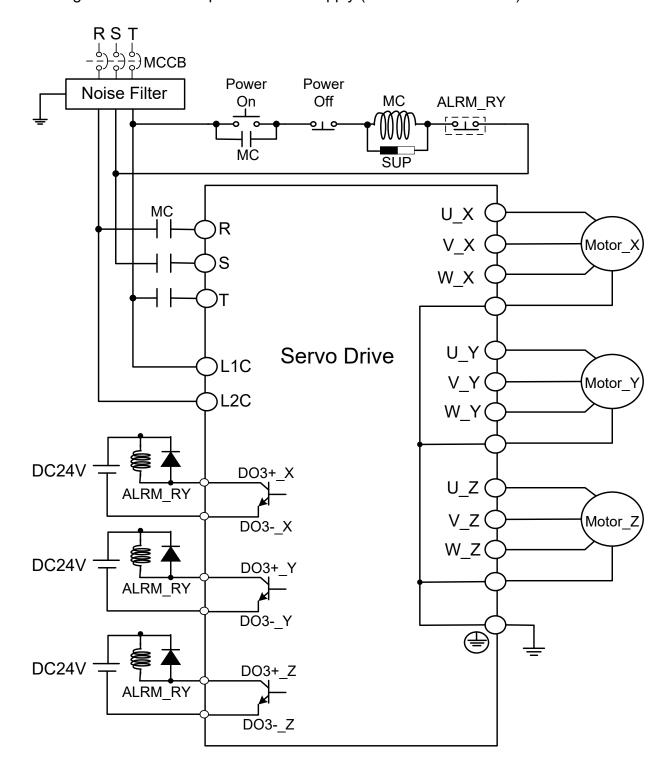
3.1.3 Wiring Method

The wiring method of ASDA-M servo drive is divided into single-phase and three-phase. In the diagram below, Power On is contact **a**, Power Off and ALRM_RY are contact **b**. MC is the coil of magnetic contactor and self-remaining power and is the contact of main power circuit.

■ Wiring Method of Single-phase Power Supply (suitable for all series)



■ Wiring Method of Three-phase Power Supply (suitable for all series)



Revision July, 2018

3.1.4 Specification of Motor U, V, W Power Cable

Motor Model	U · V · W / Connector of Mechanical Brake	Terminal Definition
ECMA-C1040F□S (50W) ECMA-C△0401□S (100W) ECMA-C△0602□S (200W) ECMA-C△0604□S (400W) ECMA-C△0604□H (400W) ECMA-C△0804□7 (400W) ECMA-C△0807□S (750W) ECMA-C△0807□H (750W) ECMA-C△0907□S (750W) ECMA-C△0910□S (1000W)	HOUSING: JOWLE (C4201H00-2*2PA)	Α
ECMA-C1040F□S (50W) ECMA-C△0401□S (100W) ECMA-C△0602□S (200W) ECMA-C△0604□S (400W) ECMA-C△0604□H (400W) ECMA-C△0804□7 (400W) ECMA-C△0807□S (750W) ECMA-C△0807□H (750W) ECMA-C△0907□S (750W) ECMA-C△0910□S (1000W) *□: with brake	HOUSING: JOWLE (C4201H00-2*3PA)	В
ECMA-G△1303□S (300W) ECMA-E△1305□S (500W) ECMA-G△1306□S (600W) ECMA-F△1308□S (850W) ECMA-G△1309□S (900W) ECMA-C△1010□S (1000W) ECMA-E△1310□S (1000W) ECMA-E△1315□S (1500W)	3106A-20-18S	С

Wiring Name	U (Red)	V (White)	W (Black)	CASE GROUND (Yellow Green)	BRAKE1 (Note ³)	BRAKE2 (Note ³)
Terminal Definition A	1	2	3	4	-	-
Terminal Definition B	1	2	4	5	3	6
Terminal Definition C	F	ı	В	Е	G	Н
Terminal Definition D	D	Е	F	G	Α	В

When selecting the wire rod, please choose 600 V PVC cable and the length should not longer than 30 m. If the length exceeds 30 m, please take the received voltage into consideration when selecting the wire size. Please refer to Section 3.1.6 for wire rod selection.

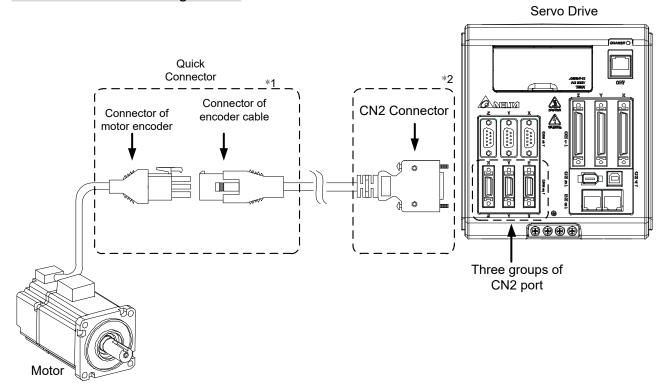


- 1) Box, (\Box) in servo motor model represents brake or keyway / oil seal.
- 2) Triangle, (\triangle) in servo motor model represents encoder type. \triangle = 1: incremental, 20-bit; \triangle = 2: incremental, 17-bit; \triangle = 3: 2500 ppr; \triangle = A: absolute.
- 3) Color of brake cable F40 ~ F86: brown, blue; color of brake cable for F100 or above: yellow, blue.

3-8 Revision July, 2018

3.1.5 Specification of Connector of Encoder Cable

Encoder connection diagram 1:



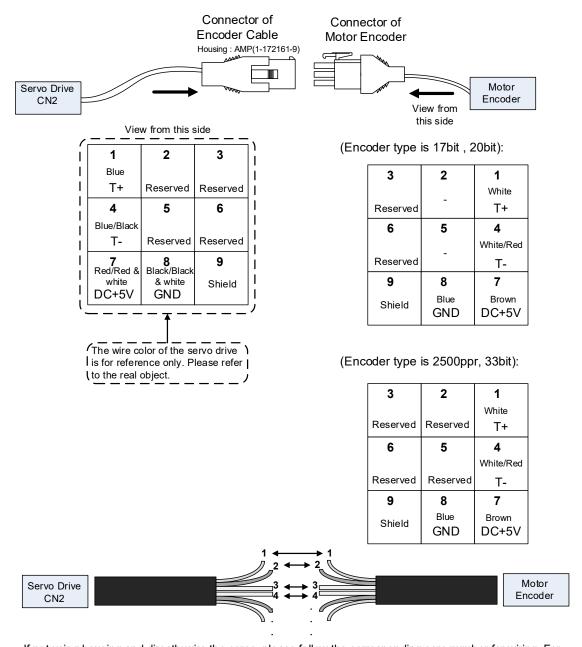


This diagram shows the connection between the servo drive and the motor encoder. It is not drew by the practical scale and specification will be different according to the selected servo drive and motor model.

- 1) Please refer to the Section of Specification and Definition of Encoder Connector.
- 2) Please refer to Section 3.4 CN2 Connector.

Motor Model	Connector of Encoder Cable
ECMA-C1040F□S (50W) ECMA-C△0401□S (100W) ECMA-C△0602□S (200W) ECMA-C△0604□S (400W) ECMA-C△0604□H (400W) ECMA-C△0804□7 (400W) ECMA-C△0807□S (750W) ECMA-C△0807□H (750W) ECMA-C△0907□S (750W) ECMA-C△0910□S (1000W)	9 6 3 View from this side View from this side

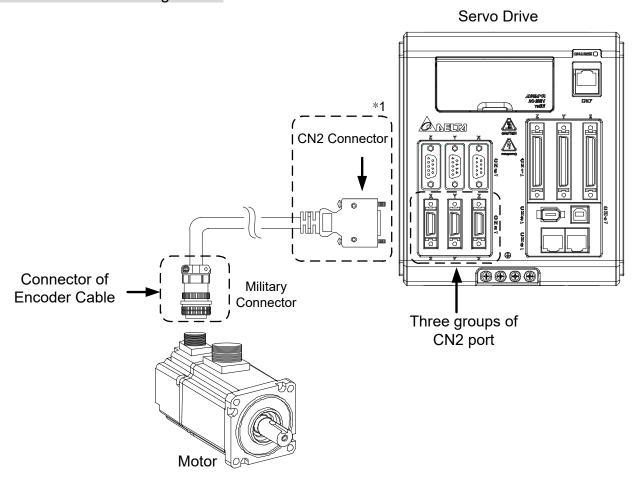
Specification and Definition of Encoder Connector:



If not using housing and directly wire the cores, please follow the corresponding core number for wiring. For example, core number 1 from the servo drive CN2 should connect to core number 1 from the motor encoder; core number 2 from the servo drive CN2 should connect to core number 2 from the motor encoder and so on. Please number the cores from the servo drive in order and then connect it to the encoder.

3-10 Revision July, 2018

Encoder connection diagram 2:





This diagram shows the connection between the servo drive and the motor encoder. It is not drew by the practical scale and specification will be different according to the selected servo drive and motor model.

1) Please refer to Section 3.4, CN2 Connector.

Motor Model	Connector of Enc	nnector of Encoder Cable				
ECMA-G△1303□S (300W) ECMA-E△1305□S (500W) ECMA-G△1306□S (600W) ECMA-F△1308□S (850W) ECMA-G△1309□S (900W) ECMA-C△1010□S (1000W) ECMA-E△1310□S (1000W) ECMA-F△1313□S (1300W) ECMA-E△1315□S (1500W)	3106A-20-29S	Pin No. B	Terminal Symbol T+ T - DC+5 V GND BRAID	Wire Color Blue & Black Red / Red & White Black / Black & White		
	Military Connector	L	SHIELD	_		

Please select shielded multi-core and the shielded cable should connect to the SHIELD end. Please refer to the description of Section 3.1.6.



- 1) Box, (\Box) in servo motor model represents brake or keyway / oil seal.
- 2) Triangle, (\triangle) in servo motor model represents encoder type. \triangle = 1: incremental, 20-bit; \triangle = 2: incremental, 17-bit; \triangle = 3: 2500 ppr; \triangle = A: absolute.

3.1.6 Selection of Wire Rod

The recommended wire rods are shown as the following table.

Servo Drive and corresponding Motor Model		Power Wiring - Wire Diameter mm² (AWG)						
		L1c, L2c	R, S, T	U, V, W	P⊕, C			
ASD-M-0721-□	ECMA-C1040F S ECMA-C 0401 S ECMA-C 0602 S ECMA-C 0604 S ECMA-C 0804 T ECMA-C 0807 S ECMA-C 0807 S ECMA-C 0907 S ECMA-C 1305 S ECMA-G 1306 S	1.3 (AWG16)	2.1 (AWG14)	0.82 (AWG18)	2.1 (AWG14)			
ASD-M-1521-□	$\begin{array}{c c} ECMA-C \triangle 0910 \square S \\ ECMA-C \triangle 1010 \square S \\ ECMA-E \triangle 1310 \square S \\ ECMA-E \triangle 1315 \square S \\ ECMA-F \triangle 1308 \square S \\ ECMA-G \triangle 1309 \square S \\ ECMA-C \triangle 0807 \square S \\ ECMA-C \triangle 0907 \square S \\ \end{array}$	1.3 (AWG16)	3.3 (AWG12)	1.3 (AWG16)	3.3 (AWG12)			

Servo Drive	Encoder Wiring —Wire Diameter mm² (AWG)							
Model	Size	Number	Specification	Standard Length				
ASD-M-0721-□	0.13 (AWG26)	10 cores (4 pairs)	UL2464	3 mm (9.84 inches)				
ASD-M-1521-□	0.13 (AWG26)	10 cores (4 pairs)	UL2464	3 mm (9.84 inches)				

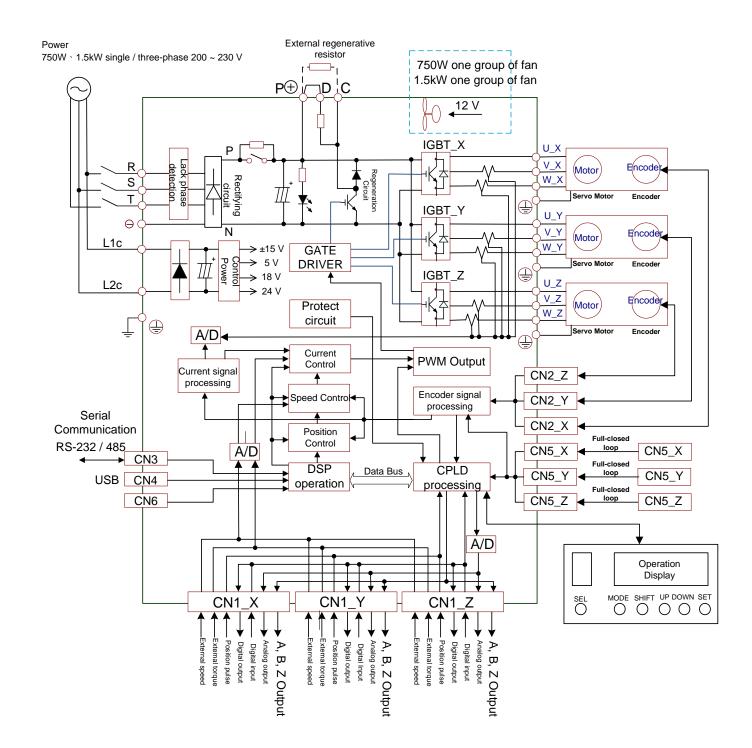


- 1) Please use shielded twisted-pair cable for encoder wiring so as to reduce the interference of the noise.
- 2) The shield should connect to the $\buildrel \buildrel$ phase of SHIELD.
- 3) Please follow the Selection of Wire Rod when wiring in order to avoid the danger it may occur.
- Box, (□) at the end of the servo drive model represents the model code of ASDA-M. Please refer to the model information of the product you purchased.
- 5) Triangle, (\Box) in servo motor model represents brake or keyway / oil seal.
- 6) Box, (\triangle) in servo motor model represents encoder type. \triangle = 1: incremental, 20-bit; \triangle = 2: incremental, 17-bit; \triangle = 3: 2500 ppr; \triangle = A: absolute.

3-12 Revision July, 2018

3.2 Schematic Diagram of Servo System

750W ~ 1.5kW Model (Built-in Regenerative Resistor and Fan)



- NOTE 1) The extension socket CN6 of ASD-M-0721-M model and ASD-M-1521-M is the function of CANopen.
 - 2) The extension socket CN6 of ASD-M-0721-F model and ASD-M-1521-F is the function of
 - 3) ASD-M-0721-L model and ASD-M-1521-L model have no extension socket CN6.

3-13 Revision July, 2018

3.3 I/O Signal (CN1) Connection

3.3.1 I/O Signal (CN1) Connector Terminal Layout

In order to have a more flexible communication with the master, 9 programmable Digital Outputs (DO) and 18 programmable Digital Inputs (DI) are provided. The setting of 6 digital inputs and 3 digital outputs of each axis provided by ASDA-M, which are parameter P2-10 ~ P2-15 and parameter P2-18 ~ P2-20 respectively. In addition, the differential output encoder signal, A+, A-, B+, B-, Z+ and Z-, input of analog torque command, analog speed / position command and pulse position command are also provided. The followings are the pin diagrams.



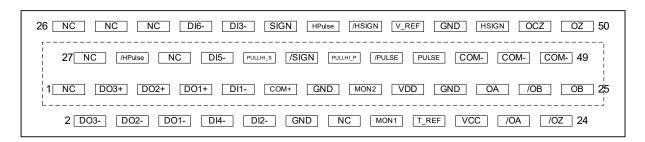
CN1 Connector (female)



Side view



Rear view



The rear wiring terminal of CN1 connector

3-14 Revision July, 2018

			1	NC	Reserved				26	NC	Reserved
2	DO3-	Digital output	3	DO3+	Digital output	27	NC	Reserved	28	NC	Reserved
4	DO2-	Digital output	5	DO2+	Digital output		/HPULSE	High-speed position command pulse (-)	30	NC	Reserved
6	DO1-	Digital output	7	DO1+	Digital	31	NC	Reserved	32	DI6-	Digital input
8	DI4-	Digital input	9	DI1-	output Digital input	33	DI5-	Digital input	34	DI3-	Digital input
10	DI2-	Digital input	11	COM+	Power input	35	PULL HI_S (Sign)	Pull-high voltage of sign	36	SIGN	Position command
12	GND	Analog input signal ground			(12~24V) Analog input	37	/SIGN	Position command signal (-)			signal (+) High-speed position
14	NC	No connection	13	GND	signal ground	39	PULL HI_P	Pull-high voltage of	38	HPULSE	command pulse (+)
16	MON1	Analog monitor output 1	15	MON2	Analog monitor output 2	41	(Pulse) /PULSE	Position command pulse (-)	40	/HSIGN	High-speed position command (-)
18	T_REF	Torque analog command	17	VDD	+24V power output (for external I/O)	43	PULSE	Position command pulse (+)	42	V_REF	Speed analog command input (+)
20	VCC	+12 power output (for	19	GND	Analog input signal ground	15	COM-	VDD (24	44	GND	Analog input signal ground
20	VCC	analog command) Encoder/	21	OA	Encoder/ A pulse	40	COIVI-	V) power ground VDD (24	46	HSIGN	High-speed position command
22	/OA	A pulse output			output	47	COM-	V) power ground			(+) Encoder
24	/OZ	Encoder/ Z pulse	23	/OB	Encoder/ B pulse output	49	COM-	VDD (24V)	48	ocz	Z pulse open- collector output
		output	25	ОВ	Encoder/ B pulse output			power ground	50	OZ	Encoder Z pulse differential output



- 1) NC means NO CONNECTION. This terminal is for internal use only. Do not connect it, or it may damage the servo drive.
- 2) CN1 of the three axes all have MON1 and MON2 output; however, the internal circuit is parallel-connected (please refer to Chapter 3.3 Basic Wiring); the three axes share the same set of MON1 and MON2. Thus, when the external circuit connects to any of the axis' MON1 and MON2, the final output will be the same. In addition, monitoring item of analog output is determined by the setting of P0-03.

3.3.2 Explanation of I/O (CN1) Connector Signal

The following details the signals listed in previous section:

General Signals

Signal Name		Pin No	Function	Wiring Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
Analog Command (input)	V_REF	(1) The speed command of the motor is -10 V ~ +10 V which means the speed command is -3000 ~ +3000 r / min (default). It can change the corresponding range via parameters. (2) The position command of the motor is - 10 V ~ +10 V which means the position command is -3 cycles ~ +3 cycles (default).		C1
	T_REF	18	The torque command of the motor is -10 V ~ +10 V which means the rated torque command of -100 % ~ +100 %.	C1
Analog Monitor (output)	MON1 MON2	16 15	The operating state of the motor can be shown by analog voltage, such as speed and current. This drive provides two channel outputs. Users can select the desired monitoring data via parameter P0-03. This signal is based on the power ground. The internal circuit is parallel-connected (please refer to Chapter 3.3 Basic Wiring); three axes share the same set of MON1 and MON2. Thus, when the external circuit connects to any of the axis' MON1 and MON2, the final output will be the same.	C2

3-16 Revision July, 2018

Signal Name		Pin No	Function	Wiring Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
Position Pulse (input)	PULSE / PULSE SIGN / SIGN PULL HI_P PULL HI_S	43 41 36 37 39 35	Position pulse can be inputted by Line Driver (single phase max. frequency 500 KHz) or open-collector (single phase max. frequency 200 KHz). Three kinds of command type can be selected via P1-00, CW pulse + CCW pulse, pulse + direction, A pulse + B pulse. When position pulse uses open-collector, the terminal should be connected to an external applied power in order to pull high.	C3 / C4
High- speed position pulse (input)	HPULSE /HPULSE HSIGN / HSIGN	38 29 46 40	High-speed position pulse only accepts Line Drive (+5 V) as the input type. The max. frequency of single phase is 4MHz. There are three kinds of command types, A pulse + B pulse, CW pulse + CCW pulse and pulse + direction. Please refer to parameter P1-00.	C4-2
Position pulse (output)	OA / OA OB / OB OZ / OZ	21 22 25 23 50 24	Encoder signal output A, B, Z (Line Drive output)	C13 / C14
	OCZ	48	Encoder signal output Z (Open-collector output)	-
Power	VDD COM+ COM-	17 11 45 47 49	VDD is the +24 V power provided by the drive and is for Digital Input (DI) and Digital Output (DO) signal. The maximum current is 500 mA. COM+ is the common input of Digital Input (DI) and Digital Output (DO) voltage. When using VDD, VDD should be connected to COM+. If not using, it needs to apply the external power (+12 V ~ +24 V). Its positive	-
			end should connect to COM+ and the negative end should connect to COM	

Signa	Signal Name		Pin No Function	
	VCC	20	VCC is the +12 V power provided by the drive. It is used for providing the simple analog command (speed or torque command). The maximum current is 100 mA.	
	GND	12,13, 19,44	VCC voltage is based on GND.	
Other	NC	14	NO CONNECTION. This terminal is for internal use only. Do not connect it, or it may damage the servo drive.	

There are numerous operation mode of this servo drive (please refer to Chapter 6.1). Each operation mode needs different I/O signal. In order to use the terminal in a more efficient way, the selection of I/O signal has to be programmable. That is to say, users can choose the desired DI/DO signal to meet the demand. Basically, the default setting of DI/DO signal has already have the appropriate function which can satisfy the demand of normal application.

Users have to select the operation mode based on the needs first (please refer to Chapter 6.1 for the introduction of each mode) and refer to the following DI/DO table to know the corresponding default setting of DI/DO signal and Pin No of the selected mode in order to conduct the wiring.

The table below lists the default setting of DI/DO signal function and pin No:

The explanation of DO signal default setting is as the followings.

		Pin No			Wiring	
DO Signal Name	Operation Mode	+	-	Function	Method (Refer to 3.3.3)	
				When the servo drive applies to the		
SRDY	ALL	7	6	power and no alarm (ALRM) occurs in control circuit and motor power		
				circuit, this DO is ON.		
SON	N/A	-	-	When the DI.SON is ON and the motor servo circuit can operate smoothly, this DO is ON.	C5 / C6 / C7 / C8	
				When the motor speed is slower		
ZSPD	ALL	5	4	than the setting value of parameter		
				P1-38, this DO is ON.		

3-18 Revision July, 2018

		Pin	No		Wiring
DO Signal Name	Operation Mode	+	-	Function	Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
TSPD	ALL (except PT, PR)	-	-	When the motor actual speed (r / min) is faster than the setting value of parameter P1-39, this DO is ON.	
TPOS	PT, PR, PT-S, PT-T, PR-S, PR- T	1	26	When the deviation between the motor command and actual position (PULSE) is smaller than the setting value of parameter P1-54, this DO is ON.	
TQL	N/A	-	-	When torque is limiting, this DO is ON.	C5 / C6 /
ALRM	ALL	28	27	When the alarm occurs (except forward / reverse limit, emergency stop, communication error, under voltage), this DO is ON.	C7 / C8
BRKR	ALL	-	-	Control contact of mechanical brake	
HOME	ALL	3	2	When homing is completed, this DO is ON.	
OLW	ALL	-	-	When the overload level is reached, this DO is ON.	
WARN	ALL	-	-	A warning occurs. When it is in the status of forward / reverse limit, emergency stop, communication error, under voltage, this DO is ON.	
OVF	ALL	-	-	Position command overflows	
SNL(SCWL)	PR	-	-	Reverse software limit	C5 / C6 /
SPL(SCCWL)	PR	-	-	Forward software limit	C7 / C8
Cmd_OK	PR	-	-	The output of internal position command is completed.	
CAP_OK	PR	-	-	CAPTURE procedure is completed.	
MC_OK	PR	-	-	When DO.Cmd_OK and TPOS are ON, this DO is ON.	
CAM_AREA	CAM_AREA PR			The Master position of E-CAM is inside the setting area.	

		Pin	No		Wiring
DO Signal Name	Operation Mode	+	-	Function	Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
				When the deviation between the	,
				speed command and the feedback	
S_CMP	S, Sz	-	-	speed of the motor is smaller than	
				the setting value of parameter P1-	
				47, this DO is ON.	
SDO_0	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit00 of P4-06	
SDO_1	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit01 of P4-06	
SDO_2	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit02 of P4-06	
SDO_3	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit03 of P4-06	
SDO_4	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit04 of P4-06	
SDO_5	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit05 of P4-06	
SDO_6	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit06 of P4-06	
SDO_7	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit07 of P4-06	
SDO_8	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit08 of P4-06	
SDO_9	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit09 of P4-06	
SDO_A	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit10 of P4-06	
SDO_B	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit11 of P4-06	
SDO_C	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit12 of P4-06	
SDO_D	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit13 of P4-06	
SDO_E	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit14 of P4-06	
SDO_F	ALL	-	-	Output the status of bit15 of P4-06	C5 / C6 / C7 / C8



- 1) For example, if the user selects PR mode, pin 3 and 2 are HOME. If the user selects S mode, pin 3 and 2 are TSPD.
- 2) The unlisted Pin No means the signal is not the preset one. If users want to use it, parameters need to be changed and set as the desired ones. Please refer to Section 3.3.4 for further details.

3-20 Revision July, 2018

The explanation of DI signal default setting is as the followings.

DI Signal Name	Operation Mode	Pin No				F	unctio	on				Wiring Method (Refer to 3.3.3)			
SON	ALL	9	When D		•				be a	ctivat	ed and	,			
			the moto								1.1	-			
ARST	ALL	33	When the		•	,			•						
ARSI	ALL	33	reset the (SRDY)			e and	outpt	at tirie	signa	ı, Ke	auy				
GAINUP	ALI	_	,			e cont	troller	gain							
				is for switching the deviation counter											
CCLR	PT, PR	10		is for clearing the deviation counter.											
701 4140											wer than				
ZCLAMP	ALL	-	the settir	•		-		posit	ion Wi	II be	юскеа				
			when the					will o	norate	o in th	20	_			
CMDINV	PR, T, S	-		When this DI is ON, the motor will operate in the pposite direction.											
	PR,		In PR m			ment	CTR	G is C	ON (ris	sing 6	edge),				
CTRG	PR-S, PR-T	10	save the	•					•		~ 5 into	C9 / C10			
TRQLM	S,Sz	10	the contr ON mea								/e				
SPDLM	T, Tz	10	ON mea		•										
POS0		34	In PR m		•							C9 / C10			
1 000	_	<u> </u>	Position	POS5	POS4	POS3	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRO	Correspo G nded				
POS1		8	command							A	parameter P6-00				
DOCO	_		P1	0	0	0	0	0	0		P6-01				
POS2	P, PR-S,	-	P2	0	0	0	0	0	1		P6-02 P6-03				
POS3	PR-T	_	~								~				
	_		P50	1	1	0	0	1	0		P6-98 P6-99				
POS4		-	P51	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	P7-00 P7-01				
DOSE			~								~				
POS5		-	P64	1	1	1	1	1	1		P7-26 P7-27				
STOP	-	-	Stop			•									
				ne source of selecting speed command:											
SPD0	S, Sz, PT-	34	SPD1 SI	0 5	mode	is ana	log								
	S,			i	nput wode is	hile 9									
00004	PR-S, S-T	_	1	-	21-09 21-10										
SPD1		8	1		21-10 21-11										

DI Signal Name	Operation Mode	Pin No	Function	Wiring Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
TCM0	PT,T, Tz, PT-T	34	The source of selecting torque command: TCM1 TCM0 Command Source 0 T mode is analog input while Tz mode is 0. 0 1 P1-12	,
TCM1	PR-T, S-T	8	1 0 P1-13 1 1 P1-14	
S-P	PT-S, PR-S	31	Mode switching. OFF: Speed; ON: Position	
S-T	S-T	31	Mode switching. OFF: Speed; ON: Torque	
T-P	PT-T, PR-T	31	Mode switching. OFF: Torque; ON: Position	
PT-PR	PT, PR	-	When selecting PT-PR mode or the multi-mode, PT-PR-S, users can select the source via this DI. When this DI is OFF, it is in PT mode. When this DI is ON, it is in PR mode.	
PTAS	-	-	In position PT mode, when the DI is OFF, the external command source is external pulse. When the signal is ON, then the source is external analog voltage.	C9 / C10
PTCMS	-	-	In position PT mode, when the DI is OFF, the source of external command pulse is low-speed pulse (PULSE, / PULSE, SIGN, / SIGN Pin). When the DI is ON, the source will be high-speed pulse. This function can go with handwheel. This DI can be used to switch the source of command pulse.	C11 / C12
EMGS	ALL	30	It is contact B and has to be ON frequently;	
NL (CWL)	PT, PR, S, T, Sz, Tz	32	otherwise the alarm (ALRM) will occur. Reverse inhibit limit (contact B) and has to be ON frequently; or the alarm (ALRM) will occur.	
PL (CCWL)	PT, PR, S, T, Sz, Tz	31	Forward inhibit limit (contact B) and has to be ON frequently; or the alarm (ALRM) will occur.	
ORGP	PR	-	When DI is ON, the drive will start homing.	
SHOM	PR	-	In PR mode, it needs to search the origin. When this DI is ON, the origin searching function is activated. (Please refer to the setting of parameter P1-47.)	
CAM	PR	-	E-cam engaging control (please refer to the setting of value U and Z of P5-88.)	
JOGU	ALL	-	When this DI is ON, the motor JOG operates in forward direction.	

3-22 Revision July, 2018

DI Signal Name	Operation Mode	Pin No	Function	Wiring Method (Refer to 3.3.3)
JOGD	ALL	-	When this DI is ON, the motor JOG operates in reverse direction.	
EV1	PR	-	Event trigger PR command	
EV2	PR	-	Event trigger PR command	
GNUM0	PT, PR, PT-S, PR-S	-	Electronic gear ratio (numerator) selection 0 (Please refer to P2-60 ~ P2-62 for gear ratio selection (numerator).)	
GNUM1	PT, PR, PT-S, PR-S	-	Electronic gear ratio (numerator) selection 1 (Please refer to P2-60 ~ P2-62 for gear ratio selection (numerator).)	C9 / C10 C11 / C12
INHP	PT, PT-S	-	In position mode, when this DI is ON, the external pulse input command is not working.	

The default setting of DI and DO in each operation mode is shown as the followings. Please note that the following table neither detail the information as the previous one nor show the Pin number of each signal. However, each operation mode is separated in different columns in order to avoid the confusion.

Table 3.1 Default Value of DI Input Function

Symbol	DI Code	Input Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
SON	0x01	Servo on	DI1	DI1	DI1	DI1	DI1						
ARST	0x02	Alarm reset	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5	DI5					
GAINUP	0x03	Gain switch											
CCLR	0x04	Pulse clear	DI2						DI2	DI2			
ZCLAMP	0x05	Zero speed clamp											
CMDINV	0x06	The input command will be in reverse direction.											
Reserved	0x07	Reserved											
		Internal position											
CTRG	0x08	command		DI2							DI2	DI2	
		triggered											
TRQLM	0x09	Torque limit			DI2		DI2						
SPDLM	0x10	Speed limit				DI2		DI2					
POS0	0x11	Internal position command selection 0		DI3							DI3	DI3	
POS1	0x12	Internal position command selection 1		DI4									
POS2	0x13	Internal position command selection 2											
POS3	0x1A	Internal position command selection 3											
POS4	0x1B	Internal position command selection 4											
POS5	0x1C	Internal position command selection 5											

3-24 Revision July, 2018

Symbol	DI Code	Input Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
STOP	0x46	Motor stops											
SPD0	0x14	Speed command selection 0			DI3		DI3		DI3		DI4		DI3
SPD1	0x15	Speed command selection 1			DI4		DI4		DI4				
TCM0	0x16	Torque command selection 0	DI3			DI3		DI3		DI3		DI4	DI4
TCM1	0x17	Torque command selection 1	DI4			DI4		DI4		DI4			
S-P	0x18	Mode switch between speed and position command							DI5		DI5		
S-T	0x19	Mode switch between speed and torque command											DI5
T-P	0x20	Mode switch between torque and position command								DI5		DI5	
PT-PR	0x2B	Switch between PT and PR command											
PTAS	0x2C	In PT mode, the switch between command pulse and analog											
PTCMS	0x2D	In PT mode, the switch between low-speed and high-speed command											
EMGS	0x21	Emergency stop	DI6	DI6	DI6	DI6	DI6						
NL(CWL)	0x22	Reverse inhibit limit											
PL(CCWL)	0x23	Forward inhibit limit											

Symbol	DI Code	Input Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
ORGP	0x24	Original point of homing											
SHOM	0x27	Homing is activated											
CAM	0x36	E-Cam engaged											
JOGU	0x37	Forward JOG input											
JOGD	0x38	Reverse JOG input											
		Event trigger PR											
		command #1											
EV1	0x39	(refer to the											
		setting of P5-98,											
		P5-99)											
		Event trigger PR											
EV2	U^3 V	command #2 (refer to the											
LVZ	UXJA	setting of P5-98,											
		P5-99)											ı
		Event trigger PR											
		command #3											
EV3	0x3B	firmware V1.008											
	one 2	sub04 will be											
		provided											
		afterwards) Event trigger PR											
		command #4											
		(firmware V/1 008											
EV4	0x3C	sub04 will be											
		provided											
		afterwards)											
		Electronic gear											
GNUM0	0x43	ratio (numerator)											
		selection 0											
GNUM1	0×44	Electronic gear ratio (numerator)											
CINCIVII	0,44	selection 1											
INHP	0x45	Pulse input inhibit											

3-26 Revision July, 2018



Please refer to Section 3.3.1 for corresponding pin from DI1 \sim 6.

Table 3.2 Default Value of DO Output Function

Symbol	DO Code	Output Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
SRDY	0x01	Servo is ready.	DO1	DO1	DO1	DO1	DO1						
SON	0x02	Servo is on.											
ZSPD	0x03	Zero-speed reached	DO2	DO2	DO2	DO2	DO2						
TSPD	0x04	Reach the target speed											
TPOS	0x05	Reach the target position											
TQL	0x06	Torque limit											
ALRM		Servo alarm	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3	DO3						
BRKR	0x08	Mechanical brake											
HOME	0x09	Homing complete											
OLW	0x10	Early warning for overload											
WARN	0x11	Servo warning											
OVF	0x12	Position command overflows											
SNL(SCWL)	0x13	Reverse software limit											
SPL(SCCWL)	0x14	Forward software limit											
Cmd_OK	0x15	Internal position command is completed											
CAP_OK	0x16	Capture procedure is completed											

Symbol	DO Code	Output Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
MC_OK	0x17	Servo procedure is completed											
CAM_AREA	0x18	Master position area of E-CAM											
SP_OK	0x19	Target speed reached											
SDO_0	0x30	Output the status of bit00 of P4-06											
SDO_1	0x31	Output the status of bit01 of P4-06											
SDO_2	0x32	Output the status of bit02 of P4-06											
SDO_3	0x33	Output the status of bit03 of P4-06											
SDO_4	0x34	Output the status of bit04 of P4-06											
SDO_5	0x35	Output the status of bit05 of P4-06											
SDO_6	0x36	Output the status of bit06 of P4-06											
SDO_7	0x37	Output the status of bit07 of P4-06											
SDO_8	0x38	Output the status of bit08 of P4-06											
SDO_9	0x39	Output the status of bit09 of P4-06											

3-28 Revision July, 2018

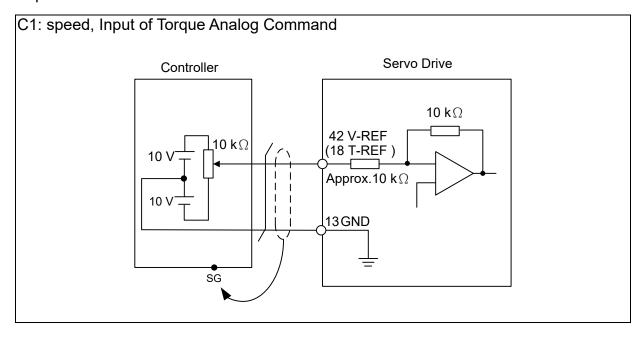
Symbol	DO Code	Output Function	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz	PT S	PT T	PR S	PR T	S T
SDO_A	0x3A	Output the status of bit10 of P4-06											
SDO_B	0x3B	Output the status of bit11 of P4-06											
SDO_C	0x3C	Output the status of bit12 of P4-06											
SDO_D	0x3D	Output the status of bit13 of P4-06											
SDO_E	0x3E	Output the status of bit14 of P4-06											
SDO_F	0x3F	Output the status of bit15 of P4-06											

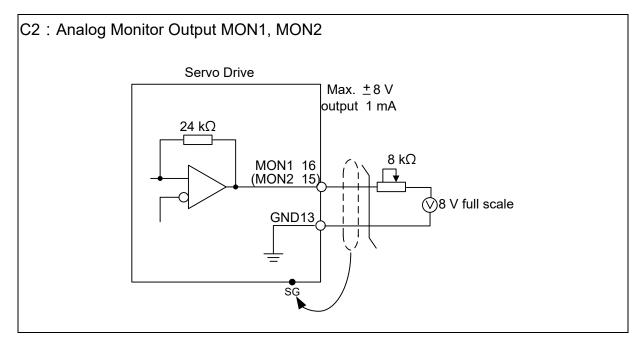


Please refer to Section 3.3.1 for corresponding pin from DO1 to 3.

3.3.3 Wiring Diagram (CN1)

The valid voltage of speed analog command and torque analog command is between -10 V and +10 V. The command value can be set via relevant parameters. The input impedance is 10 $K\Omega$.

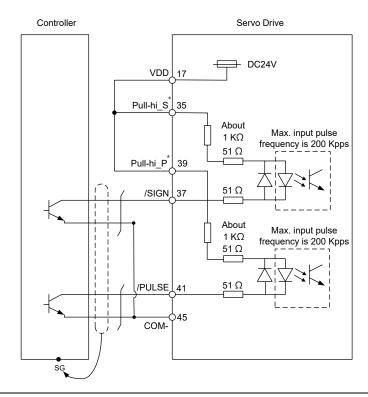




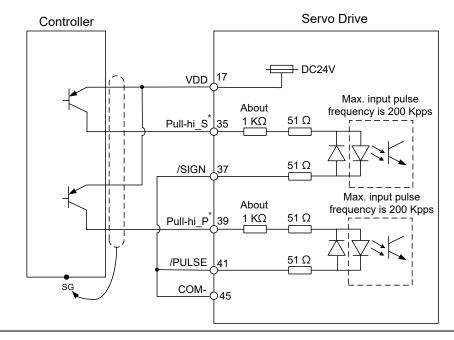
3-30 Revision July, 2018

Pulse command can be input by the way of open-collector or Line driver. The maximum input pulse of Line driver is 500 kpps and 200 kpps for open-collector.

C3-1: The source of pulse input is open-collector NPN equipment which applies the internal power of the servo drive.



C3-1: The source of pulse input is open-collector PNP equipment which applies the internal power of the servo drive.



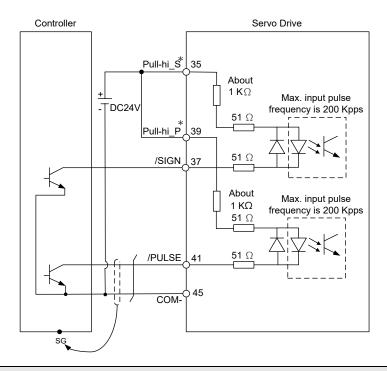


The wiring method of Pull-hi_S and Pull-hi_P is different from ASDA-A2 series. The aim is for connecting to PNP.



> Caution: Do not apply to dual power or it may damage the servo drive.

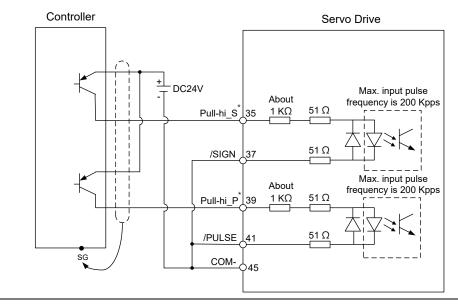
C3-2: The source of pulse input is open-collector NPN equipment and applies the external power.





> Caution: Do not apply to dual power or it may damage the servo drive.

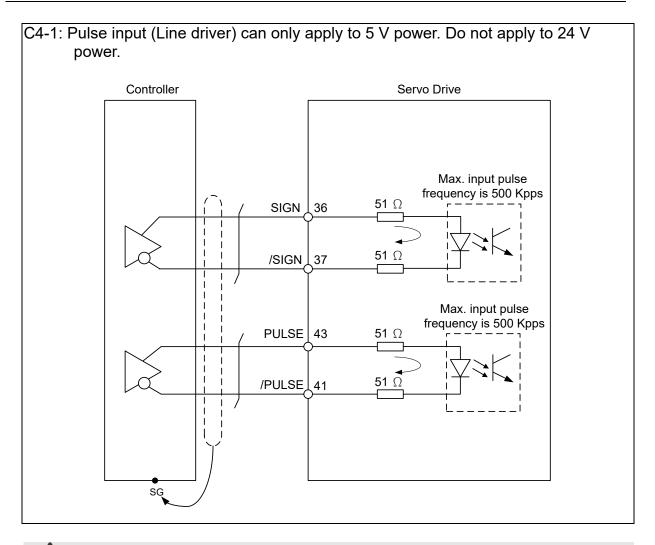
C3-2: The source of pulse input is open-collector PNP equipment and applies the external power.





The wiring method of Pull-hi_S and Pull-hi_P is different from ASDA-A2 series. The aim is for connecting to PNP.

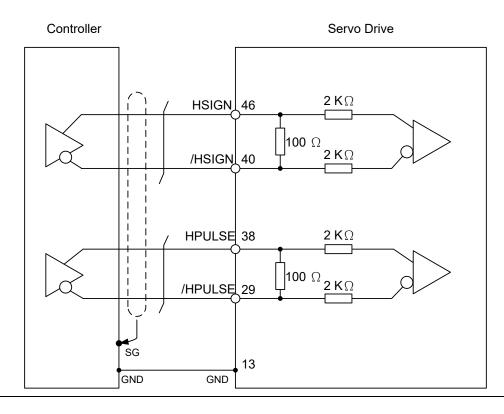
3-32 Revision July, 2018





> This opto-isolator is one-way input, please be ensured the direction of current of pulse input is correct.

C4-2: High-speed pulse input (Line driver) can only apply to 5 V power. Do not apply to 24 V power.

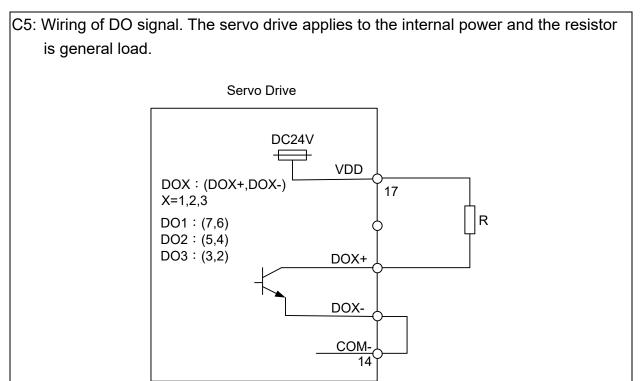


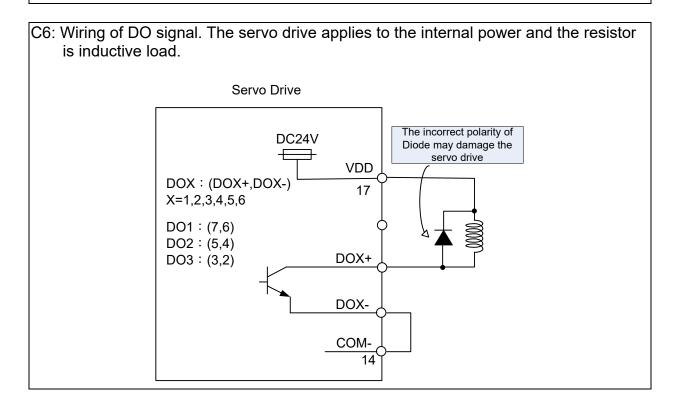


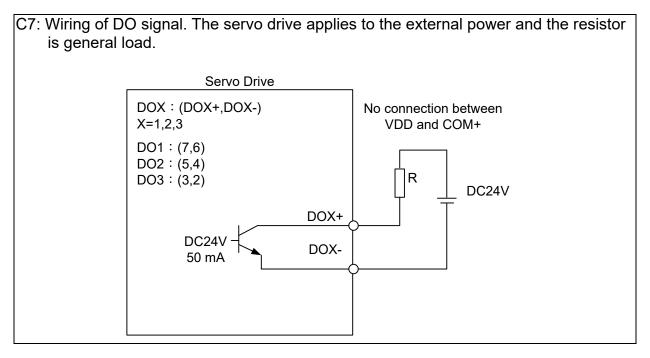
> The high-speed pulse input interface of the servo drive is not the isolated interface. In order to reduce the interference of the noise, it is suggested that the terminal ground of the controller and the servo drive should be connected to each other.

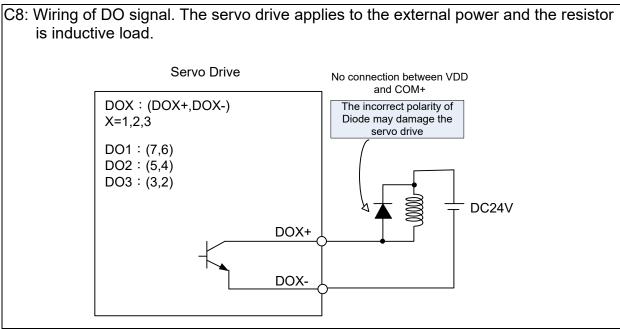
3-34 Revision July, 2018

When the drive connects to inductive load, the diode has to be installed. (The permissible current is under 40 mA. The surge current is under 100 mA.)





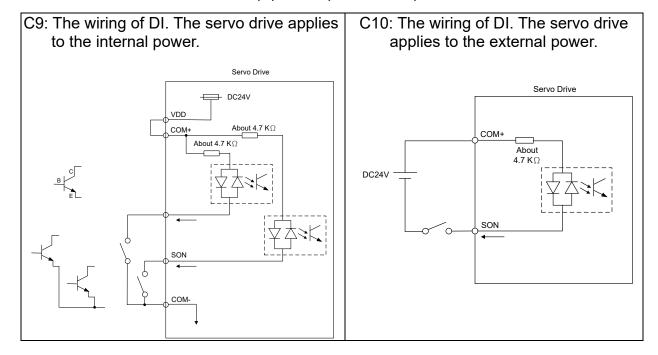




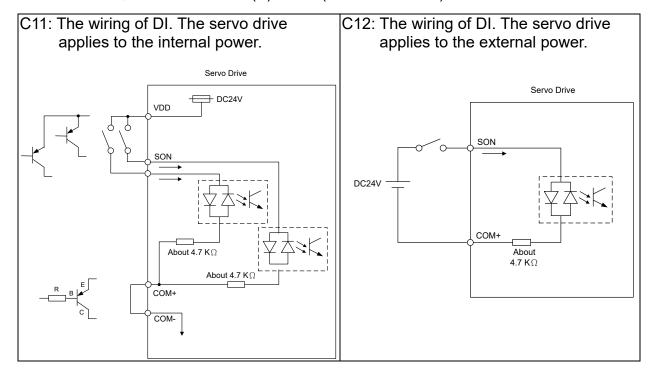
3-36 Revision July, 2018

Input signal via relay or open-collector transistor

NPN transistor, common emitter (E) mode (**SINK** mode)

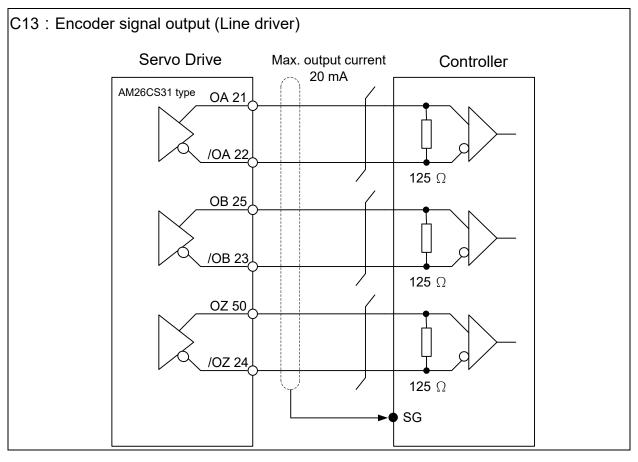


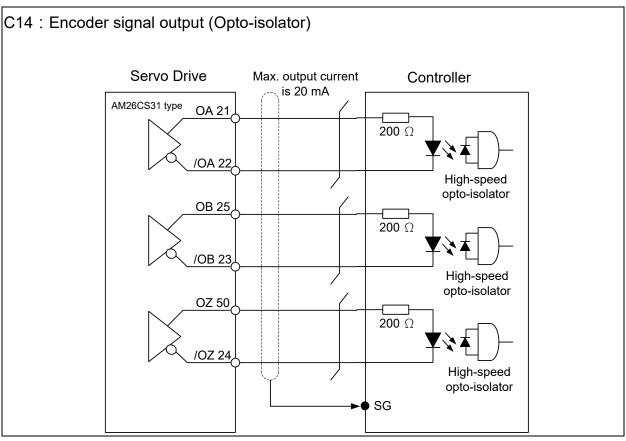
PNP transistor, common emitter (E) mode (**SOURCE** mode)





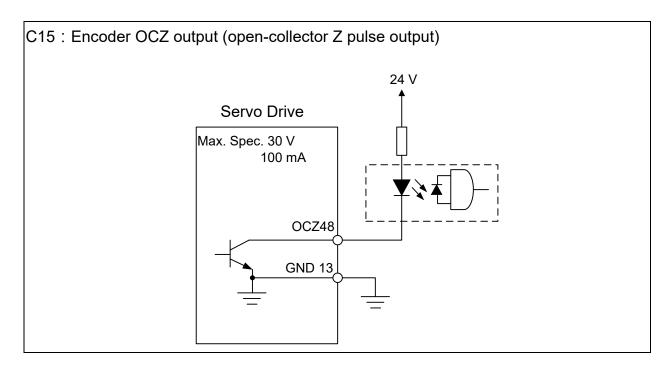
> Caution: Do not apply to dual power or it may damage the servo drive.





3-38 Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring



3.3.4 The DI and DO Signal Specified by the User

If the default setting of DI/DO signal cannot satisfy the need, self-set the DI/DO signal will do and easy. The signal function of DI1 \sim 6 and DO1 \sim 3 is determined by parameter P2-10 \sim P2-15 and parameter P2-18 \sim P2-20 respectively. Please refer to Chapter 7.2, which shown as the following table. Enter DI or DO code in the corresponding parameter to setup DI/DO.

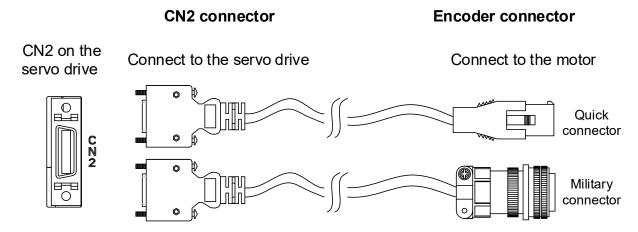
Signal Name		Pin No	Corresponding Parameter
	DI1-	CN1-9	P2-10
Standard DI	DI2-	CN1-10	P2-11
	DI3-	CN1-34	P2-12
	DI4-	CN1-8	P2-13
	DI5-	CN1-33	P2-14
	DI6-	CN1-32	P2-15

Signal Name		Pin No	Corresponding Parameter
Standard DO	DO1+	CN1-7	P2-18
	DO1-	CN1-6	FZ-10
	DO2+	CN1-5	P2-19
	DO2-	CN1-4	FZ-19
	DO3+	CN1-3	P2-20
	DO3-	CN1-2	FZ-2U

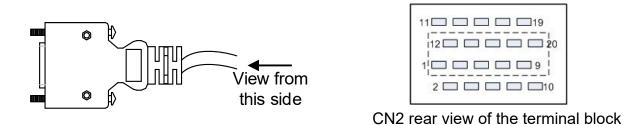
Revision July, 2018 3-39

3.4 CN2 Connector

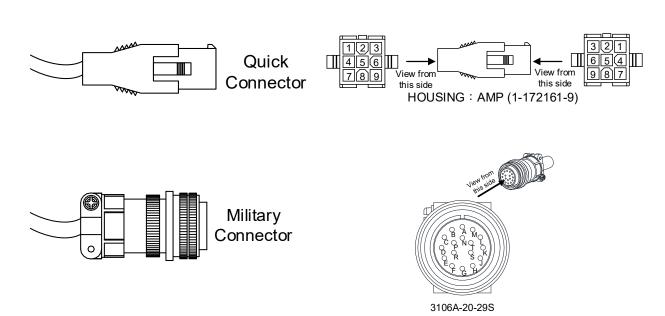
CN2 encoder connector can be connected in two ways:



(A) CN2 Connector:



(B) Encoder Connector



3-40 Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring

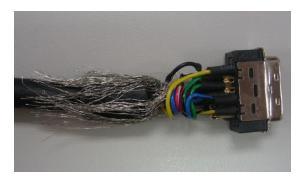
The definition of each signal is as follows:

Drive Connector		Encoder Connector			
Pin No	Terminal Symbol	Function and Description	Military connector	Quick connector	Color
5	T+	Serial communication signal input / output (+)	Α	1	Blue
4	T-	Serial communication signal input / output (-)	В	4	Blue & Black
-	-	Reserved	-	-	-
-	-	Reserved	-	-	-
14,16	+5 V	Power +5 V	S	7	Red / Red & white
13,15	GND	Power ground	R	8	Black / Black & white
Shell	Shielding	Shielding	L	9	-

The shielding procedures of CN2 encoder connector are as the followings:

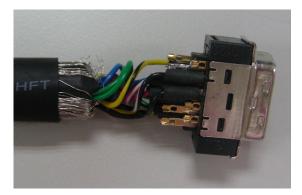


(1) Cut through the cable and expose the core wire which covers the metal core wires with shielding. The length of the reserved core wire should be 20 ~ 30 mm. Then, cover a 45 mm long heat shrink tube on the cable.

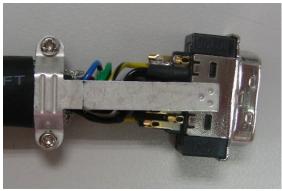


(2) Spread the metal core wires with shielding and turn it upside down in downward direction. Ensure to follow the pin definition from the above table to connect the pins one by one.

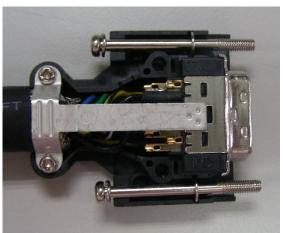
Revision July, 2018 3-41



(3) Leave a length of 5 ~ 10 mm metal core wires with shielding outside the cable. The length is about the width of the metal saddle. The other unexposed wires of the cable should be protected by the heat shrink tube for good ground contact.



(4) Install a metal saddle to fix the exposed metal core wires. The metal saddle must completely cover all the exposed metal core wires. The extended sheet metal should be connected to the metal part of the connector.



(5) Install the connector into the plastic case as shown in the figure.



(6) Tighten the screws to complete a shielded CN2 connector.

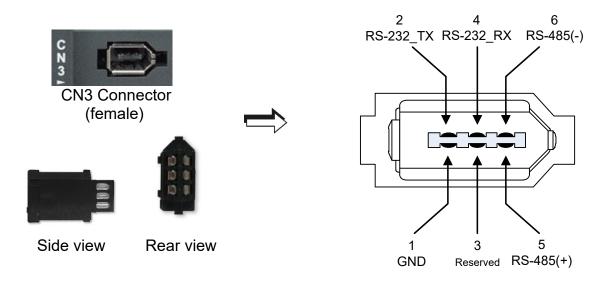
3-42 Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring

3.5 Wiring of CN3 Connector

3.5.1 Layout of CN3 Connector

The servo drive connects to the personal computer via communication connector. The user can operate the servo drive via MODBUS, PLC or HMI. There are two common communication interfaces, RS-232 and RS-485. Both can be set via parameter P3-05. Among them, RS-232 is more common. Its communication distance is about 15 meter. If the user selects RS-485, its transmission distance is longer and supports more than one servo drives for connection.



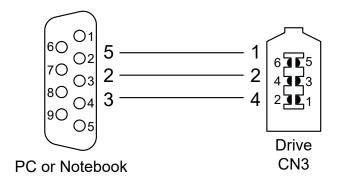
Pin No	Signal Name	Terminal Symbol	Function and Description
1	Signal grounding	GND	+5 V connects to the signal terminal
2	RS-232 data transmission	RS-232_TX	The drive transmits the data The connector connects to RS-232_RX of PC
3	-	-	Reserved
4	RS-232 data receiving	RS-232_RX	The drive receives the data The connector connects to RS-232_TX of PC
5	RS-485 data transmission	RS-485(+)	The drive transmits the date to differential terminal (+)
6	RS-485 data transmission	RS-485(-)	The drive transmits the date to differential terminal (-)



- 1) Please refer to Chapter 9, page 2 for the wiring of RS-485.
- 2) Two kinds of communication wire of IEEE1394 are commercially available. One of the internal ground terminals (Pin 1) will short circuit with the shielding and will damage the drive. Do not connect GND to the shielding.

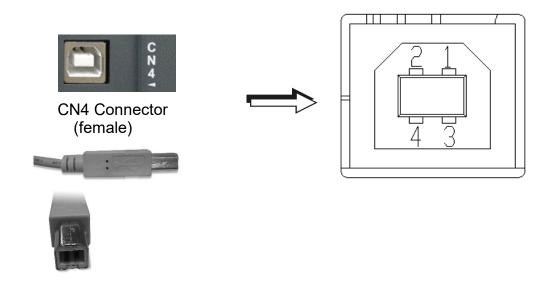
Revision July, 2018 3-43

3.5.2 Connection between CN3 Connector and Personal Computer



3.6 CN4 Serial Connector (USB)

CN4 is a serial connector which used to connect PC software and enhance the efficiency. The transmission speed of USB can up to 1 MB, that is to say PC Data Scope can obtain the correct data in time.



Pin No	Signal Name	Function and Description
1	V bus	DC +5 V (external power supply)
2	D-	Data-
3	D+	Data+
4	GND	Ground

3-44 Revision July, 2018

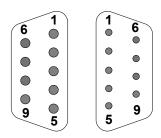
ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring

3.7 CN5 Connector (Full-closed Loop)

Connect to the external linear scale or encoder (A, B, Z) and form a full-closed loop with the servo. In position mode, the pulse position command issued by the controller is based on the control loop of the external linear scale. Please refer to Chapter 6.



CN5 Connector (female)



Front View Rear View Wring Terminal Connector (male)

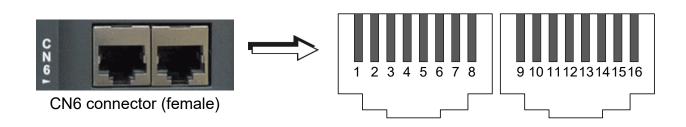
Pin No	Signal Name	Terminal Symbol	Function and Description
1	/Z phase input	Opt_/Z	Linear scale /Z phase output
2	/B phase input	Opt_/B	Linear scale /B phase output
3	B phase input	Opt_B	Linear scale B phase output
4	A phase input	Opt_A	Linear scale A phase output
5	/A phase input	Opt_/A	Linear scale /A phase output
6	Encoder grounding	GND	Ground
7	Encoder grounding	GND	Ground
8	Encoder power	+5 V	Linear scale +5 V power
9	Z phase input	Opt_Z	Linear scale Z phase output

Revision July, 2018 3-45

3.8 CN6 Connector (CANopen)

Based on the standard of CANopen DS301 and DS402, CN6 uses the standard CAN interface to implement position, torque and speed mode. It also can read or monitor the drive status.

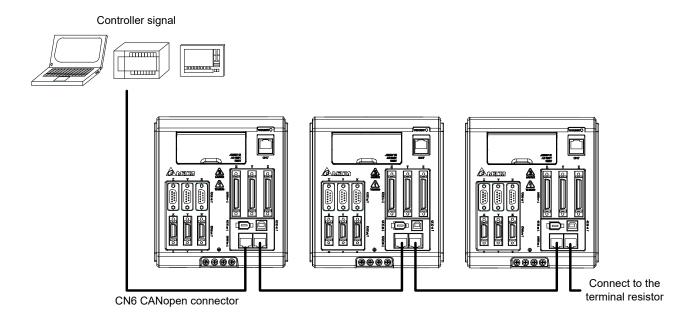
The station number of CANopen is the same as RS-232 / RS-485. All are set via parameter P3-00 and the transmission rate can up to 1 Mbps. It provides two sets of communication connectors, one is for receiving and another one is for transmission, in order to connect more than one drives. The last servo drive connects to termination resistor.



Pin No	Signal Name	Function and Description
1, 9	CAN_H	CAN_H bus line (dominant high)
2, 10	CAN_L	CAN_H bus line (dominant low)
3, 11	CAN_GND	Ground / 0 V / V -
4, 12	-	Reserved
5, 13	-	Reserved
6, 14	-	Reserved
7, 15	CAN_GND	Ground / 0 V / V -
8, 16	-	Reserved

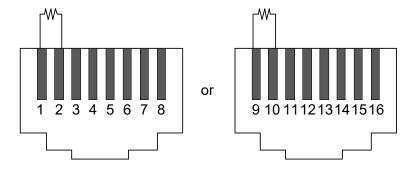
3-46 Revision July, 2018

ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring





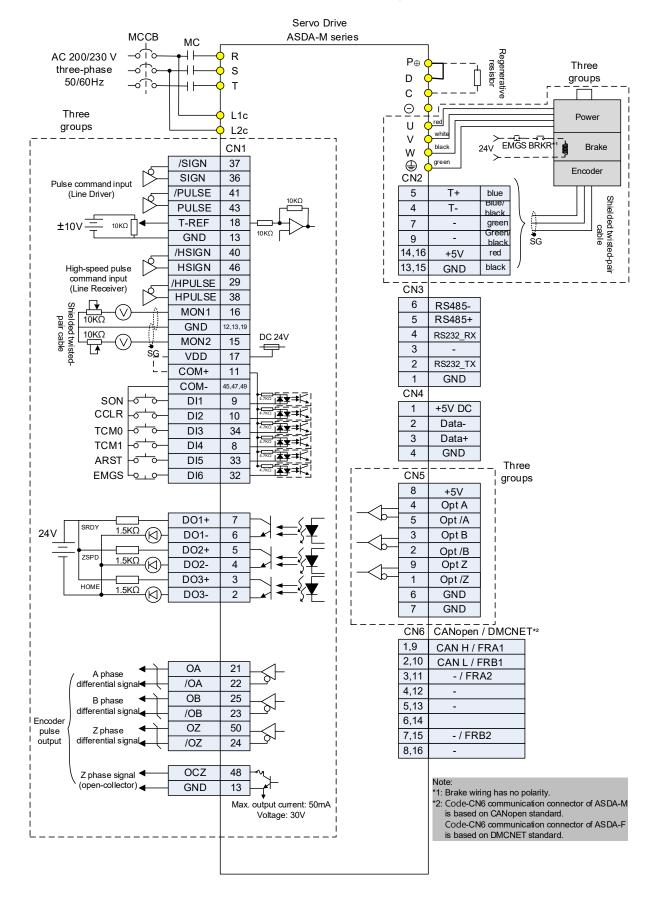
- 1) The termination resistor is suggested to use 120 Ω (Ohm) 0.25W or above.
- The wiring method of concatenate more than one drives is based on two terminals of CANopen. One is for receiving and another one is for transmission. And the servo drive connects to the termination resistor. The wiring diagram of the termination resistor is shown as the followings:



Revision July, 2018 3-47

3.9 Standard Wiring Method

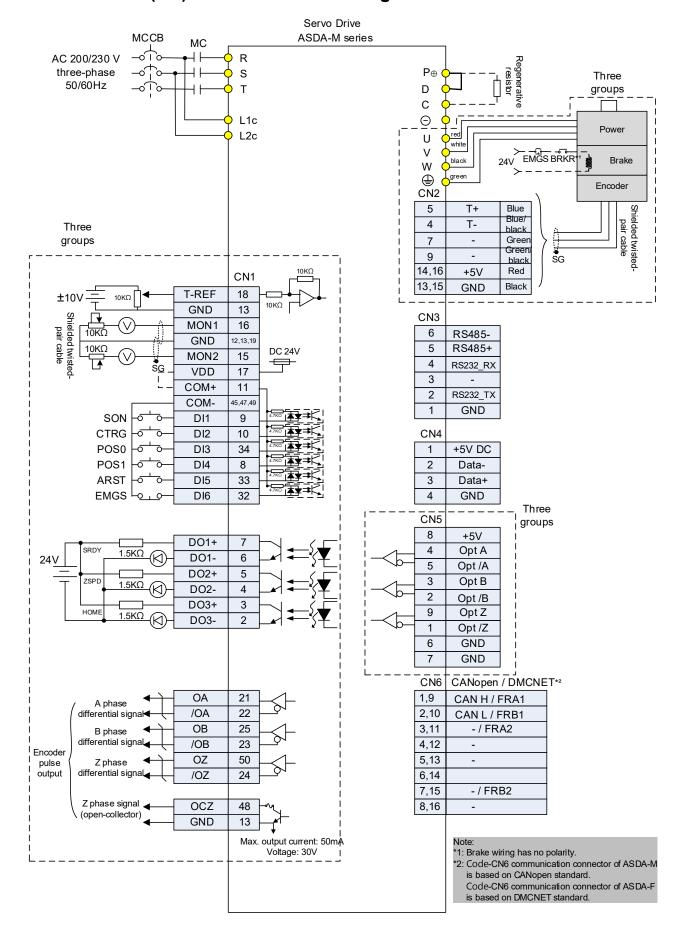
3.9.1 Position (PT) Mode Standard Wiring



3-48 Revision July, 2018

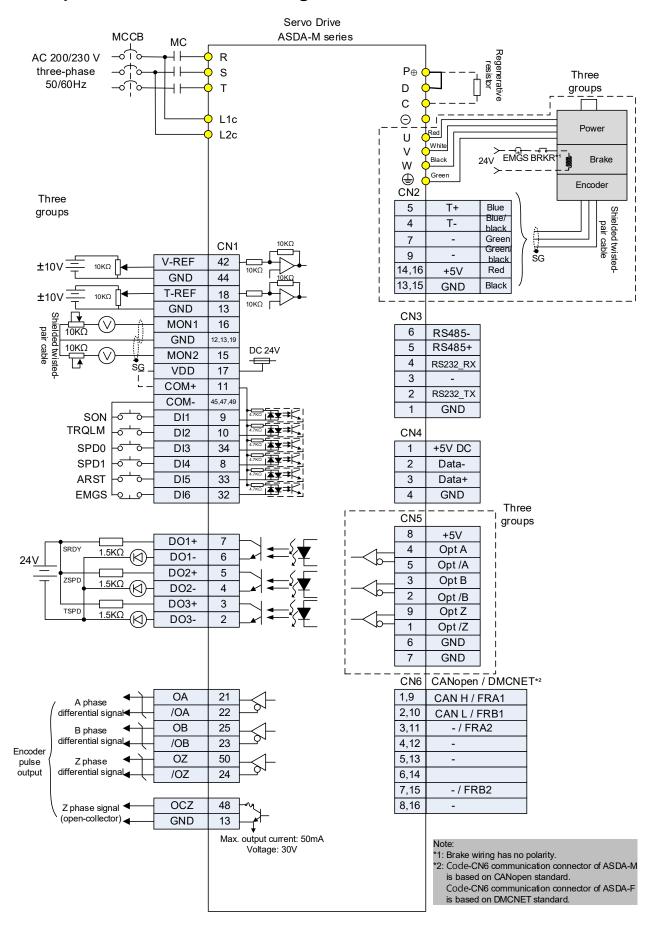
ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring

3.9.2 Position (PR) Mode Standard Wiring



Revision July, 2018 3-49

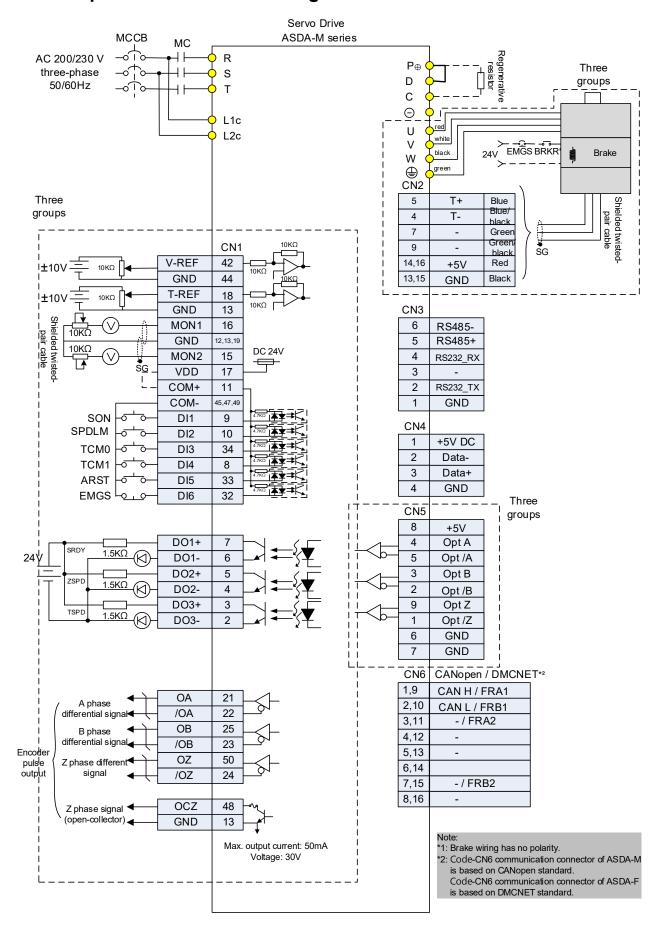
3.9.3 Speed Mode Standard Wiring



3-50 Revision July, 2018

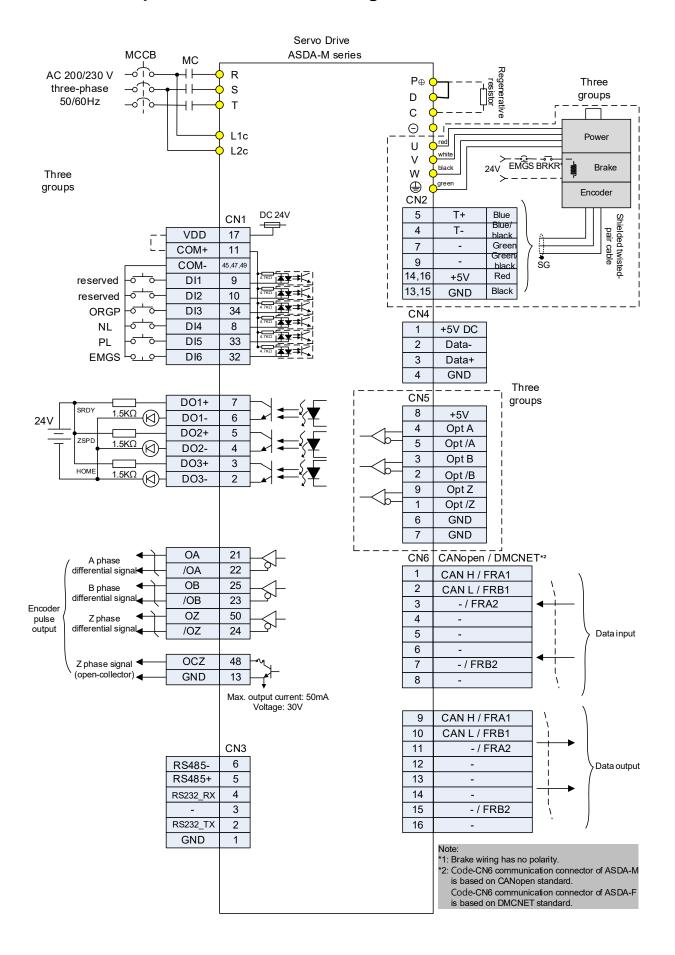
ASDA-M Chapter 3 Wiring

3.9.4 Torque Mode Standard Wiring



Revision July, 2018 3-51

3.9.5 CANopen Mode Standard Wiring

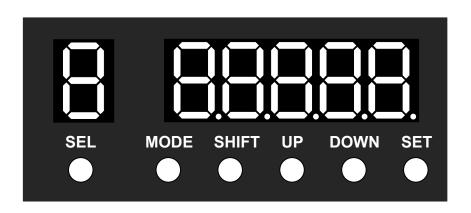


3-52 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 4 Panel Display and Operation

This chapter details the panel status and operation of ADSA-M series servo drive.

4.1 Panel Description



Name	Function
	The single-group of seven-segment display is for displaying the
Display	selected axis.
Бюрю	The five-group of seven-segment display is for displaying the
	monitoring values, parameter values and setting values.
SEL Key	Axis selection
	Switch to Monitor Mode / Parameter Mode / Alarm Display.
MODE Key	When in Editing Mode, press the MODE Key can switch to the
	Parameter Mode.
	The group code can be changed in Parameter Mode. When in
CHIET Koy	Editing Mode, moving the blinking bit to the left can adjust the
SHIFT Key	higher setting bit. The display of high/low digit can be switched in
	Monitor Mode.
UP Key	Change monitoring codes, parameter codes or setting values
DOWN Key	Change monitoring codes, parameter codes or setting values
	Display and save the setting value. It can switch the decimal or
SET Key	hexadecimal format display in Monitor Mode.
	In Parameter Mode, press the SET Key can enter Editing Mode.

Revision July, 2018 4-1

4.2 Parameter Setting Procedure

4.2.1 Axis Switching Procedure

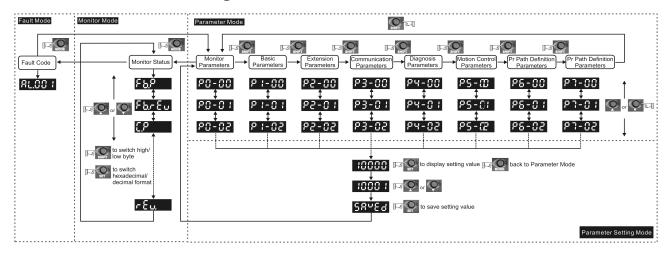
- (1) When the servo drive connects to the power, the display will show the monitor variable for about one second, and then enter into the Monitor Mode.
- (2) The single-group of seven-segment display shows the current selected axis. After connecting to the power, if the servo drive displays 1, it means the current selected axis is the first axis (X axis).
- (3) SEL Key can used to select the axis. The number increases every time the user presses the SEL Key. The order is like a cycle: $1(X \text{ axis}) \rightarrow 2(Y \text{ axis}) \rightarrow 3(Z \text{ axis}) \rightarrow 1(X \text{ axis})$.
- (4) After setting the axis, it will enter the corresponding setting procedure of parameters.
- (5) The setting of parameter corresponds to each axis respectively.



When there is an alarm, the display will stay at the axis which has error and show the alarm code. SEL Key has no function at the moment. Not until pressing the MODE Key to switch to the other modes, can the SEL Key be used to select the axis. If there is no Key to be pressed for 20 seconds, it will return to the Alarm Mode automatically.

4-2 Revision July, 2018

4.2.2 Parameter Setting Procedure of Each Axis



- (1) Select and set the axis first.
- (2) Press the MODE Key to switch Parameter Mode → Monitor Mode → Alarm Mode. If there is no alarm, then it will skip the Alarm Mode.
- (3) When there is a new alarm, it will switch to Alarm Display Mode in any conditions. Pressing the MODE Key can switch to the other modes. If there is no Key to be selected for 20 seconds, it will return to the Alarm Mode automatically.
- (4) In Monitor Mode, press UP or DOWN Key can switch the monitor variable. The monitor variable will be displayed for a second.
- (5) In Parameter Mode, pressing the SHIFT Key can switch the group code. The UP / DOWN Key can change parameter code of two bytes.
- (6) In Parameter Mode, press the SET Key, the system will immediately enter into Editing Setting Mode. The display will show the corresponded setting value of the parameter. The UP / DOWN Key can be used to change the parameter value or press the MODE Key to skip Editing Setting Mode and return to Parameter Mode.
- (7) In Editing Setting Mode, pressing the SHIFT Key can move the blinking bit to the left.

 And use the UP / DOWN Key to adjust the higher setting byte value.
- (8) After adjusting the setting value, press the SET Key. It can save the parameter or execute the command.
- (9) After finish parameter setting, the display will show the end code 「SAVED」 and return to the Parameter Mode automatically.

Revision July, 2018 4-3

4.3 Status Display

4.3.1 Setting Saved Display

When finishing editing parameter, press the SET Key to save the setting. The panel will display the setting status according to the setting for a second.

Displayed Symbol	Description
SRUES	The setting value is saved correctly. (Saved)
OF A	Read-only parameter. Write-protected. (Read-Only)
Lockd	Enter the wrong password or no password has been entered. (Locked)
806-6	Incorrect setting value or enter the reserved setting value. (Out of Range)
Su-on	No entering is allowed when it is Servo ON. (Servo On)
Po-0n	Parameter will be effective after the drive is repower on. (Power On)

4.3.2 Decimal Point

Displayed Symbol	Description
9.0.0.0.0.	High byte / low byte indication: When the data is displayed in
Z Z I G	decimal 32 bits, it is for indicating the current high or low byte.
Low Byte High Byte No Function Negative Sign	Negative sign: When the data is displayed in decimal format, the
Byte Byte unction ative Sign	two decimal points in the left represents the negative sign, no
	matter it is showed in 16 or 32 bits. When it is showed in
	hexadecimal format, it only shows positive sign.

4.3.3 Alarm Message

Displayed Symbol	Description
	When there is an error of the drive, it will show 'AL' as the alarm
01	sign and 'nnn' as the alarm code.
86,000	For further explanation, please refer to Chapter 8, P0-01,
	parameter description, or the chapter of troubleshooting.

4-4 Revision July, 2018

4.3.4 Positive and Negative Sign Setting

Displayed Symbol	Description
	When entering into the Editing Setting Mode, pressing UP / DOWN
88258	Key can increase or decrease the displayed content. The SHIFT
00700	Key can change the desired adjusted carry value. (The carry value
	is blinking at the moment.)
	Pressing the SHIFT Key for two seconds can switch the positive (+)
2.4.880	and negative (-) sign. If the parameter is over the range after
	switching the positive or negative sign, then it cannot be switched.

4.3.5 Monitor Display

When the drive is applied to the power, the display will show the monitor displayed symbol for a second, and then enter into the Monitor Mode. In Monitor Mode, SEL Key can select the desired monitor axis. The UP / DOWN Key can change the desired monitor variable. Or, the user can directly change parameter P0-02 to set the monitor code. When applying to the power, the system will pre-set the monitor code according to the setting value of P0-02. For example, the setting value of P0-02 is 4. Every time when applying to the power, it will display C-PLS monitor sign first, and then shows the input pulse number of pulse command.

P0-02 Setting Value	Monitor Displayed Symbol	Description	Unit
0	FBPUU	Motor feedback pulse number (after the scaling of electronic gear ratio) (User unit)	[user unit]
1	[-888	Input pulse number of pulse command (after the scaling of electronic gear ratio) (User unit)	[user unit]
2	E-,900	The difference of error pulse number between control command pulse and feedback pulse number (User unit)	[user unit]
3	FBPLS	Motor feedback pulse number (encoder unit) (1.28 millions Pulse / rev)	[pulse]
4	[-PLS	Input pulse number of pulse command (before the scaling of electronic gear ratio) (encoder unit)	[pulse]
5	ErPLS	Error pulse number (after the scaling of electronic gear ratio) (encoder unit)	[pulse]
6	[8-8-	Input frequency of pulse command	[Kpps]
7	SPEEd	Motor speed	[r / min]
8	[SPd	Speed input command	[Volt]

Revision July, 2018 4-5

P0-02 Setting Value	Monitor Displayed Symbol	Description	Unit	
9	£5882	Speed input command	[r / min]	
10	[-	Torque input command	[Volt]	
11	5-492	Torque input command	[%]	
12	806-1	Average torque	[%]	
13	28-:	Peak torque	[%]	
14	<i>ს</i> გიგ	Main circuit voltage	[Volt]	
	0 000	Ratio of load / motor inertia	[<u>]</u>	
15	3-6	(note: If the panel shows 13.0, the inertia ratio is	[1times]	
		13.)		
16	1568.E	IGBT temperature	[°C]	
47		Resonance frequency (Low byte is the first	FI 1_3	
17	רטתרר	resonance and high byte is the second one).	[Hz]	
	3 1882	The absolute pulse number of encoder Z		
40	0 +5000, 0 +5000, 0	phase equals to the homing value, 0. It will		
18		be + 5000 or - 5000 pulse when rotating in	-	
	ZZZZ	forward or reverse direction.		
		Mapping parameter #1: shows the content of		
19	1 980N	parameter P0-25	-	
		(specify the mapping target by P0-35)		
	00003	Mapping parameter #2: shows the content of		
20	1111111111	parameter P0-26	-	
		(specify the mapping target by P0-36)		
04	00000	Mapping parameter #3: shows the content of		
21	1111823	parameter P0-27	-	
		(specify the mapping target by P0-37) Mapping parameter #4: shows the content of		
22	00884	parameter P0-28	_	
		(specify the mapping target by P0-38)		
		Monitor variable #1: shows the content of		
23	88 t	parameter P0-09	_	
		(specify the monitor variable code by P0-17)		
		Monitor variable #2: shows the content of		
24	UR2	parameter P0-10	-	
		(specify the monitor variable code by P0-18)		

4-6 Revision July, 2018

P0-02 Setting Value	Monitor Displayed Symbol	Description	Unit
		Monitor variable #3: shows the content of	
25	URr - 3	parameter P0-11	-
		(specify the monitor variable code by P0-19)	
		Monitor variable #4: shows the content of	
26	UR4	parameter P0-12	-
		(specify the monitor variable code by P0-20)	

Example of the displayed value	Status Description		
8:534 (Dec)		If the value is 1234, it displays 01234 (shows in decimal format).	
1234 (Hex)	16 bits	If the value is 0x1234, it displays 1234 (shows in hexadecimal format; the first digit does not show any).	
12345 (Dec high) 53830 (Dec low)	32 bits	If the value is 1234567890, the display of the high byte is 1234.5 and displays 67890 as the low byte (shows in decimal format).	
Hex high)		If the value is 0x12345678, the display of the high byte is h1234 and displays L5678 as the low byte (shows in hexadecimal format).	
1,2,345	Negative display. If the value is -12345, it displays 1.2.345 (only shows in decimal format; there is no positive or negative sign for hexadecimal format display).		



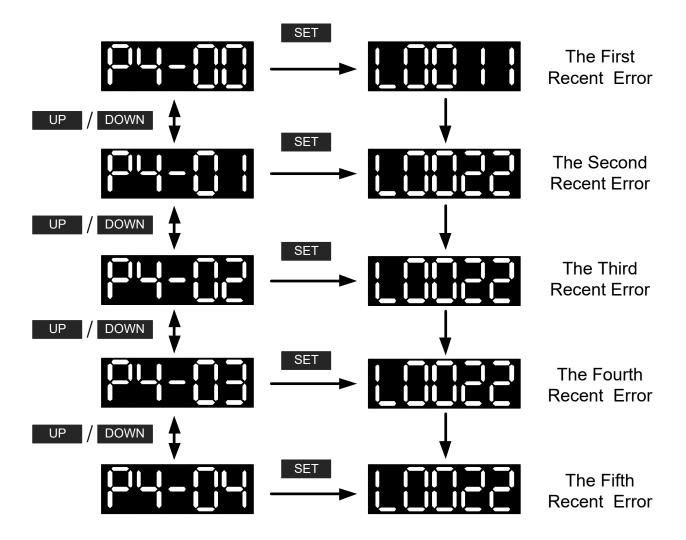
- 1) Dec means it is displayed in decimal format. Hex means it is displayed in hexadecimal format.
- 2) The above display methods can be applied in Monitor Mode and Editing Setting Mode.
- 3) When all monitor variable is 32 bits, high / low bit and the display (Dec / Hex) can be switched. According to the definition in Chapter 8, each parameter only supports one displaying method and cannot be switched.

Revision July, 2018 4-7

4.4 General Function

4.4.1 Operation of Fault Record Display

When it is in Parameter Mode, select the parameter which is in error status first. Then select P4-00 ~ P4-04. Press the SET Key, the corresponding fault record will shown.

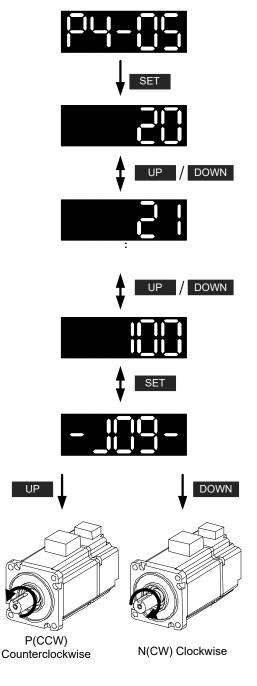


4-8 Revision July, 2018

4.4.2 JOG Mode

When it is in Parameter Mode, select the parameter of JOG first. Then select P4-05. And enter into JOG Mode by the following settings:

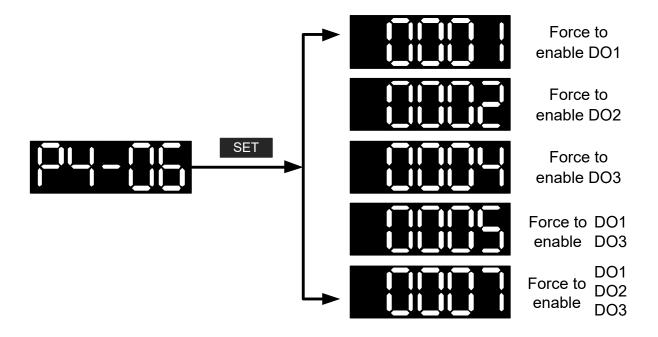
- (1) Press the SET Key to display the speed value of JOG. The default value is 20 r / min.
- (2) Press UP or DOWN Key to adjust the desired speed value of JOG. It is adjusted to 100 r / min in the example.
- (3) Press the SET Key to display JOG and enter JOG mode.
- (4) When it is in JOG Mode, press UP or DOWN Key to enable the servo motor in forward or reverse direction. The servo motor stops running as soon as the user stops pressing the key. JOG operation is working only when it is Servo ON.



Revision July, 2018 4-9

4.4.3 Force DO Output

Enter into the Output Diagnosis Mode by the following settings. First, select the desired output axis to switch the parameter. Set P2-08 to 406 and enable the function of force DO output. Then, set the force DO output by binary method via P4-06. When the setting value is 2, DO2 will be forced to enable. When the setting value is 5, DO1 and DO3 will be forced to enable. No data is retained in this mode. It returns to the normal DO mode when re-power on the drive or set P2-08 to 400.





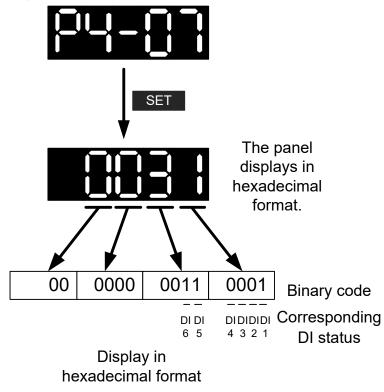
P4-06 is displayed in hexadecimal format. Therefore, it will not show the fifth 0.

4-10 Revision July, 2018

4.4.4 Digital Input Diagnosis Operation

Enter into the Digital Input Diagnosis Mode by the following setting methods. When the external output signal DI1 ~ DI6 is ON, the corresponding signal will be shown on the panel. It is displayed by bit. When it shows bit, it means it is ON.

For example, if it shows 0031, 3 is in hexadecimal format, it will be 0011 when it transfers to binary format. Then, DI5 ~ DI6 is ON.

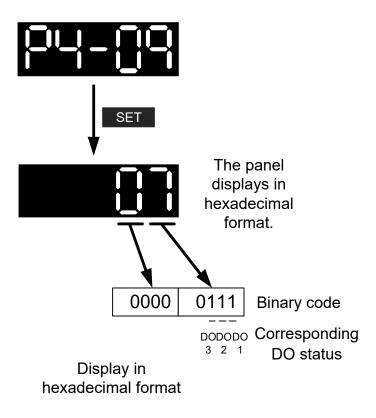


Revision July, 2018 4-11

4.4.5 Digital Output Diagnosis Operation

Enter into the Digital Output Diagnosis Mode by the following setting methods. The output signal DO1 ~ DO3 is ON and the corresponding signal will be shown on the panel. It is displayed by bit. When it shows bit, it means it is ON.

For example, if it shows **07**, **7** is in hexadecimal format, it will be **0111** when it transfers to binary format. Then, DO1 ~ DO3 is ON.



4-12 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 5 Trial Operation and Tuning

This chapter is divided into two parts to describe the trial operation. The first one is the inspection without load and another one is the inspection with load. For safety reasons, please conduct the first inspection.

5.1 Inspection without Load

Please remove the load of the servo motor, including coupling on the shaft and accessories so as to avoid any damage on servo drive or mechanism. This is aiming to avoid the falling off of the disassembled parts of the motor shaft and indirectly causing the personnel injury or equipment damage during operation. Running the motor without load, if the servo motor can run during normal operation, then it can connect to load for operation.

Caution: Please operate the servo motor without load first. If the servo motor runs normally, connect the load afterwards in order to avoid any danger.

Please check the following items before operation.

Inspection before operation (has not applied to the power yet)

- Check if there is any obvious damage shown on its appearance.
- The splicing parts of the wiring terminal should be isolated.
- Make sure the wiring is correct so as to avoid the damage or any abnormity.
- Check if the electric conductivity objects including sheetmetal (such as screws) or inflammable objects are not inside the servo drive.
- Check if the control switch is in OFF status.
- Do not place the servo drive or external regenerative resistor on inflammable objects.
- To avoid the electromagnetic brake losing efficacy, please check if stop function and circuit break function can work normally.
- If the peripheral devices are interfered by the electronic instruments, please reduce electromagnetic interference with devices.
- Please make sure the external voltage level of the servo drive is correct.

Inspection before running the servo drive (has already applied to the power)

The encoder cable should avoid excessive stress. When the motor is running, make sure the cable is not frayed or over extended.

Revision July, 2018 5-1

- Please contact with Delta if there is any vibration of the servo motor or unusual noise during the operation.
- Make sure the setting of the parameters is correct. Different machinery has different characteristic, please adjust the parameter according to the characteristic of each machinery.
- Please reset the parameter when the servo drive is in SERVO OFF status, or it may cause malfunction.
- When the relay is operating, make sure it can work properly.
- Check if the power indicator and LED display works normally.
- PWM is used to control 7.5kW. Thus, when the temperature is lower than 40°C, the fan does not work.

5.2 Apply Power to the Servo Drive

Please follow the instructions below.

- A. Make sure the wiring between the motor and servo drive is correct.
 - U, V, W and FG have to connect to cable red, white, black and green respectively.
 If the wiring is incorrect, the motor cannot work normally. The ground wire FG of the
 motor must be connected to the ground terminal of the servo drive. Please refer to
 Chapter 3.1 for wiring.
 - 2) The encoder cable of the motor has correctly connected to CN2: If users only desire to execute JOG function, it is unnecessary to connect CN1 and CN3 (Please refer to Chapter 5.3). Refer to Chapter 3.1 and 3.4 for the wiring of CN2.

Caution: Do not connect the power terminal (R, S, T) to the output terminal (U, V, W) of the servo drive. Or it might damage the servo drive.

B. Power circuit of the servo drive:

Apply power to the servo drive. Please refer to Chapter 3.1.3 for power wiring.

5-2 Revision July, 2018

C. Power on:

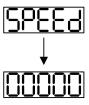
Power of the servo drive: including control circuit (L1c, L2c) and main circuit (R, S, T) power.

When the power is on, the display of the servo drive will be:



The digital input (DI6) of the default value is the signal of emergency stop (EMGS), if DI6 is not using, adjusting the setting of P2-15 is a must. P2-15 can be set to 0 (disable this DI function) or modified to another function.

From the last setting · the servo drive status displays parameter P0-02 setting as the motor speed (07), then the screen display will be:



When the screen displays no text, please check if the power of control circuit is under voltage.

1) When the screen displays



Warning of overvoltage:

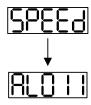
It means the voltage input by the main circuit is higher than the rated voltage or power input error (incorrect power system).

Corrective action:

- Use the voltmeter to measure if the input voltage from the main circuit is within the range of rated voltage value.
- Use the voltmeter to measure if the power system complies with the specification.

Revision July, 2018 5-3

2) When the screen displays



Warning of encoder error:

Check if the motor encoder is securely connected or the wiring is correct.

Corrective action:

- Check if the wiring is the same as the instruction of the user manual.
- Check the encoder connector.
- Check if the wiring is loose.
- Encoder is damaged.
- 3) When the screen displays:



Warning of emergency stop:

Please check if any of the digital input DI1 ~ DI6 is set to emergency stop (EMGS). Corrective action:

- If not desire to set emergency stop (EMGS) as one of the digital input, make sure no digital input is set to emergency stop (EMGS) among DI1 ~ DI6. (That is to say none of the parameters, P2-10 ~ P2-15 is set to 21.)
- If the function of emergency stop (EMGS) is needed and this DI is set as normally close (function code: 0x0021), please make sure this DI is always normally close. If not, please set this DI as normally open (function code: 0x0121).
- 4) When the screen displays:



Warning of negative limit error:

Please check if any of the digital input DI1 ~ DI6 is set to negative limit (NL) and that DI is ON.

Corrective action:

- If not desire to set negative limit (NL) as one of the digital input, make sure no digital input is set to negative limit (NL) among DI1 ~ DI6. (That is to say none of the parameters, P2-10 ~ P2-15 is set to 22.)
- If the function of negative limit (NL) is needed and this DI is set as normally close (function code: 0x0022), please make sure this DI is always normally close. If not, please set this DI as normally open (function code: 0x0122).

5-4 Revision July, 2018

5) When the screen displays:



Warning of positive limit error:

Please check if any of the digital input DI1 ~ DI6 is set positive limit (PL) and that DI is ON.

Corrective action:

- If not desire to set positive limit (PL) as one of the digital input, make sure no digital input is set to positive limit (PL) among DI1~DI6. (That is to say none of the parameters, P2-10 ~ P2-15 is set to 23.)
- If the function of positive limit (PL) is needed and this DI is set as normally close (function code: 0x0023), please make sure this DI is always normally close. If not, please set this DI as normally open (function code: 0x0123).
- 6) When the screen displays



Warning of overcurrent:

Corrective action:

- Check the connection between the motor and servo drive.
- Check if the conducting wire is short circuited.

Exclude short circuit and avoid metal conductors being exposed.

7) When the screen displays



Warning of under voltage:

Corrective action:

- Check if the wiring of main circuit input voltage is correct.
- Use voltmeter to measure if the main circuit voltage is normal.
- Use voltmeter to measure if the power system complies with the specification.

Note: During the process of power on or servo on, if an alarm occurs or shows any abnormal display, please contact the distributors.

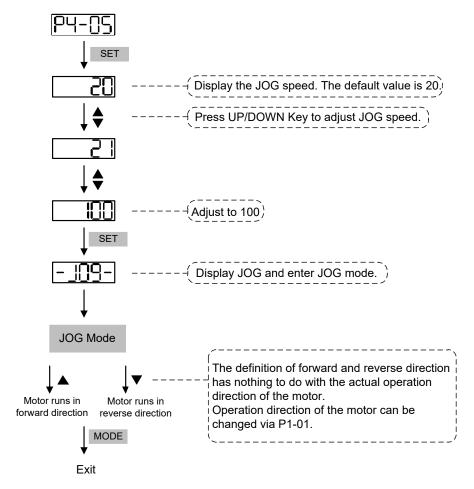
Revision July, 2018 5-5

5.3 JOG Trial Run without Load

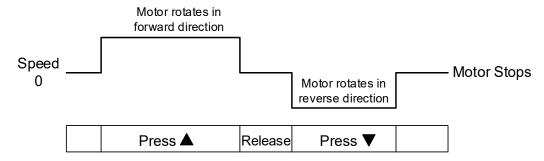
It is very convenient to test the motor and servo drive with the method of JOG trial run without load since the extra wiring is unnecessary. For safety reasons, it is recommended to set JOG at low speed. Please see the following descriptions.

- **STEP 1**: Use software setting to Servo ON. Select the desired JOG axis and set parameter P2-30 to 1. This setting is to force the servo ON through software.
- **STEP 2**: Set P4-05 as JOG speed (unit: r / min). After setting the desired JOG speed, press the **SET** Key, the servo drive will enter JOG mode.
- **STEP 3**: Press the **MODE** Key to exit JOG mode.

In this example, the JOG speed is adjusted from 20 r / min to 100 r / min.



5-6 Revision July, 2018



If the servo motor does not rotate, please make sure the wiring of U, V, W terminals and encoder is correct If the servo motor does not rotate properly, please make sure the phase of U, V, W cables is connected correctly.

5.4 Trial Run without Load (Speed Mode)

Before the trial run without load, firmly secure the motor base so as to avoid the danger cause by the reaction of motor operation.

STEP 1:

Set the control mode of the servo drive to speed mode. Firstly select the desired axis for speed test, and set P1-01 to 2. Then, re-power on the servo drive.

STEP 2:
In speed control mode, the digital input settings of trial run are as follows:

Digital Input	Parameter Setting Value	Symbol	Function Description	CN1 Pin No
DI1	P2-10 = 101	SON	Servo ON	DI1- = 9
DI2	P2-11 = 109	TRQLM	Torque limit	DI2- = 10
DI3	P2-12 = 114	SPD0	Speed command selection	DI3- = 34
DI4	P2-13 = 115	SPD1	Speed command selection	DI4- = 8
DI5	P2-14 = 102	ARST	Alarm reset	DI5- = 33
DI6	P2-15 = 0	Disabled	Invalid DI function	-

The above table disables the function of emergency stop (DI6) (the default setting), thus, set P2-15 to 0 (Disabled). The digital input of Delta's servo drive can be programmed by users. When programming digital input, please refer to the description of DI code.

The default setting includes the function of negative limit, positive limit and emergency stop, therefore, after the setting is completed, if there is any alarm occurs, please re-power on the servo drive or switch ON DI5 to clear the alarm. Please refer to Chapter 5.2. The speed command selection is determined by SPD0 and SPD1. See the table below.

Revision July, 2018 5-7

Speed Command		nal of N1	Command	Content	Range
No.	SPD1	SPD0	Source		
S1	0	0	External analog command	Voltage deviation between V-REF and GND	-10 V ~ +10 V
S2	0	1		P1-09	-60000 ~ 60000
S3	1	0	Register parameter	P1-10	-60000 ~ 60000
S4	1	1		P1-11	-60000 ~ 60000

0: means DI is OFF

1: means DI is ON

The setting range of register parameter is from -60000 to 60000. Setting value = setting range x unit (0.1r / min).

For example, P1-09 = +30000; Setting value = $+30000 \times 0.1 \text{ r/min} = +3000 \text{ r/min}$

Command setting of speed register

Set parameter P1-09 to 30000. Set parameter P1-10 to 1000. Set parameter P1-11 to - 30000.

Input command	Rotation direction	
+	CCW	
-	CW	

STEP 3:

- (1) Users switch ON DI1 and Servo ON.
- (2) Both DI3 (SPD0) and DI4 (SPD1), the speed command, are OFF, which means it currently executes S1 command. The motor rotates according to analog voltage command.
- (3) When DI3 (SPD0) is ON, it means it currently executes S2 command (3000 r / min). The rotation speed is 3000 r / min at the moment.
- (4) When DI4 (SPD1) is ON, it means it currently executes S3 command (100 r / min). The rotation speed is 100 r / min.
- (5) When both DI3 (SPD0) and DI4 (SPD1) are ON, it means S4 command (-3000 r / min) is executed at the moment. The rotation speed is -3000 r / min.
- (6) Step (3), (4) and (5) can be repeatedly executed.
- (7) If users desire to stop the motor, switch OFF DI1 (Servo OFF).

5-8 Revision July, 2018

5.5 Trial Run without Load (Position Mode)

Before the trial run without load, firmly secure the motor base so as to avoid the danger cause by the reaction of motor operation.

STEP 1:

Set the control mode of the servo drive to position mode.

Firstly select the desired axis for speed test, and set parameter P1-01 to 1. Then, re-power on the servo drive.

STEP 2: In position mode, the digital input settings of trial run are as follows:

Digital Input	Parameter Setting Value	Symbol	Function Description	CN1 Pin No
DI1	P2-10 = 101	SON	Servo ON	DI1- = 9
DI2	P2-11 = 108	CTRG	Torque limit	DI2- = 10
DI3	P2-12 = 111	POS0	Position command selection	DI3- = 34
DI4	P2-13 = 112	POS1	Position command selection	DI4- = 8
DI5	P2-14 = 102	ARST	Alarm reset	DI5- = 33
DI6	P2-15 = 0	Disabled	Invalid DI function	-

The above table disables the function of emergency stop (DI6) (the default setting), thus, set P2-15 to 0 (Disabled). The digital input of Delta's servo drive can be programmed by users. When programming digital input, please refer to the description of DI code.

The default setting includes the function of negative limit, positive limit and emergency stop, therefore, after the setting is completed, if there is any alarm occurs, please re-power on the servo drive or switch ON DI5 to clear the alarm. Please refer to Chapter 5.2.

Revision July, 2018 5-9

Please refer to Chapter 3.9.2, Position (PR) Mode Standard Wiring for wiring diagram. However, since POS2 is not the default digital input, set P2-14 to 113. Please refer to the table below for 64 sets of register command, POS0 ~ POS5 and the relative parameters.

Position Command	POS5	POS4	POS3	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Corresponding Parameter
P1	0	0	0	0	0		†	P6-00
FI	U	U	U	U	U	0		P6-01
DO	0	0	0	0	0	4	†	P6-02
P2	0	0	0	0	0	1		P6-03
~								~
P50	1	1	0	0	1	0	†	P6-98
P50	I	I	U	U	I	U		P6-99
P51	4	1	0	0	1	4	†	P7-00
Pol	1	I	U	U	I	1		P7-01
~								~
P64	4	4	1	1	1	1	†	P7-26
P04	I	I	I	I	I	I		P7-27

0: means DI is OFF

1: means DI is ON

Users can set the 64-set of command value (P6-00 \sim P7-27). The value can be set as the absolute position command.

5-10 Revision July, 2018

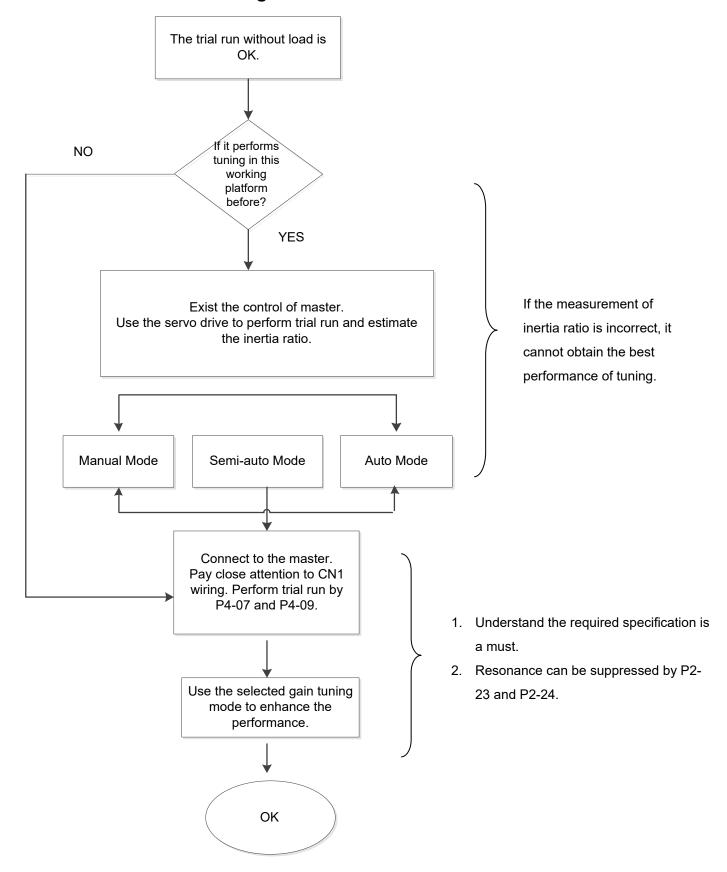
5.6 Tuning Procedure

Estimate the inertia ratio----- JOG mode

1.	After completing wiring, when applying to the power, the servo drive will display:	AL013
2.	Press the MODE Key to select the mode of parameter function.	P0-00
3.	Press the SHIFT Key twice to select the mode of parameter group.	P2-00
4.	Press the UP Key to select parameter P2-15.	P2-15
5.	Press the SET Key to display parameter value, which is shown as the content on the right.	21
6.	Press the SHIFT Key twice, then press the UP Key, the panel will display 121 . Press the SET Key.	121
7.	Press the UP Key to select parameter P2-30.	P2-30
8.	Press the SET Key to display the parameter value. (See the figure on the right.)	0
9.	Press the UP Key and select the parameter value 1. Then, press the SET Key. The servo drive is in Servo ON status at the moment.	1
10.	The panel will display 0 as shown on the right.	0
11.	Press the MODE Key first, and press the DOWN Key for 12 times to select the value of inertia ratio.	JL
12.	The panel displays the current value of inertia ratio (default value).	1.0
13.	Press the MODE Key to select the mode of parameter function.	P2-30
14.	Press the SHIFT Key twice to select the mode of parameter group.	P4-00
15.	Press the UP Key to select parameter P4-05.	P4-05
16.	Press the SET Key to show the content, which is 20 r / min at JOG speed. Press the UP or DOWN Key to increase or decrease the JOG speed. Press the SHIFT Key to move to the next digit of the left.	20 ↓ 200
17.	Set the desired JOG speed and press the SET Key which is shown as the figure on the right.	-Jog-
40	Donne the LIB Key to note to the market in female 1.2. Co. 1.2.	H DOWN! !

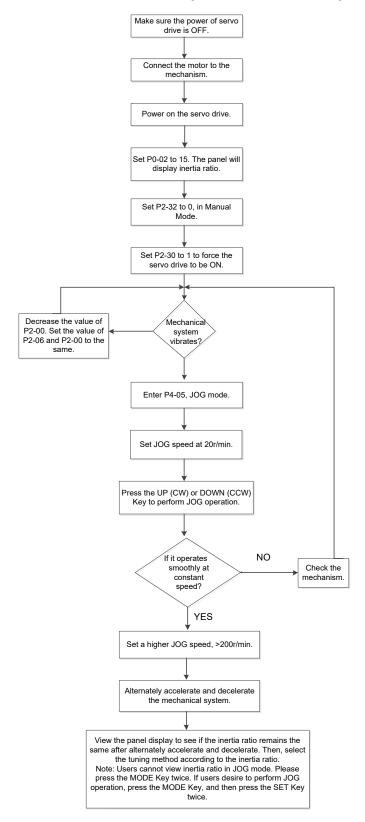
- 18. Press the **UP** Key to rotate the motor in forward direction while press the **DOWN** Key the motor will rotate in reverse direction.
- Execute JOG operation at low speed first. With the constant speed, if the motor operates smoothly in forward and reverse direction, users can execute JOG operation at higher speed.
- 20. In P4-05, the servo drive cannot display inertia ratio. Please press the MODE Key twice to view the value of inertia ratio. If users desire to execute JOG operation again, press the MODE Key, and then press the SET Key twice. Observe the panel display to see if the load inertia ratio remains at the same value after acceleration and deceleration.

5.6.1 Flowchart of Tuning Procedure



5-12 Revision July, 2018

5.6.2 Inertia Estimation Flowchart (with Mechanism)



5.6.3 Flowchart of Auto Tuning

Set P2-32 to 1 (auto mode, continuous tuning)

Continue to estimate the system inertia. Automatically save the value in P1-37 every 30 minutes and refer the stiffness and bandwidth setting of P2-31.

P2-31 Stiffness setting in auto tuning mode (The default value is 40)

In auto and semi-auto mode, the bandwidth setting of speed circuit is:

1 ~ 50 Hz: low-stiffness, low-response

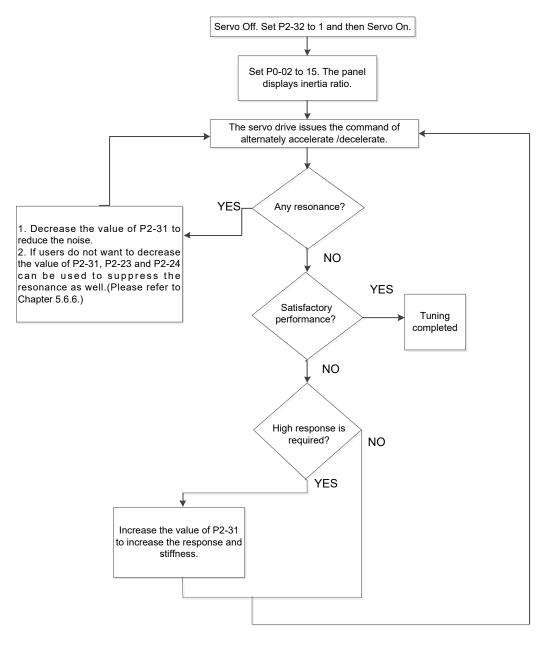
51 ~ 250 Hz: medium-stiffness, medium-response

251 ~ 850 Hz: high-stiffness, high-response

851 ~ 1000 Hz: extremely high-stiffness, extremely high-response

Stiffness setting in auto tuning mode: the bigger the value is, the stronger the stiffness will be.

Adjust the value of P2-31: Increase the value of P2-31 to increase stiffness or decrease to reduce the noise. Continue to tune until the performance is satisfied. Then, tuning is completed.



5-14 Revision July, 2018

5.6.4 Flowchart of Semi-auto Tuning

Set P2-32 to 2 (semi-auto mode, non-continuous tuning)

After tuning for a while and wait until the system inertia is stable, it stops estimating. The estimated inertia ratio will be saved to P1-37. When switching mode from manual or auto to semi auto, the system starts tuning again. During the process of estimation, the system will refer the stiffness and bandwidth setting of P2-31.

P2-31 Response setting in auto mode (The default value is 40)

In auto and semi-auto mode, the bandwidth setting of speed circuit is:

1 ~ 50 Hz: low-stiffness, low-response

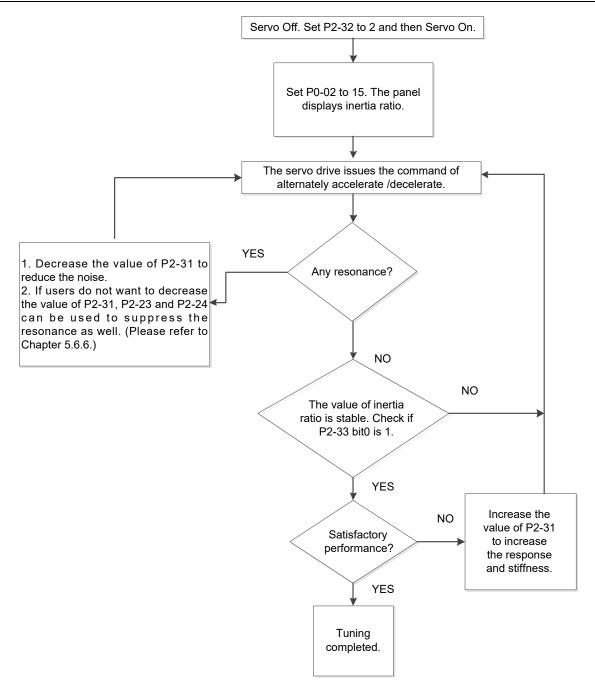
51 ~ 250 Hz: medium-stiffness, medium-response

251 ~ 850 Hz: high-stiffness, high-response

851 ~ 1000 Hz: extremely high-stiffness, extremely high-response

Response setting in semi-auto tuning mode: the bigger the value is, the better the response will be.

Adjust the value of P2-31: Increase the value of P2-31 to increase the response or decrease to reduce the noise. Continue to tune until the performance is satisfied. Then, tuning is completed.



Note:

- 1. If P2-33 bit 0 is set to 1, it means the inertia estimation in semi-auto mode is completed. The result can be accessed by P1-37.
- 2. If the value of P2-33 bit 0 is cleared to 0, the system will start to estimate again.

5-16 Revision July, 2018

5.6.5 Limit of Load Inertia Estimation

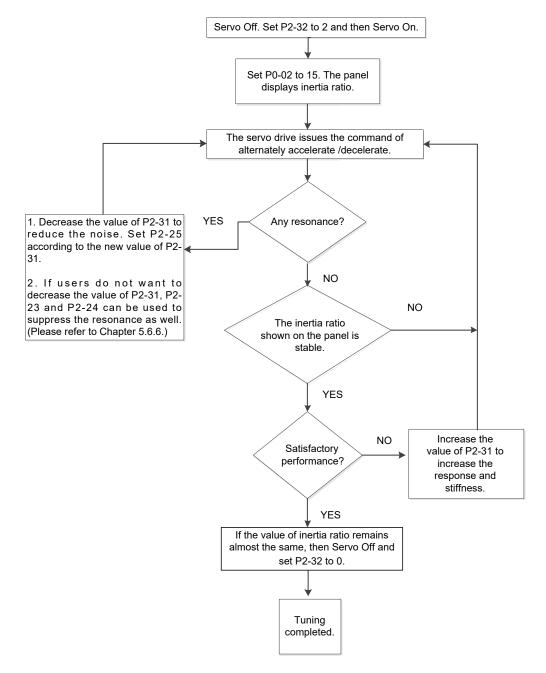
Acceleration / Deceleration time of reaching 2000 r / min should be less than 1 second.

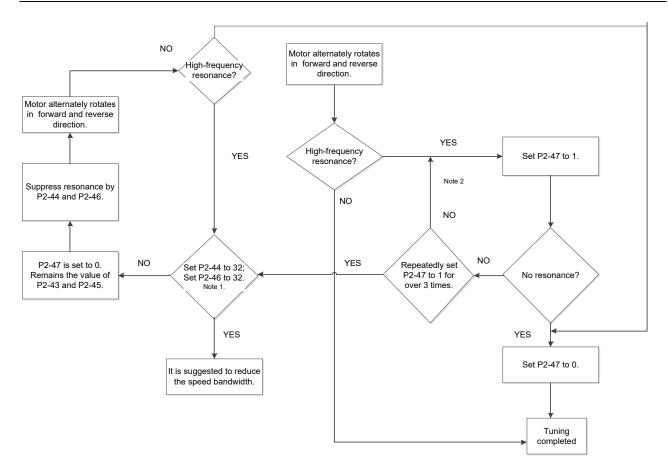
The speed in forward and reverse direction should be higher than 200 r / min.

The load inertia should be under 100 times of motor inertia.

The change of external force of inertia ratio cannot be too severe.

In auto mode, the inertia value will be saved to P1-37 every 30 minutes; while in semi-auto mode, the inertia value will be saved to P1-37 only until the system inertia is stable and stops the estimation of load inertia.





Note:

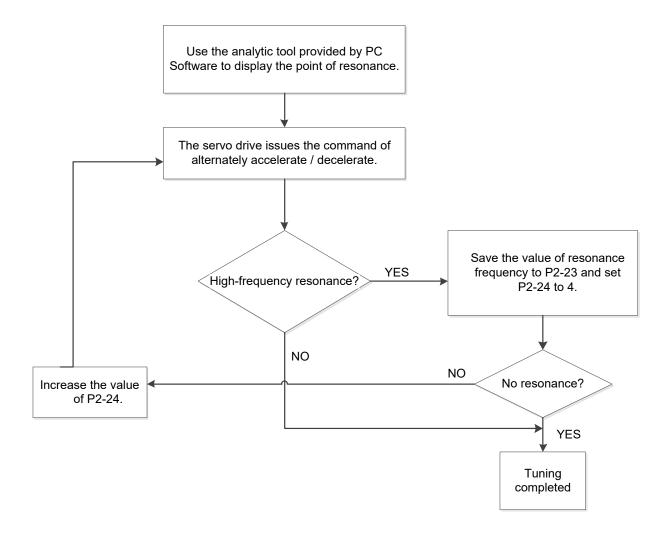
- 1. Parameter P2-44 and P2-46 are the setting value of resonance suppression. If the value has been set to the maximum (32 dB), and still cannot suppress the resonance, please reduce the speed bandwidth. After setting P2-47, users can check the value of P2-44 and P2-46. If the value of P2-44 is not 0, it means the resonance frequency exists in the system. Then, users can access P2-43 to see the resonance frequency (Hz). When there is another resonance frequency, the information will be shown in P2-45 and p2-46.
- 2. If resonance still exists, repeatedly set P2-47 to 1 for 3 times and manually adjust the setting of resonance.

5-18 Revision July, 2018

5.6.6 Mechanical Resonance Suppression Method

Three groups of Notch filter are provided to suppress mechanical resonance. Two of them can be set to the auto resonance suppression and manual adjustment.

The procedure of manually suppress the resonance is as the followings:



5.6.7 Tuning Mode and Parameters

Tuning mode	P2-32	Auto-set parameters	User-defined parameters	Inertia adjustment
Manual mode	0 (default setting)	N/A	P1-37 (Inertia ratio of the motor) P2-00 (Position control gain) P2-04 (Speed control gain) P2-06 (Speed integral compensation) P2-25 (Low-pass filter of resonance suppression) P2-26 (Anti-interference gain)	The value remains
Auto mode (continuous estimation)	1	P1-37 P2-00 P2-04 P2-06 P2-25 P2-26 P2-49	P2-31 Frequency response of speed loop setting in auto mode (response level)	Continuous tuning (update the inertia every 30 minutes)
Semi-auto mode (non-continuous estimation)	2	P1-37 P2-00 P2-04 P2-06 P2-25 P2-26 P2-49	P2-31 Frequency response of speed loop setting in semi-auto mode (response level)	Non- continuous tuning (stop updating the inertia after operating for a while)

When switching mode from auto mode 1 to manual mode 0, the value of P1-37, P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25, P2-26 and P2-49 will be modified to the one in auto mode.

When switching mode from semi-auto mode 2 to manual mode 0, the value of P1-37, P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25, P2-26 and P2-49 will be modified to the one in semi-auto mode.

5-20 Revision July, 2018

5.6.8 Tuning in Manual Mode

The selection of position / speed response frequency should be determined by the machinary stiffness and application. General speaking, the high-frequency machinary or the one requries precise processing needs the higher response frequency. However, it might easily cause the resonance. And the stronger stiffness machinary is needed to avoid the resonance. When using the unknown resonse frequency machinary, users could gradually increase the gain setting value to increase the resonse frequency. Then, decrease the gain setting value until the resonance exists. The followings are the related descriptions of gain adjustment.

■ Position control gain (KPP, parameter P2-00)

This parameter determines the response of position loop. The bigger KPP value will cause the higher response frequency of position loop. And it will cause better following error, smaller position error, and shorter settling time. However, if the value is set too big, the machinery will vibrate or overshoot when positioning. The calculation of position loop frequency response is as the following:

Position Loop Frequency Response (Hz) =
$$\frac{\text{KPP}}{2\pi}$$

■ Speed control gain (KVP, parameter P2-04)

This parameter determines the response of speed loop. The bigger KVP value will cause the higher response frequency of speed loop and better following error. However, if the value is set too big, it would easily cause machinery resonance. The response frequency of speed loop must be $4 \sim 6$ times higher than the response frequency of position loop. Otherwise, the machinery might vibrate or overshoot when positioning. The calculation of speed loop frequency response is as the following:

Speed Loop Frequency Response
$$f_V = (\frac{\text{KVP}}{2\pi}) \times [\frac{(1+\text{P1-}37/10)}{(1+\text{JL/JM})}] \text{Hz}$$
 JL: load inertia P1-37: 0.1 times

When P1-37 (estimation or setting) equals the real inertia ratio (JL / JM), the real speed loop frequency response will be: $f_V = \frac{K VP}{2\pi} Hz$

Speed integral compensation (KVI, parameter P2-06)

The higher the KVI value is, the better capability of eliminating the deviation will be. However, if the value is set too big, it might easily cause the vibration of machinery. It is suggested to set the value as the following:

KVI (Parameter P2-06) ≤ 1.5 x Speed Loop Frequency Response

■ Low-pass filter of resonance suppression (NLP, parameter P2-25)

The high value of inertia ratio will reduce the frequency response of speed loop. Therefore, the KVP value must be increased to maintain the response frequency. During the process of increasing KVP value, it might cause machinary resonance. Please use this parameter to elimiate the noise of resonance. The bigger the value is, the better the capability of improving high-frequency noise will be. However, if the value is set too big, it would cause the unstability of speed loop and overshoot. It is suggested to set the value as the following:

NLP (Parameter P2-25)
$$\leq \frac{1000}{6 \text{ x Speed Loop Frequency Response (Hz)}}$$

■ Anti-interference gain (DST, parameter P2-26)

This parameter is used to strengthen the ability of resisting external force and gradually eliminate overshoot during acceleration / deceleration. Its default value is 0. It is suggested not to adjust the value in manual mode, unless it is for fine-tuning.

Position feed forward gain (PFG, parameter P2-02)

It can reduce the position error and shorten the settling time. However, if the value is set too big, it might cause overshoot. If the setting of e-gear ratio is bigger than 10, it might cause the noise as well.

5-22 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 6 Control Mode of Operation

6.1 Selection of Operation Mode

Three basic operation modes are provided in this servo drive, position, speed and torque. Users can use single mode (only in one-mode control) and dual mode to control. The following table lists all operation mode and description.

Mode Name		Short Name	Setting Code	Description
	Position mode (Terminal input)	PT	00	The servo drive receives position command and commands the motor to the target position. The position command is input via terminal block and receives pulse signal.
Single Mode	Position mode (Register input)	PR	01	The servo drive receives position command and commands the motor to the target position. The position command is issued by register (64 sets of register in total) and uses DI signal to select the register.
	Speed mode	S	02	The servo drive receives speed command and commands the motor to the target speed. The speed command can be issued by register (3 sets of registers in total) or the external analog voltage (-10 V ~ +10 V). DI signal is used to select the command source.
	Speed mode (No analog input)	Sz	04	The servo drive receives speed command and commands the motor to the target speed. The speed command is issued by register (3 sets of registers in total) and cannot be issued by the external terminal block. DI signal is used to select the command source.

Mode Name	Short Name	Setting Code	Description
Torque mode	Т	03	The servo drive receives torque command and commands the motor to the target torque. The torque command can be issued by register (3 sets of registers in total) or the external analog voltage (-10 V ~ +10 V). DI signal is used to select the command source.
Torque mode (No analog input)	Tz	05	The servo drive receives torque command and commands the motor to the target torque. The torque command can be issued by register (3 sets of registers in total) and cannot be issued by the external terminal block. DI signal is used to select the command source.
	PT-S	06	Switch the mode of PT and S via DI signal.
	PT-T	07	Switch the mode of PT and T via DI signal.
	PR-S	08	Switch the mode of PR and S via DI signal.
Dual mode	PR-T	09	Switch the mode of PR and T via DI signal.
Dual Mode	S-T	0A	Switch the mode of S and T via DI signal.
	CANopen	0B	Control by the master
	Reserved	0C	Reserved
	PT-PR	0D	Switch the mode of PT and PR via DI signal.
Multi mode	PT-PR-S	0E	Switch the mode of PT, PR and S via DI signal.
iviuiti mode	PT-PR-T	0F	Switch the mode of PT, PR and T via DI signal.

Steps of switching mode:

- 1. Servo Off the servo drive first. It can be done by switching OFF SON signal.
- 2. Select the axis of desired changing mode first. Then, fill in the setting code in control mode setting of parameter P1-01. Please refer to the description of Chapter 8.
- 3. After the setting is completed, turn off the servo drive and then re-power on will do.

The followings will introduce the operation of each mode, including the mode structure, command source and selection, command processing and gain adjustment, etc.

6-2 Revision July, 2018

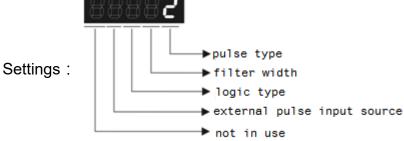
6.2 Position Mode

The followings describe the related information and settings of position mode.

6.2.1 Position Command of PT Mode

PT, position command is the pulse input from terminal block. There are three types of pulse and each type has positive / negative logic which can be set in parameter P1-00. See as the followings.

See as the	e followings.			
P1-00 ▲	PTT	External Pulse Inpu	Address: 0100H 0101H	
	Parameter	Parameter for individ	Related Section:	
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.2.1
	Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x2		
	Control	DT		
	Mode:	PT :		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 1132		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		
		88888		



- Pulse Type
 - 0: AB phase pulse (4x)
 - 1: Clockwise (CW) and Counterclockwise (CCW) pulse
 - 2: Pulse + symbol

Other settings: reserved

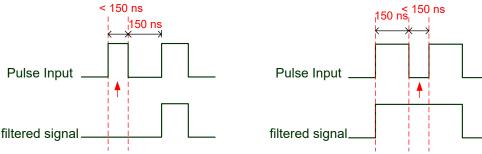
Filter Width

If the received frequency is much higher than the setting, it will be regarded as the noise and filtered out.

Setting Value	Min. pulse width (Low speed filter frequency*note1)	Setting Value	Min. pulse width (High speed filter frequency*note1)
0	600 ns (0.83 Mpps)	0	150 ns (3.33 Mpps)
1	2.4 us (208 Kpps)	1	600 ns (0.83 Mpps)
2	4.8 us (104 Kpps)	2	1.2 us (416 Kpps)
3	9.6 us (52 Kpps)	3	2.4 us (208 Kpps)
4	No filter function	4	No filter function

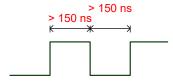


1) When the source of external pulse is from the high-speed differential signal and the setting value is 0 (the high-speed filter frequency is 3.33 Mpps at the moment), then:



When this pulse width is shorter than 150 ns, it will be seen as low level. Two input pulse will be seen as one.

When this pulse width is shorter than 150 ns, it will be seen as high level. Two input pulse will be seen as one.



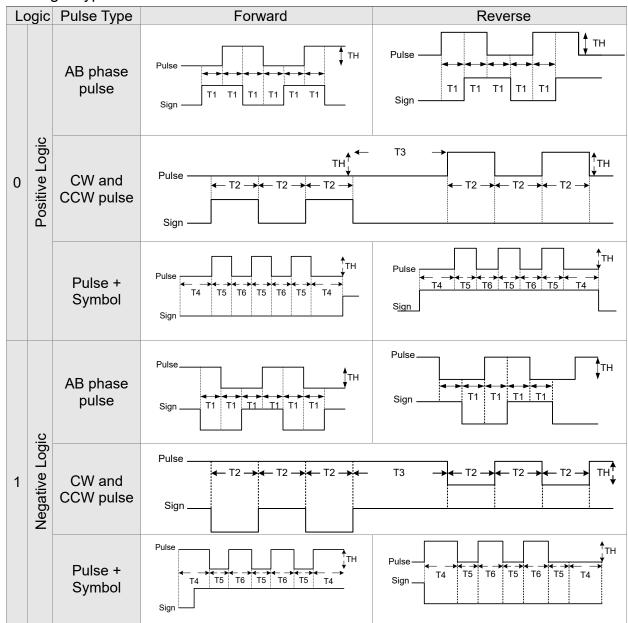
When High, Low duty of the pulse width are longer than 150 ns, it can ensure the pulse command will not be filtered.

If the user uses $2 \sim 4$ MHz input pulse, it is suggested to set the filter value to 4.

Note: When the signal is the high-speed pulse specification of 4 Mpps and the settings value of the filter is 4, then the pulse will not be filtered.

6-4 Revision July, 2018

Logic Type



Pulse Specification		Max. Input	Minimum time width						
		Frequency	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	
High-speed pulse	Differential Signal	4 Mpps	62.5n s	125n s	250ns	200ns	125ns	125ns	
Low-speed pulse	Differential Signal	500 Kpps	0.5µs	1µs	2µs	2µs	1µs	1µs	
	Open- collector	200 Kpps	1.25µ s	2.5µ s	5µs	5µs	2.5µs	2.5µs	

Pulse Specification		Max. Input Frequency	Voltage Specification	Forward Current
High-speed pulse	Differential Signal	4 Mpps	5 V	< 25 mA
Low-speed pulse	Differential Signal	500 Kpps	2.8 V ~ 3.7 V	< 25 mA
	Open-collector	200 Kpps	24 V (Max.)	< 25 mA

- The Source of External Pulse:
 - 0: Low-speed optical coupler (CN1 Pin: PULSE, SIGN)
 - 1: High-speed differential (CN1 Pin: HPULSE, HSIGN)

Position pulse can be input from CN1 terminal, PULSE (43), / PULSE (41), HPULSE (38), / HPULSE (29) and SIGN (36), / SIGN (37), HSIGN (46), / HSIGN (40). It could be open-collector or Line Driver. Please refer to Chapter 3.9.1 for wiring method.

6.2.2 Position Command in PR Mode

PR position command source of each axis is from the 99-set of register which constituted by parameters (P6-00, P6-01) \sim (P7-26, P7-99). Through communication, one of the 99-set of register can be used as the position command. When going with the external DI/DO (CN1, POS0 \sim POS5 and CTRG), one of the previous 64 sets of register can be selected as the position command. See as the following table:

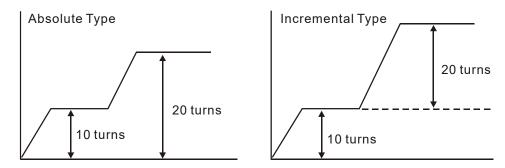
Position command	POS5	POS4	POS3	POS2	POS1	POS0	CTRG	Corresponding parameter	
P0	0	0	0	0	0	0	†	P6-00	
FU	U	U	U	U	U	U	l	P6-01	
P1	0	0	0	0	0 4		1	†	P6-02
PI	U	U	U	U	0	I		P6-03	
~								~	
DEO	4	4	0	0	4	0	†	P6-98	
P50	1	1	0	0	1	0		P6-99	
DE4	4	4	0	0	4	1	†	P7-00	
P51	1	1	0	0	1	I	l	P7-01	
~								~	
Dea	1	1	1	1	4	1	†	P7-26	
P63	I	l	1	'	1	I		P7-27	

Status of POS0 ~ POS5: 0 means the DI is OFF; 1 means the DI is ON.

CTRG[†]: the moment DI is OFF to ON.

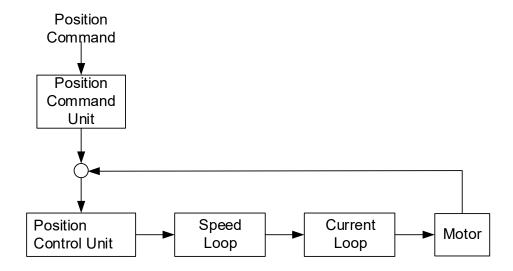
The application of absolute type and incremental type register is rather extensive. It is more like a simple procedure control. Users can complete the cyclic operation by referring to the above table. For example, position command P1 is 10 turns and P2 is 20 turns. P1 is issued first and P2 comes after. The following diagram shows the difference of both.

6-6 Revision July, 2018

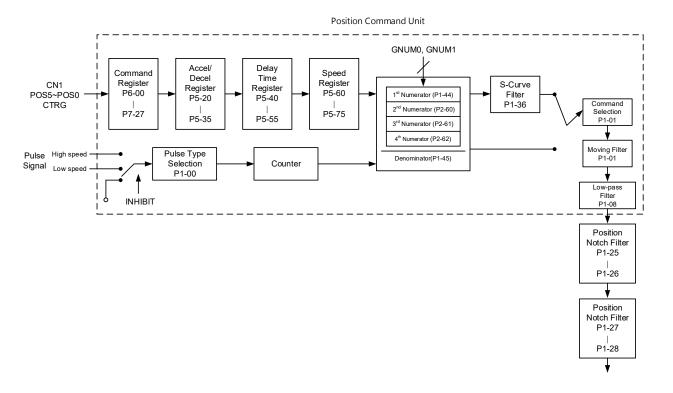


6.2.3 Control Structure of Position Mode

The basic control structure is as the following diagram:



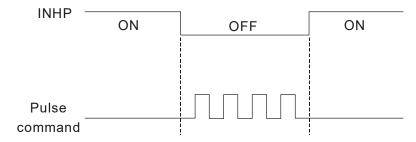
For a better control, the pulse signal should be processed and modified through position command unit. Structure is shown as the diagram below.



The upper path of the above diagram is PR mode and the lower one is PT mode which could be selected via P1-01. Both modes can set E-gear ratio for the proper position resolution. Moreover, either S-curve filter or low-pass filter can be used to smooth the command. See the description in later parts.

Pulse Command Inhibit Function (INHP)

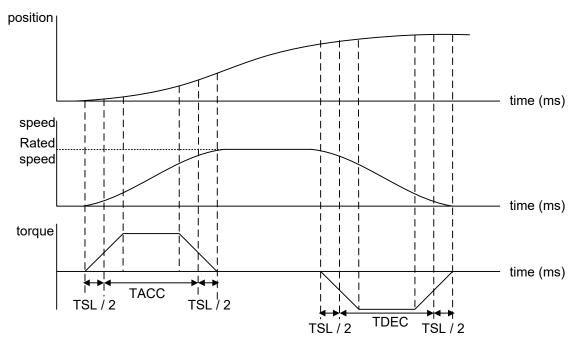
Use DI to select INHP (Refer to P2-10 \sim 15 and table 8.1 INHP (45)) before using this function. If not, this function will be unable to use. When DI (INHP) is ON, the pulse command will be cleared in position control mode and the motor will stop running. (Only DI 6 supports this function.)



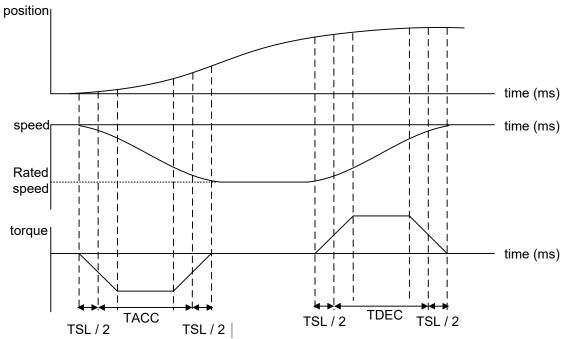
6.2.4 S-curve Filter (Position)

S-curve filter smoothes the motion command. With S-curve filter, the process of acceleration becomes more continuous and the jerk will be smaller. It not only improves the performance when motor accelerates / decelerates, but also smoothes the operation of mechanical structure. When the load inertia increases, the operation of the motor will be influenced by friction and inertia during the time of activation and stop. However, the situation can be improved by increasing the value of Acceleration / Deceleration Constant of S-Curve (TSL), Acceleration Constant of S-Curve (TACC) and Deceleration Constant of S-Curve (TDEC). When the position command source is pulse, its speed and angular acceleration is continuous, thus, S-curve filter is not a must.

6-8 Revision July, 2018



Position and speed S-curve and time setting (acceleration for position command)



Position and speed S-curve and time setting (deceleration for position command)

Related parameters:

Р1	-34
----	-----

TACC	Acceleration Consta	Address: 0144H 0145H			
Parameter					
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.3		
Operational	D 1/0 fi				
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication			
Default :	200				
Control	0				
Mode:	8	S			
Unit:	ms				
Range :	1 ~ 65500				
Data Size :	16bit				
Format :	DEC				

Acceleration Constant:

P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the acceleration time of speed

Settings: command from zero to the rated speed, all can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration

of trapezoid-curve.



- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-34 will be set within 20000 automatically.

P1-35

TDEC	Deceleration Constant of S-Curve		Address: 0146H 0147H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	200		
Control	S		
Mode:	<u> </u>	-	
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Deceleration Constant:

Settings: P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the deceleration time of speed

command from the rated speed to zero, all can be set individually.

6-10 Revision July, 2018 Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.



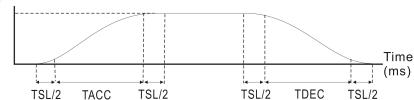
- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-35 will be set within 20000 automatically.

P1-36

TSL	Acceleration / Dece S-Curve	Address: 0148H 0149H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	S · PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 65500 (0: disable this function)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Acceleration / Deceleration Constant of S-Curve:

Speed



- P1-34: Set the acceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of Settings: trapezoid-curve
 - P1-35: Set the deceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve
 - P1-36: Set the smoothing time of S-curve acceleration and deceleration
 - P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36 can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.
- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-36 will be set within 10000 automatically.

6-11 Revision July, 2018

6.2.5 **Electronic Gear Ratio**

Related parameters:

P1-44▲	GR1	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N1)		Address: 0158H 0159H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ		Related Section: Section 6.2.5
	Operational Interface :		Communication	

Default: 128

Control

PT / PR Mode:

Unit : Pulse

Range : $1 \sim (2^{29}-1)$

Data Size: 32bit

Format : DEC

Please refer to P2-60 ~ P2-62 for the setting of multiple gear ratio Settings: (numerator).



- NOTE 1) In PT mode, the setting value can be changed when Servo ON.
 - 2) In PR mode, the setting value can be changed when Servo OFF.

P1-45	GR2	Gear Ratio (Denominator) (M)		Address: 015AH 015BH
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.2.5
	Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default: 10			
	Control	DT / DD		
	Mode:	PT / PR		
	Unit : Pulse			
Range :		1 ~ (2 ³¹ -1)		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format : DEC			

6-12 Revision July, 2018 If the setting is wrong, the servo motor will easily have sudden unintended acceleration.

Please follow the rules for setting:

The setting of pulse input:

Settings : $\begin{array}{c|c} Pulse & Position \\ \hline input & N \\ \hline \hline f1 & M & f2 & M \\ \end{array}$

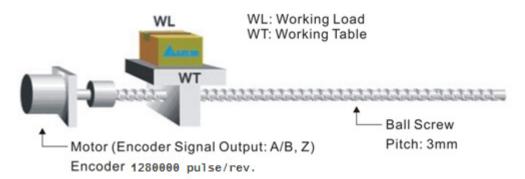
Range of command pulse input: 1 / 50 < Nx / M < 25600

NOTE 1) The setting value cannot be changed when Servo ON neither in PT nor in PR mode.

Fratio =
$$(\frac{N}{M}) = \frac{P1-44}{P1-45}$$
, has to match $\frac{1}{50} \le (\frac{N}{M}) \le 5000$

Electronic gear provides simple ratio change of travel distance. The high electronic gear ratio would cause the position command to be the stepped command. S-curve or low-pass filter can be used to improve the situation. When electronic gear ratio is set to 1, the motor will turn one cycle for every 1280000 PUU. When electronic gear ratio is changed to 0.5, then every two pulses from the command will be refer to one PUU of motor encoder.

For example: after setting the electronic gear ratio properly, the moving distance of the object is 1 µm / pulse, which is easier to use.



Gear Ratio		Moving distance of each pulse command	
Electronic gear is unapplied.	$=\frac{1}{1}$	$=\frac{3\times1000}{4\times2500}=\frac{3000}{10000}=\mu\text{m}$	
Electronic gear is applied.	$=\frac{10000}{3000}$	$=1\mu m$	

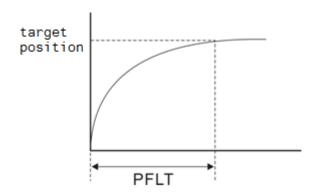
6.2.6 Low-pass Filter

Related parameters:

P1-08

PFLT	Smooth Constant o Command (Low-pas	Address: 0110H 0111H		
Parameter			Related Section:	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.2.6	
Operational	D 1/0 fi			
Interface :	Panei / Soπware	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	DT / DD			
Mode:	PT / PR			
Unit:	10 ms			
Range :	0 ~ 1000	0 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	DEC			
Example :	11 = 110 ms			

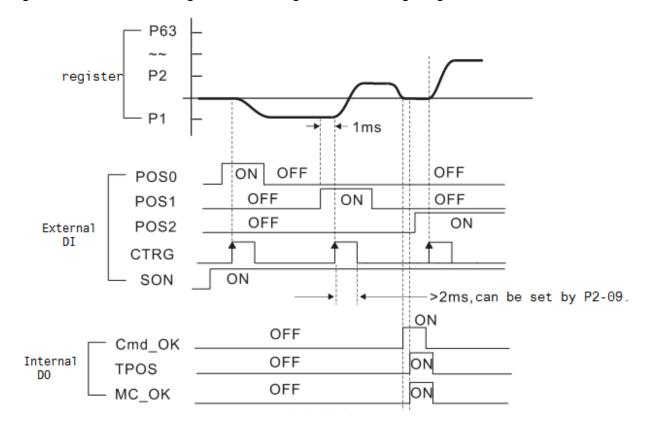
Settings: 0: Disabled



6-14 Revision July, 2018

6.2.7 Timing Diagram in Position Mode (PR)

In PR mode, the position command is selected by either DI signal (POS0 ~ POS5 and CTRG) of CN1 or communication. Please refer to Section 6.2.2 for the information about DI signal and its selected register. Followings are the timing diagrams.



Cmd_OK: will be output after PR command is completed. TPOS: will be output when the motor speed is slower than P1-38 setting value. MC_OK : will be output when Cmd_OK and TPOS are output.

6.2.8 Gain Adjustment of Position Loop

Before setting the position control unit, users have to manually (P2-32) complete the setting of speed control unit since the speed loop is included in position loop. Then, set the proportional gain (parameter P2-00) and feed forward gain (parameter P2-02) of position loop. Users also can use the auto mode to set the gain of speed and position control unit automatically.

- 1) Proportional gain: Increase the gain so as to enhance the response bandwidth of position loop.
- 2) Feed forward gain: Minimize the deviation of phase delay

The position loop bandwidth cannot exceed the speed loop bandwidth. It is suggested that $fp \le \frac{fv}{4}$.

fv: response bandwidth of speed loop (Hz).

 $KPP = 2 \times \pi \times fp$.

fp: response bandwidth of position loop (Hz).

For example, the desired position bandwidth is 20 Hz \rightarrow KPP = $2 \times \pi \times 20 = 125$.

Related parameters:

P2-01	PPR	Switching Rate of P	Address: 0202H 0203H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.8
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	100		
	Control Mode :	PT / PR		
	Unit:	%	%	
	Range :	10 ~ 500		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Switch the changing rate of position loop gain according to the gain-switching condition.

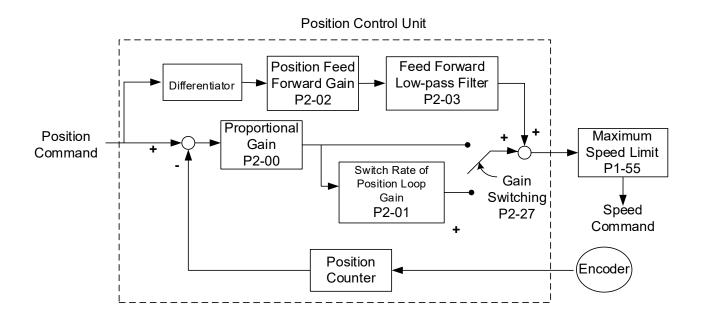
6-16 Revision July, 2018

P2-02

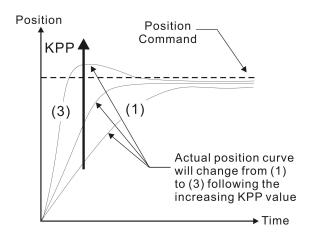
PFG	Position Feed Forward Gain		Address: 0204H 0205H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.8
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	50		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	%		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

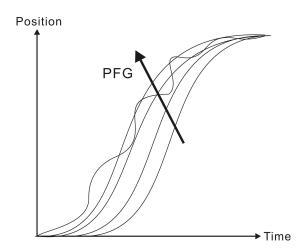
Settings:

If the position command is changed smoothly, increase the gain value can reduce the position error. If the position command is not changed smoothly, decreasing the gain value can reduce the vibration of the mechanism.



When the value of proportional gain, KPP is set too big, the response bandwidth of position loop will be increased and diminish the phase margin. And the motor rotor rotates vibrantly in forward and reverse direction at the moment. Thus, KPP has to be decreased until the rotor stops vibrating. When the external torque interrupts, the over-low KPP cannot meet the demand of position deviation. In this situation, parameter P2-02 can effectively reduce the position error.





6.2.9 Low-frequency Vibration Suppression in Position Mode

If the stiffness is not enough, the mechanical transmission will continue to vibrate even when the motor stops after completing the positioning command. The function of low-frequency vibration suppression can eliminate the vibration of mechanical transmission. The range is between 1.0 Hz and 100.0 HZ. Both manual setting and auto setting are provided.

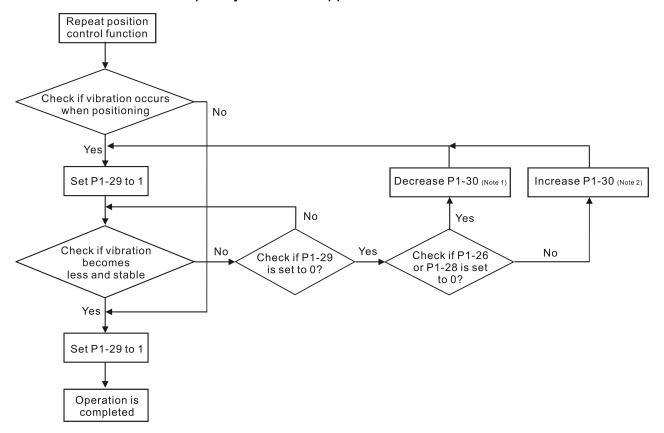
Auto setting:

If the frequency is hard to find, it can enable the function of auto low-frequency vibration suppression. This function automatically searches the frequency of low-frequency vibration. If P1-29 is set to 1, the system will disable the function of low-frequency vibration suppression automatically and starts to search the vibration frequency. When the detected frequency remains at the same level, P1-29 will be set to 0 automatically and set the first frequency in P1-25 and set P1-26 to 1. The second frequency will be set in P1-27 and then set P1-28 to 1. If P1-29 is automatically set back to 0 and still has low-frequency vibration, please check if the function of P1-26 or P1-28 is enabled. If the

6-18 Revision July, 2018

value of P1-26 and P1-28 is 0, it means no frequency has been detected. Please decrease the value of P1-30 and set P1-29 to 1 so as to search the vibration frequency again. Please note that when the detection level is set too small, the noise will be regarded as the low-frequency.

Flowchart of auto low-frequency vibration suppression:



- Note 1: When the value of P1-26 and P1-28 is 0, it means it is unable to search the frequency. It is probably because the detection level is set too high and is unable to detect the low-frequency vibration.
- Note 2: When the value of P1-26 or P1-28 is not set to 0 and still cannot eliminate the vibration, it is probably because the detection level is set too low, the system regards the noise or other non-primary frequency as the low-frequency vibration.
- Note 3: When the process of auto vibration suppression is completed and the vibration still cannot be diminished, P1-25 or P1-27 can be manually set to suppress the vibration if the frequency (Hz) of the low-frequency is identified.

The related parameters of auto vibration suppression:

Р1	-29
----	-----

AVSM	Auto Low-frequency Vibration Supression Setting		Address: 013AH 013BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.2.9
Operational	Danal / Coffuers	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DT / DD		
Mode:	PT / PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 1		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

0: The function is disabled.

1: The value will set back to 0 after vibration suppression.

Description of Auto Mode Setting:

Settings: When the parameter is set to 1, it is in auto suppression. When the vibration frequency is not being detected or the value of searched frequency is stable, the parameter will set to 0 and save the low-frequency vibration suppression to P1-25 automatically.

21	_3	U

VCL	Low-frequency Vibration Detection		Address: 013CH 013DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		uai axis	Section 6.2.9
Operational	D	0 : 4:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	500		
Control			
Mode:	PT / PR		
Unit:	Pulse		
Range :	1 ~ 8000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

6-20 Revision July, 2018 Settings:

When enabling the auto suppression (P1-29 = 1), it will automatically search the detection level. The lower the value is, the more sensitive of the detection will be. However, it is easy to misjudge the noise or regard the other low-frequency vibration as the suppression frequency. If the value is bigger, the system will make more precise judgment. However, if the vibration of the mechanism is smaller, it might not detect the frequency of low-frequency vibration.

P1-30 is to set the range to detect the magnitude of low-frequency vibration. When the frequency is not being detected, it is probably because the value of P1-30 is set too big which exceeds the range of vibration. It is suggested to decrease the value of P1-30. Please note that if the value is too small, the system might regard the noise as the vibration frequency. If the SCOPE is available, it can be used to observe the range of position error (pulse) between upper and lower magnitude of the curve and set up the appropriate value of P1-30.

Manual Setting:

There are two sets of low-frequency vibration suppression. One is parameter P1-25 ~ P1-26 and another one is parameter P1-27 ~ P1-28. These two sets of low-frequency vibration suppression can be used to eliminate two different frequency vibration. Parameter P1-25 and P1-27 are used to suppress the low-frequency vibration. The function is working only when the parameter setting value of low-frequency vibration close to the real vibration frequency. Parameter P1-26 and P1-28 are used to set the response after filter. The bigger the setting value of P1-26 and P1-28 is, the better response will be. However, if the value is set too big, the motor might not operate smoothly. The default value of parameter P1-26 and P1-28 is 0, which means the function is disabled. Followings are the related parameters:

ы	25
	174 0)

VSF1	Low-frequency Vibration Suppression (1)		Address: 0132H 0133H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1000		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	0.1 Hz		
Range :	10 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	150 = 15 Hz		

The setting value of the first low-frequency vibration suppression. Settings: If P1-26 is set to 0, then it will disable the first low-frequency filter.

P1-26

VSG1	Low-frequency Vibration Suppression Gain (1)		Address: 0134H 0135H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 9 (0: Disable the first low-frequency filter)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The first low-frequency vibration suppression gain. The bigger the value it is, the better the position response will be. However, if the value is set too big, the motor will not be able to operate smoothly. It is suggested to set the value to 1.

6-22 Revision July, 2018

Ρ1	-27

VSF2	Low-frequency Vibration Suppression (2)		Address: 0136H 0137H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	Section 6.2.9
Default :	1000		
Control	PT / PR		
Mode:			_
Unit:	0.1 Hz		
Range :	10 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	150 = 15 Hz		

The setting value of the second low-frequency vibration

Settings: suppression. If P1-28 is set to 0, then it will disable the second

low-frequency filter.

P1-28

VSG2	Low-frequency Vibration Suppression Gain (2)		Address: 0138H 0139H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 9 (0: Disable the second low-frequency filter)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The second low-frequency vibration suppression gain. The bigger the value it is, the better the position response will be. However, if

Settings: the value is set too big, the motor will not be able to operate

smoothly. It is suggested to set the value to 1.

6.3 Speed Mode

Speed control mode (S or Sz) is applicable in precision speed control, such as CNC machine tools. This servo drive includes two types of command input, analog and register. Analog command input can use external voltage to control the motor speed. There are two methods in register input. One is used before operation. Users set different value of speed command in three registers, and then use SP0, SP1 of CN1 DI signal for switching. Another method is to change the value of register by communication. In order to deal with the problem of non-continuous speed command when switching register, a complete S-curve program is provided. In close-loop system, this servo drive adopts gain adjustment and integrated PI controller and two modes (manual and auto) for selection.

Users can set all parameters and all auto or auxiliary function will be disabled in manual mode. While in auto mode, it provides the function of load inertia estimation and parameter adjustment. In auto mode, parameters which set by users will be regarded as the default value.

6.3.1 Selection of Speed Command

There are two types of speed command source, analog voltage and internal parameters. The selection is determined by CN1 DI signal. See as the followings.

Speed		l Signal	Command Source				
Command No.	SPD1	SPD0			and Source	Content	Range
					External	Voltage deviation	
_				S	analog	between V-REF	-10 V ~ +10 V
S1	0	0	Mode	S7 N/A S		and GND	
						Speed command is 0	0
S2	0	1		Register parameters		P1-09	-60000 ~ 60000
S3	1	0	Reg			P1-10	-60000 ~ 60000
S4	1	1				P1-11	-60000 ~ 60000

- Status of SPD0 ~ SPD1: 0 means DI OFF, 1 means DI ON.
- When both SPD0 and SPD1 are 0, if it is in Sz mode, the command will be 0. Thus, if there is no need to use analog voltage as the speed command, Sz mode can be applied to tackle the problem of zero-drift. If it is in S mode, the command will be the voltage deviation between V-REF and GND. The range of input voltage is between -10 V and +10 V and its corresponding speed is adjustable (P1-40).
- When one of SPD0 and SPD1 is not 0, the speed command is from the internal parameter. The command is activated after changing the status of SPD0 ~ SPD1.

6-24 Revision July, 2018

There is no need to use CTRG for triggering.

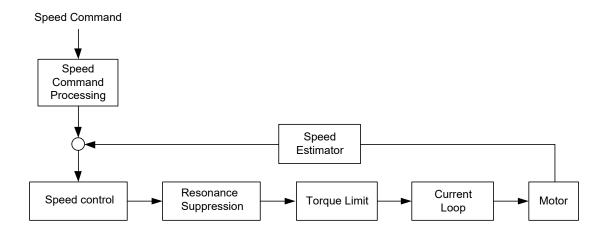
■ The setting range of internal parameters is between -60000 and 60000. Setting value = setting range x unit (0.1 r / min).

For example: P1-09 = +30000, setting value = $+30000 \times 0.1 \text{ r/min} = +3000 \text{ r/min}$

The speed command not only can be issued in speed mode (S or Sz), but also in torque mode (T or Tz) as the speed limit.

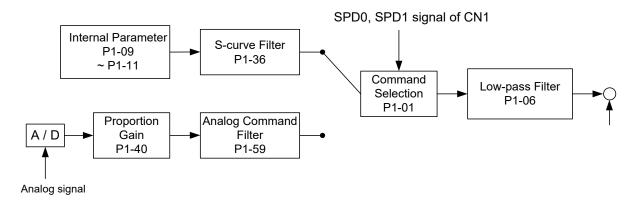
6.3.2 Control Structure of Speed Mode

The basic control structure is shown as the following diagram:



The speed command unit is to select speed command source according to Section 6.3.1, including the scaling (P1-40) setting and S-curve setting. The speed control unit manages the gain parameters of the servo drive and calculates the current command for servo motor in time. The resonance suppression unit is to suppress the resonance of mechanism. Detailed descriptions are shown as the following:

Here firstly introduces the function of speed command unit. Its structure is as the following diagram.

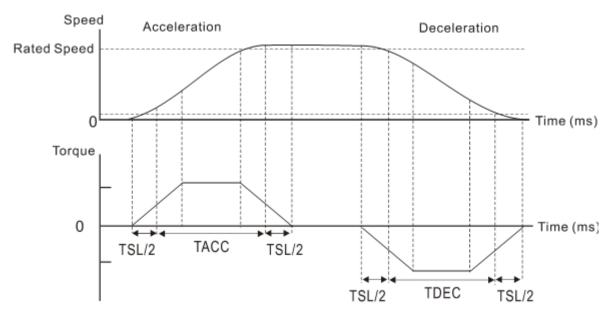


The upper path is the command from register while the lower one is external analog command. The command is selected according to the status of SPD0, SPD1 and P1-01(S or Sz). Usually, S-curve and low-pass filter are applied for having a smooth resonance of command.

6.3.3 Smooth Speed Command

S-curve Filter

During the process of acceleration or deceleration, S-curve filter applies the program of three-stage acceleration curve for smoothing the motion command, which generates the continuous acceleration. It is for avoiding the jerk (the differentiation of acceleration) came from the sudden command change and indirectly causes the resonance and noise. Users can use acceleration constant of S-curve (TACC) to adjust the slope changed by acceleration, deceleration constant of S-curve (TDEC) to adjust the slope changed by deceleration and acceleration / deceleration constant of S-curve (TSL) to improve the status of motor activation and stop. The calculation of the time to complete the command is provided.



The relation between S-curve and time setting

6-26 Revision July, 2018

Related parameters:

P1-34

TACC	Acceleration Constant of S-Curve		Address: 0144H 0145H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.3
Operational	D 1/0 fi		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	200		
Control			
Mode:	8	S	
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Acceleration Constant:

P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the acceleration time of speed

Settings: command from zero to the rated speed, all can be set individually.

Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration

of trapezoid-curve.



- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-34 will be set within 20000 automatically.

6-27 Revision July, 2018

P1-35

TDEC	Deceleration Consta	Address: 0146H 0147H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Sections: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	200		
Control	S		
Mode:	3		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Deceleration Constant:

P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the deceleration time of speed

Settings: command from the rated speed to zero, all can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.



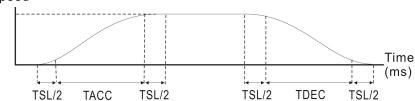
- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-35 will be set within 20000 automatically.

6-28 Revision July, 2018 P1-36

TSL	Acceleration / Dece S-Curve	Address: 0148H 0149H	
Parameter		al avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.3
Operational	DI/O-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	S · PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 65500 (0 : disabl		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Acceleration / Deceleration Constant of S-Curve:

Speed



P1-34: Set the acceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve

Settings:

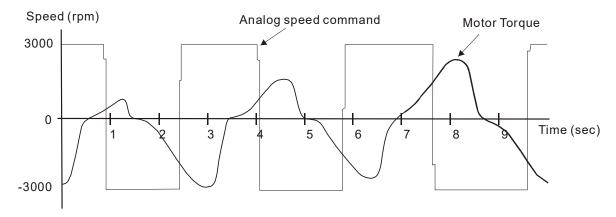
- P1-35: Set the deceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve
- P1-36: Set the smoothing time of S-curve acceleration and deceleration
- P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36 can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.

- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-36 will be set within 10000 automatically.

6-29 Revision July, 2018

Analog Speed Command Filter

Analog speed command filter is provided especially for ASDA-M series users. It mainly helps with buffer when the analog input signal changes too fast.



Analog speed command filter smooth the analog input command. Its time program is the same as S-curve filter in normal speed. Also, the speed curve and the acceleration curve are both continuous. The above is the diagram of analog speed command filter. The slope of speed command in acceleration and deceleration is different. Users could adjust the time setting (P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36) according to the actual situation to improve the performance.

6-30 Revision July, 2018

Command end low-pass filter

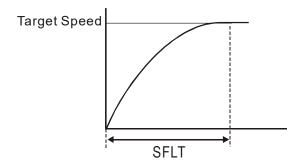
It is usually used to eliminate the unwanted high-frequency response or noise. It also can smooth the command.

Related parameters:

94	
ГΙ	-00

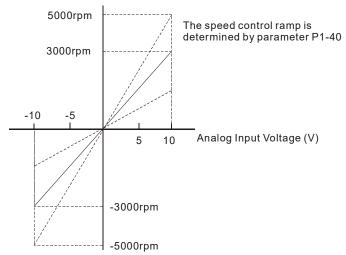
SFLT	Analog Speed Com Filter)	Address: 010CH 010DH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control	C		
Mode:	S		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 1000 (0: disable		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: 0: Disabled



6.3.4 The Scaling of Analog Command

The motor speed command is controlled by the analog voltage deviation between V_REF and VGND. Use parameter P1-40 to adjust the speed-control slope and its range.



Related parameters:

Settings:

For example: Set P1-40 to 2000, the input voltage 10 V corresponds to 2000 r / min, speed command.

speed con	speed confinand.				
P1-40 ▲	VCM	Maximum Speed of Command	Address: 0150H 0151H		
	Parameter			Related Section:	
	Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.4	
	Operational	D 1/0 f			
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default :	Same as the rated sp	peed of each model		
	Control	0 / -			
	Mode:	S/T			
	Unit:	r / min			
	Range :	0 ~ 10000			
	Data Size :	16bit			
	Format :	DEC			

Maximum Speed of Analog Speed Command:

In speed mode, the analog speed command inputs the swing speed setting of the max. voltage (10 V). For example, if the setting is 3000, when the external voltage inputs 10 V, it means the speed control command is 3000 r / min. If the external voltage input is 5 V, then the speed control command is 1500 r / min.

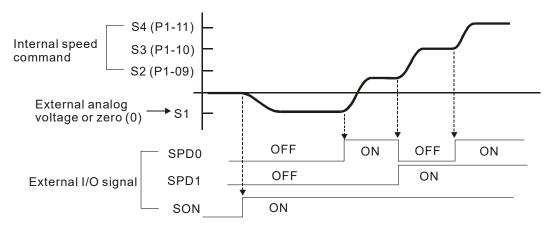
Speed control command = input voltage value x setting value / 10

6-32 Revision July, 2018

In position or torque mode, analog speed limit inputs the swing speed limit setting of the max. voltage (10 V).

Speed limit command = input voltage value x setting value / 10

6.3.5 The Timing Diagram in Speed Mode

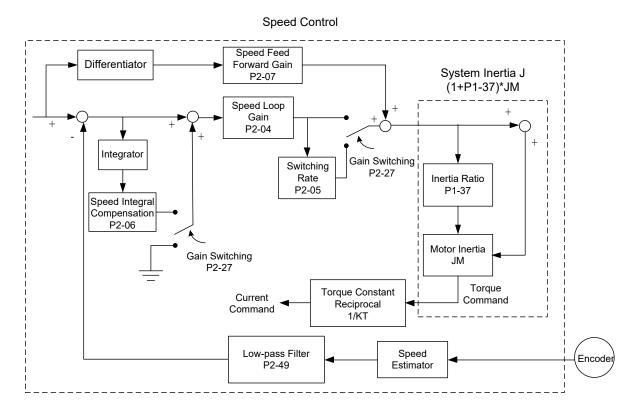




- 1) OFF means the contact point is open while ON means the contact point is close.
- 2) When it is in Sz mode, the speed command S1 = 0; When it is in S mode, the speed command S1 is the external analog voltage input.
- 3) When the servo drive is On, please select the command according to SPD0 ~ SPD1 status.

6.3.6 Gain Adjustment of Speed Loop

Here introduces the function of speed control unit. The following shows its structure.



Many kinds of gain in speed control unit are adjustable. Two ways, manual and auto, are provided for selection.

Manual: All parameters are set by users and the auto or auxiliary function will be disabled in this mode.

Auto: General load inertia estimation is provided. It adjusts the parameter automatically. Its framework is divided into PI auto gain adjustment and PDFF auto gain adjustment.

6-34 Revision July, 2018

Parameter P2-32 can be used to adjust the gain.

P2-32▲

AUT2	Tuning Mode Selecti	Address: 0240H 0241H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 5.6
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Section 6.3.6
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x2		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

0: manual mode

Settings: 1: auto mode (continuous adjustment)

2: semi-auto mode (non- continuous adjustment)

Relevant description of manual mode setting:

When P2-32 is set to 0, parameters related to gain control, such as P2-00, P2-02, P2-04, P2-06, P2-07, P2-25 and P2-26, all can be set by the user.

When switching mode from auto or semi-auto to manual, parameters about gain will be updated automatically.

Relevant description of auto mode setting:

Continue to estimate the system inertia, save the inertia ratio to P1-37 every 30 minutes automatically and refer to the stiffness and bandwidth setting of P2-31.

- 1. Set the system to manual mode 0 from auto 1 or semi-auto 2, the system will save the estimated inertia value to P1-37 automatically and set the corresponding parameters.
- 2. Set the system to auto mode 1 or semi-auto mode 2 from manual mode 0, please enter the appropriate value in P1-37.
- 3. Set the system to manual mode 0 from auto mode 1, P2-00, P2-04 and P2-06 will be modified to the corresponding parameters of auto mode.
- 4. Set the system to manual mode 0 from semi-auto mode 2, P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25 and P2-26 will be modified to the corresponding parameters of semi-auto mode.

Relevant description of semi-auto mode setting:

- 1. When the system inertia is stable, the value of P2-33 will be 1 and the system stops estimating. The inertia value will be saved to P1-37 automatically. When switching mode to semi-auto mode (from manual or auto mode), the system starts to estimate again.
- 2. When the system inertia is over the range, the value of P2-33 will be 0 and the system starts to estimate and adjust again.

Manual Mode

When P2-32 is set to 0, users can define Speed Loop Gain (P2-04), Speed Integral Compensation (P2-06) and Speed Feed Forward Gain (P2-07). Influence of each parameter is as the followings.

Proportional gain: To increase proportional gain can enhance the response frequency of speed loop.

Integral gain: To increase the integral gain could increase the low-frequency stiffness of speed loop, reduce the steady-state error and sacrifice the phase margin.

The over high integral gain will cause the instability of the system.

Feed forward gain: Diminish the deviation of phase delay.

Related parameters:

P2-04	KVP	Speed Loop Gain	Address: 0208H 0209H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.6
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	500		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit:	rad / s		
	Range :	0 ~ 8191		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Increasing the value of speed loop gain can enhance the speed Settings: response. However, if the value is set too big, it would easily cause resonance and noise.

6-36 Revision July, 2018

P2-06

KVI	Speed Integral Com	Address: 020CH 020DH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.6
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	rad / s		
Range :	0 ~ 1023		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Increasing the value of speed integral compensation can enhance

speed response and diminish the deviation of speed control.

However, if the value is set too big, it would easily cause

resonance and noise.

P2-07

Settings:

KVF	Speed Feed Forwar	Address: 020EH 020FH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.6
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

When the speed control command runs smoothly, increasing the gain value can reduce the speed command error. If the command

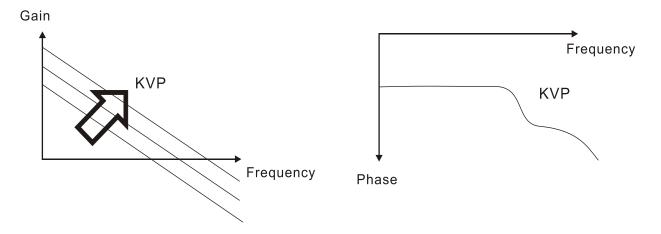
Settings: does not run smoothly, reducing the gain value can reduce the

mechanical vibration during operation.

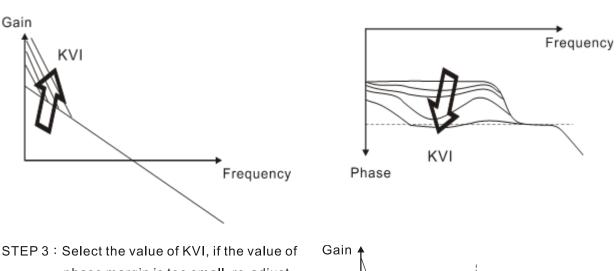
Theoretically, stepping response can be used to explain proportional gain (KVP), integral gain (KVI) and feed forward gain (KVF). Here, the frequency domain and time domain are used to illustrate the basic principle.

Frequency Domain

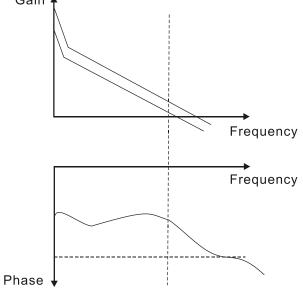
STEP 1: Set the value of KVI=0, the value of KVF=0 and adjust the value of KVP.



STEP 2: The value of KVP remains and adjust the value of KVI.

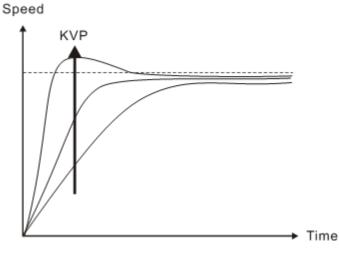


STEP 3: Select the value of KVI, if the value of phase margin is too small, re-adjust the value of KVP again to obtain the value, 45deg of phase margin.



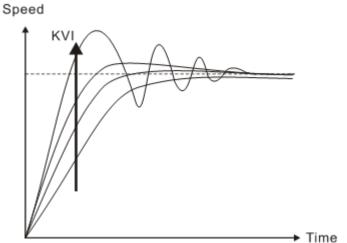
6-38 Revision July, 2018

Time Domain



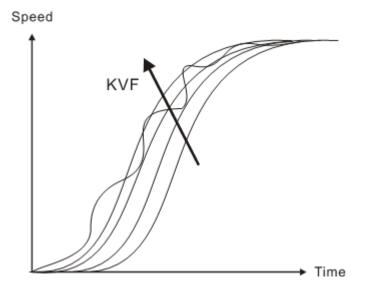
The bigger KVP value cause higher bandwidth and shorten the rising time. However, if the value is set too big, the phase margin will be too small.

To steady-state error, the result is not as good as KVI. But it helps to reduce the dynamic following error.



The bigger KVI value cause greater low-frequency gain and shorten the time the steady-state error returns to zero. However, the phase margin will dramatically decrease as well.

To steady-state error, it is very helpful but shows no benefit to dynamic following error.



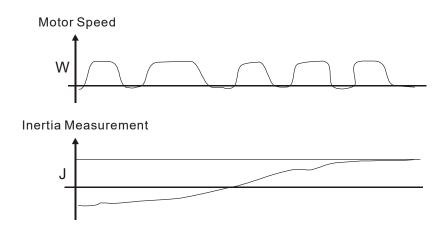
If the KVF value closes to 1, the feed forward compensation will be more complete and the dynamic following error will become smaller. However, if the KVF value is set too big, it would cause vibration.

Generally, instrument is needed when applying frequency domain for measurement. Users are required to adopt the measurement techniques; while time domain only needs a scope and goes with the analog input / output terminal provided by the servo drive. Thus, time domain is frequently used to adjust PI controller. The abilities of PI controller to deal with the resistance of torque load and the following command are the same.

That is to say, the following command and resistance of torque load have the same performance in frequency domain and time domain. Users can reduce the bandwidth by setting the low-pass filter in command end.

Auto Mode

Auto mode adopts adaptive principle. The servo drive automatically adjusts the parameters according to the external load. Since the adaptive principle takes longer time, it will be unsuitable if the load changes too fast. It would be better to wait until the load inertia is steady or changes slowly. Depending on the speed of signal input, the adaptive time will be different from one another.



6-40 Revision July, 2018

6.3.7 Resonance Suppression

When resonance occurs, it is probably because the stiffness of the control system is too strong or the response is too fast. Eliminating these two factors might improve the situation. In addition, low-pass filter (parameter P2-25) and notch filter (parameter P2-23 and P2-24) are provided to suppress the resonance if not changing the control parameters.

Related parameters:

	99
F 2	- 20

NCF1	Resonance Suppres	Address: 022EH 022FH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: Section 6.3.7	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software		
Default :	1000		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	Hz		
Range :	50 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The first setting value of resonance frequency. If P2-24 is set to 0, Settings: this function is disabled. P2-43 and P2-44 are the second Notch filter.

P2-24

	DPH1	Resonance Suppres Attenuation Rate (1)	Address: 0230H 0231H	
	Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avis	Related Section:
	Attribute:			Section 6.3.7
	Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	Communication	
	Interface :	Panel / Software		
	Default :	0		
	Control	A.I.I.		
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	dB		
	Range :	0 ~ 32 (0: disable the filter)		
D	ata Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

The first resonance suppression (notch filter) attenuation rate.

Settings: When this parameter is set to 0, the function of Notch filter is disabled.

P2-43

	NCF2	Resonance Suppres (2)	Address: 0256H 0257H	
_	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: Section 6.3.7	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software		
	Default :	1000		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	Hz		
	Range :	50 ~ 2000		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

The second setting value of resonance frequency. If P2-44 is set to 0, this function is disabled. P2-23 and P2-24 are the first Notch

Settings: filter.

P2-44

DPH2	Resonance Suppres Attenuation Rate (2)	Address: 0258H 0259H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.7
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	dB		
Range :	0 ~ 32 (0: disable No		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The second resonance suppression (notch filter) attenuation rate.

Settings: When this parameter is set to 0, the function of Notch filter is

disabled.

6-42 Revision July, 2018

P2-45

NCF3	Resonance Suppres	Address: 025AH 025BH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.7
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software		
Default :	1000		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	Hz		
Range :	50 ~ 2000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The third group of mechanism resonance frequency setting value.

If set P2-46 to 0, this function will be disabled. P2-23 and P2-24

Settings: are the first group of resonance suppression (Notch filter).

P2-46

DPH3	Resonance Suppres Attenuation Rate (3)	Address: 025CH 025DH			
Parameter			Related Section:		
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.7		
Operational	D 1/0 6				
Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication			
Default :	0				
Control					
Mode:	ALL				
Unit:	dB				
Range :	0 ~ 32				
Data Size :	16bit				
Format :	DEC				
	TI (1 ') C		/N L (L C'II)		

The third group of resonance suppression (Notch filter)

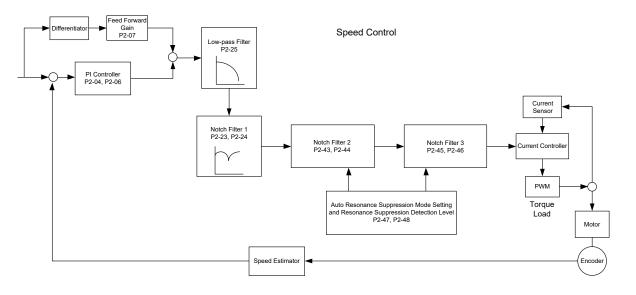
Settings: attenuation rate. Set the value to 0 to disable the function of

Notch filter.

P2-25

NLP	Low-pass Filter of Suppression	Address: 0232H 0233H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: Section 6.3.7	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0.2 (under 1kW) or 0.5 (other model)		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	1 ms	0.1 ms	
Range :	0.0 ~ 100.0	0 ~ 1000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	One decimal DEC		
Example :	1.5 = 1.5 ms	15 = 1.5 ms	

Set the low-pass filter of resonance suppression. When the value is set to 0, the function of low-pass filter is disabled.



There are two sets of auto resonance suppression, one is P2-43 and P2-44 and another one is P2-45 and P2-46. When the resonance occurs, set P2-47 to 1 or 2 (enable the function of resonance suppression), the servo drive searches the point of resonance frequency and suppresses the resonance automatically. Write the point of frequency into P2-43 and P2-45 and write the attenuation rate into P2-44 and P2-46. When P2-47 is set to 1, the system will set P2-47 to 0 (disable the function of auto suppression) automatically after completing resonance suppression and the system is stable for 20 minutes. When P2-47 is set to 2, the system will keep searching the point of resonance.

When P2-47 is set to 1 or 2, but resonance still exists, please confirm the value of parameter P2-44 and P2-46. If one of them is 32, it is suggested to reduce the speed

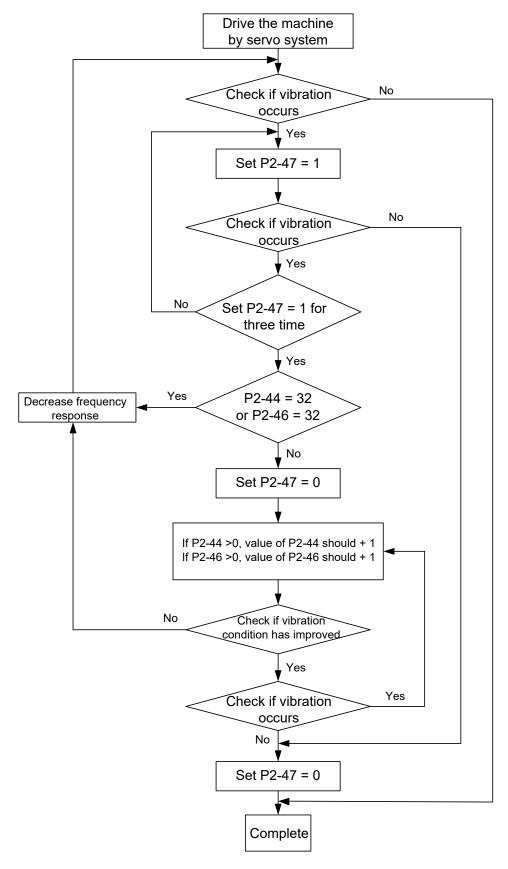
6-44 Revision July, 2018

bandwidth first and then start to estimate again. If the value of both is smaller than 32 and resonance still exists, please set P2-47 to 0 first and then manually increase the value of P2-44 and P2-46. It is suggested to reduce the bandwidth if the resonance has not been improved. Then use the function of auto resonance suppression.

When manually increase the value of P2-44 and P2-46, please check if the value of both is bigger than 0. If yes, it means the frequency point of P2-43 and P2-45 is the one searched by auto resonance suppression. If the value of both is 0, it means the default, 1000 of P2-43 and P2-45 is not the one searched by auto resonance suppression. Deepen the resonance suppression attenuation rate might worsen the situation.

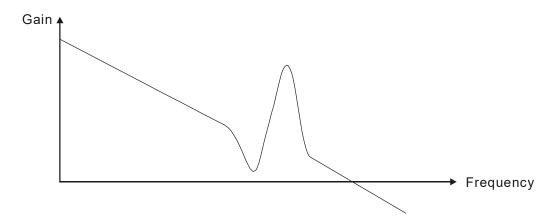
P2-47 Function Table		
P2-47 Current value	P2-47 Desired value	Function
0	1	Clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and enable the function of
		auto resonance suppression.
0	2	Clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and enable the function of
Ŭ	_	auto resonance suppression.
1	0	Save the current value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and disable the
ı ı	1 0	function of auto resonance suppression.
1	4	Clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and enable the function of
' '	1	auto resonance suppression.
1	2	Not clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and continue to enable
'	2	the function of auto resonance suppression.
2	0	Save the current value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and disable the
2	0	function of auto resonance suppression.
2	1	Clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and enable the function of
2	'	auto resonance suppression.
2	2	Not clear the value of P2-43 ~ P2-46 and continue to enable
2	2	the function of auto resonance suppression.

Flowchart of Auto Resonance Suppression:

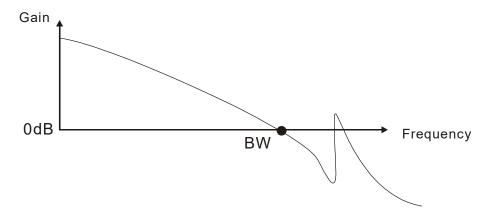


Here illustrates the effect via low-pass filter (parameter P2-25). The following diagram is the system open-loop gain with resonance.

6-46 Revision July, 2018



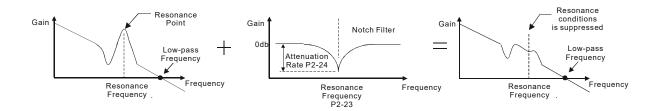
When the value of P2-25 is increased from 0, BW becomes smaller (See as the following diagram). Although it solves the problem of resonance frequency, the response bandwidth and phase margin is reduced.



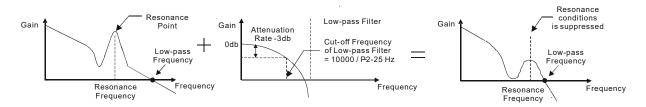
If users know the resonance frequency, notch filter (parameter P2-23 and P2-24) can directly eliminate the resonance. The frequency setting range of notch filter is merely from 50 to 1000 Hz. The suppression strength is from 0 to 32dB. If the resonance frequency is not within the range, it is suggested to use low-pass filter (parameter P2-25).

Here firstly illustrates the influence brought by notch filter (P2-23 and P2-24) and low-pass filter (P2-25). The following diagrams are the system of open-loop gain with resonance.

Resonance suppression with notch filter



Resonance suppression with low-pass filter



When the value of P2-25 is increased from 0, BW becomes smaller. Although it solves the problem of resonance frequency, the response bandwidth and phase margin is reduced. Also, the system becomes unstable.

If users know the resonance frequency, notch filter (parameter P2-23 and P2-24) can directly eliminate the resonance. In this case, notch filter will be more helpful than low-pass filter. However, if the resonance frequency drifts because of time or other factors, notch filter will not do.

6-48 Revision July, 2018

6.4 Torque Mode

Torque control mode (T or Tz) is appropriate in torque control application, such as printing machine, winding machine, etc. There are two kinds of command source, analog input and register. Analog command input uses external voltage to control the torque of the motor while register uses the internal parameters (P1-12 ~ P1-14) as the torque command.

6.4.1 Selection of Torque Command

Torque command source are external analog voltage and parameters. It uses CN1 DI signal for selection. See as below.

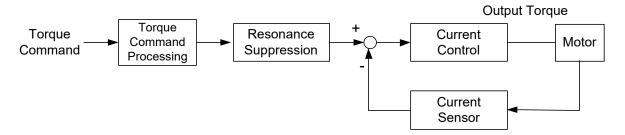
Torque	CN1 D	l signal		Common d Course			
command No.	TCM1	тсм0	Command Source		and Source	Content	Range
T1	0	0	Mode	Т	External analog command	Voltage deviation between T-REF and GND	-10 V ~ +10 V
				Tz	N/A	Torque command is 0	0
T2	0	1		Parameters		P1-12	-300% ~ 300%
Т3	1	0				P1-13	-300% ~ 300%
T4	1	1				P1-14	-300% ~ 300%

- The status of TCM0 ~ TCM1: 0 means DI OFF and 1 means DI ON.
- When TCM0 = TCM1 = 0, if it is in Tz mode, then the command is 0. Thus, if there is no need to use analog voltage as torque command, Tz mode is applicable and can avoid the problem of zero drift. If it is in T mode, the command will be the voltage deviation between T-REF and GND. Its input voltage range is -10 V ~ +10 V, which means the corresponding torque is adjustable (P1-41).
- When neither TCM0 nor TCM1 is 0, parameters become the source of torque command. The command will be executed after TCM0 ~ TCM1 are changed. There is no need to use CTRG for triggering.

The torque command can be used in torque mode (T or Tz) and speed mode (S or Sz). When it is in speed mode, it can be regarded as the command input of torque limit.

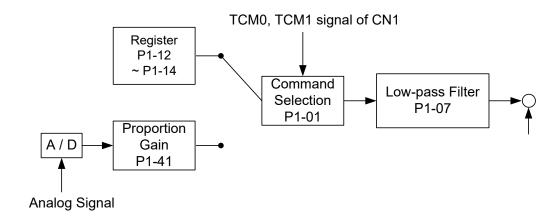
6.4.2 Control Structure of Torque Mode

The basic control structure is as the following diagram:



The torque command unit is to select torque command source according to Section 6.4.1, including the scaling (P1-40) setting and S-curve setting. The current control unit manages the gain parameters of the servo drive and calculates the current for servo motor in time. Since the current control unit is very complicated, and is not relevant to the application. There is no need to adjust parameters. Only command end setting is provided.

The structure of torque command unit is as the following diagram.



The upper path is the command from register while the lower one is external analog command. The command is selected according to the status of TCM0, TCM1 and P1-01 (T or Tz). The torque represented by analog voltage command can be adjusted via the scaling and can obtain a smoother response via low-pass filter.

6-50 Revision July, 2018

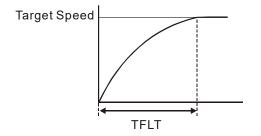
6.4.3 Smooth Torque Command

Related parameter:

P1-07

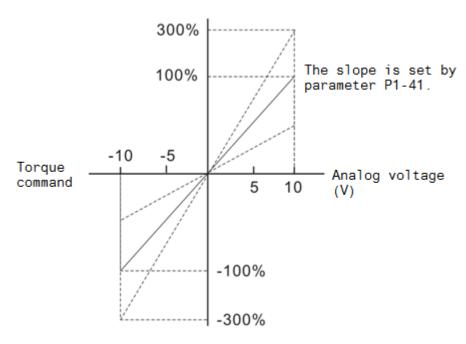
TFLT	Analog Torque Com Filter)	Address: 010EH 010FH	
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section:
Attribute:	Parameter for individ		Section 6.4.3
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	_		
Mode:	I		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 1000 (0: disable		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: 0: Disabled



6.4.4 The Scaling of Analog Command

The motor torque command is controlled by the analog voltage deviation between T_REF and GND and goes with parameter P1-41 to adjust the torque slope and its range.



Related parameter:

Neiateu parameter.					
P1-41 ▲	ТСМ	Maximum Output of Speed	Address: 0152H 0153H		
	Parameter			Related Section:	
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.4.4	
	Operational	D 1/0 6			
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default :	100			
	Control				
	Mode:	: ALL			
	Unit:	%	%		
	Range :	0 ~ 1000			
	Data Size :	16bit			
	Format :	DEC	-		

6-52 Revision July, 2018

Maximum Output of Analog Torque Speed:

In torque mode, the analog torque command inputs the torque setting of the max. voltage (10 V). When the default setting is 100, if the external voltage inputs 10 V, it means the torque control command is 100% rated torque. If the external voltage inputs 5 V, then the torque control command is 50% rated torque.

Settings:

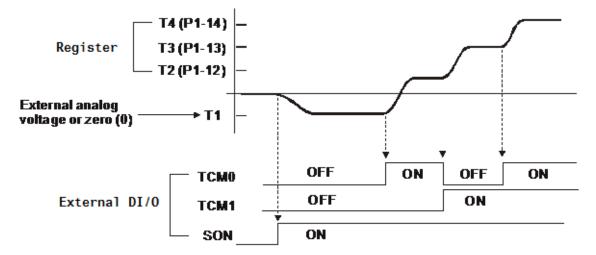
Torque control command = input voltage value x setting value / 10 (%)

In speed, PT and PR mode, the analog torque limit inputs the torque limit setting of the max. voltage (10 V).

Torque limit command = input voltage value x setting value / 10 (%)

For example: Set P1-41 to 100, the input voltage 10 V corresponds to 100% rated torque.

6.4.5 The Timing Diagram in Torque Mode





- 1) OFF means the contact point is open while ON means the contact point is close.
- 2) When it is in Tz mode, the torque command T1 = 0; When it is in T mode, the torque command T1 is the external analog voltage input.
- 3) When the servo drive is Servo On, please select the command according to TCM0 ~ TCM1 status.

6.5 Dual Mode

Apart from single mode, dual mode is also provided for operation. According to Section 6.1, dual modes are as followings:

- 1. Speed / position dual mode (PT-S, PR-S, PT-PR)
- 2. Speed / torque dual mode (S-T)
- 3. Torque / position dual mode (PT-T, PR-T)
- 4. Position speed multi mode (PT-PR-S)
- 5. Position torque multi mode (PT-PR-T)

Mode Name	Short Name	Setting Code	Description
Dual Mode	PT-S	06	PT and S can be switched via DI signal, S_P.
	PT-T	07	PT and T can be switched via DI signal, T_P.
	PR-S	08	PR and S can be switched via DI signal, S_P.
	PR-T	09	PR and T can be switched via DI signal, T_P.
	S-T	0A	S and T can be switched via DI signal, S_T .
	PT-PR	0D	PT and PR can be switched via DI signal, PT_PR.
Multi Mode	PT-PR-S	0E	PT , PR and S can be switched via DI signal, S_P and PT_PR.
	PT-PR-T	0F	PT , PR and T can be switched via DI signal, T_P and PT_PR.

Sz and Tz dual mode is not provided here. For avoiding occupying too many digital inputs in dual mode, speed and torque mode can use external analog voltage as the command source so as to reduce digital input (SPD0, SPD1 or TCM0, TCM1). Please refer to Chapter 3.3.2, table 3.1, Default Value of DI Input Function and table 3.2, Default Value of DO Output Function for the default DI/DO of each mode.

The relationship between DI/DO signals and PIN define are set after the mode is selected. If users desire to change the setting, please refer to Chapter 3.3.4.

6-54 Revision July, 2018

6.5.1 Speed / Position Dual Mode

There are PT-S and PR-S in speed / position dual mode. The command source of the former one comes from external pulse while the latter one comes from internal parameters (P6-00 ~ P7-27). Speed command could be issued by external analog voltage or internal parameters (P1-09 ~ P1-11). The switch of speed / position mode is controlled by S-P signal and the switch of PR-S mode is controlled by DI signal, which is more complicated. The timing diagram is shown as below.

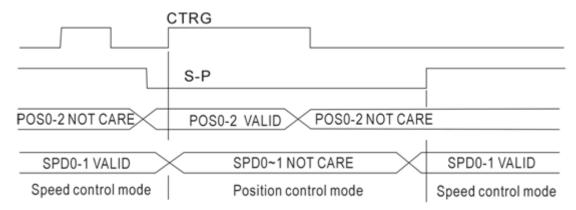


Diagram 1: Dual control mode of speed and position

In speed mode (S-P is ON), the speed command is selected via SPD0 and SPD1. CTRG is not working at the moment. When switching to position mode (S-P is OFF), since position command has not been issued (needs to wait the rising edge of CTRG), the motor stops. The position command is determined by POS0 ~ POS5 and triggered by rising edge of CTRG. When S-P is ON, it goes back to speed mode again. Please refer to the introduction of single mode for DI signal and the selected command of each mode.

6.5.2 Speed / Torque Dual Mode

S-T is the only mode. The speed command comes from the external analog voltage and internal parameters (P1-09 ~ P1-11), which is selected via SPD0 ~ SPD1. Similarly, the source of torque command could be external analog voltage and internal parameters (P1-12 ~ P1-14) and is selected via TCM0 ~ TCM1. The switch of speed / torque mode is controlled by S-T signal. The timing diagram is shown as below.

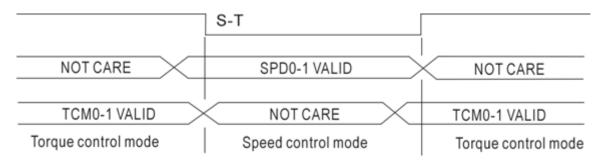


Diagram 2: Dual control mode of speed and torque

In torque mode (S-T is ON), the torque command is selected via TCM0 and TCM1. When switching to speed mode (S-T is OFF), the torque command is selected via SPD0 and SPD 1. The motor operates according to the speed command. When S-T is ON, it goes back to the torque mode again. Please refer to the introduction of single mode for DI signal and the selected command of each mode.

6.5.3 Torque / Position Dual Mode

There are PT-T and PR-T in speed / position dual mode. The command source of the former one comes from external pulse while the latter one comes from internal parameters (P6-00 ~ P7-27). Torque command could be issued by external analog voltage or internal parameters (P1-12 ~ P1-14). The switch of torque / position mode is controlled by T-P signal and the switch of PR-T mode is controlled by DI signal, which is more complicated. The timing diagram is shown as below.

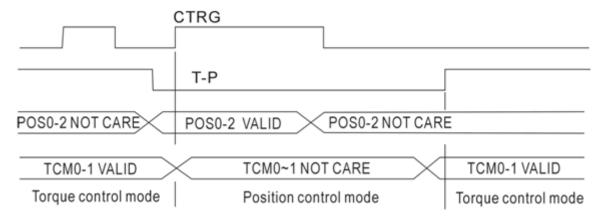


Diagram 3: Dual control mode of torque and position

In torque mode (T-P is ON), the torque command is selected via TCM0 and TCM1. CTRG is not working at the moment. When switching to position mode (T-P is OFF), since position command has not been issued (needs to wait the rising edge of CTRG), the motor stops. The position command is determined by POS0 ~ POS5 and triggered by rising edge of CTRG. When T-P is ON, it goes back to torque mode again. Please refer to the introduction of single mode for DI signal and the selected command of each mode.

6-56 Revision July, 2018

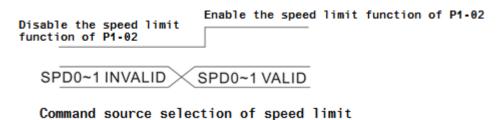
6.6 Others

6.6.1 The Use of Speed Limit

The maximum speed in each mode is limited by internal parameters (P1-55), not matter it is in position, speed or torque mode.

The issuing method of speed limit command and speed command is the same. The command source could be external analog voltage or internal parameter (P1-09 ~ P1-11). Please refer to Section 6.3.1 for descriptions.

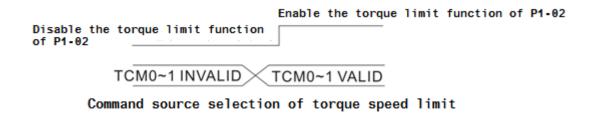
Speed limit can be used in torque mode (T) only. It is used for limiting the motor speed. When the command in torque mode is issued by external analog voltage, DI signal is enough and can be regarded as SPD0 ~ SPD1 which is used to determine the speed limit command (internal parameters). If the DI signal is not enough, speed limit command can be issued by analog voltage. When the function of disable / enable limit function in P1-02 is set to 1, the speed limit function is enabled. See the timing diagram as below.



6.6.2 The Use of Torque Limit

The issuing method of torque limit command and torque command is the same. The command source could be external analog voltage or internal parameter (P1-12 ~ P1-14). Please refer to Chapter 6.4.1 for descriptions.

Torque limit can be used in position mode (PT, PR) or speed mode (S). It is used for limiting the motor torque output. When the command in position mode is issued by external analog voltage, DI signal is enough and can be regarded as TCM0 ~ TCM1, which is used to determine torque limit command (internal parameters). If the DI signal is not enough, torque limit command can be issued by analog voltage. When the function of disable / enable torque limit function in P1-02 is set to 1, the torque limit function is enabled. See the timing diagram as below.

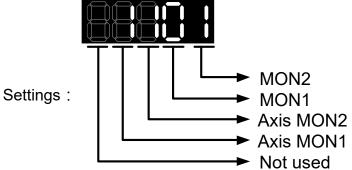


6.6.3 Analog Monitor

Users could observe the needed voltage signal via analog monitor. Two analog channels are provided by the servo drive and locate in terminal 15 and 16 of CN1. The related parameter settings are as the followings.

P0-03

MON	Analog Output Monitor		Address: 0006H 0007H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Section 6.6.3
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	01		
Control	i i		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x3377		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		



MON1, MON2 Setting Value	Description
0	Motor speed (+ / -8 Volts / Max. speed)
1	Motor torque (+ / -8 Volts / Max. torque)
2	Pulse command frequency (+8 Volts / 4.5 Mpps)
3	Speed command (+ / -8 Volts / Max. speed command)
4	Torque command (+ / -8 Volts / Max. torque command)
5	VBUS voltage (+ / -8 Volts / 450 V)
6	Reserved
7	Reserved

6-58 Revision July, 2018

MON1 axis selection	Description
1	MON1 is from X axis
2	MON1 is from Y axis
3	MON1 is from Z axis

MON2 axis selection	Description
1	MON2 is from X axis
2	MON2 is from Y axis
3	MON2 is from Z axis

NOTE Please refer to parameter P1-04, P1-05 for proportional setting of analog output voltage.

For example:

P0-03 = 1101 (MON1 is the analog output of motor speed in X axis; MON2 is the analog output of motor torque in X axis.)

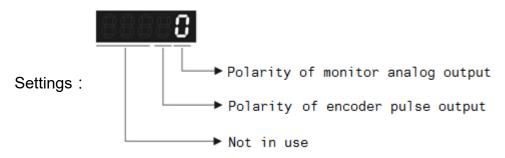
MON1 output voltage = 8
$$\times \frac{\text{Motor speed}}{(\text{Max. speed } \times \frac{P_{1}-04}{100})}$$
 (unit: Volts)

MON2 output voltage = 8
$$\times \frac{\text{Motor torque}}{(\text{Max. torque} \times \frac{P_1 - 05}{100})}$$
 (unit: Volts)

P1-03

AOUT	Polarity Setting of Encoder Pulse Output		Address: 0106H 0107H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x13		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

6-59 Revision July, 2018



Polarity of Monitor Analog Output

0: MON1(+), MON2(+)

1: MON1(+), MON2(-)

2: MON1(-), MON2(+)

3: MON1(-), MON2(-)

Polarity of encoder pulse output

0: Forward output

1: Reverse output

P1-04

	I		
MON1	MON1 Analog Monitor Output Proportion		Address: 0108H 0109H
Parameter			Related Section
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.6.3
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control	ALL		
Mode:			
Unit:	% (full scale)		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Please refer to parameter P0-03 for the setting of analog output selection.

For example:

P0-03 = 0x1110 (Ch1 is the speed analog output of the first axis)

Settings: When the output voltage value of CH1 is V1, the motor speed will be:

Motor speed = Max. speed
$$\times \frac{V1}{8} \times \frac{X \text{ axis } P1 - 04}{100}$$

6-60

_			
		n	5
	_	u	u

MON2	MON2 Analog Monitor Output Proportion		Address: 0108H 0109H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	% (full scale)		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC	. 50.00 ()	

Please refer to parameter P0-03 for the setting of analog output selection.

For example:

P0-03 = 0x1101 (Ch2 is the speed analog output of the first axis)

Settings: When the output voltage value of CH2 is V2, the motor speed will

be:

Motor speed = Max. speed
$$\times \frac{V2}{8} \times \frac{X \text{ axis } P1 - 05}{100}$$

_		
$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{A}}$	-	n
	_	

	fset Adjustment Valu onitor Output (Ch1)	Address: 0428H 0429I	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three avec		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	mV		
Range :	-800 ~ 800		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Offset adjustment value (cannot reset)

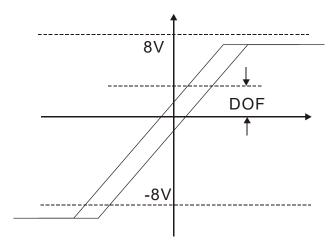
P4-21

DOF2	Offset Adjustment Value of Analog Monitor Output (Ch2)		Address: 042AH 042BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	mV		
Range :	-800 ~ 800		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Offset adjustment value (cannot reset)

For example, if users desire to observe the voltage signal in channel 1 and set this channel for observing the pulse command frequency, when the pulse command frequency 2.25 M corresponds to 8 V output voltage, users need to adjust the monitor output proportion of P1-04 to 50 (= 2.25 M / Max. input frequency). Other related settings include P0-03 (X = 3) and P1-03 (The polarity setting range of monitor analog output is between 0 and 3, and it can set positive / negative polarity output). Generally speaking, the output voltage of Ch1 is V₁, the pulse command frequency is (Max. input frequency × V₁ / 8) × P1-04 / 100.

Because of the offset value, the zero voltage level of analog monitor output does not match to the zero point of the setting. This can be improved via the setting of offset adjustment value of analog monitor output, DOF1 (4-20) and DOF2 (P4-21). The voltage level of analog monitor output is ± 8 V, if the output voltage exceeds the range, it will be limited within ± 8 V. The provided resolution is about 10bits, which equals to 13 mV / LSB.



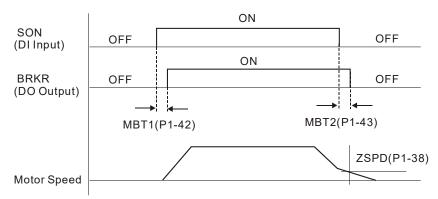
6-62 Revision July, 2018

6.6.4 The Use of Mechanical Brake

When operating mechanical brake via servo drive, if the DO signal, BRKR is set to OFF, it means the mechanical brake is not working and the motor will be locked. If BRKR is set to ON, it means the mechanical brake is working and the motor can operate. The operation of mechanical brake has two kinds. Users can set the relevant dealy via regiser MBT1 (P1-42) and MBT2 (P1-43). It is usually applied in Z axis in order to reduce the heat generated when servo motor puts up resistance and shorten its lifetime. In order to avoid the error of mechanical brake, it must be worked when the servo drive is off. To operate the mechanical brake, the brake has to be activated before the motor stops running (Servo OFF). The brake has to be released after Servo ON. Otherwise, it would becomone the loading of the motor and might damage the brake.

If it works during the process of acceleration or constant speed, the servo drive needs to generate more current to resist the brakeforce of mechanical brake and it might cause the alarm of overload warning.

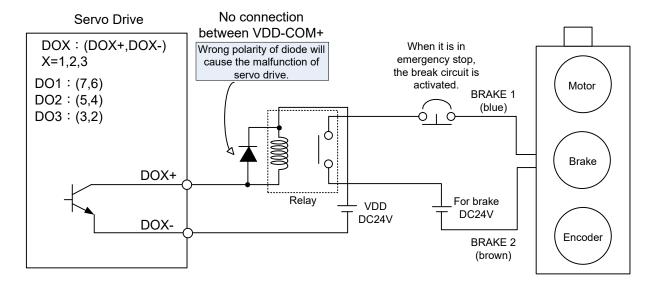
Timing diagram of mechanical brake control:



The output timing of BRKR:

- 1. When Servo OFF, go through the time set by P1-43 and the motor speed is faster than the setting in P1-38, DO.BRKR is OFF (mechanical brake is locked).
- 2. When Servo OFF, has not reached the time set by P1-43 but the motor speed is slower than the setting in P1-38, DO.BRKR is OFF (mechanical brake is locked).

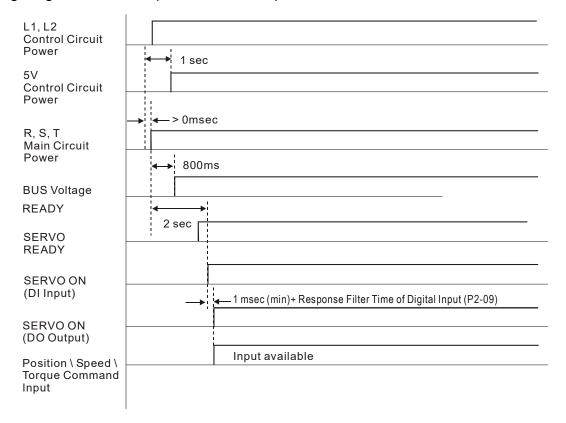
The wiring diagram of using mechanical brake:





- 1) Please refer to Chapter 3, Wiring.
- 2) The brake signal controls the solenoid valve, provides power to the brake and enables the brake.
- 3) Please note that there is no polarity in coil brake.
- 4) Do not use brake power and control power (VDD) at the same time.

Timing diagram of control power and main power:



6-64 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 7 Motion Control

7.1 Motion Control Functions of ASDA-M

- 1) Single-axis motion controller of PR (Procedure) control
- 2) Function of CAPTURE (data capture) / COMPARE (data compare)
- 3) Function of E-Cam

7.2 Information of the Servo Drive

The information of this servo drive can be divided into three parts: System parameters, Monitor variables and Data array.

Descriptions are as follows:

	System Parameters	Monitor Variables
Functional Description	It is used to be the reference mode, important data or operation condition when the servo drive is operating, e.g. Control Mode, Servo Loop Gain, etc.	The status of the servo drive or motor, e.g. motor position, speed, electric current, etc.
Display Format	Panel displays PX-XX. Pressing the SET Key to display parameters and start setting. Please refer to Chapter 4 for Panel Display and Operation.	Set P0-02 to Monitor variables code and enter into Monitor Mode. The panel will display the value of the variable. Or pressing the MODE Key on the panel to switch to Monitor Mode. Please refer to Chapter 4 for Panel Display and Operation.
Access Method	Readable and writable (depends on parameters)	Read-only
Data Size	16-bit or 32-bit (depends on parameters)	32-bit integers only

	System Parameters	Monitor Variables
Communication	Access via MODBUS / CANopen / USB Each parameter occupies two MODBUS addresses	 It only can be monitored via PC software by connecting USB. It does not directly support MODBUS / CANopen access, unless mapping is for corresponding the specified monitor variables to system parameters.
Mapping Support	8 groups of parameter, P0-25 ~ P0-32 (set by P0-35 ~ P0-42)	5 groups of parameter, P0-09 ~ P0-13 (set by P0-17 ~ P0-21)
Note		In Monitor Mode, pressing UP / DOWN Key on the panel to switch the commonly used monitor variables (code 0 ~ 26); however, it cannot display all (about 150 in total)

7-2 Revision July, 2018

7.2.1 Description of Monitor Variables

Description of Monitor Variables:

Item	Descriptions
Variable Code	Each monitor variable has a code. Set the code via P0-02 so that the users can monitor the variable.
Format	Every monitor variable is saved with the format of 32-bit (long integer) in the servo drive.
Classification	 It is divided into basic variables and extension variables: 1. Basic variables: Use the Monitor Mode on the panel to find the variable (variables in the cycle) by pressing UP / DOWN Key (P0-02 = 0 ~ 26) 2. Extension variables: Variables other than the basic ones (P0-02 = 27 ~ 127)
Monitor Method	 Two methods, Panel display and Mapping: : Panel display: View through the panel directly Mapping: Correspond the variables to the system parameters and view the variables via parameters.
Panel Display	 Switch to the desired monitoring axis by pressing the SEL Key. Switch to the Monitor Mode by pressing the MODE Key and select the desired monitoring variables via UP / DOWN Key. Directly enter the desired monitoring code via P0-02 for viewing. Pressing the SHF Key on the panel can switch the display of high / low word; Pressing the SET Key on the panel can switch the display of decimal / hexadecimal format.
Mapping	 Mapping parameters that support monitor variable are P0-09 ~ P0-13. Please refer to Chapter 8, Parameters for operation. Monitor variables can be read via communication by mapping parameters. The value of mapping parameters (P0-09 ~ P0-13) is the content of basic variables (17h, 18h, 19h, 1Ah). The setting value which is set by P0-17 should be monitored via p0-09 (refer to p0-02). When accessing data via communication, the value of P0-17 can be read or monitored via panel (Set P0-02 to 23). When the panel shows 「VAR-1」, it means it is the value of P0-09.

The descriptions of monitor variables attribute are as the following.

Attribute	Descriptions
В	BASE: basic variables. Variables that can be viewed by UP / DOWN Key on the panel.
Dn	When the panel displays, the position of the decimal point will be D1 which means it only shows one decimal point; D2 means it shows two decimal points.
Dec	When the panel displays, the information only can be shown in decimal format. Pressing the SET Key on the panel cannot switch it to hexadecimal format.
Hex	When the panel displays, the information only can be shown in hexadecimal format. Pressing the SET Key on the panel cannot switch it to decimal format.

Descriptions of monitor variables in order of code are as the following.

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions
000 (00h)	Feedback position (PUU)	The current feedback position of the motor encoder. The unit is PUU (user unit).
001	Position command	The current coordinate of position command. The unit is PUU (user unit). PT mode: it represents the pulse number the servo drive received.
(01h)	(PUU) B	PR mode: the value of absolute coordinate from position command Equals to the pulse number sent by the controller.
002 (02h)	Position deviation (PUU) B	The deviation between the position command and feedback position. The unit is PUU (user unit).
003 (03h)	Feedback position (pulse)	Current feedback position of the motor encoder. The unit is pulse (encoder unit).
004 (04h)	Position command (pulse)	The current coordinate of the position command. The unit is pulse (encoder unit). The command that had gone through E-gear.
005 (05h)	Position deviation (pulse)	The deviation between the position command and feedback position. The unit is pulse (encoder unit).
006 (06h)	Pulse command frequency B	Frequency of pulse command received by the servo drive. The unit is Kpps. It is suitable in PT / PR mode.

7-4 Revision July, 2018

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions
007 (07h)	Speed feedback B D1 Dec	Current speed of the motor. The unit is 0.1 r / min. The value is more stable since it has been though low-pass filter.
008 (08h)	Speed command (analog) B D2 Dec	The speed command is issued by analog. The unit is 0.01 Volt.
009 (09h)	Speed command (processed)	The processed speed command. The unit is 1 r / min. The source might be analog, register or from position loop.
010 (0Ah)	Torque command (analog) B D2 Dec	The torque command is issued by analog. The unit is 0.01 Volt.
011 (0Bh)	Torque command (processed)	The processed torque command. The unit is Percentage (%). The source might be analog, register or from speed loop.
012 (0Ch)	Average load B	The average load output by the servo drive. The unit is Percentage (%).
013 (0Dh)	Peak load B	The maximum load output by the servo drive. The unit is Percentage (%).
014 (0Eh)	DC Bus voltage B	Capacitor voltage after rectification. The unit is Volt.
015 (0Fh)	Inertia ratio B D1 Dec	Ratio of load inertia and motor inertia. The unit is 0.1 times.
016 (10h)	IGBT temperature	The temperature of IGBT. The unit is ° C .
017 (11h)	Resonance frequency B Dec	Resonance frequency of the system, including 2 groups of frequency, F1 and F2. When monitoring via panel, pressing SHF can switch the display of both: F2 shows no decimal point while F1 shows one. When reading through communication (mapping parameter): Low-16 Bit (Low WORD) returns frequency F2. High-16 Bit (High WORD) returns frequency F1.
018 (12h)	Z phase offset B Dec	The offset between the motor position and Z phase. The range is from -5000 to +5000. If the position is the same as Z phase, its value is 0. The bigger the value is, the more the offset will be.

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions
019 (13h)	Mapping parameter #1B	Return the value of parameter P0-25 which is mapped by P0-35
020 (14h)	Mapping parameter #2 B	Return the value of parameter P0-26 which is mapped by P0-36
021 (15h)	Mapping parameter #3 B	Return the value of parameter P0-27 which is mapped by P0-37
022 (16h)	Mapping parameter #4 B	Return the value of parameter P0-28 which is mapped by P0-38
023 (17h)	Mapping monitor variable #1B	Return the value of parameter P0-09 which is the monitor variables mapped by P0-17
024 (18h)	Mapping monitor variable #2B	Return the value of parameter P0-20 which is the monitor variables mapped by P0-18
025 (19h)	Mapping monitor variable # 3 B	Return the value of parameter P0-11 which is the monitor variables mapped by P0-19
026 (1Ah)	Mapping monitor Return the value of parameter P0-12 which is the movariable #4 B variables mapped by P0-20	
039 (27h)	DI status (processed) Hex	The processed DI status of the servo drive. Each bit corresponds to one DI channel. The source includes hardware channel / software P4-07 which is determined by P3-06.
040 (28h)	DO status (hardware) <mark>Hex</mark>	The real status of Digital Output hardware. Each bit corresponds to one DI channel.
041 (29h)	Drive status	Return the value of P0-46. Please refer to the description of the parameter.
043 (2Bh)	CAP, data capturing	The Data captured by CAP hardware from the latest time Note: CAP could continuously capture many points.
048 (30h)	Auxiliary encoder CNT	The value of pulse counter from auxiliary encoder (CN5)
049 (31h)	Pulse command CNT	The value of pulse counter from pulse command (CN1)
050 (32h)	Speed command (processed) D1 Dec	The processed speed command. The unit is 0.1 r / min. The source might be analog, register or position loop.
051 (33h)	Speed feedback (immediate) D1 Dec	Current actual speed of the motor. The unit is 0.1 r / min.
052 (34h)	Speed feedback (filter) D1 Dec	Current actual speed of the motor. The unit is 0.1 r / min (has been through the low-pass filter).

7-6 Revision July, 2018

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions
053 (35h)	Torque command (processed) D1 Dec	The processed torque command. The unit is 0.1 Percent (%). The source might be analog, register or speed loop.
054 (36h)	Torque feedback D1 Dec	Current actual torque of the motor. The unit is 0.1 Percent (%).
055 (37h)	Electric current feedback D2 Dec	Current actual electric current of the motor. The unit is 0.01 ampere (Amp).
056 (38h)	DC Bus voltage D1 Dec	Capacitor voltage after rectification. The unit is 0.1 volt.
059 (3Bh)	Pulse from ECAM master axis (accumulation)	The accumulative pulse number of E-Cam master axis. It is the same as P5-86.
060 (3Ch)	Pulse from ECAM master axis (increment)	The incremental pulse number from master axis. The unit is pulse number per msec.
061 (3Dh)	Pulse from ECAM mast axis (lead pulse)	The lead pulse of E-Cam master axis which is used to judge the engaging condition. When it is disengaging: lead pulse = P5-87 or P5-92. When the value is 0, it will be engaged. When it is engaging: lead pulse = P5-89. When the value is 0, it will be disengaged.
062 (3Eh)	The position of ECAM axis	The position of ECAM axis. Unit: The pulse is from the master axis. When the incremental pulse from master axis is P, the axis rotates M cycle (P5-83 = M, P5-84 = P).
063 (3Fh)	Position of ECAM slave axis	The position of E-Cam slave axis. Unit: PUU
064 (40h)	Terminal register of PR command	In PR mode, the termination of position command (Cmd_E)
065 (41h)	Output register of PR command	In PR mode, the accumulative output of position command
067 (43h)	PR target speed	The target speed of path command in PR mode. The unit is PPS (Pulse Per Second)
068 (44h)	S-curve filter (input)	The input command of S-curve filter which is used to smooth the input command. It is effective in PR mode, ECAM and speed command.

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions		
069 (45h)	S-curve filter (output)	The output command of S-curve filter which is used to smooth the output command. It is effective in PR mode, ECAM and speed command.		
076 (4Ch)	Speed command of PR contour	In PR mode, the programmed trapezoid speed curve is determined by the target speed, acceleration, deceleration and moving distance (before S-curve filter). The unit is PPS (Pulse Per Second).		
081 (51h)	Synchronous capture axis Incremental input pulse	When synchronous capture axis is enabled, the received pulse number between two captures can be used to measure the real distance of Mark.		
084 (54h)	Synchronous capture axis Deviation pulse number	The deviation between the real output pulse and the target pulse when synchronous capture axis is enabled. If it reaches the synchronization, the value will close to 0.		
096 (60h)	Firmware version	It includes two versions, DSP and CPLD. When monitoring via panel, pressing the SHF Key can switch the display of both: DSP shows no decimal point while CPLD shows one. When reading through communication (parameter mapping): Low-16 Bit (Low WORD) returns DSP version number. High-16 Bit (High WORD) returns CPLD version number.		
098 (62h)	PLC scan time	The update time of DI / DO. The unit is 0.5 msec.		
109 (6Dh)	The amount of data array	Returns the amount of data array. The unit is DWORD (32 Bits)		
111 (6Fh)	Error code of the servo drive	Error code of the servo drive: only for the control loop, not including the motion controller.		
112 (70h)	CANopen SYNC TS (hasn' t been through the filter)	The time the servo drive receives SYNC signal (TimeStamp) The unit is usec.		
113 (71h)	CANopen SYNC TS (has been through the filter)	The time the servo drive receives SYNC signal and has been through the filter The unit is usec.		

7-8 Revision July, 2018

Code	Name of Variables / Attribute	Descriptions
114 (72h)	CANopen timing synchronzation	To synchronize the device timing with the controller during the operation. The unit is usec.
123 (7Bh)	The returned value when monitoring via panel	The returned value when monitoring via panel

7.2.2 Description of Data Array

Many functions of motion control are added in ADSA-M, e.g. CAPTURE, COMPARE and E-Cam, and those are the data that needs to be saved in large amount memory space, therefore, the servo drive reserves a continuous internal space to satisfy the need. The main feature of the data array is as the followings:

	Feature Introduction of Data Array			
	Save the captured data of CAPTURE			
	Save the compared value of COMPARE			
	Save the contour table of E-Cam			
Usans	Note: The system does not partition off the data array into the			
Usage	individual space of CAP, CMP and ECAM. The user could			
	program it according to the demand. Therefore, the space			
	might be overlapped. Please pay close attention to it when			
	using.			
	● 32-bit integer x 1500 (refer to P5-10)			
Size of Data Array	 Each data has its corresponding address. Specify the 			
Size of Data Array	address is a must when reading or writing the data.			
	● The 1500 data is from 0 to 1499.			
	 Manually set up the saving (P2-08 = 30, 35) is a must and 			
	the data should be saved in EEPROM of the servo drive.			
Data Retained	Save the data when it is Servo Off.			
	The data will be loaded into data array automatically when it			
	is Servo On.			
Accessing Window	● Should be access via parameter P5-10 ~ P5-13.			

The content of data array cannot be read or wrote directly, reading or writing the data must via parameter P5-10 ~ P5-13. The description of the parameters is as the followings:

	Descripti	on of Related Parameter about Data Array		
Parameter	Name	Description		
P5-10	Size of data array	Return the size of data array (read-only)		
P5-11	Reading / writing address	Set the desired address of reading and writing		
D5 12	Reading /	Read via panel: After reading the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will not change. Write via panel: After writing the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.		
P5-12	writing window #1	Read via communication: After reading the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically. Write via communication: After writing the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.		
	Reading / writing window #2	Read via panel: After reading the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically. Write via panel: It cannot be written via panel.		
P5-13		Read via communication: After reading the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically. Write via communication: After writing the content of P5-11, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.		

Set the desired reading / writing address via P5-11 first. Then, read / write P5-12 or P5-13 in order to access the content of data array. If users desire to continuously write 3 data, 100, 200, 300 into the address of data array, 11, 12 and 13, the operation step is as follows:

- **A**. Write via panel: Use P5-12 (reading / writing window #1), since P5-13 does not support writing via panel:
- 1. Set address: Set P5-11 to 11 (The first written address)
- 2. Write into data: Set P5-12 to 100 (After writing 100 into address 11 in data array, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.)

Set P5-12 to 200 (After writing 200 into address 12 in data array, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.)

7-10 Revision July, 2018

Set P5-12 to 300 (After writing 300 into address 13 in data array, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically.)

The last step is to read address 11, 12 and 13 and check if the content is the value that just wrote into.

- **B**. Read via panel: Use P5-13 (reading / writing window #2) so as to continuously read the content.
- 1. Set address: Set P5-11 to 11 (The first read address)
- 2. Read the data: When the panel displays P5-13,

Press the **SET** Key for the first time and show the content of address 11. Then, press the **MODE** Key to exit.

Press the **SE**T Key for the second time and show the content of address 12. Then, press the **MODE** Key to exit.

Press the **SET** Key for the second time and show the content of address 13. Then, press the **MODE** Key to exit.

Note: Every time when reading the data via P5-13, the value of P5-11 will increase 1 automatically. Thus the user could continuously read the data.

If reading the data via P5-12, then the value of P5-11 will not change. The user is unable to read the next data automatically.

If users desire to read / write the data array via communication, the operation procedure is similar to panel. Moreover, the function of P5-12 and P5-13 is the same. If users desire to write 6 data, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600 into the address of data array via Modbus communication command 0x10 (continuous writing), the content of the issued command is as the followings:

	Content of Communication Command: Write into Data Array								
			Written	P5-11		P5-12		P5-13	
No.	Command	Start Add.	Amount	Low Word	High Word	Low Word	High Word	Low Word	High Word
		P5-1	6	11	0	100	0	200	0
1	0x10	1	(Word)	•		The first data		The second data	
2	0.40	P5-1	6	13	0	300	0	400	0
	0x10 1		(Word)	The third address		The third data		The fourth data	
2	0v10	P5-1	6	15	0	500	0	600	0
3 0x10		1	(Word)	The fifth address		The fifth data		The sixth data	



NOTE Each axis has its own station number. If the controller desires to communicate with different axis, it should switch the station number which is set by P3-00 through communication.

If users desire to read the value of data array in order to check the previous written content, users can write the desired reading start address into P5-11 via MODBUS communication command 0x06 (write 1 data). The issuing communication command is as the following:

Content of Communication Command: Set the						
	Reading Address of Data Array					
No.	No. Command Start Add. Written Data					
4	4 0x06 P5-11 11					

Then, read the content of specified address by communication command 0x03 (continuous reading). The issuing communication command is as follows:

Content of Communication Command: Read Data Array			Return Data						
No.	Command	Start Add.	Read Amount	Low Word	i-11 High Word	Low Word	i-12 High Word	P5- Low Word	-13 High Word
5	0x03	P5-1 1	6 (Word)	11 Read a	0 address		0 address I1	200 Data addre	
6	0x03	P5-1 1	6 (Word)	13 Read a	0 address		0 address I3	400 Data addre	
7	0x03	P5-1 1	6 (Word)	15 Read a	0 address		0 address I5	600 Data addre	

The return value on the right-hand side of the above table represents the read parameter, P5-11, P5-12 and P5-13, which is also the content of address 11 ~ 16 in data array.



NOTE Each axis has its own station number. If the controller desires to communicate with different axis, it should switch the station number which is set by P3-00 through communication.

7-12 Revision July, 2018

7.3 Description of Motion Axes

The motion axis is an internal counter of the servo drive. It is used for counting the absolute position of the axis (32-bit integer). The following motion axes are included in this servo drive:

Name	of the Axis	Description	Access	Attribute
	in Encoder 5-16)	It represents the absolute feedback position of the motor. The unit is PUU (user unit).	R	Physical Axis
	xiliary coder 5-17)	It is counted by the pulse signal from CN5 and usually connects to the second encoder or linear scale. Its pulse is A/B TYPE.	R/W	Physical Axis
	lse mmand 5-18)	It is counted by the pulse signal from CN1 and usually connects to the pulse command of the controller. The pulse type could be set by P1-00.	R/W	Physical Axis
	pture Axis 5-37)	It is the axis which has CAP function. Its command source could be the above mentioned axis 1 ~ 3, which can write the new value into it and has an offset from the physical axis. Moreover, after capturing the first point, the axis position can be redefined.	R/W	Functional Axis
1	mpare Axis 5-57)	It is the axis which has CMP function. Its command source could be the above mentioned axis 1 ~ 4, which can write the new value into it and has an offset from the physical axis.	R/W	Functional Axis
(Pt	ister Axis 5-86)	It is the master axis of E-Cam. Its command source could be the above mentioned axis 2, 3, 4 and 7, which can write the new value into it and has an offset from the physical axis.	R/W	Functional Axis
	mmand is in PR ode	The command position is from the path generator in PR mode.	R	Virtual Axis
8. Inte	ernal Time is	It is the internal accumulative time counter of the servo drive. The value increases 1 every 1 ms.	R	Virtual Axis
Cal	nchronous pture Axis 5-77)	It is similar to Capture Axis (P5-37); however, it automatically adjusts the incremental pulse between two CAPs to the setting value of P5-78.	R/W	Virtual Axis

Note: Physical Axis: The position value is counted from the actual hardware signal.

Functional Axis: It is the virtual axis which has been processed by the physical. The value might not be the same as the source of physical axis. However, the incremental value is the same as the one in physical axis.

7-13

Name of the Axis	ame of the Axis Description						
Virtual Axis:	Virtual Axis: The axis position comes from the internal firmware of the servo drive. The						
	command axis of PR mode is not instantaneous; therefore, it cannot be						
the command source axis of CAP and CMP function. However, it could							
	be the command source of master axis of E-Cam.						

7.4 Description of PR Mode

PR Procedure: It is the smallest unit of command. Command could be one or many procedures to constitute.

Procedure is triggered by DI.CTRG. POS0 ~ POS5 is used to specify the triggered procedure number.

Procedure is triggered by communication: The triggered procedure number is set by P5-07.

The triggered procedure is completed and will trigger the next one automatically. The procedure number can be set and the delay time between procedures as well. The E-Cam function is provided in PR mode. It can be enabled via PR procedure. After it is disabled, it can return to the specified PR procedure.

7.5 The Position Unit of PR Mode

The position data of PR mode is represented by PUU (Pulse of User Unit). It is also the proportion between the controller position unit and the internal position unit of the servo drive, which is the so-called electronic gear ratio of the servo drive.

- The position unit of the servo drive (pulse): Encoder unit.
 It has 1280000 pulses every revolution (pulse / rev) and is unchangeable.
- User unit (PUU): The unit of the controller.
 If it has P pulse every revolution (PUU / rev), then the gear ratio should be set as:
 GEAR NUM (P1-44) / GEAR DEN(P1-45) = 1280000 / P

7-14 Revision July, 2018

7.6 Description of Register in PR Mode

- 1. Position register of PR mode: All is represented in PUU (Pulse of User Unit).
- 2. Command register (monitor variable 064): Command termination register Cmd_E. It represents the absolute terminal coordinate of position command.
- 3. Command output register (monitor variable001): Cmd_O; it represents the absolute coordinate from the current output command.
- 4. Feedback register (monitor variable000): Fb_PUU; it shows the absolute feedback position of the motor.
- 5. Deviation register (monitor variable002): Err_PUU; it is the deviation between the register from command output and feedback register.
- 6. In PR mode, either in operation or stop status, it satisfies the condition of Err_PUU = Cmd_O Fb_PUU.

Influence brought by position command:

Type of Command	When issuing the command = >	= > When command is executing = >	= > Command is completed
Absolute Positioning Command	Cmd_E = command data (absolute) Cmd_O does not change. DO.CMD_OK is OFF	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O continuously output	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O = Cmd_E DO.CMD_OK is ON
Incremental Positioning Command	Cmd_E+ = command data (incremental) Cmd_O does not change. DO.CMD_OK is OFF	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O continuously output	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O = Cmd_E DO.CMD_OK is ON
Issue the command of DI: STP to stop the command	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O continuously output DO.CMD_OK is unchangeable	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O stops according to the deceleration curve	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O = position after stop DO.CMD_OK is ON
Homing Command	Cmd_E does not change. Cmd_O does not change. DO.CMD_OK is OFF DO.HOME is OFF	Cmd_E continuously output Cmd_O continuously output	Cmd_E = the absolute position of Z Cmd_O = position after stop DO.CMD_OK is ON DO.HOME is ON

Type of Command	When issuing the command = >	= > When command is executing = >	= > Command is completed				
	Cmd_E continuously output						
Speed Command	Cmd_O continuously output means the speed reaches to						
	DO.CMD_OK is OFF						
,	rvo Off-> On or switch the ter into PR mode)	Cmd_O = Cmd_E = current feedback position					
Note: The incremental positioning command is accumulated by command termination Cmd_E. It is neither related to the current position of the motor nor the command time.							

7.7 Description of Homing in PR Mode

The aim of homing is to connect the Z pulse position of the motor encoder to the internal coordinate of the servo drive. The coordinate value of Z pulse can be set by P6-01. After homing, the stop point will not locate at Z pulse position. It is because the motor has to decelerate to stop, the deceleration curve will slightly exceed Z pulse. However, the coordination of Z has been correctly set and will not influence the accuracy of positioning. For example, the coordinate value corresponded by Z pulse is 100, $Cmd_O = 300$ after homing, which means the deceleration distance is 300-100 = 200 (PUU). Since $Cmd_E = 100$ (The absolute position of Z), if desiring to return to Z pulse position, issue the absolute command 100 or incremental command 0 will do. After homing, it can execute PR path automatically so as to move the desired distance. When it is executing homing, the software limit cannot work.

7-16 Revision July, 2018

7.8 DI/DO Provided by PR Mode and Diagrams

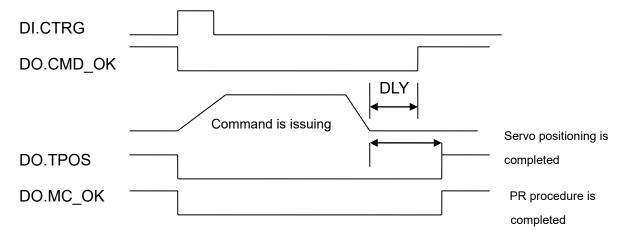
DI signal:

CTRG, SHOM, STP, POS 0 \sim 5, ORG, PL, NL, EV1 \sim 4

DO signal:

CMD OK, MC_OK, TPOS, ALM, CAP_OK, CAM_AREA

System frame:



Description of command triggered method in PR mode:

99 command procedures are in each axis of PR mode. Procedure #0 is homing and the others are the procedures that users can self-define. The command triggered method is concluded as the followings:

	Command Source	Description
Standard trigger	DI.CTRG + POS0 ~ 5	Use DI.POS0 ~ 5 to trigger the desired procedure number. Then, use the rising edge of DI.CTRG to trigger PR command. Application: PC or PLC that issues command via DI Note: It only can trigger the first 64 sets of command procedure.
Functional trigger	DI.STP, SHM	When DI.STP is from OFF → ON, the command stops in half way. When DI.SHM is from OFF → ON, it starts homing.
Event trigger	DI.EV1 ~ 4	The change status of DI.EV1 ~ 4 can be the triggered event. Set the triggered procedure number from OFF → ON by parameter P5-98. Set the triggered procedure number from ON → OFF by parameter P5-99. Application: connect to the sensor and trigger the preset procedure.
Software trigger	P5-07	Directly write the procedure number into P5-07 and trigger command. Both panel and communication (RS-232 / 485 / CANopen) can do. Application: PC or PLC that issues command via communication.
Other	CAP trigger E-CAM disengage trigger	After the capture is completed, procedure #50 can be triggered and activated by the setting value Bit3 of P5-39 X. When E-cam is disengaged and returns to PR mode, the procedure specified by P5-88 BA setting value can be triggered.

7-18 Revision July, 2018

7.9 Parameter Settings in PR Mode

1) Target speed: P5-60 ~ P5-75, 16 PR in total

	15 ~ 0 BIT
W0	TARGET_SPEED: 0.1 ~ 6000.0 (r / min)

2) Acceleration / Deceleration time: P5-20 ~ P5-35, 16 PR in total

	15 ~ 0 BIT
W0	T_ACC / T_DEC : 1 ~ 65500 (msec)

3) Pause time: P5-40 ~ P5-55, 16 PR in total

	15 ~ 0 BIT
W0	IDLE: 0 ~ 32767 (msec)

4) PR parameter: P5-00 ~ P5-09, P6-00 ~ P6-01, 12 DWORD in total.

	32 BIT
P5-00	Reserved
P5-01	Reserved (It is for testing only, do not use)
P5-02	Reserved (It is for testing only, do not use)
P5-03	Deceleration time of auto protection
P5-04	Homing mode
P5-05	1st Speed setting of high speed homing
P5-06	2 nd Speed setting of high speed homing
P5-07	PR command register
P5-08	Forward software limit
P5-09	Reverse software limit
P6-00	Homing setting
P6-01	Origin definition

Note: Path (procedure)

5) PR definition: P6-02 ~ P7-99, (64 BIT), 99 sets of PR in total

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0								TYPE
DW1	DATA (32 bit)							

Each PR has two parameters, the PR function is determined by TYPE. DATA represents position or speed data while the others are the additional information.

6) SPEED, Constant speed control: TYPE = 1

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT	
DW0	-	-	DLY	-	DEC	ACC	OPT	1	
DW1	DATA (32 bit): Target Speed ; Unit is defined by OPT.UNIT								

When this command is executing, the motor accelerates or decelerates from the current speed until it reaches the target speed. After the command is completed, the motor will remain at the same speed and never stop.

OPT:

OPT selection							
7 6 5 4 BIT							
-	UNIT	AUTO	INS				

XDI.STP stop and software limit are acceptable.

INS: When this PR is executing, it will interrupt the previous PR.

AUTO: When the speed reaches the constant speed area, the next PR will be loaded automatically.

UNIT: 0 unit is 0.1 r / min; 1 unit is PPS (Pulse Per Second)

ACC / DEC: 0 ~ F, acceleration / deceleration number (4 BIT)

ACC / DEC (4) Index P5-20 ~ P5-35

SPD: 0 ~ F, target speed number (4 BIT)

SPD (4) Index P5-60 ~ P5-75

DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.

DLY (4) Index P5-40 ~ P5-55

7) PPSITION, Positioning control: (TYPE = 2, PR is completed and stopped), (TYPE = 3, the next PR is executed automatically after the PR is completed)

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT	
DW0	-	-	DLY	SPD	DEC	ACC	OPT	2 or 3	
DW1	DATA (32 bit): target position, Unit: Pulse of User Unit								

OPT:

	OPT Selection							
7 CN	6 MD	5 OVLP	4 BIT IINS	Description				
0	0			Absolute positioning command: Cmd_E = DATA (Note 1)				
1	0			Incremental positioning command: Cmd_E = Cmd_E + DATA (Note 2)				
0	1	-	-	Relative positioning command: Cmd_E = current feedback +DATA (Note 3)				
1	1			CAP positioning command: Cmd_E = CAP position +DATA (Note 4)				

XDI.STP stop and software limit are acceptable.

INS: When this PR is executing, it will interrupt the previous PR

OVLP: It is allowed to overlap the next PR. When overlapping, please set DLY to 0.

CMD: The calculation of the position terminal command (Cmd E) is as the followings:

Note 1: Position terminal command is determined by DATA.

Note 2: Position terminal command is determined by the previous terminal command (Monitor variable 40h) plus DATA.

Note 3: Position terminal command is determined by the current feedback position (Monitor variable 00h) plus DATA.

Note 4: Position terminal command is determined by the position latched by CAP (Monitor variable 2Bh) plus DATA.

8) Multi-axis linear interpolation: TYPE = 4, execute the function of multi-axis linear interpolation.

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT	
DW0	SEL	OVLP	DLY	VSPD	VDEC	VACC	OPT	4	
DW1	DATA (32 bit): Target position, Unit: Pulse of User Unit								

OPT:

	OPT Selection						
7	6	5	4 BIT	Description			
CN	MD	OVLP	AUTO	Description			
0	0			Absolute positioning command: Cmd_E = DATA (Note 5)			
1	0			Incremental positioning command: Cmd_E = Cmd_E + DATA (Note 6)			
0	1	- -	-	Relative positioning command: Cmd_E = current feedback +DATA (Note 7)			
-	-	-		Reserved			

XDI.STP stop and software limit are acceptable.

OVLP: It is allowed to overlap the next PR. When overlapping, please set DLY to 0.

AUTO: Position reached and the next PR is loaded automatically.

CMD: The calculation of the position command termination (Cmd E) is as follows:

Note 5: Position terminal command is determined by DATA.

Note 6: Position terminal command is determined by the previous terminal command (Monitor variable 40h) plus DATA.

Note 7: Position terminal command is determined by the current feedback position (Monitor variable 00h) plus DATA.

VACC / VDEC: 0 ~ F, the number of vector acceleration / deceleration (4 BIT)

VACC / VDEC (4) Index P5-20 ~ P5-35

VSPD: 0 ~ F, the number of target vector speed (4 BIT)

VSPD (4) Index P5-60 ~ P5-75

DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.

DLY (4) Index P5-40 ~ P5-55

OVLP: $0 \sim F$, overlap percentage selection (4 BIT) and the overlap percentage selection of the next PR

Grade	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Percentage	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	10%	0%
Grade	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8
Percentage	100%	90%	80%	75%	70%	65%	55%	50%

7-22 Revision July, 2018

SEL: 0 ~ 3, axis selection

SELECT							
Code	3	2	1	0			
Axis selection	ZX	ZY	YX	ZYX			

- 0: Multi-axis linear interpolation
- 1: XY two-axis linear interpolation
- 2: YZ two-axis linear interpolation
- 3: XZ two-axis linear interpolation

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the first axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the second axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the third axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

Note: 1. When the first axis is triggered, the servo drive will conduct linear interpolation according to DW0 of the first axis; when the second axis is triggered, the servo drive will refer to DW0 of the second axis, and so on.

- 2. Take XY two-axis linear interpolation as example, the common setting is that settings of SEL, OVLP, DLY, VSPD, VDEC, VACC, OPT, and TYPE of X and Y-axis are identical. DW1 of X-axis is set to position command of X-axis and DW1 of Y-axis is set to position command of Y-axis. After setting is completed, PR of X-axis and PR of Y-axis can be triggered to conduct linear interpolation.
- 3. For more flexible applications, users can define the value of DW0 of each axis. Take XY two-axis linear interpolation for example:

To instantly move any of the axes (such as X-axis) when linear interpolation, by setting the incremental position of Y-axis to 0 and triggering X-axis to conduct linear interpolation, X-axis will move according to the settings of OVLP, DLY, VSPD, VDEC, VACC, OPT of X-axis (because incremental position of Y-axis is set to 0. Even though it is part of the interpolation, position of Y-axis remains the same.)

In this condition, users have to know which axis' setting (including OVLP, DLY, VSPD, VDEC, VACC, OPT) is applied to conduct the interpolation and synchronous motion. When PR of X-axis is triggered, the servo drive will conduct interpolation by using the setting of DW0 of X-axis. If PR of Y-axis is triggered, DW0 of Y-axis will be applied to conduct interpolation.

9) FEED RATE setting: TYPE = 5, Feed Rate setting during the process of modifying the motion.

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	-	-	DLY	-	VDEC	VACC	OPT	5
DW1	DATA (32 BIT): FEED RATE, Unit: PPS (Pulse Per Second)							

When executing this command, the Feed Rate of motion vector will be dynamically changed. If the motion vector is processing, the updated vector speed and acceleration / deceleration time will be effective immediately.

OPT:

OPT selection						
7	6	5	4 BIT			
-	-	AUTO	-			

AUTO: When the speed reaches the constant speed area, the next PR will be loaded automatically.

VACC / VDEC: 0 ~ F, the number of vector acceleration / deceleration (4 BIT)

VSPD: 0 ~ F, the number of target vector speed (4 BIT)

DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.

10) Special code: TYPE = 7, jump to the specified PR

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	-	-	DLY	-	FUNC_CODE	-	OPT	7
DW1	PATH_NO (0 ~ 63)							

OPT:

OPT selection							
7	6	5	4 BIT				
-	-	-	INS				

PATH NO: The jump target procedure number

FUNC CODE: Reserved

DLY: The delay time after jump

7-24 Revision July, 2018

11) Special code: TYPE = 8, write the specified parameter

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	-	-	DLY	P_Grp	P_	ldx	OPT	8
DW1	Para_Data							

P_Grp, P_Idx: groups and number of the specified parameter DLY: The delay time after write

OPT:

OPT Selection							
7	6	5	4 BIT				
-	-	AUTO	INS				

Para Data: the written data

Note: 1. Even when the written parameter is retained, the new value will not be written into EEPROM. Too frequent written will not shorten the lifetim of EEPROM.

Note: The aim of writing parameters via PR procedure is for turning ON / OFF or adjusting some functions. (e.g. according to different positioning command to adjust P2-00, Position Loop Gain.) This procedure will continuously repeat during the operation. If the data is all written into EEPROM, it will shorten the lifetime of EEPROM. In addition, if P2-30 is set to 5, the modified parameters (either from panel or communication) will not be saved and is inconvenient to use. Thus, this new function is added.

 If writing parameters fails, alarm AL213 ~ 219 will occur (Refer to Chapter 11 of the manual) and the next PR which is enabled by AUTO function will not be executed.

7-25

12) Multi-axis helical interpolation: TYPE = E, execute the function of multi-axis helical interpolation.

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	SEL	OVLP	DLY	VSPD	VDEC	VACC	OPT	Е
DW1	DATA (32 bit): determined by different axis							

OPT:

	OPT Selection							
7	6	5	4 BIT	Description				
CI	MD	OVLP	AUTO	Description				
0	0			Angle command: starting angle and moving angle (Note 8)				
1	0	_	_	Reserved				
0	1			Reserved				
-	-			Reserved				

XDI.STP stop and software limit are acceptable.

OVLP: It is allowed to overlap the next PR. When overlapping, please set DLY to 0.

AUTO: Position reached and the next PR is loaded automatically.

CMD: The calculation of the position command termination (Cmd E) is as follows:

Note 8: angle command - need to enter the starting angle and moving angle

VACC / VDEC: 0 ~ F, the number of vector acceleration / deceleration (4 BIT)

VACC / VDEC (4)	Index P5-20 ~ P5-35

VSPD: 0 ~ F, the number of target vector speed (4 BIT)



DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.



OVLP: $0 \sim F$, overlap percentage selection (4 BIT) and the overlap percentage selection of the next PR

Grade	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Percentage	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	10%	0%
Grade	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8
Percentage	100%	90%	80%	75%	70%	65%	55%	50%

7-26 Revision July, 2018

SEL: 0 ~ 2, axis selection

SELECT							
Code	2	1	0				
Axis selection	ZX	ZY	YX				

- 0: XY two-axis circular interpolation, Z axis is the height of helix.
- 1: YZ two-axis circular interpolation, X axis is the height of helix.
- 2: XZ two-axis circular interpolation, Y axis is the height of helix.

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the first axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

The source of X command is the radius of arc interpolation. Unit: User unit (Pulse of User Unit)

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the second axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 16 BIT	15 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA2 (16 bit)	DATA1 (16 bit)

The source of Y command is the starting angle of arc and moving angle of arc. Unit: 0.5 degrees. (Note 9)

DATA1 is the setting of arc starting angle. DATA2 is the setting of arc moving angle.

Note 9: The unit of angle is 0.5 degrees, which means the input value is two times of the setting value. For example, if it is set to 90 degrees, the input value will be 180.

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the third axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

The source of X command is the setting of the height of helix. Unit: user unit (Pulse of User Unit)

13) Two-axis circular interpolation: TYPE = F, execute the function of two-axis circular interpolation

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	SEL	OVLP	DLY	VSPD	VDEC	VACC	OPT	F
DW1	DW1 DATA (32 bit): the setting is determined by different axis							

OPT:

	OPT Selection							
7	6	5	4 BIT	Description				
CI	MD	OVLP	AUTO	Description				
0	0			Angle command: starting angle and moving angle (Note 10)				
1	0	_	_	Reserved				
0	1			Reserved				
-	-			Reserved				

XDI.STP stop and software limit are acceptable.

OVLP: It is allowed to overlap the next PR. When overlapping, please set DLY to 0.

AUTO: Position reached and the next PR is loaded automatically.

CMD: The calculation of the position command termination (Cmd E) is as follows:

Note 10: angle command – need to enter the starting angle and moving angle

VACC / VDEC: 0 ~ F, the number of vector acceleration / deceleration (4 BIT)

VSPD: 0 ~ F, the number of target vector speed (4 BIT)

VSPD (4) Index P5-60 ~ P5-75

DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.

DLY (4) Index P5-40 ~ P5-55

OVLP: $0 \sim F$, overlap percentage selection (4 BIT) and the overlap percentage selection of the next PR

Grade	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Percentage	45%	40%	35%	30%	25%	20%	10%	0%
Grade	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8
Percentage	100%	90%	80%	75%	70%	65%	55%	50%

7-28 Revision July, 2018

SEL: 0 ~ 2, axis selection

SELECT							
Code	2	1	0				
Axis selection	ZX	ZY	YX				

- 0: XY, two-axis circular interpolation
- 1: YZ, two-axis circular interpolation
- 2: XZ, two-axis circular interpolation

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the first axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

The source of X command is the radius of arc interpolation. Unit: User unit (Pulse of User Unit)

Command source: P6-02 ~ P7-99 of the second axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

The source of Y command is the starting angle of arc. Unit is 0.5 degrees (Note 11)

Command source: P6-02~P7-99 of the third axis, parameter DW1 (DATA-32 BIT), 99 PR in total.

	31 ~ 0 BIT
DW1	DATA (32 bit)

The source of Z command is the moving angle of arc. Unit is 0.5 degrees (Note 11)

Note 11: The unit of angle is 0.5 degrees, which means the input value is two times of the setting value. For example, if it is set to 90 degrees, the input value will be 180.

14) Homing setting: P6-00 ~ P6-01, (64 BIT) one set of PR.

	31 ~ 28	27 ~ 24	23 ~ 20	19 ~ 16	15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	воот	-	DLY	DEC2	DEC1	ACC	PA	ATH
DW1	ORG_DEF (32 bit)							

PATH: $0 \sim 0x63$, (6 BIT)

00 (Stop): Homing completed and stops

01 ~ 0x63 (Auto): Homing completed and executes the specified PR: 1 ~ 99

Note: PATH (procedure) ACC: Acceleration time

DEC1 / DEC2: The first / second deceleration time

DLY: Delay time

BOOT: Activation mode. When the POWER is ON:

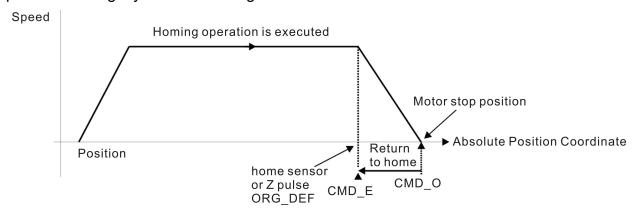
0: will not do homing

1: start homing (Servo ON for the first time)

ORG_DEF: the coordinate value of the origin definition which might not be 0

A. If the motor moves to the origin after completing homing

After finding the origin (Sensor or Z), the motor has to decelerate to stop. The stop position will slightly exceed the origin:



If the motor moves to the origin, then set PATH to the PR with absolute position command and set the DATA of the PR to ORG_DEF.

CMD_O: Command Output Position CMD E: Command End Position

B. Homing does not define the offset value but uses PATH to specify a path as the offset

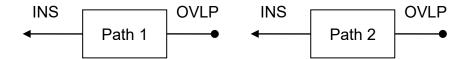
After finding the origin, if the user desires to move a short distance of offset S (the related home Sensor or Z) and set the coordinate to P after moving:

Then do not set PATH to 0, but set ORG_DEF to P-S and the PR absolute position command to P (set incremental position command to S will do as well)

7-30 Revision July, 2018

7.9.1 The Relation between the Previous Path and the Next Path

1) Interrupt (the previous path) and overlap (the next path) can be set in every path



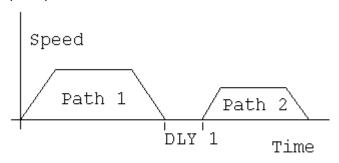
Note: Path (procedure)

2) The priority of interrupt command is higher than overlap

PATH 1	PATH 2	Relation	Output	Note
OVLP = 0	INS = 0	In sequence	DLY 1	PATH 1 / 2 which could be the combination of speed / position
OVLP = 1	INS = 0	Overlap	NO DLY	PATH 2 is SPEED and does not support overlap
OVLP = 0 OVLP = 1	INS = 1	Interrupt	N/A	PATH 1 / 2 which could be the combination of speed / position

7.9.2 Programming the Path in PR Mode

1) Sequence command



Path 1: is AUTO and has set DLY

Path 2: does not set INS

(DLY starts to count after completing

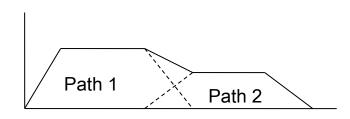
the command)

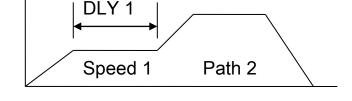
Path 1: speed command and has set DLY

Path 2: position command

(DLY starts to count after completing the command)

2) Overlap



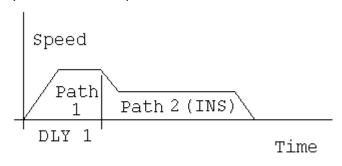


Path 1: has set OVLP but cannot set

DLY

Path 2: does not set INS

3) Internal interrupt



Path 1: AUTO and has set DLY

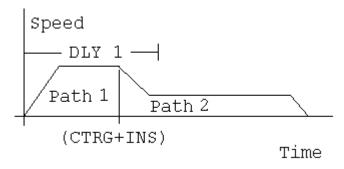
Path 2: has set INS

(DLY is effective to the internal interrupt)

interrupt)

It can be used to pre-constitute complicated Profile

4) External interrupt



Path 1: AUTO or SINGLE

Regardless the setting of DLY

Path 2: has set INS

(DLY is ineffective to the external interrupt)

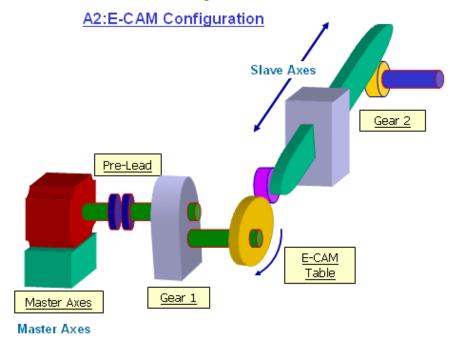
interrupt)

Profile can be changed from external

any time

7.10 The Description of E-Cam Function

E-Cam is a virtual cam which is implemented by software. It includes Master axis and Slave axis. The illustration is as the following:



In PT mode, the position command (slave) is issued by the external pulse input (master). The two is merely the linear scaling relation (its scaling equals to e-gear ratio). However, instead of linear scaling, E-Cam is defined by cyclic curve profile, just like the cam shape. In physical machine cam, slave axis can operate as variable speed motion, alternating motion, intermittent motion, etc by master axis with the constant speed motion. It is very extensive in application. Using E-Cam could have similar effect. The following table describes the differences between E-Cam and Machine Cam.

	Machine Cam	E-Cam
Structure	Return to the original position after rotating a cycle.	It might not return to the original position after rotating a cycle. The structure could be in spiral shape like mosquito coil incense.
Smooth Performance	It is determined by the fineness of the real process.	It is interpolated by cubic curve via software
Position Accuracy	Very precise (when it has no vibration)	The command is very precise, but the actual position might have deviation due to the servo delay.
Long Distance Motion	The longer the slave axis is, the bigger the cam will be. It is not easy to make.	Change the value of the table will do. It is easy to realize.

	Machine Cam	E-Cam
The Necessity of Master Axis	The master axis is necessary.	The master axis is unnecessary when it is applied to constant speed motion. It will do by using the internal signal of the servo drive.
It is inconvenient to change and modify and it is expensive as well.		It will do by re-setting the parameter.
Maintenance	Machine will wear and the maintenance is necessary.	No need to maintain.
Others	The master axis needs space and it consumes energy as well.	Save the space and energy which protects the environment.

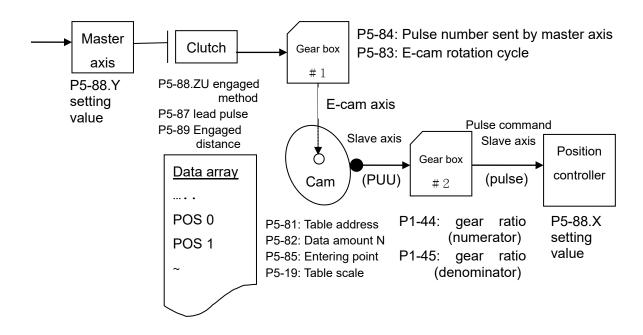
The main feature of E-Cam is as the followings:

Features of E-Cam		
Operation	Operate the E-cam in PR mode only.	
•		
Active the E-Cam	0: disable E-cam function and force to disengage (default).	
Function P5-88.X	enable E-cam function and starts to judge the engaged condition.	
E-cam Status	Stop / Pre-engage / Engage	
	Auxiliary encoder (linear scale)	
	Pulse command	
Source of Master Axis	CAP axis (defined by CAP function)	
Source of Master Axis	PR command	
	Time axis	
	Synchronous capture axis	
	The overlap motion command issued by PR and E-Cam	
	Command of the Servo Drive = E-Cam command + PR	
	command	
	The command will be issued only in Engaged status	
Motion Command of	PR command is effective regardless to the E-Cam status.	
the Servo Drive	Except when E-cam is engaging and the source of master	
	axis is PR command, PR command is 0.	
	When E-Cam is operating, its position still can be adjusted by PR	
	command (incremental command in general).	

7-34 Revision July, 2018

Features of E-Cam		
Data Storage Address of E-Cam table	It is stored in Data array and the start address is set by P5-81.	
Data Size of E-Cam table	 It is set by P5-82. 720 points is the maximum and 5 points is the minimum. 	
Data Format of E-Cam table	32-bit signed value.	
Data Content of E-Cam table	Save the position of slave axis (User unit, PUU)	
The operation of E-Cam position	 The master axis operates by incremental command input. The slave axis issues position command incrementally. The start and the end of E-Cam curve profile could not always be the same. It depends on the value of E-Cam table. The command is interpolated by cubic curve. The torque on each point will be smoothly connected because of quadratic differential operation. 	
DO.CAM_AREA (DO no.= 0x18)	Digital Output (DO): CAM_AREA. If this DO is ON, it means the E-Cam axis is in the setting area.	

E-Cam provided by this servo drive and below is its functional diagram:



■ Master Axis, the description is as follows:

Function	The moving distance of the master axis is the source which	
Tunction	could drive the E-Cam	
	Source selected by P5-88.Y:	
	Auxiliary encoder (linear scale)	
Source of Master	Pulse command	
Axis The Setting	PR command	
Value of P5-88 Y	Time axis	
	Synchronous capture axis	
	CAP axis (defined by CAP function)	
	The position of master axis can be monitored via P5-86. It also	
Position of	can be written before the E-cam engaged. To change this	
Master Axis P5-86	parameter will not influence the position of the slave. It is	
	because the moving distance of master axis remains.	

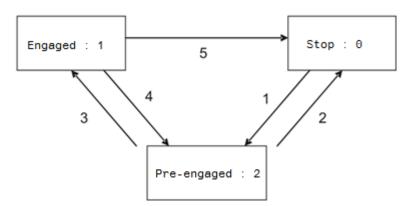
■ Clutch, the description is as follows:

	Function	It is used to determine the status of engaged / disengaged
		between the master axis and gear box # 1.
		The moving distance of the master axis can drive the E-Cam not
		until the cam is engaged.
	Activate E-cam function	0: disable E-cam function (default value). If the cam is engaged,
		the cam will be forced to disengage.
		1: enable E-cam function and starts to judge the engaged
P5-88.X	condition	

7-36 Revision July, 2018

Status can be known via parameter P5-88.S: 0 – Stop; 1 –

Engage; 2 - Pre-engage



Status Description:

- Stop: It is the initial status of the cam. The E-cam will not operate with the master pulse. When E-cam function is disabled (P5-88.X = 0), it returns to this status.
- Pre-engage: When the engaged condition (path 1) is established, it enters this status. The E-cam still will not operate with the master pulse.

E-cam Status

 Engage: When it reaches pre-engaged status (path 3), it enters this status. The E-cam starts to operate with the master pulse.

Path Description:

- Path 1: When the engaged condition is established (P5-88.Z), the status is Stop → Pre-engaged. The lead pulse is determined by P5-87.
- **Path 2**: When the E-cam function is disabled (P5-88.X = 0), it returns to Stop status.
- Path 3 : When it is in pre-engaged status, the status is
 Pre-engaged → Engaged.
- Path 4: When the disengaged condition is established
 (P5-88.U = 4), the status is Engaged →
 Pre-engaged. The lead pulse is determined by P5-92.
- Path 5: When the disengaged condition is established (P5-88.U = 1,2,6), or the E-cam function is disabled (P5-88.X = 0), the status is Engaged → Stop.

			_
		the E-cam is in Stop status, the meth ed (path 1) is as the following:	od of determine
	0: Engaged immediately. If P5-88.X is set to 1, the engaged		
	_	dition is established.	, 0
Engage	1: Whe	en DI.CAM is ON, the E-cam engaged	d.
Condition P5-88.Z	2: Fror	m CAP to engaged: the E-cam engag	ed when CAP
1 0-00.2		tion is enabled. After engaged, it star ance. Since the CAP position is captu	· ·
		good instantaneity and no software d	
	for tl	he operating master axis before enga	nged.
	• In	pre-engaged status, the lead pulse is	s the moving distance
	of	master axis before the E-cam is eng	aged (path 3). Its
	va	llue decreases when input the maste	r pulse. When the
	va	llue is 0, it enters Engaged status.	
	● Er	nter Pre-engaged status via path 1, th	ne lead pulse is
	de	etermined by the value of P5-87.	
	● Er	nter Pre-engaged status via path 4, th	ne lead pulse is
Lead Pulse Monitor		etermined by the value of P5-92.	
Variables		the setting is 0, it means no lead puls	se and will enter
(061)	Er	ngaged status immediately.	
	Symbo	ol +/- represents the direction of le	ad pulse. Please note
		e E-cam will be unable to engage if s	etting the wrong
	direction		
	If setting the wrong direction, the value of monitor variable (061)		
	will increase, which is far from 0 and causes overflow at the end. If it overflows, the E-cam function will be disabled (P5-88.X = 0) and		
		·	,
		cam will be forced to return to Stop st the E-cam is in Engaged status, the r	
		aged is as the following:	notified of determine
	Note: 2, 4 and 6 cannot be selected at the same time		
	U	Disengage Condition	After Disengaged
Disengage		Never disengaged. It will be forced to	(Path 5)
Condition	0	disengage until P5-88.X is set to 0.	Enter Stop Status
P5-88.U	1	DI.CAM is OFF	(Path 5)
		DI.OAWIB OI I	Enter Stop Status
		Master axis receives the pulse	
	2	number which is set by P5-89 and	(Path 5)
	_	stops immediately. (The symbol	Enter Stop Status
		represents the direction)	

7-38 Revision July, 2018

	6	Same as 2, the E-cam starts to decelerate when disengaging. It is suitable for the application of calling the next PR position command right after disengaged.	
	4	Master axis receives the pulse number which is set by P5-89 and stops immediately. (The symbol represents the direction)	(Path 4) Returns to Pre-engage Status The lead pulse is P5-92
	8	Disable the E-cam after disengaging	Set P5-88.X = 0
Auxiliary Selection P5-88.BA	(P5-88	the E-cam disengaged, if it is in the s .U = 2), it returns to Stop status and of ion PR number.	· ·

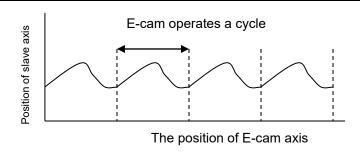
■ Gear #1, the description is as follows:

Function	 Set the relativity of master axis and E-cam axis. e.g. The master axis operates one cycle, the E-cam axis is no need to operates one cycle. 	
	E-cam axis is a virtual axis.	
Description	 The E-cam axis operates one cycle (360 degrees) means the cam operates one cycle and the slave axis operates one cycle. The pulse number is the unit of moving distance of the master axis. Its resolution is determined by the source. 	
Setting Method P5-83: M P5-84: P	 If the pulse number of master axis is P, the E-cam axis operates M cycle. Then, the setting of gear ratio is P5-83 = M, P5-84 = P 	

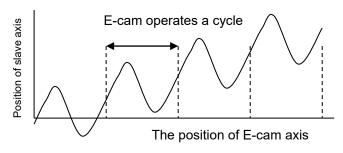
■ Cam, the description is as follows:

Function	 Set the relation between E-cam axis and slave axis and define it in the E-cam table. E-cam axis operates one cycle and the slave axis operates one cycle. 	
Data Storage Address of E-Cam table	Data array, the start address is set by P5-81	
Data Format	32-bit (It has positive and negative, user unit: PUU)	
E-Cam Curve Scaling P5-19 0 ~ + / -32.700	 It is used to magnify (minify) the E-cam shape. It equals to the value of data multiplies P5-19. Switch the symbol, + / - will change the operation direction of slave axis. If P5-19 is set to 0, the E-cam command will not be output 	
Data Size	 (the setting will be 0 for good). It is divided into N parts via P5-82 (>=5) and does not exceed the limit of data array. It means 360 degrees a cycle of E-cam are divided into N areas. Each area is (360 / N) degrees. 	
Data Content	 The position data of slave axis is saved in E-cam table. (User unit: PUU). If E-cam is divided into N areas, the position of each area must be included in the table. It must set N + 1 points in total. It is because the position of the first point (0 degree) and the final point (360 degree) might not be the same. The data of 1.0° and 360° is the same. The data of 2.0° and 360° is different. If: 1. The start and final position is the same, it means after the E-cam operating a cycle, the slave axis returns to the origin position. 	

7-40 Revision July, 2018



2. The start and final position is different, it means after the E-cam operating a cycle, the slave axis does not return to the origin position.



Operation Description

- The slave axis is a virtual axis and the unit of slave position is PUU.
- After the E-cam is engaged, the position of the master is the entering point of P5-85. The position of the slave axis is in the corresponding point to the P5-85 in E-cam table.
- After engaging, if the master does not operate, the slave axis will not operate. If the master operates, the slave will travel according to the E-cam table.
- For one cycle of the chart, the slave axis operates a cycle.
- E-cam axis can operate in forward / reverse direction.
- If the E-cam position is between two points of the E-cam table, the position of the slave axis will be interpolated with cubic curve function. The adjacent curve remains quadratic differential at the point in order to smooth torque. The point amount of the table will not influence the smoothing operation of E-cam.

■ Gear #2, the description is as follows:

Function	 Set the relation between slave axis and pulse command The slave axis operates a cycle, but the pulse command might not operate a cycle. 	
Description	 The slave axis is a virtual axis and the unit of slave position is PUU. The pulse command is the encoder unit (pulse). The resolution is 1280000 pulse / rev. For one cycle of the chart, the slave axis operates a cycle. 	
Setting Method P1-44: numerator P1-45: denominator	 If the pulse number of slave axis is L, the motor axis operates M cycle. Then, the setting of gear ratio is P1-44 / P1-45 = 1280000 x R / L The gear ratio of PT and PR is the same. 	

■ Digital Output of E-cam, the description is as follows:

DO Name and Number	● DO.CAM_AREA (DO no.= 0x18)
Function	 If DO.CAM_AREA is ON, it means the position of E-cam
FullCuon	axis is in the setting range.
When the E-cam	 Set the angle range of DO ON by P5-90 and P5-91.
is engaging	 Please refer to table 1 and 2 below
When the E-cam is disengaging	DO.CAM_AREA is OFF.

Table 1 P5-90 <= P5-91:

E-Cam angle	0°	~	P5-90	~	P5-91	~	360°
DO:CAM_AREA	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

Table 2 P5-90 > P5-91:

E-Cam angle	0°	~	P5-91	~	P5-90	~	360°
DO:CAM_AREA	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON

7-42 Revision July, 2018

7.10.1 Function Description of CAPTURE (Data Capture)

The concept of CAPTURE is to capture the position of motion axis instantaneously by using the external trigger signal DI5. Then save it in data array so as to be used for motion control afterwards. Since CAPTURE is finished by hardware, there is no problem of software delay. It also can accurately capture the high-speed motion axis. The CAPTURE features provided by this servo drive is as follows.

	CAPTURE Features
Pulse Source	 Main encoder of the motor Auxiliary encoder (linear scale) Pulse command The selected axis will be displayed in P5-37, the default value can be written in before capture. Note: When the source of COMPARE is CAP axis, the CAP source cannot be changed.
Trigger signal	Triggered byDI5, the response time is 5 usec. Note: DI5 directly connects to CAPTURE hardware. Thus, regardless the setting value of P2-14 (DI Code), CAPTURE can work. When using CAPTURE, in order to avoid DI error, system will force to disable DI function, which means the setting will be P2-14 = 0x0100 automatically. Since the value is not written into EEPROM, P2-14 will return to the default value after re-power on.
Trigger method	 Edge trigger can select contact A / B It is capable to continuously capture more than one point. It can set the trigger interval. (The interval between this trigger and the next one.)
Data storage position	Data array. The start address is set by P5-36.
Capture number	 It is set via P5-38 and will not exceed the limit of data array.
Capture format	32-bit (It has positive and negative.)
Auxiliary selection	 After capturing the first data, the CAP axis coordinate system will be set to the value the same as P5-76. After capturing the first data, the COMPARE function is enabled automatically. After capturing all points, PR procedure # 50 is triggered automatically.

	CAPTURE Features								
	The default value is OFF.								
	 After capturing the last point, this DO is ON. 								
DO.CAP_OK	Set P5-39.X0 to 1 so as to activate CAPTURE function and								
	this DO is OFF.								
	● If P5-38 = 0, set the value of P5-39 X, Bit0 to 1 will disable the								
	CAPTURE function. Clear the setting value of P5-39 X, Bit0								
Note	to 0 and set DO.CAP_OK to OFF.								
	Since the capture axis is 32-bit wide, the accumulation will								
	cause overflow. Please avoid this.								

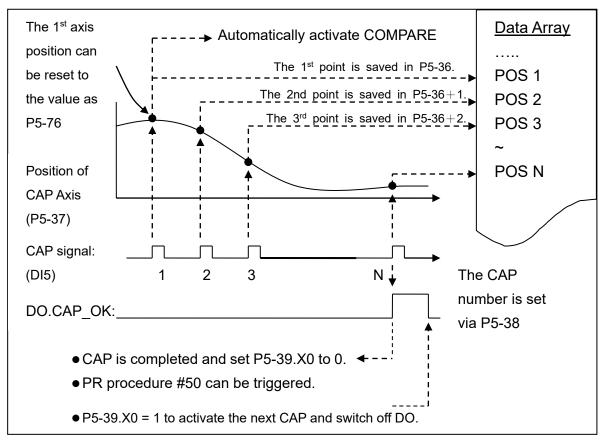
The CAP data is saved in data array and the first CAP data locates in P5-36. The CAP number has no limit, thus it can be set via P5-38. The last CAP data is saved in P5-36 + P5-38 - 1. Set the value of P5-39 X, Bit0 to 1 so as to activate CAP function. Every time when DI5 is triggered, one data will be captured and saved in data array. Then, the value of P5-38 will decrease one automatically until the CAP number reaches the setting value (P5-38 = 0). The CAP procedure is completed, the setting value of P5-39 X, Bit0 will be cleared to 0 and DO.CAP_OK is ON.

When capturing the first data, the position of CAP axis can be reset. The first CAP value will be the value set by P5-76. And the value of the second CAP data will be the incremental value from the first data. This method is called Relative Capture. If not selecting the first data reset, it is called Absolute Capture.

When capturing the first data, it automatically activates COMPARE function, which means the COMPARE function is activated via DI5.

7-44 Revision July, 2018

The diagram of CAP:



7.10.2 Function Description of COMPARE (Data Compare)

The concept of COMPARE is to compare the instant position of motion axis with the value which is saved in data array. Then output DO3 after the COMPARE condition is established for motion control. Since COMPARE is finished by hardware, there is no problem of software delay. It also can accurately compare the high-speed motion axis. The COMPARE features provided by this servo drive is as follows.

	COMPARE Features
Pulse Source	 Main Encoder of the Motor Auxiliary Encoder (linear scale) Pulse Command CAP Axis (set by CAPTURE). When selecting this axis, CAP source cannot be changed. The selected axis is displayed in P5-57. Before compare, the default value can be written in.
Output signal	Output by DO3 and the response time is 5 usec. Note: DO3 directly connects to COMPARE hardware, thus, regardless the setting value of P2-20 (DO Code), the function can work. When using COMPARE, in order to avoid DO error, the system will force to disable DO function, which means the setting will be P2-20 = 0 x 0100 automatically. Since the value is not written into EEPROM, P2-20 will return to the default value after re-power on.
Output Method	 Pulse output can select contact A / B. It is capable to continuously output more than one point. It can set the pulse output time.
Data storage position Compare number	 Data array. The start address is set by P5-56. It is set via P5-58 and will not exceed the limit of data array.
Compare format Compare condition	 32-bit (It has positive and negative.) It will be triggered when the source of compare axis pass through the compare value.
Auxiliary selection	 Cycle mode: When comparing to the last point, it automatically returns to the first point and starts to compare. When the last compare is completed, the CAPTURE function is activated automatically.

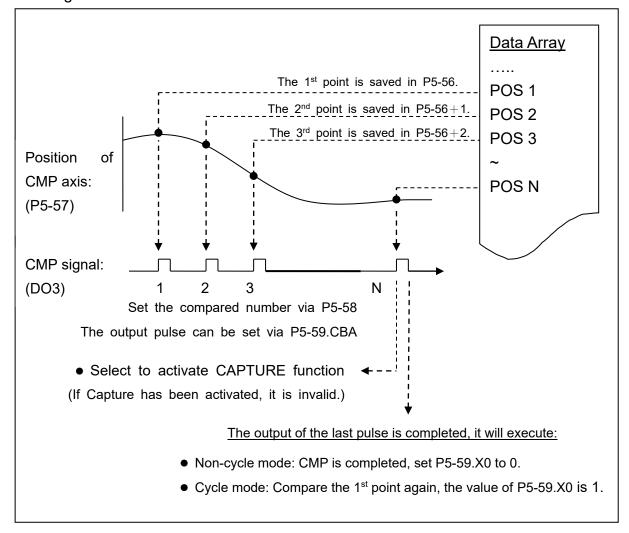
7-46 Revision July, 2018

COMPARE Features								
	•	If P5-58 is set to 0, set the value of P5-59 X, Bit0 to1 will						
Note		be unable to compare. Set the value of P5-59 X, Bit0 to 0.						
Note	•	Since the capture axis is 32-bit wide, the accumulation will						
		cause overflow. Please avoid this.						

The value of COMPARE is saved in data array and the first compare data locates in P5-56. The CMP number has no limit, thus it can be set via P5-58. The last CMP data is saved in P5-56 + P5-58 - 1. Set the value of P5-59 X, Bit0 to 1 so as to activate CMP function and start to compare the first data of data array. Every time when a position saved in data array is compared, the compare DO will be output. Then, the value of P5-58 will decrease one automatically and compare the next value until the CMP number reaches the setting value (P5-58 = 0). When the CMP procedure is completed, the setting value of P5-59 X, Bit0 will be cleared to 0.

When comparing to the last point, it can select if it returns to the first data for comparing. This is called cycle mode. Or it can activate CAPTURE function and wait DI5 for triggering CAP / CMP procedure.

The diagram of COMPARE:



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7-48 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters

8.1 Parameter Definition

Parameters are divided into eight groups which are shown as follows. The first character after the start code P is the group character and the second character is the parameter character.

As for the communication address, it is the combination of group number along with two digit number in hexadecimal. The definition of parameter groups is as the followings:

Group 0: Monitor Parameters	(e.g.: P0-xx)
Group 1: Basic Parameters	(e.g.: P1-xx)
Group 2: Extension Parameters	(e.g.: P2-xx)
Group 3: Communication Parameters	(e.g.: P3-xx)
Group 4: Diagnosis Parameters	(e.g.: P4-xx)
Group 5: Motion Setting Parameters	(e.g.: P5-xx)
Group 6: PR Parameters	(e.g.: P6-xx)
Group 7: PR Parameters	(e.g.: P7-xx)

Control Mode Description:

PT is position control mode. (Input the position command via the terminal block) PR is position control mode. (The internal register issues the position command) S is speed control mode.

T is torque control mode.

Special Symbol Description:

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-power on or off the servo drive, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

8.2 Parameters

		Monitor and General Ou	tput Pa	rame	ter				
					Со	ntro	l Mc	de	Related
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P0-00 ★	VER	Firmware Version	Factory Setting	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P0-01 ■	ALE	Alarm Code Display of Drive (Seven-segment Display)	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	10.1 10.2 10.3
P0-02	STS	Drive Status	01	N/A	0	О	0	0	7.2
P0-03	MON	Analog Output Monitor	1100	N/A	0	0	0	0	6.6.3
P0-08 ★	TSON	Servo on Time	0	Hour					-
P0-09 ★	CM1	Status Monitor Register 1	N/A	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-10★	CM2	Status Monitor Register 2	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-11★	CM3	Status Monitor Register 3	N/A	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-12 ★	CM4	Status Monitor Register 4	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-13★	CM5	Status Monitor Register 5	N/A	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-17	CM1A	Status Monitor Register 1 Selection	0	N/A					-
P0-18	CM2A	Status Monitor Register 2 Selection	0	N/A					-
P0-19	СМЗА	Status Monitor Register 3 Selection	0	N/A					-
P0-20	CM4A	Status Monitor Register 4 Selection	0	N/A					-
P0-21	CM5A	Status Monitor Register 5 Selection	0	N/A					-
P0-25	MAP1	Mapping Parameter # 1	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-26	MAP2	Mapping Parameter # 2	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-27	MAP3	Mapping Parameter # 3	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-28	MAP4	Mapping Parameter # 4	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-29	MAP5	Mapping Parameter # 5	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5

8-2 Revision July, 2018

		Monitor and General Out	put Pa	rame	ter				
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit	Со	ntro	Мс	de	Related
rarameter	Abbi.	FullCliOff	Delault	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P0-30	MAP6	Mapping Parameter # 6	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-31	MAP7	Mapping Parameter # 7	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-32	MAP8	Mapping Parameter # 8	No need to initialize	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-35	MAP1A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-25	0x0	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-36	MAP2A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-26	0x0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-37	MAP3A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-27	0x0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-38	MAP4A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-28	0x0	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-39	MAP5A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-29	0x0	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-40	MAP6A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-30	0x0	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.3.5
P0-41	MAP7A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-31	0x0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-42	MAP8A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-32	0x0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.3.5
P0-46 ★	SVSTS	Servo Digital Output Status Display	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P1-04	MON1	MON1Analog Monitor Output Proportion	100	%(full scale)	0	0	0	0	6.6.3
P1-05	MON2	MON2 Analog Monitor Output Proportion	100	%(full scale)	0	0	0	0	6.6.3

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Filter and Resonance Suppression Parameter **Control Mode** Related Parameter Abbr. Function Default Unit Section PT PR S Т Speed Command Analog SFLT 0 0 P1-06 6.3.3 ms (Low-pass Filter) Torque Analog Command 0 P1-07 TFLT O 6.4.3 ms (Low-pass Filter) Smooth Constant of Position 10 P1-08 **PFLT** Command 0 0 0 6.2.6 ms (Low-pass Filter) Low-frequency Vibration 1000 0.1Hz VSF1 P1-25 0 0 6.2.9 Suppression (1) Low-frequency Vibration 0 VSG1 P1-26 N/A 0 0 6.2.9 Suppression Gain (1) Low-frequency Vibration VSF2 1000 0.1Hz P1-27 0 0 6.2.9 Suppression (2) Low-frequency Vibration P1-28 VSG2 0 N/A 0 0 6.2.9 Suppression Gain (2) Auto Low-frequency Vibration AVSM 0 P1-29 N/A 0 0 6.2.9 Supression Setting Low-frequency Vibration P1-30 VCL 500 Pulse 0 0 6.2.9 Detection Acceleration Constant of P1-34 **TACC** 200 0 ms 6.3.3 S-Curve Deceleration Constant of **TDEC** 200 0 P1-35 ms 6.3.3 S-Curve Acceleration / Deceleration P1-36 TSL 0 0 0 6.3.3 ms Constant of S-Curve Analog Speed Command **MFLT** O P1-59 0 1ms (Moving Filter) **Position Command Moving** P1-68 PFLT2 4 0 0 ms Filter Resonance suppression P2-23 NCF1 1000 0 0 0 0 6.3.7 Hz (Notch filter) (1) Resonance Suppression P2-24 DPH1 (Notch filter) Attenuation Rate 0 dB 0 0 0 0 6.3.7 (1) Resonance Suppression O P2-43 NCF2 1000 Hz 0 0 0 6.3.7 (Notch filter) (2) Suppression Resonance P2-44 DPH2 (Notch filter) Attenuation Rate dB 0 0 0 6.3.7 0 0 Resonance Suppression P2-45 NCF3 1000 Hz 0 0 0 0 6.3.7 (Notch filter) (3) Resonance Suppression (Notch filter) Attenuation Rate P2-46 DPH3 0 dB 0 0 0 0 6.3.7 (3)

8-4 Revision July, 2018

P2-47	ANCF	Auto Resonance Suppression Mode Setting	1	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P2-48	ANCL	Resonance Suppression Detection Level	100	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P2-25	NLP	Low-pass Filter of Resonance Suppression	0.2 or 0.5	1ms	0	0	0	0	6.3.7
P2-49	SJIT	Speed Detection Filter	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	-

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

Gain and Switch Parameter										
Daramatar	م ما ما ۸	Function	Default	Unit	Co	ontro	l Mo	ode	Related	
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Delault	Unit	PT	PR	S	Т	Section	
P2-00	KPP	Position Loop Gain	35	rad/s	0	0			6.2.8	
P2-01	PPR	Switching Rate of Position Loop Gain	100	%	0	0			6.2.8	
P2-02	PFG	Position Feed Forward Gain	50	%	0	0			6.2.8	
P2-03	PFF	Smooth Constant of Position Feed Forward Gain	5	ms	0	0			-	
P2-04	KVP	Speed Loop Gain	500	rad/s	0	0	0	0	6.3.6	
P2-05	SPR	Switching Rate of Speed Loop Gain	100	%	0	0	0	0	-	
P2-06	KVI	Speed Integral Compensation	100	rad/s	0	0	0	0	6.3.6	
P2-07	KVF	Speed Feed Forward Gain	0	%	0	0	0	0	6.3.6	
P2-26	DST	Anti-interference Gain	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	
P2-27	GCC	Gain Switching and Switching Selection	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	-	
P2-28	GUT	Gain Switching Time Constant	10	10 ms	0	0	0	0	-	
P2-29	GPE	Gain Switching	1280000	Pulse Kpps r/min	0	0	0	0	-	
D0.04	A 1 ! T 4	Speed Loop Frequency	0.0	.,					5.6	
P2-31∎	AUT1	Response Setting in Auto and Semi-auto Mode	80	Hz	0	0	0	0	6.3.6	
P2-32▲	AUT2	Tuning Mode Selection	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	5.6	
1 2 02 4	7.012	Tarming Mode Colcollori	<u> </u>	14// (6.3.6	

Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

(★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.

- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**a**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

		Position Control Pa	ramet	er					
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit		ontro PR	ol Mo	de T	Related Section
P1-01•	CTL	Input Setting of Control Mode and Control Command	0	Pulse r/min N-M	0	0	0	0	6.1
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit Setting	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	6.6
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	Torque Command 1 ~ 3 ; Torque Limit 1 ~ 3	100	%	0	0	0	0	6.4.1
P1-46▲	GR3	Pulse Number of Encoder Output	2500	Pulse	0	0	0	0	-
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Setting	rated	r/min	0	0	0	0	-
P2-50	DCLR	Pulse Clear Mode	0	N/A	0	0			-
		External Pulse Command	l (PT mo	ode)					
P1-00▲	PTT	External Pulse Input Type	0x2	N/A	0				6.2.1
P1-44 ▲	GR1	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N1)	128	Pulse	0	0			6.2.5
P1-45▲	GR2	Gear Ratio (Denominator) (M)	10	Pulse	0	0			6.2.5
P2-60 ▲	GR4	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N2)	128	Pulse	0	0			-
P2-61 ▲	GR5	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N3)	128	Pulse	0	0			-
P2-62▲	GR6	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N4)	128	Pulse	0	0			-
		Register Control Comman	d (PR m	node)	'				
P6-02 ~ P7-99	PATH#1 ~ PATH#9 9	Internal Position Command 1 ~ 99	0	N/A		0			7.10
P5-60 ~ P5-75	POV0 ~ POV15	Target Speed Setting #0 ~ 15	20.0 ~ 3000.0	1 r/min		0			7.10
P5-03	PDEC	Deceleration Time of Auto Protection	0XE0EF EEFF	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P5-04	HMOV	Homing Mode	0	N/A		0			-
P5-05	HSPD1	1 st Speed Setting of High Speed Homing	100.0	1 r/min	0	0	0	0	-
P5-06	HSPD2	2 nd Speed Setting of Low Speed Homing	20.0	1 r/min	0	0	0	0	-

8-6 Revision July, 2018

		Position Control Pa	ramet	er					
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Lloit	Co	ontro	l Mc	de	Related
Parameter	Abbi.	FUNCTION	Delault	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P5-07	PRCM	Trigger Position Command (PR mode only)	0	N/A		0			-
P5-20 ~ P5-35	AC0 ~ AC15	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #0 ~ 15)	200 ~ 30	ms		0			7.10
P5-40 ~ P5-55	DLY0 ~ DLY15	Delay Time after Position Completed (Number #0 ~ 15)	0 ~ 5500	ms		0			7.10
P5-98	EVON	Position Command of Event Rising-edge Trigger	0	N/A		0			-
P5-99	EVOF	Position Command of Event Falling-edge Trigger	0	N/A		0			-
P5-15 ■	PMEM	PATH#1 ~ PATH#2 No Data Retained Setting	0x0	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P5-16∎	AXEN	Axis Position - Motor Encoder	0	PUU	0	О	0	0	7.3
P5-17	AXPC	Axis Position - Auxiliary Encoder	N/A	Pulse No.	0	0	0	0	7.3
P5-18	AXAU	Axis Position - Pulse Command	N/A	Pulse No.	0	0	0	0	7.3
P5-08	SWLP	Forward Software Limit	+2 ³¹	PUU		0	0		-
P5-09	SWLN	Reverse Software Limit	-2 ³¹	PUU		0	0		-

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**a**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

	Speed Control Parameter								
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Linit	Co	ontro	l Mc	de	Related
arameter	ADDI.	1 diletion	DCIauli	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P1-01●	CTL	Input Setting of Control Mode and Control Command	0	Pulse r/min N-M	0	0	0	0	6.1
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit Setting	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	6.6
P1-46▲	GR3	Output Pulse Counts Per One Motor Revolution	2500	Pulse	0	0	0	0	-
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated	r/min	0	0	0	0	-

Revision July, 2018

P1-09 ~ P1-11	SP1 ~ 3	Internal Speed Command 1 ~ 3; Internal Speed Limit 1 ~ 3	1000 ~ 3000	0.1 r/min			0	0	6.3.1
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1 ~ 3	Internal Torque Command 1 ~ 3; Internal Torque Limit 1 ~ 3	100	%	0	0	0	0	6.6.2
P1-40 ▲	VCM	Maximum Speed of Analog Speed Command	rated	r/min			0	0	6.3.4
P1-41 ▲	ТСМ	Maximum Output of Analog Torque Speed	100	%	0	0	0	0	-
P1-76	AMSPD	Maximum Rotation Setting of Encoder Setting (OA, OB)	5500	r/min	0	0	0	0	-

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**a**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

	Torque Control Parameter								
Doromotor	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit	Со	ntro	I Мо	de	Related
Parameter	Abbi.	FUNCTION	Delault	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P1-01●	CTL	Input Setting of Control Mode and Control Command	0	Pulse r/min N-M	0	0	0	0	6.1
P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque Limit Setting	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	6.6
P1-46 ▲	GR3	Output Pulse Counts Per One Motor Revolution	2500	Pulse	0	0	0	0	-
P1-55	MSPD	Maximum Speed Limit	rated	r/min	0	0	0	0	-
P1-09 ~ P1-11	SP1~3	Internal Speed Command 1 ~ 3; Internal Speed Limit 1 ~ 3	100 ~ 300	r/min			0	0	6.6.1
P1-12 ~ P1-14	TQ1~3	Internal Torque Command 1 ~ 3; Internal Torque Limit 1 ~ 3	100	%	0	0	0	0	6.4.1
P1-40 ▲	VCM	Maximum Speed of Analog Speed Command	rated	r/min			0	0	-
P1-41 ▲	TCM	Maximum Output of Analog Torque Limit	100	%	0	0	0	0	6.4.4

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.

8-8 Revision July, 2018

- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

Plann	ing of D	igital Input / Output Pin ar	nd Out	put S	etti	ing	Par	am	eter
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit	Co	ontro	l Mc	de	Related
1 didifictor	ADDI.	1 dilotion	Delauit	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P2-09	DRT	DI Debouncing Time	2	2ms	0	0	0	0	-
P2-10	DI1	DI1 Functional Planning	N101	N/A	0	О	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-11	DI2	DI2 Functional Planning	N104	N/A	0	0	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-12	DI3	DI3 Functional Planning	N116	N/A	0	О	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-13	DI4	DI4 Functional Planning	N117	N/A	0	О	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-14	DI5	DI5 Functional Planning	N102	N/A	0	0	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-15	DI6	DI6 Functional Planning	N021	N/A	0	0	0	0	Table 8.1
P2-18	DO1	DO1 Functional Planning	N101	N/A	0	О	0	0	Table 8.2
P2-19	DO2	DO2 Functional Planning	N103	N/A	0	0	0	0	Table 8.2
P2-20	DO3	DO3 Functional Planning	N007	N/A	0	О	0	0	Table 8.2
P1-38	ZSPD	Zero Speed Range Setting	10.0	1 r/min	0	О	0	0	Table 8.2
P1-39	SSPD	Target Motor Detection Level	3000	r/min	0	0	0	0	Table 8.2
P1-42	MBT1	Enable Delay Time of Mechancial Brake	0	ms	0	О	0	0	6.5.5
P1-43	MBT2	Disable Delay Time of Mechancial Brake	0	ms	0	О	0	0	6.5.5
P1-47	SPOK	Speed Reached (DO.SP_OK) Range	10	r/min			0		-
P1-54	PER	Position Completed Range	12800	Pulse	0	0			-
P1-56	OVW	Output Overload Warning Level	120	%	0	0	0	0	-

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.

Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.
- (N) Axial code: Symbol N in default setting is 1~3 which means the value is in accordance with the displayed default value. For example, the display of P2-10 will show 1101 when selecting X axis, 2101 when selecting Y axis and 3101 when selecting Z.

	Communication Parameter								
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Lloit	Сс	ntro	l Mo	de	Related
rarameter	ADDI.	FUHCUOH	Delauit	Offic	PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P3-00●	ADR	Address Setting	0x7C	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-01	BRT	Transmission Speed	0x0203	bps	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-02	PTL	Communication Protocol	6	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-03	FLT	Communication Error Disposal	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-04	CWD	Communication Timeout	0	sec	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-05	CMM	Communication Mechanism	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-06∎	SDI	Control Switch of Digital Input (DI)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-07	CDT	Communication Response Delay Time	0	1ms	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-08 ■	MNS	Monitor Mode	0000	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2
P3-09	SYC	CANopen Synchronize Setting	0x57A1	N/A	0	0	0	0	9.2

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

	Diagnosis Parameter								
Parameter	arameter Abbr. Function Default	Unit		ntro			Related		
					PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P4-00★	ASH1	Fault Record (N)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.4.1
P4-01★	ASH2	Fault Record (N-1)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.4.1
P4-02★	ASH3	Fault Record (N-2)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.4.1
P4-03★	ASH4	Fault Record (N-3)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.4.1
P4-04★	ASH5	Fault Record (N-4)	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	4.4.1
P4-05	JOG	Servo Motor Jog Control	20	r/min	0	0	0	0	4.4.2

8-10 Revision July, 2018

		Diagnosis Paran	neter						
Parameter	Abbr.	Function	Default	Unit	Со	ntro			Related
					PT	PR	S	Т	Section
P4-06▲■	FOT	Digital Output Register (Readable and Writable)	0	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.4.3
P4-07	ITST	Multi-function of Digital Input	0	N/A	0	0	О	0	4.4.4
P4-08★	PKEY	Input Status of the Drive Keypad (Read-only)	N/A	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-09★	MOT	Digital Output Status (Read-only)	N/A	N/A	0	О	0	0	4.4.5
P4-10 ■	CEN	Adjustment Selection	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P4-11	SOF1	Analog Speed Input Offset Adjustment 1	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-12	SOF2	Analog Speed Input Offset Adjustment 2	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-13	TOF1	Analog Torque Input Offset Adjustment 1	Factory Setting	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P4-14	TOF2	Analog Torque Input Offset Adjustment 2	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-15	COF1	Current Detector (V1 Phase) Offset Adjustment	Factory Setting	N/A	0	0	0	0	-
P4-16	COF2	Current Detector (V2 Phase) Offset Adjustment	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-17	COF3	Current Detector (W1 Phase) Offset Adjustment	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-18	COF4	Current Detector (W2 Phase) Offset Adjustment	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-19	TIGB	IGBT NTC Adjustment Detection Level (cannot reset)	Factory Setting	N/A	0	О	0	0	-
P4-20	DOF1	Offset Adjustment Value of Analog Monitor Output (Ch1)	0	mV	0	Ο	0	0	6.6.3
P4-21	DOF2	Offset Adjustment Value of Analog Monitor Output (Ch2)	0	mV	0	О	0	0	6.6.3
P4-22	SAO	Analog Speed Input OFFSET	0	mV			0		-
P4-23	TAO	Analog Torque Input OFFSET	0	mV				0	-

- (★) Read-only register, can only read the status. For example: parameter P0-00, P0-10 and P4-00, etc.
- (▲) Setting is unable when Servo On, e.g. parameter P1-00, P1-46 and P2-33, etc.
- (•) Not effective until re-turning on or off, e.g. parameter P1-01 and P3-00.
- (**■**) Parameters of no data retained setting, e.g. parameter P2-30 and P3-06.

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

8.3 Parameter Description

P0-xx Monitor Parameters

P0-00★	VER	Firmware Version		Address: 0000H 0001H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three a	axes	Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	Factory Setting		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	-		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: This parameter shows the firmware version of the servo drive.

P0-01 ■	ALE	Alarm Code D (Seven-segment Dis	• •	Address: 0002H 0003H
	Parameter			Related Section:
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Section 10.1	
	Operational	<u></u>		Section 10.2
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	Section 10.3
	Default :	-		
	Control	A. I.		
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	It only can be set to (Same as DI.ARST).	0 to clear the alarm	
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		
		Have de sins al famos etc	-1:1	_1 _

Settings: Hexadecimal format: displays the alarm code

8-12 Revision July, 2018

Alarm of Servo Drive

001 : Over current002 : Over voltage

003: Under voltage (In default setting, the alarm occurs only when the voltage is not enough in Servo ON status; In Servo ON status, when it applies to power R, S, T, the alarm still will not be cleared. Please refer to P2-66.)

004 : Motor combination error (The drive corresponds to the wrong motor)

005 : Regeneration error

006 : Over load007 : Over speed

Chapter 8 Parameters

008 : Abnormal pulse command

009: Excessive deviation of position command

011 : Encoder error (The servo drive cannot connect to the encoder because of disconnection or abnormal wiring)

012 : Adjustment error

013: Emergency stop

014: Reverse limit error

015: Forward limit error

016: IGBT overheat

017: Abnormal EEPROM

018: Abnormal signal output

019 : Serial communication error

020 : Serial communication time out

021: Reserved

022 : Main circuit power lack phase

023 : Early warning for overload

024 : Encoder initial magnetic field error (The magnetic field of the encoder U,V, W signal is in error)

025 : The internal of the encoder is in error. (The internal memory of the encoder and the internal counter are in error)

026: Unreliable internal data of the encoder

027: Encoder reset error

028: The internal of the motor is in error

029: The internal of the motor is in error

030: Motor crash error

031 : Incorrect wiring of the motor power line U, V, W (Incorrect wiring of the motor power line U, V, W, GND)

040 : Excessive deviation of full closed-loop position control

041: Communication of linear scale is breakdown

081: Excessive deviation between two axes of the gantry

082 : Abnormal gantry selection

099: DSP firmware upgrade

8-14 Revision July, 2018

Alarm of CANopen Communication

111: CANopen SDO receives buffer overflow

112 : CANopen PDO receives buffer overflow

121: Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

122 : Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

123 : Data size error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

124 : Data range error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

125 : CANopen PDO mapping object is read-only and write-protected.

126 : CANopen PDO mapping object is not allowed in PDO

127 : CANopen PDO mapping object is write-protected when Servo ON

128 : Error occurs when reading CANopen PDO mapping object via EEPROM

129: Error occurs when writing CANopen PDO mapping object via EEPROM

130 : The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen PDO mapping object

131 : CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen PDO mapping object

132 : Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen PDO mapping object

185: Abnormal CAN Bus hardware

Alarm of Motion Control

201 : An error occurs when loading CANopen data

213 ~ 219 : An error occurs when writing parameter via PR procedure. Please refer to Chapter 10 of the manual for further information.

235 : PR command overflows

245 : PR positioning is over time

249: The number of PR command exceeds the range

261: Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object

263 : Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object

265 : Data size error occurs when accessing CANopen object

267: Data range error occurs when accessing CANopen

269 : CANopen object is read-only and write-protected

26b : CANopen object is not allowed in PDO

26d: CANopen object is write-protected when Servo ON

26F: Error occurs when reading CANopen object via EEPROM

271 : Error occurs when writing CANopen object via EEPROM

273 : The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen object

275 : CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen object

277: Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen object

283: Forward software limit

285 : Reverse software limit

289 : Feedback position counter overflows

301 : CANopen fails to synchronize

302: The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too fast

303: The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too slow

304 : CANopen IP command is failed

305 : SYNC Period is in error

380 : Position Deviation Alarm of DO.MC_OK. Please refer to parameter P1-48.

P0-02

STS	Drive Status		Address: 0004H 0005H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: Section 7.2
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	01		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	00 ~ 127		

8-16 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	
Format :	

Settings: 00: Motor feedback pulse number (after the scaling of electronic gear ratio) [PUU]

01 : Input pulse number of pulse command (after the scaling of electronic gear ratio) [PUU]

02 : Deviation between control command pulse and feedback pulse number[PUU]

03 : The number of motor feedback pulse [Encoder unit, 1,280,000 Pulse/rev]

04 : Input pulse number of pulse command (before the scaling of electronic gear ratio) [Encoder unit, 1,280,000 Pulse/rev]

05 : Deivation pulse number (before the scaling of electronic gear ratio) [Encoder unit, 1,280,000 Pulse/rev]

06: The frequency of pulse command input [Kpps]

07: Motor speed [r/min]

08 : Speed command input [Volt]

09 : Speed command input [r/min]

10 : Torque command input [Volt]

11: Torque command input [%]

12 : Average torque [%]

13 : Peak torque [%]

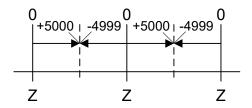
14 : Main circuit voltage (BUS voltage)[Volt]

15 : Load/motor inertia ratio [0.1times]

16 : IGBT temperature

17 : The frequency of resonance suppression

18 : The distance from the current position to Z. The range of the value is between -5000 and +5000.



The interval of the two Z-phase pulse command if 10000 Pulse.

19 : Mapping Parameter #1 : P0-25

20 : Mapping Parameter #2 : P0-26

21: Mapping Parameter #3: P0-27

22 : Mapping Parameter #4 : P0-28

23 : Monitor Variable #1 : P0-09

24 : Monitor Variable #2 : P0-10

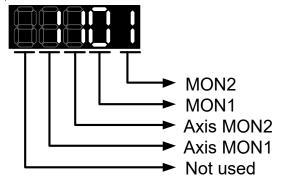
25 : Monitor Variable #3 : P0-11

26 : Monitor Variable #4 : P0-12

P0-03

MON	Analog Output Monitor		Address: 0006H 0007H	
Parameter			Related	
Attribute :			Section 6.6.3	
Operational	Panel / Software	Communicaiton		
Interface :				
Default :	1100			
Control			- 	
Mode:	ALL			
Unit:	-			
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x3377			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	HEX			

Settings:



8-18 Revision July, 2018

MON1, MON2 Setting Value	Description		
0	Motor speed (+/-8 Volts/Max. speed)		
1	Motor torque (+/-8 Volts/Max. torque)		
2	Pulse command frequency (+8 Volts / 4.5Mpps)		
3	Speed command (+/-8 Volts/Max. speed command)		
4	Torque command (+/-8 Volts/Max. torque command)		
5	VBUS voltage (+/-8 Volts / 450V)		
6	Reserved		
7	Reserved		
MON1 axis selection		Description	
1		MON1 is from X axis	
2		MON1 is from Y axis	
3		MON1 is from Z axis	

MON2 axis selection	Description
1	MON2 is from X axis
2	MON2 is from Y axis
3	MON2 is from Y axis



NOTE Please refer to parameter P1-04, P1-05 for proportional setting of analog output voltage.

> For example: P0-03 = 1101 (MON1 is the analog output of motor speed in X axis; MON2 is the analog output of motor torque

in X axis.)

MON1 output voltage = 8
$$\times \frac{\text{Motor speed}}{(\text{Max. speed } \times \frac{P_{1}-04}{100})}$$
 (unit: Volts)

MON2 output voltage = 8
$$\times \frac{\text{Motor torque}}{(\text{Max. torque} \times \frac{P_1 - 05}{100})}$$
 (unit: Volts)

Address: 0008H P0-04**■** Reserved 0009H

8-19 Revision July, 2018

P0-05 ■	Reserved			Address: 000AH 000BH
P0-06 ■	Reserved			Address: 000CH 000DH
P0-07 ■	Reserved		Address: 000EH 000FH	
P0-08★	TSON	Power On Time		Address: 0010H 0011H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode:	-		
	Unit :	Hour		
	Range :	0 ~ 65535		
	Data Size :	16bit		

Settings: It shows the total startup time of the servo drive.

Format : DEC

P0-09★	CM1	Status Monitor Register 1		Address: 0012H 0013H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communicaiton	
	Default :	ALL - -		
	Control Mode:			
	Unit:			
	Range :			
	Data Size :			
	Format :	DEC		

8-20 Revision July, 2018

Settings: The setting value which is set by P0-17 should be monitored via P0-09. (Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.)

> For example, if P0-17 is set to 3, when accessing P0-09, it obtains the total feedback pulse number of motor encoder. For MODBUS communication, two 16bit data, 0012H and 0013H will

> be read as a 32bit data; (0013H: 0012H) = (Hi-word: Low-word).

Set P0-02 to 23, the panel displays **VAR-1** first, and then shows the content of P0-09.

P0-107	7
--------	---

CM2	Status Monitor Register 2		Address: 0014H 0015H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communicaiton	
Default :	-		
Control	ALL		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Date Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The setting value which is set by P0-18 should be monitored via P0-10. (Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.) Set P0-02 to 24, the panel displays **VAR-2** first, and then shows the content of P0-10.

7	СМЗ	Status Monitor Register 3		Address: 0016H 0017H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for indivi	arameter for individual axis	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communicaiton	
	Default :	-		
	Control Mode :	ALL		

8-21 Revision July, 2018

Unit:	-
Range :	-
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

Settings:

The setting value which is set by P0-19 should be monitored via P0-11. (Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.) Set P0-02 to 25, the panel displays **VAR-3** first, and then shows the content of P0-11.

P0-12★	CM4	Status Monitor Register 4		Address: 0018H 0019H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	-		
	Control Mode:	-		
	Unit:			
	Range :			
	Data Size :			
	Format :	DEC		

Settings:

The setting value which is set by P0-20 should be monitored via P0-12. (Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.) Set P0-02 to 26, the panel displays **VAR-4** first, and then shows the content of P0-12.

P0-13★	CM5	Status Monitor Register 5		Address: 001AH 001BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	-		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit:	-		

8-22 Revision July, 2018

Range :	-
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: The setting value which is set by P0-21 should be monitored via

P0-13. (Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor

Variable for the setting value.)

P0-14	Reserved	Address: 001CH 001DH
P0-15	Reserved	Address: 001EH 001FH

P0-16 Reserved Address: 0020H 0021H

P0-17	CM1A	Status Monitor Register 1 Selection		Address: 0022H 0023H
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Attribute :			
	Operational	,		
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communicaiton	

Interface :	Panel / Software	Communicaiton
Default :	0	
Control		
Mode:	-	
Unit:	-	
Range :	0 ~ 127	
Data Size :	16bit	

Settings: Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.

For example:

DEC

Format:

If P0-17 is set to 07, then reading P0-09 means reading \lceil Motor speed (r/min) \rfloor .

3	CM2A	Status Monitor Register 2 Selection		Address: 0024H 0025H
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
	Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	- - 0 ~ 127		
	Control			
	Mode:			
	Unit:			
	Range :			
	Data Size :			
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.

P0-19	СМЗА	Status Monitor Register 3 Selection		Address: 0026H 0027H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control			
	Mode:	-		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 127		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.

P0-20	CM4A	Status Monitor Register 4 Selection		Address: 0028H 0029H
	Parameter			Related Section: -
	Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		
	Operational			
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	: 0		

8-24 Revision July, 2018

Control	
Mode:	_
Unit:	-
Range :	0 ~ 127
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings : Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.

P0-21	CM5A	Status Monitor Register 5 Selection		Address: 002AH 002BH
	Parameter			Related Section: -
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
	Operational	DI / O-#	0	
	Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control			
	Mode:	-		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 127		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to Chapter 7.2.1, Description of Monitor Variable for the setting value.

	3	
P0-22	Reserved	Address: 002CH
PU-22		002DH
D0 00	Reserved	Address: 002EH
P0-23		002FH
D0 04	D J	Address: 0030H
P0-24	Reserved	0031H

DN	9 E	ı
П.	<i>1</i> 74°	1

MAP1	Mapping Parameter # 1		Address: 0032H 0033H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	arameter for individual axis	
Attribute:			Section 4.3.5
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface:	aner/ Sollware	Communication	
Default :	No need to initialize	No need to initialize	
Control		ALL -	
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-35		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:

Users can rapidly continuously read and write parameters that are not in the same group. The content of parameter that is specified by P0-35 will be shown in P0-25.

Please refer to the description of P0-35 for parameter setting.

P0-26

	MAP2	Mapping Parameter # 2		Address: 0034H 0035H
_	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	No need to initialize		
	Control			
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-36		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-36.

8-26 Revision July, 2018

•	0_27
т.	V-41

MAP3	Mapping Parameter # 3		Address: 0036H 0037H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section:
Attribute:	arameter for marvia	adi dilio	Section 4.3.5
Operational	Denal / Coffware	Campaniantian	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	No need to initialize		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:			
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-37		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-37.

P0-28

MAP4	Mapping Parameter # 4		Address: 0038H 0039H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	No need to initialize		
Control	ALL		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-38		
Date Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-38.

MAP5	Mapping Parameter # 5		Address: 003AH 003BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		- Jection 4.3.3
Default :	No need to initialize		
Control	ALL		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-39		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-39.

P0-30

MAP6	Mapping Parameter # 6		Address: 003CH 003DH
Parameter Attribute:	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	No need to initialize		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-40		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-40.

8-28 Revision July, 2018

MAP7	Mapping Parameter	#7	Address: 003EH 003FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	No need to initialize		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-41		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-41.

P0-32	MAP8	Mapping Parameter # 8		Address: 0040H 0041H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	No need to initialize		
	Control	Λ.Ι.Ι.		
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	determined by the corresponding parameter of P0-42		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		

Settings: The using method is the same as P0-25. The mapping target is set by parameter P0-42.

P0-33	Reserved	Address: 0042H 0043H
P0-34	Reserved	Address: 0044H 0045H

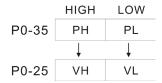
MAP1A	Target Setting of I P0-25	Mapping Parameter	Address: 0046H 0047H	
Parameter	D			
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 4.3.5	
Operational	D 1/0 %			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0x0			
Control	A. I.			
Mode:	ALL			
Unit:	-			
Range :	determined by the co address of the param			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	HEX			

Settings:

Select the data block to access the parameter corresponded by register 1.

The mapping content is 32 bits wide and can map to two 16-bit parameters or one 32-bit parameter.

P0-35:



Mapping parameter: P0-35; Mapping content: P0-25.

When PH≠PL, it means the content of P0-25 includes two 16-bit parameters.

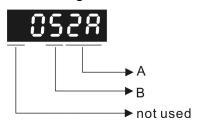
Mapping parameter: P0-35; Mapping content: P0-25.

8-30 Revision July, 2018

When PH=PL=P, it means the content of P0-25 includes one 32-bit parameter.

If P=060Ah (parameter P6-10), then V32 is P6-10.

The setting format of PH, PL is:



A: The hexadecimal of parameter indexing

B: The hexadecimal of parameter group

For example:

If the mapping target is P2-06, set P0-35 to 0206.

If the mapping target is P5-42, set P0-35 to 052A.

For example:

If users desire to read / write P1-44 (32bit) through P0-25, set P0-35 to 0x012C012C via panel or communication. Then, when reading / writing P0-25, it also reads / writes P1-44.

Moreover, users can also access the value of P2-02 and P2-04 through P0-25.

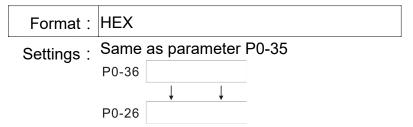
P2-02 Position feed forward gain (16bit)

P2-04 Speed control gin (16bit)

Users only need to set P0-35 to 0x02040202. Then, when reading / writing P0-25, it also reads / writes the value of P2-02 and P2-04.

P0-36

MAP2A	Target Setting of Ma P0-26	apping Parameter	Address: 0048H 0049H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the communication address of the parameter group		
Data Size :	32bit		



МАР3А	Target Setting of Mapp P0-27	Address: 004AH 004BH	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Co	ommunication	
Default :	0x0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	determined by the commaddress of the parameter		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Same as parameter P0- P0-37	35	

P0-38	MAP4A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-28		Address: 004CH 004DH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	determined by the communication address of the parameter group		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		

P0-27

8-32 Revision July, 2018

Settings : Same as parameter P0-35

P0-29

P0-28

P0-39

MAP5A	Target Setting of Ma P0-29	Address: 004EH 004FH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0		
Control	ALL		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	determined by the co address of the param	_	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings:	Same as parameter F	P0-35	

P0-40

MAP6A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-30		Address: 0050H 0051H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0x0			
Control Mode :	ALL			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	determined by the communication address of the parameter group			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	HEX	······································		

Address: 0054H

0055H

Settings : Same as parameter P0-35

P0-30

P0-41

P0-42

MAP8A

Data Size: 32bit

Format : HEX

MAP7A	Target Setting of Mapping Parameter P0-31		Address: 0052H 0053H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication			
Default :	0x0			
Control Mode :	ALL			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	determined by the communication address of the parameter group			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	HEX	HEX		

Settings: Same as parameter P0-35

P0-32

P0-41		
		
P0-31		

Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
Operationa Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	determined by the co address of the param		

Target Setting of Mapping Parameter

8-34 Revision July, 2018

Settings: Same as parameter P0-35
P0-42

P0-32

P0-43	Reserved	Address: 0056H
PU-43	Reserved	0057H

Status Monitor Register (for PC Address: 0058H P0-44★ **PCMN** software) 0059H Parameter Related Section: Parameter for individual axis Section 4.3.5 Attribute: Operational Panel / Software Communication Interface: Default: 0x0 Control

Unite: Range: determined by the communication address of the parameter group

Data Size: 32bit

Format: DEC

Settings: Same as parameter P0-09

ALL

Mode:

P0-45 ■		Status Monitor Register Selection (for PC software)		Address: 005AH 005BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.3.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	0~127		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Same as parameter P0-17

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SVSTS	Servo Digital Outpu	Address: 005CH 005DH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00 ~ 0xFF		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX	HEX	

Settings: Bit0: SRDY (Servo is ready)

Bit1: SON (Servo ON)

Bit2: ZSPD (Zero speed detection)
Bit3: TSPD (Target speed reached)
Bit4: TPOS (Target position reached)

Bit5: TQL (Torque limit)
Bit6: ALRM (Servo alarm)

Bit7: BRKR (Mechancial control output)

Bit8: HOME (Homing finished)

Bit9: OLW (Early warning for overload)

Bit10: WARN (When Servo warning, EMGS, under voltage, communication error, etc, occurs, DO is ON)

Bit11: Reserved Bit12: Reserved Bit13: Reserved Bit14: Reserved Bit15: Reserved

P0-47

Reserved Address: 005EH

005FH

P0-48

Reserved

Address: 0060H 0061H

8-36 Revision July, 2018

P0-49 Reserved	Address: 0062H 0063H
P0-50 Reserved	Address: 0064H 0065H
P0-51 Reserved	Address: 0066H 0067H
P0-52 Reserved	Address: 0068H 0069H
P0-53 Reserved	Address: 006AH 006BH
P0-54 Reserved	Address: 006CH 006DH
P0-55 Reserved	Address: 006EH 006FH
P0-56 Reserved	Address: 0070H 0071H
P0-57 Reserved	Address: 0072H 0073H

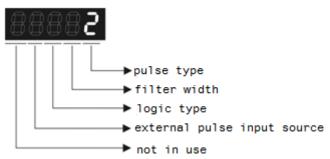
Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P1-xx Basic Parameters

P1-00 ▲

PTT	The Type of Externa	Address: 0100H 0101H	
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	er for individual axis Section 6.2.1	
Operational	DI / O-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x2		
Control			
Mode:	PT		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x1142		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:



- Pulse Type
 - 0: AB phase pulse (4x)
 - 1: Clockwise (CW) and Counterclockwise (CCW) pulse
 - 2: Pulse + symbol

Other setting: reserved

8-38 Revision July, 2018

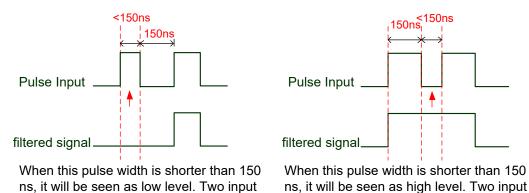
Filter Width

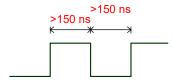
pulse will be seen as one.

If the received frequency is much higher than the setting, it will be regarded as the noise and filtered out.

Setting Value	Min. pulse width (Low-speed filter frequency*note1)	Setting Value	Min. pulse width (High-speed filter frequency*note1)
0	600 ns (0.83Mpps)	0	150 ns (3.33Mpps)
1	2.4 us (208Kpps)	1	600 ns (0.83Mpps)
2	4.8 us (104Kpps)	2	1.2 us (416Kpps)
3	9.6 us (52Kpps)	3	2.4 us (208Kpps)
4	No filter function	4	No filter function

When the source of external pulse is from the high-speed differential signal and the setting value is 0 (the high-speed filter frequency is 3.33Mpps at the moment), then:





When High, Low duty of the pulse width are longer than 150 ns, it can ensure the pulse command will not be filtered.

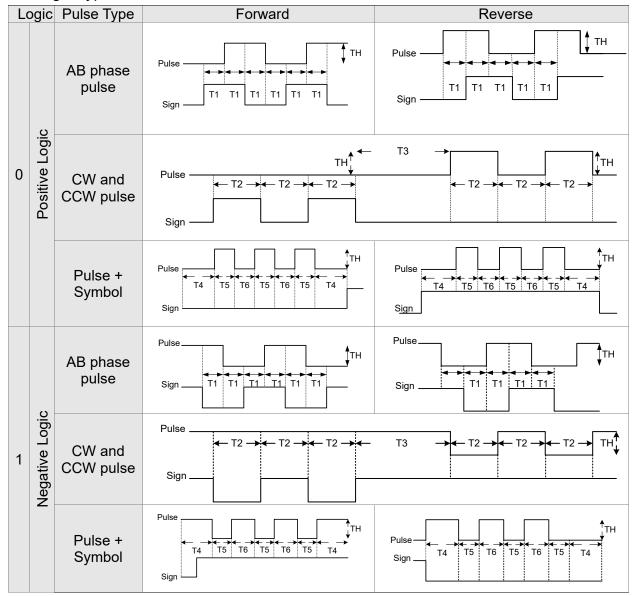
pulse will be seen as one.

If the user uses 2~4MHz input pulse, it is suggested to set the filter value to 4.

Note: When the signal is the high-speed pulse specification of 4 Mpps and the settings value of the filter is 4, then pulse will not be filtered.

8-39 Revision July, 2018

Logic Type



Pulse		Max. Input	Minimum time width					
Specifi	cation	Frequency	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
High-speed pulse	Differential Signal	4Mpps	62.5ns	125ns	250ns	200ns	125ns	125ns
Low-speed	Differential Signal	500Kpps	0.5µs	1µs	2µs	2µs	1µs	1µs
pulse	Open- collector	200Kpps	1.25µ s	2.5µs	5µs	5µs	2.5µs	2.5µs

Pulse Specification		Max. Input Frequency	Voltage Specification	Forward Current
High-speed pulse	Differential Signal	4Mpps	5V	< 25mA
Low-speed	Differential Signal	500Kpps	2.8V ~ 3.7V	< 25mA
pulse	Open- collector	200Kpps	24V (Max.)	< 25mA

8-40 Revision July, 2018

• The Source of External Pulse:

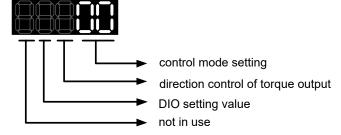
0: Low-speed optical coupler (CN1 Pin: PULSE, SIGN)

1: High-speed differential (CN1 Pin: HPULSE, HSIGN)

Р1	-01	•
----	-----	---

	Input Setting of Control Mode and Control Command		Address: 0102H 0103H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.1
Attribute : Operational interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Table 8.1
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	P (Pulse); S (r/min);	Г (N-М)	
Range :	00 ~ 0x110F		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:



Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Control Mode Settings

	PT	PR	S	Т	Sz	Tz
Mode						
	5	Single	е Мо	de		
00						
01						
02						
03						
04						
05						
		Dual	Mod	е		
06						
07						
08						
09						
OA						
0B	CANopen Mode					
0C	Reserved					
.0D						
	Multiple Mode					
0E						
0F						

PT: Position Control Mode (The command source is external pulse and analog voltage which can be selected via DI. PTAS. Analog voltage can be used soon.)

PR: Position Control Mode (The command source is internal signal which provides 99 positions and can be selected via DI.POS0~POS5.It also provides various ways of Homing.)

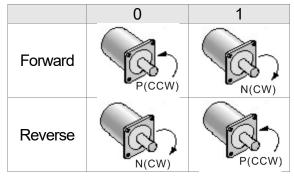
- S: Speed Control Mode (The command source is the external analog voltage and register. It can be selected via DI. SPD0, SPD1.)
- T: Torque Control Mode (The command source is the external analog voltage and register. It can be selected via DI. TCM0, TCM1.)

Sz: Zero Speed / Internal Speed Command

Tz: Zero Torque / Internal Torque Command

8-42 Revision July, 2018

- Dual Mode: It can switch mode via the external Digital Input (DI). For example, if it is set to the dual mode of PT/S (Control mode setting: 06), the mode can be switched via DI.
 S-P (Please refer to table 8.1).
- Multiple Mode: It can switch mode via the external Digital Input (DI). For example, if it is set to multiple mode of PT/PR/S (Control Mode Setting: 14), the mode can be switched via DI. S-P, PT-PR (Please refer to table 8.1).
- Torque Output Direction Settings

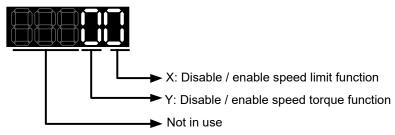


- Digital Input / Digital Output (DIO) Setting
 - 0: When switching mode, DIO (P2-10 ~ P2-15, P2-18 ~ P2-20) remains the original setting value and will not be changed.
 - 1: When switching mode, DIO (P2-10 ~ P2-15, P2-18 ~ P2-20) can be reset to the default value of each operational mode automatically.

P1-02▲	PSTL	Speed and Torque	Limit Setting	Address: 0104H 0105H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for indiv	idual axis	Related Section: Section 6.6
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	Table 8.1
	Default: 0			
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit : -			
Range :		00 ~ 0x11		
	Data Size : 16bit			
	Format :	HEX		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

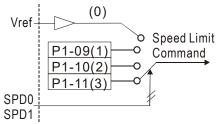




- X: Disable / enable speed limit function
 - 0: Disable speed limit function
 - 1: Enable speed limit function (it is effective in T mode only)

Other: Reserved

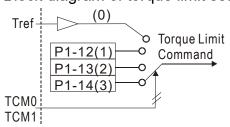
Block diagram of speed limit setting:



- Y: Disable / enable torque limit function
 - 0: Disable torque limit function
 - 1: Enable torque limit function (it is effective in PT / PR / S mode)

Other: Reserved

Block diagram of torque limit setting:



When desiring to use torque limit function, users could use parameter to set Y = 1 and limit the torque for good. Thus, the user can save one DI setting. Also, users could enable or disable the limit function via DI.TRQLM, which is a more flexible way but would need to take one DI setting. Torque limit can be enabled by P1-02 or DI.

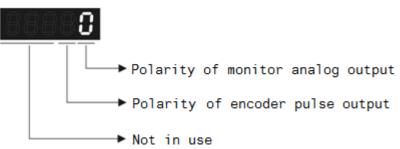
DI.TCM0 and DI.TCM1 are for selecting the limiting source.

8-44 Revision July, 2018

P1-03

AOUT	Polarity Setting of Encoder Pulse Output		Address: 0106H 0107H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x13		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:



- Polarity of monitor analog output
 - 0: MON1(+), MON2(+)
 - 1: MON1(+), MON2(-)
 - 2: MON1(-), MON2(+)
 - 3: MON1(-), MON2(-)
- Polarity of encoder pulse output
 - 0: Forward output
 - 1: Reverse output

P1-04

N()N1	MON1 Analog Monitor Output Proportion		Address: 0108H 0109H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section Section 6.6.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	% (full scale)	% (full scale)	

Range :	0 ~ 100
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: Please refer to parameter P0-03 for the setting of analog output selection.

For example:

P0-03 = 0x1101 (MON1 is the motor speed analog output of X axis)

When the output voltage value of MON1 is V1:

Motor speed = Max. speed
$$\times \frac{V1}{8} \times \frac{X \text{ axis } P1 - 04}{100}$$

P1-05

MON2	MON2 Analog Monitor Output Proportion		Address: 0108H 0109H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.6.3
Attribute:		Falailletei loi iliulvidual axis	
Operational	Panel / Software Communication		
Interface :			
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	% (full scale)	% (full scale)	
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to parameter P0-03 for the setting of analog output selection.

For example:

P0-03 = 0x 1110 (MON2 is the motor speed analog output of X axis)

When the output voltage value of MON2 is V2:

Motor speed = Max. speed
$$\times \frac{V2}{8} \times \frac{X \text{ axis } P1 - 05}{100}$$

8-46 Revision July, 2018

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SFLT	Analog Speed Command (Low-pass Filter)		Address: 010CH 010DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 6.3.3
Operational	D 1/0 ft		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	S		
Mode:			
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 1000 (0: disable this function)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: 0: Disabled

P1-07

TFLT	Analog Torque Command (Low-pass Filter)		Address: 010EH 010FH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.4.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	T ms		
Mode:			
Unit:			
Range :	0 ~ 1000 (0: disable this function)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: 0: Disabled

P1-08

	Smooth Constant of Position Command (Low-pass Filter)		Address: 0110H 0111H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:			Section 6.2.6
Operational	D 1/0 ft	Communication	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software		
Default :	0		

Control	DT / DD
Mode:	PT / PR
Unit:	10 ms
Range :	0 ~ 1000
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC
Example :	11 = 110 ms

Settings: 0: Disabled

P1-09

SP1	Internal Speed Command 1 / Internal Speed Limit 1		Address: 0112H 0113H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1000		
Control Mode:	S/T		
Unit :	0.1r/min		
Range :	-60000 ~ +60000		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	Internal Speed Command: 120 = 12 r/min Internal Speed Limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.		1

Settings: Internal Speed Command 1: The setting of the first internal speed

command

Internal Speed Limit 1: The setting of the first internal speed limit Example of inputting internal speed limit:

Speed limit setting value of P1-09	Allowable Speed Range	Forward Speed Limit	Reverse Speed Limit
1000 -1000	-100 ~ 100 r/min	100 r/min	-100 r/min

8-48 Revision July, 2018 P1-10

SP2	Internal Speed Command 2 / Internal Speed Limit 2		Address: 0114H 0115H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2000		
Control Mode:	S/T		
Unit :	0.1r/min		
Range :	-60000 ~ +60000		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	Internal Speed Command: 120 = 12 r/min Internal Speed Limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.		

Settings:

Internal Speed Command 2: The setting of the second internal speed command

Internal Speed Limit 2: The setting of the second internal speed limit

Example of inputting internal speed limit:

Speed limit setting value of P1-10	Allowable Speed Range	Forward Speed Limit	Reverse Speed Limit
1000	-100 ~ 100	100 r/min	-100 r/min
-1000	r/min	100 1/111111	100 1/111111

P1-11

SP3	Internal Speed Command 3 / Internal Speed Limit 3		Address: 0116H 0117H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.1
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	3000		
Control Mode :	S/T		
Unit:	0.1r/min		

Range :	-60000 ~ +60000
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC
Example :	Internal Speed Command: 120 = 12 r/min Internal Speed limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.

Settings:

Internal Speed Command 3: The setting of the third internal speed command

Internal Speed Limit 3: The setting of the third internal speed limit Example of inputting internal speed limit:

Speed limit setting value of P1-11	Allowable Speed Range	Forward Speed Limit	Reverse Speed Limit
1000	-100 ~ 100	100 r/min	-100 r/min
-1000	r/min	100 1/111111	100 1/111111

P1-12

TQ1	Internal Torque Command 1 / Internal Torque Limit 1		Address: 0118H 0119H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	-300 ~ +300		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	Internal Torque Command: 30 = 30 % Internal Torque Limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.		

Settings: Internal Torque Command 1: The setting of the first internal torque command

Internal Torque Limit 1: The setting of the first internal torque limit

8-50 Revision July, 2018

Example of inputting internal torque limit:

Torque limit setting value of P1-12	Allowable Torque Range	Forward Torque Limit	Reverse Torque Limit
30	-30 ~ 30 %	30 %	-30 %
-30	00 00 70	00 70	00 70

P1-13

TQ2	Internal Torque Command 2 / Internal Torque Limit 2		Address: 011AH 011BH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section Section 6.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	-300 ~ +300		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	Internal Torque Command: 30 = 30 % Internal Torque Limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.		

Settings:

Internal Torque Command 2: The setting of the second internal torque command

Internal Torque Limit 2: The setting of the second internal torque limit

Example of inputting internal torque limit:

Torque limit setting value of P1-13	Allowable Torque Range	Forward Torque Limit	Reverse Torque Limit
30	-30 ~ 30 %	30 %	-30 %
-30	00 70	33 70	23 70

Ρ1	-1	4
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TQ3	Internal Torque Command 3 / Internal Torque Limit 3		Address: 011CH 011DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual evic		Related Section: Section 6.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	-300 ~ +300		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	Internal Torque Command: 30 = 30 % Internal Torque Limit: Positive value and negative value is the same. Please refer to the following description.		i .

Settings: Internal Torque Command 3: The setting of the third internal torque command

Internal Torque Limit 3: The setting of the third internal torque limit Example of inputting internal torque limit:

Torque limit setting value of P1-14	Allowable Torque Range	Forward Torque Limit	Reverse Torque Limit
30	-30 ~ 30 %	30 %	-30 %
-30	00 70	33 70	23 /0

P1-15 Reserved	Address: 011EH 011FH
P1-16 Reserved	Address: 0120H 0121H
P1-17 Reserved	Address: 0122H 0123H
P1-18 Reserved	Address: 0124H 0125H
P1-19 Reserved	Address: 0126H 0127H

8-52 Revision July, 2018

P1-20	Reserved			Address:	0128H 0129H
P1-21	Reserved			Address:	012AH 012BH
P1-22	Reserved A			Address:	012CH 012DH
P1-23	Reserved			Address:	012EH 012FH
P1-24	Reserved			Address:	0130H 0131H
P1-25	VSF1	Low-frequency Vib	ration Suppression	Address:	0132H 0133H
	Parameter Attribute :	Decementar for individual evia		Related Se Section 6.2	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default :	1000			
	Control Mode :	PT / PR			

Unit: 0.1 Hz

Range : 10 ~ 1000

Example : 150= 15 Hz

Data Size: 16bit

Format : DEC

Settings: The setting value of the first low-frequency vibration suppression.

If P1-26 is set to 0, then it will disable the first low-frequency filter.

Low-frequency Vibration Suppression Address: 0134H P1-26 VSG1 Gain (1) 0135H Related Section: Parameter Parameter for individual axis Section 6.2.9 Attribute: Operational Panel / Software Communication Interface: Default: 0 Control PT / PR Mode:

Unit:	-
Range :	0 ~ 9 (0: Disable the first low-frequency filter)
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings:

The first low-frequency vibration suppression gain. The bigger value it is, the better the position response will be. However, if the value is set too big, the motor will not be able to smoothly operate. It is suggested to set the value to 1.

P1-27

VSF2	Low-frequency Vib (2)	ration Suppression	Address: 0136H 0137H
Parameter Attribute:	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	1000		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	0.1 Hz		
Range :	10 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	150 = 15 Hz		

Settings: The setting value of the second low-frequency vibration suppression. If P1-28 is set to 0, then it will disable the second low-frequency filter.

P1-28

VSG2	Low-frequency Vib Gain (2)	oration Suppression	Address: 0138H 0139H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PT / PR		
Unit:	-		

8-54 Revision July, 2018

Range :	0 ~ 9 (0: Disable the second low-frequency filter)
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings:

The second low-frequency vibration suppression gain. The bigger value it is, the better the position response will be. However, if the value is set too big, the motor will not be able to smoothly operate. It is suggested to set the value to 1.

P1-29

AVSM	Auto Low-freque Supression Setting	uency Vibration	Address: 013AH 013BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.2.9
Operational	D 1/0 (:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DT / DD		
Mode:	PT / PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 1		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

0: The function is disabled.

1: The value will set back to 0 after vibration suppression.

Description of Auto Mode Setting:

When the parameter is set to 1, it is in auto suppression. When the vibration frequency is not being detected or the value of searched frequency is stable, the parameter will set to 0 and save the low-frequency vibration suppression to P1-25 automatically.

P1-30

VCL	Low-frequency Vibration Detection		Address: 013CH 013DH
Parameter Attribute:	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.9
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	500		
Control Mode:	PT / PR		

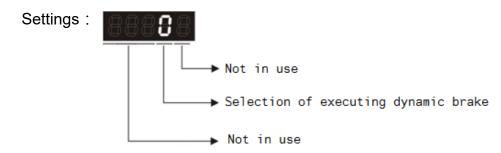
Unit:	Pulse
Range :	1 ~ 8000
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: When enabling the auto suppression (P1-29 = 1), it will automatically search the detection level. The lower the value is, the more sensitive the detection will be. However, it is easy to misjudge the noise or regard the other low-frequency vibration as the suppression frequency. If the value is bigger, it will make more precise judgment. However, if the vibration of the mechanism is smaller, it might not detect the frequency of low-frequency vibration.

D4 24	Basamrad	Address: 013EH
P1-31	Reserved	013FH

P1-32	LSTP	Motor Stop Mode		Address: 0140H 0141H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 0x20		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		

8-56 Revision July, 2018 P1-34



- Selection of executing dynamic brake: Stop Mode when Servo Off or Alarm (including EMGS) occurs.
- 0: Execute dynamic brake
- 1: Motor free run
- 2: Execute dynamic brake first, then execute free run until it stops (The motor speed is slower than P1-38).

When PI and NL occur, please refer to event time setting value of P5-03 for determining the deceleration time. If the setting is 1 ms, it can stop instantaneously.

P1-33	Reserved	Address: 0142H
F 1-33	Reserved	0143H

TACC	Acceleration Constant of S-Curve		Address: 0144H 0145H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	200		
Control Mode :	S		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Acceleration Constant:

P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the acceleration time of speed command from zero to the rated speed, all can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M



NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.

> 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-34 will be set within 20000 automatically.

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TDEC	Deceleration Constant of S-Curve		Address: 0146H 0147H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Sections: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	200		
Control Mode:	S		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Deceleration Constant:

P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36, the deceleration time of speed command from the rated speed to zero, all can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.



- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-35 will be set within 20000 automatically.

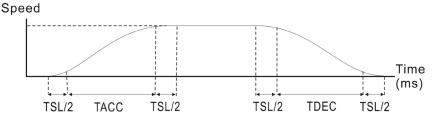
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TSL	Acceleration / Deceleration Constant of S-Curve		Address: 0148H 0149H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	S · PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 65500 (0 : disabl	e this function)	

8-58 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	16bit	
Format :	DEC	

Acceleration / Deceleration Constant of S-Curve: Settings:



- P1-34: Set the acceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve
- P1-35: Set the deceleration time of acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve
- P1-36: Set the smoothing time of S-curve acceleration and deceleration
- P1-34, P1-35 and P1-36 can be set individually. Even when P1-36 is set to 0, it still has acceleration / deceleration of trapezoid-curve.
- NOTE 1) When the source of speed command is analog, and P1-36 is set to 0, it will disable S-curve function.
 - 2) When the source of speed command is analog, the max. range of P1-36 will be set within 10000 automatically.

	-				
P1-37	GDR	Inertia Ratio and L Servo Motor	oad Weight Ratio to	Address: 014AH 014BH	
_	Parameter	Parameter for individ	lual avie	Related Section: -	
	Attribute:	i arameter for individ	iuai axis		
	Operational	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Interface :	raner/ Software	Communication		
	Default :	1.0	10		
	Control	A 1 1			
	Mode:	ALL			
	Unit:	1 times	0.1 times		
	Range :	0.0 ~ 200.0	0 ~ 2000		
	Data Size :	16bit			
	Format :	One decimal	DEC		
	Example :	1.5 = 1.5 times	15 = 1.5 times		

8-59 Revision July, 2018

Settings: Inertia ratio to servo motor (rotary motor):

(J_load / J_motor)

Among them:

J_motor: rotor inertia of the servo motor

J_load: Total equivalent of inertia of external mechanical load. Load weight ratio to servo motor (linear motor) (*it will be

available soon):

(M_load / M_motor)

Among them:

M_motor: the weight of the servo motor

M_load: Total equivalent weight of mechanical loading

8	ZSPD	Zero Speed Range Setting		Address: 014CH 014DH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Table 8.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	10.0	100	
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
	Range :	0.0 ~ 200.0	0 ~ 2000	
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	One decimal	DEC	
	Example :	1.5 = 1.5 r/min	15 = 1.5 r/min	

Settings : Setting the output range of zero-speed signal (ZSPD). When the forward / reverse speed of the motor is slower than the setting

value, the digital output will be enabled.

P1-39	SSPD	Target Motor Detection Level		Address: 014EH 014FH
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute :			Table 8.2
	Operational			
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	3000		

8-60 Revision July, 2018

Control	A. I.
Mode:	ALL
Unit:	r/min
Range :	0 ~ 5000
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings:

When the target speed is reached, DO (TSPD) is enabled. It means when the motor speed in forward / reverse direction is higher than the setting value, the target speed is reached and enables DO.

D	_40	Λ

VCM	Maximum Speed Command	of Analog Speed	Address: 0150H 0151H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.4
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Same as the rated speed of each model		
Control Mode :	S/T		
Unit:	r/min		
Range :	0 ~ 50000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Maximum Speed of Analog Speed Command:

In speed mode, the analog speed command inputs the swing speed setting of the max. voltage (10V). For example, if the setting is 3000, when the external voltage input is 10V, it means the speed control command is 3000r/min. If the external voltage input is 5V, then the speed control command is 1500r/min.

Speed control command = input voltage value x setting value / 10

In position or torque mode, analog speed limit inputs the swing speed limit setting of the max. voltage (10V).

Speed limit command = input voltage value x setting value / 10

P1-41 A

ТСМ	Maximum Output Speed	of Analog Torque	Address: 0152H 0153H
Parameter	D	and and	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.4.4
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	Citi	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	0 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Maximum Output of Analog Torque Speed:

In torque mode, the analog torque command inputs the torque setting of the max. voltage (10V). When the default setting is 100, if the external voltage inputs 10V, it means the torque control command is 100% rated torque. If the external voltage inputs 5V, then the torque control command is 50% rated torque.

Torque control command = input voltage value x setting value / 10 (%)

In speed, PT and PR mode, the analog torque limit inputs the torque limit setting of the max. voltage (10V).

Torque limit command = input voltage value x setting value / 10 (%)

P1-42

MBT1	Enable Delay Time o	Address: 0154H 0155H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.6.4
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		

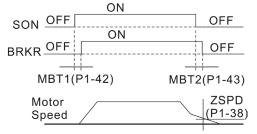
8-62 Revision July, 2018 Format : DEC

Settings: Set the delay time from servo ON to activate the signal of mechanical brake (BRKR).

P1-43

MBT2	Disable Delay Tir Brake	ne of Mechanical	Address: 0156H 0157H
Parameter		val avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.6.4
Operational	Daniel / Coffeens	Oiti	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	-1000 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Set the delay time from servo OFF to switch off the signal of mechanical brake (BRKR).



- NOTE
- 1) If the delay time of P1-43 has not finished yet and the motor speed is slower than P1-38, the signal of mechanical brake (BRKR) will be disabled.
 - 2) If the delay time of P1-43 is up and the motor speed is higher than P1-38, the signal of mechanical brake (BRKR) will be disabled.
 - 3) When Servo OFF due to Alarm (except AL022) or emergency, the setting of P1-43 is equivalent to 0 if P1-43 is set to a negative value.

P1-44 ▲

GR1	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N1)		Address: 0158H 0159H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.5
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	128		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	Pulse		
Range :	1 ~ (2 ²⁹ -1)		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P2-60~P2-62 for the setting of multiple gear ratio (numerator).



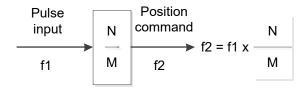
- NOTE 1) In PT mode, the setting value can be changed when Servo ON.
 - 2) In PR mode, the setting value can be changed when Servo OFF.

P1-45	GR2	Gear Ratio (Denominator) (M)		Address: 015AH 015BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.5
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	10		
	Control Mode:	PT / PR		
	Unit:	Pulse 1 ~ (2 ³¹ -1)		
	Range :			
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

8-64 Revision July, 2018 Settings: If the setting is wrong, the servo motor will easily have sudden unintended acceleration.

Please follow the rules for setting:

The setting of pulse input:



Range of command pulse input: 1 / 50 < Nx / M < 25600

NOTE 1) The setting value cannot be changed when Servo ON neither in PT nor in PR mode

P1-46 ▲	GR3	Pulse Number of Er	Address: 015CH 015DH	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	2500 ALL		
	Control Mode:			
	Unit:	Pulse		
	Range :	20 ~ 320000		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The number of pulse output per revolution.



The following circumstances might exceed the max. allowable input pulse frequency and occurs AL018:

- 1. Abnormal encoder
- 2. The motor speed is faster than the setting of P1-76.

3.
$$\frac{Motor\ Speed}{60} \times P1 - 46 \times 4 > 19.8 \times 10^6$$

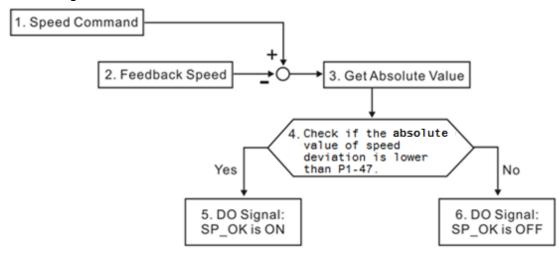
Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P1-47

SPOK	Speed Reached (DO : SP_OK) Range		Address: 015EH 015FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	10		
Control Mode:	S / Sz		
Unit:	r/min		
Range :	0 ~ 300		
Data Size :	e : 16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When the deviation between speed command and motor feedback speed is smaller than this parameter, then the digital output DO.SP_OK (DO code is 0x19) is ON.

Block diagram:



- 1. Speed command: It is the command issued by the user (without acceleration / deceleration), not the one of front end speed circuit.
 - Source: Analog voltage and register
- 2. Feedback speed: The actual speed of the motor and have gone through the filter.
- 3. Obtain the absolute value.
- 4. DO.SP_OK will be ON when the absolute value of speed error is smaller than P1-47, or it will be OFF. If P1-47 is 0, DO.SP OK is always OFF.

8-66 Revision July, 2018

P1-48

мсок	MCOK Operation Selection of Motion Reached (DO : MC_OK)		Address: 0160H 0161H
Parameter Attribute :	_ ,		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x0011		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Control selection of digital output DO.MC_OK (DO code is 0x17).

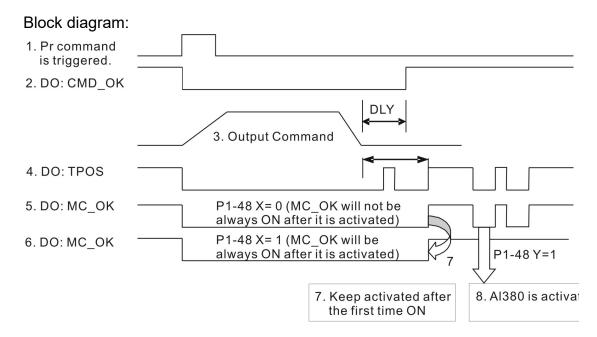
The format of this parameter: 00YX

X = 0: It will not remain the digital output status

1: It will remain the digital output status

Y = 0: Alarm, AL380 (position deviation) is not working

1: Alarm, AL380 (position deviation) is working



Description:

- 1. Command triggered: It means the new PR command is effective.

 Position command starts to output and clear signal

 2. 4. 5. 6 at the same time.
- CMD_OK: It means the position command is completely outputted and can set the delay time (DLY).
- 3. Command output: Output the profile of position command according to the setting acceleration / deceleration.
- 4. TPOS: It means the position error of the servo drive is smaller than the value of P1-54.
- 5. MC_OK: It means the position command is completely outputted and the position error of the servo drive is smaller than P1-54.
 - MC_OK (remains the digital output status): It is the same as 5. However, once this DO is ON, its status will be remained regardless signal 4 is OFF or not.
- 7. The output profile is determined by parameter P1-48.X.
- 8. Position Deviation: When number 7 happens, if 4 (or 5) is OFF, it means the position is deviated and AL380 can be triggered.

Set this alarm via parameter P1-48.Y.

P1-49	SPOKWT Accumulated Time of Speed Reached			Address:0162H 0163H
	Parameter			Related Section:
	Attribute:	Panel / Software	Communication	Table 8.2
	Default :	0		
	Control	0/0		
	Mode:	S/Sz		
	Unit:	ms		

8-68 Revision July, 2018

0167H

Range :	0 ~ 65535
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: In speed mode, when the deviation between the speed feedback and the command is smaller than the setting value of P1-47 and exceed the setting time of P1-49, DO: SP_OK is ON. Whenever the deviation exceeds the setting range of P1-47, the time count will be reset.

P1-50	Reserved	Address: 0164H 0165H
P1-51	Reserved	Address: 0166H

P1-52	RES1	Regenerative Resistor Value		Address: 0168H 0169H
	Parameter	Parameter for three eyes		Related Section:
	Attribute :			Section 2.7
	Operational			
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
		Determined by the model. Please refer to the following table.		

Settings:

Control

Mode:

Unit:

Data Size: 16bit

Format : DEC

ALL

Ohm

Range : 10 ~ 750

Model	Default
1.5kW (included) or below	40 Ω

8-69 Revision July, 2018

016AH 016BH

Ρ1	-53

RES2	Regenerative Resistor Capacity			Address: 016AH 016BH
Parameter	Parameter for three axes			Related Section: Section 2.7
Attribute :				Section 2.7
Operational	D 1/0 (
Interface :	Panel / Software	Commun	lication	
Default :	Determined by the model. Please refer to the following table.			
Control				
Mode :	ALL			
Unit:	Watt			
Range :	0 ~ 3000			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	DEC			
Settings:	Model Default		•	
	1.5kW (included) 60 W or below			

P1-54

PER	Position Completed Range		Address: 016CH 016DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Table 8.2
Operational	Danal / Coffusara	Panel / Software Communication	
Interface :	Panei / Soitware		
Default :	12800		
Control			
Mode:	PT / PR		
Unit:	Pulse		
Range :	0 ~ 1280000		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

In position mode (PT), if the deviation pulse number is smaller than the setting range (the setting value of parameter P1-54), DO.TPOS is ON.

In position register (PR) mode, if the deviation between the target position and the actual motor position is smaller than the setting range (the setting value of parameter P1-54), DO.TPOS is ON.

8-70 Revision July, 2018 P1-55

MSPD	Maximum Speed Lii	nit	Address: 016EH 016FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	Same as the rated sp	peed of each model	
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	r/min		
Range :	0 ~ max. speed		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The default of the max. speed of servo motor is set to the rated speed.

P1-56	OVW	Output Overload Warning Level		Address: 0170H 0171H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
	Default :	120		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	%		
	Range :	0 ~ 120		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The setting value is 0 ~ 100, if the servo motor continuously outputs the load and is higher than the setting proportion (P1-56), the early warning for overload (DO is set to 10, OLW) will occur. If the setting value is over 100, it will disable this function.

P1-57	Reserved	Address: 0172H 0173H
P1-58	Reserved	Address: 0174H
1 1-30	Reserved	0175H

P1-59

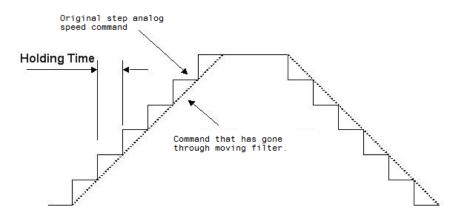
MFLT	Analog Speed Com	Address: 0176H 0177H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0.0	0	
Control Mode :	S		
Unit:	1 ms	0.1 ms	
Range :	0.0 ~ 4.0	0 ~ 40	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	One decimal	DEC	
Example :	1.5 = 1.5 ms	15 = 1.5 ms	

Settings: (Moving Filter)

0: Disabled

P1-06 is low-pass filter and P1-59 is moving filter. The difference between both is that moving filter can smooth the command in the beginning and end of the step command; while the low-pass filter brings better smooth effect to command end.

Therefore, it is suggested that if the speed loop receives the command from the controller for forming the position control loop, then low-pass filter can be used. If it is only for the speed control, then it should use Moving Filter for better smoothing.



017BH

P1-60 Reserved Address: 0178H 0179H

P1-61 Reserved Address: 017AH

8-72 Revision July, 2018

P1-62 Reserved	Address: 017CH 017DH
P1-63 Reserved	Address: 017EH 017FH
P1-64 Reserved	Address: 0180H 0181H
P1-65 Reserved	Address: 0182H 0183H
P1-66 Reserved	Address: 0184H 0185H
P1-67 Reserved	Address: 0186H 0187H

-68	PFLT2	Position Command	Address: 0188H 0189H	
	Parameter			Related Section: -
	Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		
	Operational	D1/0-#	0	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	4		
	Control			
	Mode:	PT / PR		

Settings: 0: Disabled

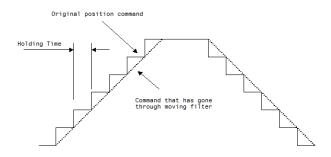
Unit: ms

Data Size: 16bit

Format : DEC

Range : 0 ~ 100

Moving Filter can activate smooth function in the beginning and the end of step command, but will delay the command.



P1-69	Reserved			Address:	018AH 018BH
P1-70	Reserved			Address:	018CH 018DH
P1-71	Reserved			Address:	018EH 018FH
P1-72	Reserved			Address:	0190H 0191H
P1-73	Reserved			Address:	0192H 0193H
P1-74	Reserved			Address:	0194H 0195H
P1-75	Reserved			Address:	0196H 0197H
P1-76	AMSPD	Maximum Rotation Setting (OA, OB)	of Encoder Output	Address:	0198H 0199H
P1-76	AMSPD Parameter Attribute:		<u> </u>	Address: Related P1-46	
P1-76	Parameter Attribute:	Setting (OA, OB) Parameter for individ	<u> </u>	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational	Parameter for individed Panel / Software	ual axis	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface:	Parameter for individed Panel / Software	ual axis	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface: Default: Control	Setting (OA, OB) Parameter for individ Panel / Software 5500 ALL	ual axis	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface: Default: Control Mode: Unit:	Setting (OA, OB) Parameter for individ Panel / Software 5500 ALL	ual axis	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface: Default: Control Mode: Unit:	Setting (OA, OB) Parameter for individ Panel / Software 5500 ALL r/min 0 ~ 6000	ual axis	Related	0199H
P1-76	Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface: Default: Control Mode: Unit: Range:	Parameter for individence Panel / Software 5500 ALL r/min 0 ~ 6000 16bit	ual axis	Related	0199H

P1-77 Reserved Address: 019AH 019BH

When the value is set to 0, the function is disabled.

8-74 Revision July, 2018

P1-78

OVLPS	The Setting of PR Path Overlap		Address: 019CH 019DH
Parameter	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Attribute:		^G3 	
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x0001		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings:

The setting of overlap PR path:

0: Disable the function of PR path overlap

1: Enable the function of PR path overlap:

(When enabling the function, follow OVLP of PR multi-axis interpolation command (note) and index to the percentage selection of overlap area)

Note: PR command of multi-axis interpolation

	31 ~28	27 ~24	23 ~20	19 ~16	15 ~12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
DW0	SEL	OVLP	DLY	VSPD	VDEC	VACC	OPT	4
DW1	DATA(32bit): Target Position; Unit: Pulse of User Unit							

OVLP: When enabling the function of PR path overlap, the meaning is as the following:

0~A: Fixed overlap distance

The overlap distance should be: the whole path x (Corresponding grade of 0~A Index, which is 1% ~20%.).

- B: Refer to the setting of P1-79. The overlap distance should be: the whole path x (P1-79)%
- C: Refer to the setting of P1-80. The overlap distance should be the value of P1-80.

The value of P1-79 is for setting the percentage of deceleration area of previous path in the whole path during the PR path overlap.

The value of P1-80 is for setting the deceleration area of previous path during the PR path overlap.

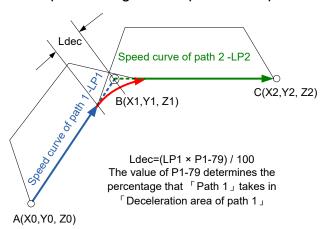
Grade	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Percentage	14%	12%	10%	8%	6%	4%	2%	1%
Grade	F	E	D	С	В	Α	9	8
Percentage	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Refer to P1-80	Refer to P1-79	20%	18%	16%

8-76 Revision July, 2018

P1-79

OVLPP	The setting of the overlap PR path	ne percentage of the	Address: 019EH 019FH
Parameter	D		Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for three	axes	
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	10		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	% (percentage)		
Range :	1 ~ 30		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: This parameter is for setting the percentage of deceleration area of previous path in the whole path during the PR path overlap.



Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P1-80

OVLPL	The setting of the overlap PR path		Address: 01A0H 01A1H	
Parameter	Parameter for three a	ixes	Related Section: -	
Attribute:				
Operational				
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	100000			
Control				
Mode :	PR			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	1000 ~ 2147483647			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC			

Settings: This parameter is for setting the deceleration area of previous path during

the PR path overlap.

8-78 Revision July, 2018

P2-00

P2-xx Extension Parameters

Format : DEC

КРР	Position Loop Gain		Address: 0200H 0201H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.8
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	35		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	rad/s		
Range :	0 ~ 2047		
Data Size :	16bit		

Settings: When the value of position loop gain is increased, the position response can be enhanced and the position error can be reduced. If the value is set too big, it may easily cause vibration and noise.

Address: 0202H P2-01 PPR Switching Rate of Position Loop Gain 0203H Parameter Related Section: Parameter for individual axis Section 6.2.8 Attribute: Operational Panel / Software Communication Interface: 100 Default: Control PT / PR Mode: Unit: |% Range : |10 ~ 500 Data Size: 16bit Format : DEC

Settings: Switch the changing rate of position loop gain according to the gain-switching condition.

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P2-02

PFG	Position Feed Forw	Address: 0204H 0205H	
Parameter Attribute:	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.2.8
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
Default :	50		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	%		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: If the position command is changed smoothly, increasing the gain value can reduce the position error.

> If the position command is not changed smoothly, decreasing the gain value can tackle the problem of mechanical vibration.

P2-03

PFF	Smooth Constant of Position Feed Forward Gain		Address: 0206H 0207H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	5		
Control Mode :	PT / PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	2 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: If the position command is changed smoothly, decreasing the value can reduce the position error. If the position command is not changed smoothly, increasing the value can tackle the problem of mechanical vibration.

8-80 Revision July, 2018

P2-04

KVP	Speed Loop Gain		Address: 0208H 0209H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.6
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	500		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	rad/s		
Range :	0 ~ 8191		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Increase the value of speed loop gain can enhance the speed response. However, if the value is set too big, it would easily cause resonance and noise.

P2-05

SPR	Switching Rate of Speed Loop Gain		Address: 020AH 020BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute :	i arameter for marvia	uai axis	
Operational	Donal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	%		
Range :	10 ~ 500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Switch the changing rate of speed loop gain according to the gain

switching condition.

8-81 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P2-06

KVI	Speed Integral Compensation		Address: 020CH 020DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 6.3.6
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	raner/ Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	rad/s		
Range :	0 ~ 1023		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Increasing the value of speed integral compensation can enhance speed response and diminish the deviation of speed control. However, if the value is set too big, it would easily cause resonance and noise.

P2-07

KVF	Speed Feed Forward Gain		Address: 020EH 020FH
Parameter Attribute:	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.6
Operational Interface :			
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit :	%		
Range :	0 ~ 100		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC	-	

Settings: When the speed control command runs smoothly, increasing the gain value can reduce the speed command error. If the command does not run smoothly, decreasing the gain value can reduce the mechanical vibration during operation.

8-82 Revision July, 2018 P2-08**■**

PCTL	Special Parameter Write-in		Address: 0210H 0211H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 65535		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Special parameter write-in:

Parameter code	Function	
10	Reset the parameter for individual axis (Apply to the power again after reset)	
11	Reset the parameter for three axes (Apply to the power again after reset)	
20	P4-10 is writable	
22	P4-11~P4-19 are writable	
30,35	Save the data of COMPARE, CAPTURE, E-Cam	

P2-09

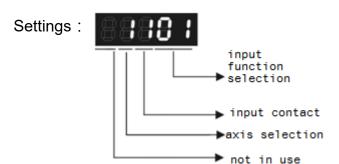
DRT	DI Debouncing Time		Address: 0212H 0213H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	2ms		
Range :	0 ~ 20		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	4 = 8 ms		

Settings: When the environmental noise is big, increasing the setting value can enhance the control stability. However, if the value is set too

big, the response time will be influenced.

P2-10	DI1	DI1 Functional Planning		Address: 0214H 0215H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: Table 8.1
	Operationa Interface :	l Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	101		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit : -			
	Range :	0 ~ 0x315F (the last code)	two codes are DI	
	Data Size :	16bit		
Format :		HEX		

8-84 Revision July, 2018



- Input function selection: Please refer to table 8.1
- Input contact: **a** or **b** contact
 - 0: Set the input contact as normally closed (b contact)
 - 1: Set the input contact as normally open (**a** contact) (P2-10 ~ P2-15) The setting value of function programmed
- Axis selection: select the corresponding axis of DI
 - 0: Set the axis to 0, this DI function is shared by three axes.
 - 1: Set the axis to 1, this DI function is for X axis.
 - 2: Set the axis to 2, this DI function is for Y axis.
 - 3: Set the axis to 3, this DI function is for Z axis.

When parameters are modified, please re-start the servo drive to ensure it can work normally.

Note: Parameter P3-06 is used to set how digital inputs (DI) accepts commands, through external terminal or the communication which determined by P4-07.



- NOTE 1) DI shared by three axes provides three functions:
 - a. SON-Servo On. The setting value is 0101 for **a** contact and 0001 for **b** contact.
 - b. ARST-Alarm reset. The setting value is 0102 for **a** contact and 0002 for **b** contact.
 - c. EMGS-Emergency stop. The setting value is 0103 for **a** contact and 0003 for **b** contact. This DI function is shared by three axes.
 - 2) When switching mode, if resetting the setting value of DI /DO, the axis selection will return to its default.

P2-11	DI2	DI2 Functional Planning		Address: 0216H 0217H
	Parameter			Related Section:
	Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Table 8.1
	Operational Interface :			
	Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	104		

Control	ALL
Mode:	ALL
Unit:	
Range :	0 ~ 0x015F (the last two codes are DI code)
Data Size :	
Format :	HEX

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-10

P2-1	2
------	---

DI3	DI3 Functional Planning		Address: 0218H 0219H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.1
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	116		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x015F (the last two codes are DI code)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-10

P2-13

DI	4	DI4 Functional Planning		Address: 021AH 021BH
Param Attrib		Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.1
Opera Interfa		Panel / Software	Communication	
Defa	ault :	117		
Con	itrol	٨١١		
Mo	ode :	ALL		
U	Jnit :	t : -		
Rar	nge :	nge : 0 ~ 0x015F (the last two codes are DI code)		
Data S	Size :	16bit		

8-86 Revision July, 2018 Format : HEX

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-10

P2-1	4
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DI5	DI5 Functional Planning		Address: 021CH 021DH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.1
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	102	102	
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	: 0 ~ 0x015F (the last two codes are DI code)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-10

P2-15

DI6	DI6 Functional Planning		Address: 021EH 021FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operationa			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	21		
Control			
Mode:	ALL	ALL	
Unit:	Unit: -		
Range :	Range : 0 ~ 0x015F (the last two codes are DI code)		
Data Size : 16bit			
Format :	HEX		

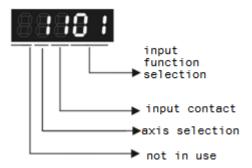
Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-10

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P2-16

EDI7	ED	17 Functional Plann	Address: 0220H 0221H	
Parameter Attribute :		Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.1
Operation Interface		Panel / Software	anel / Software Communication	
Default	t :	100		
Contro	I	ALI		
Mode	:	ALL		
Uni	t :	-		
Range :		0 ~ 315Fh (The last t code)	wo codes are DI	
Data Size :		16bit		
Format :		HEX		

Settings:



- Input function selection: Please refer to table 8.1
- Input contact: a or b contact
 - 0 : Set the input contact as normally closed (**b** contact)
 - 1 : Set the input contact as normally open (**a** contact) (P2-16, P2-17, and P2-36 ~ P2-41) The setting value of function programmed
- Axis selection: Select the corresponding axis of DI 0: Set the axis to 0, this DI function is shared by three axes.
 - 1: Set the axis to 1, this DI function is for X axis.
 - 2: Set the axis to 2, this DI function is for Y axis.
 - 3: Set the axis to 3, this DI function is for Z axis.

When parameters are modified, please re-start the servo drive to ensure it can work normally.

8-88 Revision July, 2018



- NOTE 1) DI shared by three axes provides three functions:
 - a. SON-Servo On. The setting value is 0101 for a contact and 0001 for **b** contact.
 - b. ARST-Alarm reset. The setting value is 0102 for **a** contact and 0002 for **b** contact.
 - c. EMGS-Emergency stop. The setting value is 0103 for a contact and 0003 for **b** contact. This DI function is shared by three axes.
 - 2) When switching mode, if resetting the setting value of DI /DO, the axis selection will return to its default.

P2-17	EDI8 E	ED18 Functional Plan	D18 Functional Planning		
	Parameter Attribute : Parameter for individual a		dual axis	Related Section: Table 8.1	
	Operation Interface	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default	: 100			
	Control Mode :	ALL			
	Unit	: -			
	Range	· 0 ~ 315Fh (The last code)	two codes are DI		
	Data Size	: 16bit			
	Format	: HEX			

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16.

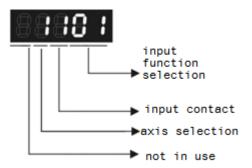
P2-18	DO1	DO1 Functional Pla	Address: 0224H 0225H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	101 ALL		
	Control Mode :			
	Unit : -			
	Range :	Range: 0 ~ 0x313F (the last two codes are DO code) Data Size: 16bit		
	Data Size :			

8-89 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Format : HEX

Settings:



- Output function selection: Please refer to table 8.2
- Output contact: **a** or **b** contact
 - 0: Set the output contact as normally closed (**b** contact)
 - 1: Set the output contact as normally open (a contact) (P2-18 ~ P2-20) The setting value of function programmed
- Axis selection: select the corresponding axis of DO
 - 1: Set the axis to 1, this DO function is for X axis.
 - 2: Set the axis to 2, this DO function is for Y axis.
 - 3: Set the axis to 3, this DO function is for Z axis.

When parameters are modified, please re-start the servo drive to ensure it can work normally.



NOTE 1. When switching mode, if resetting the setting value of DI /DO, the axis selection will return to its default.

P2-19	DO2	DO2 Functional Pla	Address: 0226H 0227H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	103		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range: 0 ~ 0x013F (the last two codes are DO code) Data Size: 16bit			
	Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-18

8-90 Revision July, 2018

DO3	DO3 Functional Planning		Address: 0228H 0229H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Attribute:			Table 8.2
Operational	D 1/0 f		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	7		
Control			
Mode:	ALL	-	
Unit:	Unit: - Range: 0 ~ 0x013F (the last two codes are DO code)		
Range :			
Data Size : 16bit			
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-18

P2-21	Reserved	Address: 022AH 022BH
P2-22	Reserved	Address: 022CH 022DH

P2-23	NCF1	Resonance Suppre	Address: 022EH 022FH	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 6.3.7
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	1000		
	Control Mode :	ALL	_	
	Unit:	Hz		
	Range :	50 ~ 1000		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The first setting value of resonance frequency. If P2-24 is set to 0, this function is disabled. P2-43 and P2-44 are the second Notch filter.

P2-24

DPH1		Resonance Suppression (Notch filter) Attenuation Rate (1)	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 6.3.7
Operational	Donal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	dB		
Range :	0 ~ 32 (0: disable the filter)	function of Notch	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The first resonance suppression (notch filter) attenuation rate. When this parameter is set to 0, the function of Notch filter is disabled.

7	ı
-	-

NLP	Low-pass Filter of F Suppression	Resonance	Address: 0232H 0233H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0.2 (under 1kW) or 0.5 (other model)	2 (under 1kW) or 5 (other model)	
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	1 ms	0.1 ms	
Range :	0.0 ~ 100.0	0 ~ 1000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	One decimal	DEC	
Example :	1.5 = 1.5 ms	15 = 1.5 ms	

Settings: Set the low-pass filter of resonance suppression. When the value is set to 0, the function of low-pass filter is disabled.

8-92 Revision July, 2018

2-26	3
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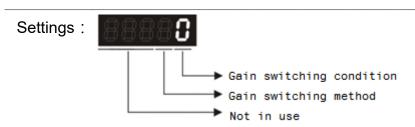
DST	Anti-interference Ga	Anti-interference Gain	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0	0	
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	1		
Range :	0 ~ 1023 (0: disable this function)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC	DEC	

Settings: Increasing the value of this parameter can increase the damping of speed loop. It is suggested to set P2-26 equals to the value of P2-06. If users desire to adjust P2-26, please follow the rules below.

- 1. In speed mode, incrase the value of this parameter can reduce speed overshoot.
- 2. In position mode, decrease the value of this parameter can reduce position overshoot.

P2-27	GCC	Gain Switching and	Switching Selection	Address: 0236H 0237H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 0x4		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		

8-93 Revision July, 2018



Gain switching condition:

- 0: Disable gain switching function.
- 1: The signal of gain switching (GAINUP) is ON.
- 2: In position control mode, the position error is bigger than the value of P2-29.
- 3: The frequency of position command is bigger than the value of P2-29.
- 4: When the speed of servo motor is faster than the value of P2-29.
- 5: The signal of gain switching (GAINUP) is OFF.
- 6: In position control mode, the position error is smaller than the value of P2-29.
- 7: When the frequency of position command is smaller than the value of P2-29.
- 8: When the speed of servo motor is slower than the value of P2-29.

Gain switching method:

0: Gain switching

1: Integrator switching, P -> PI

Setting Value	Control Mode P	Control Mode S	
0	P2-00 x 100% P2-04 x 100%	P2-04 x 100%	Before switching
0	P2-00 x P2-01 P2-04 x P2-05	P2-04 x P2-05	After switching
1	P2-06 x 0% P2-26 x 0%		Before switching
'		x 100% x 100%	After switching

P2-28 Gut Gain Switching Time Constant Parameter Attribute: Operational Interface: Default: 10 Address: 0238H 0239H Related Section: -

8-94 Revision July, 2018

Control	ALL
Mode:	ALL
Unit:	10ms
Range :	0 ~ 1000
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC
Example :	15 = 150 ms

Settings: It is for switching the smooth gain. (0: disable this function)

P2-29	GPE	Gain Switching	Gain Switching	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	1280000		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	Pulse, Kpps, r/min		
	Range :	0 ~ 3840000		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The setting of gain switching (Pulse error, Kpps, r/min) is determined by the selection of gain switching (P2-27).

P2-30 ■	INH	Auxiliary Function		Address: 023CH 023DH
	Parameter Parameter for individua		dual axis	Related Section: -
	Attribute:			
	Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Interface :	r and / Sulwale	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control	A1.1		
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	-8 ~ +8		
	Data Size :	16bit		

Format : DEC

Settings:

0: Disable all functions described below

1: Force to Servo On the software

2~4: (reserved)

5: This setting allows the written parameters not retain after the power off. When the data is no need to save, it can avoid the parameters continuously writing into the EEPROM and shortening the lifetime of EEPROM.

Setting this parameter is a must when using communication control.

- 6: In simulation mode (command simulation), the external Servo On signal cannot work and DSP Error (variable 0x6F) is regarded as 0. Parameter P0-01 only shows the external Error (positive/negative limit, emergency stop, etc) In this status, DO.SRDY is ON. Command is accepted in each mode and can be observed via scope software. However, the motor will not operate. The aim is to examine the command accuracy.
- 7: High-speed oscilloscope, disable Time-Out function (It is for PC software)
- 8: Back up all parameters (current value) and save in EEPROM. The value still exists when re-power on.

The panel displays 'to.rom' during execution. (It can be executed when Servo ON.)

-1,-5,-6,-7: Individually disable the function of 1,5,6,7 -2~-4, -8: (reserved)



NOTE 1) Please set the value to 0 in normal operation. The value returns to 0 automatically after re-power on.

AUT1	Speed Loop Frequency Response Setting in Auto and Semi-auto Mode		Address: 023EH 023FH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 5.6
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	Section 6.3.6
Default :	80		
Control	A1.1		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit :	Hz		
Range :	1 ~ 0x1000		
Data Size :	16bit		

8-96 Revision July, 2018 Format : HEX

Settings: 1~50Hz: Low stiffness, low response

51~250Hz: Medium stiffness, medium response

251~850Hz: High stiffness, high response

851~1000Hz: Extremely high stiffness, extremely high response

NOTE 1) According to the speed loop setting of P2-31, the servo drive sets the position loop response automatically.

> 2) The function is enabled via parameter P2-32. Please refer to Chapter 5.6 for corresponding bandwidth size of the setting value.

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AUT2		Tuning Mode Selection		Address: 0240H 0241H
Paramete Attribute		Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 5.6
Operation Interface		Panel / Software	Communication	Section 6.3.6
Defaul	lt:	0		
Contro Mode		ALL		
Uni	it:	-		
Range	e :	0 ~ 0x2		
Data Size	e :	16bit		
Forma	ıt :	HEX		

0: Manual Mode Settings:

1: Auto Mode (continuous adjustment)

2: Semi-auto Mode (non- continuous adjustment)

Relevant description of manual mode setting:

When P2-32 is set to 0, parameters related to gain control, such as P2-00, P2-02, P2-04, P2-06, P2-07, P2-25 and P2-26, all can be set by the user.

When switching mode from auto or semi-auto to manual, parameters about gain will be updated automatically.

Relevant description of auto mode setting:

Continue to estimate the system inertia, save the inertia ratio to P1-37 every 30 minutes automatically and refer to the stiffness and bandwidth setting of P2-31.

8-97 Revision July, 2018

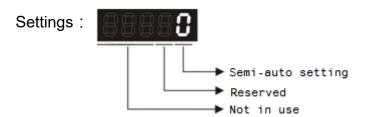
- 1. Set the system to manual mode 0 from auto 1 or semi-auto 2, the system will save the estimated inertia value to P1-37 automatically and set the corresponding parameters.
- 2. Set the system to auto mode 1 or semi-auto mode 2 from manual mode 0, please set P1-37 to the appropriate value.
- 3. Set the system to manual mode 0 from auto mode 1, P2-00, P2-04 and P2-06 will be modified to the corresponding parameters of auto mode.
- 4. Set the system to manual mode 0 from semi-auto mode 2, P2-00, P2-04, P2-06, P2-25 and P2-26 will be modified to the corresponding parameters of semi-auto mode.

Relevant description of semi-auto mode setting:

- 1. When the system inertia is stable, the value of P2-33 will be 1 and the system stops estimating. The inertia value will be saved to P1-37 automatically. When switching mode to semi-auto mode (from manual or auto mode), the system starts to estimate again.
- 2. When the system inertia is over the range, the value of P2-33 will be 0 and the system starts to estimate and adjust again.

3 ▲	AUT3	Semi-auto Inertia Adjustment		Address: 0242H 0243H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	rameter for individual axis	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 1		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

8-98 Revision July, 2018



Semi-auto Setting:

- 1: It means the inertia estimation in semi-auto mode is completed. The inertia value can be accessed via P1-37.
- 0: 1. When the display is 0, it means the inertia adjustment is not completed and is adjusting.
 - 2. When the setting is 0, it means the inertia adjustment is not completed and is adjusting.

P2-34	SDEV	The Condition of O	Address: 0244H 0245H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
	Default :	5000		
	Control Mode:	S		
	Unit:	r/min		
	Range :	1 ~ 5000		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The setting of over speed warning in servo drive erro display (P0-01)

P2-35	PDEV	Condition of Excess Control Deviation W	Address: 0246H 0247H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	3840000		
	Control Mode:	PT / PR	T / PR	
	Unit :	Pulse		

Range :	1 ~ 128000000
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: The setting of excessive position control deviation warning in

servo drive erro display (P0-01)

P2-36

EDI9	ED	l9 Functional Planni	Address: 0248H 0249H	
Paramet	er	Parameter for individ	ual avie	Related Section:
Attribute	e :	rarameter for murviu	uai axis 	Table 8.1
Operatio	nal	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface	e :	Tailer / Software	Communication	
Defaul	t :	100		
Contro	ol	A.I. I		
Mode	e :	ALL		
Uni	t :	-		
Range	e :	0 ~ 315Fh (The last t code)	wo codes are DI	
Data Siz	e :	16bit		
Forna	t :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

P2-37

EDI10	ED	I10 Functional Plan	Address: 024AH 024BH	
Paramete Attribute		Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Table 8.1
Operation Interface		Panel / Software	Communication	
Default		100		
Control Mode		ALL		
Unit		-		
Range		0 ~ 315Fh (The last two codes are DI code)		
Data Size	: :	16bit		
Format	:	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

8-100 Revision July, 2018

P2-38

EDI11 E	DI11 Functional Plan	11 Functional Planning		
Parameter Attribute	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis		
Operational Interface	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default	100			
Control Mode	ALL			
Unit	: -			
Range	0 ~ 315Fh (The last code)	two codes are DI		
Data Size	: 16bit			
Format	HEX			

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

P2-39	EDI12 ED	DI12 Functional Plan	12 Functional Planning		
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: Table 8.1	
	Operationa Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default :	100			
	Control Mode :	ALL			
	Unit:	-			
	Range :	0 ~ 315Fh (The last code)	two codes are DI		
	Data Size :	16bit			
	Format :	HEX			

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

P2-40	EDI13	EDI13 Functional Pla	I13 Functional Planning			
	Paramete		Parameter for individual axis			
	Attribute	Parameter for indivi				
	Operation	al Panel / Software		-		
	Interface	: Paneι / Soπware	Communication			
	Default	: 100				

0253H

Control	A11
Mode :	ALL
Unit:	-
Range :	0 ~ 315Fh (The last two codes are DI code)
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	HEX

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

Address: 0252H P2-41 **EDI14 EDI14 Functional Planning** Related Section: Parameter Parameter for individual axis Table 8.1 Attribute: Operational Panel / Software Communication Interface: Default: 100 Control ALL Mode: Unit:

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-16

Range:

Data Size : 16bit

Format : HEX

code)

Address: 0254H Reserved

0 ~ 315Fh (The last two codes are DI

	1 2 72	1 COCI VCG	0255H		
ĺ	P2-43	NCF2	Address: 0256H 0257H		
		Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.7
		Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :		1000		
	Control Mode: Unit:		ALL Hz		
Range :		Range :	50 ~ 2000		

8-102 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: The second setting value of resonance frequency. If P2-44 is set

to 0, this function is disabled. P2-23 and P2-24 are the first $\,$

Notch filter.

P2-44

DPH2	Resonance Suppre Attenuation Rate (2	ssion (Notch filter)	Address: 0258H 0259H
Paramete			
Attribute	Parameter for individ	iuai axis	Section 6.3.7
Operation	al Daniel / Caffee	0	
Interface	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default	: 0		
Control	A1.1		
Mode	ALL		
Unit	: dB		
Range	: 0 ~ 32 (0: disable No	otch filter)	
Data Size	: 16bit		
Format	: DEC		

Settings: The second resonance suppression (notch filter) attenuation rate.

When this parameter is set to 0, the function of Notch filter is

disabled.

P2-45

NCF3	Resonance Suppres	ssion (Notch filter)	Address: 025AH 025BH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 6.3.7
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1000		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	Hz	Hz	
Range :	50 ~ 2000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settigs: The third group of mechanism resonance frequency setting value. If P2-46 is set to 0, this function will be disabled. P2-23 and P2-24 are the first group of resonance suppression (Notch filter).

P2-46

DPH3	Resonance Suppres Attenuation Rate (3	Resonance Suppression (Notch filter) Attenuation Rate (3)	
Parameter	D		
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 6.3.7
Operational	D 1/0 ft		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0	0	
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	dB	dB	
Range :	0 ~ 32		
Data Size :	16bit	16bit	
Format :	DEC	DEC	

Settings: The third group of resonance suppression (Notch filter) attenuation rate. Set the value to 0 to disable the function of Notch filter.

P2-47

ANCF	Auto Resonance Setting	Suppression Mode	Address: 025EH 025FH	
Parameter	Deremeter for individ			
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis		
Operational	D 1/0 f			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	1			
Control				
Mode:	ALL			
Unit:	-			
Range :	0 ~ 2			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	DEC			

Settings:

- 0: The value of P2-43, P2-44 and P2-45, P2-46 will retain.
- 1: The value of P2-43, P2-44 and P2-45, P2-46 will retain after resonance suppression.
- 2: Continuous resonance suppression

8-104 Revision July, 2018

Description of Auto Mode Setting:

When it is set to 1: Auto resonance, the value returns to 0 automatically and saves the point of resonance suppression when it is stable. If it is unstable, re-power on or set back to 1 for re-estimation again.

When it is set to 2: Continuous suppression automatically. When it is stable, the point of resonance suppression will be saved. If it is unstable, re-power on for re-estimation.

When switching to mode 0 from mode 2 or 1, the setting of P2-43, P2-44, P2-45 and P2-46 will be saved automatically.

P2-48	8
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ANCL	Resonance Suppres	ssion Detection	Address: 0260H 0261H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute :	rarameter for murviu	uai axis	
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	1 ~ 300%		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: (The smaller the setting value is, the more sensitive the resonance wil be.)

P2-48 ↑, resonance sensitiveness ↓ P2-48 ↓, resonance sensitiveness ↑

P2-49

SJIT	Speed Detection Fil	ter	Address: 0262H 0263H
Parameter	Deservator for individ	uol ovio	Related Section: -
Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Daniel / Coffee	O =	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I. I		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x0 ~ 0x1F		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

8-106 Revision July, 2018

Settings: The filter of speed estimation

Setting Value	Speed estimation bandwidth (Hz)
00	2500
01	2250
02	2100
03	2000
04	1800
05	1600
06	1500
07	1400
08	1300
09	1200
0A	1100
0B	1000
0C	950
0D	900
0E	850
0F	800
10	750
11	700
12	650
13	600
14	550
15	500
16	450
17	400
18	350
19	300
1A	250
1B	200
1C	175
1D	150
1E	125
1F	100

P2-50

DCLR	Pulse Clear Mode		Address: 0264H 0265H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute:			
Operational	Panel / Software Communication		
Interface :			
Default :	0		
Control	PT / PR		
Mode:			
Unit :	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x2		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to table 8.1 for digital input setting.

When set digital input (DI) as CCLR, the function of pulse clear is effective. Clear the position error (It is applicable in PT, PR mode). If this DI is ON, the accumulative position error will be cleared to 0.

0: The triggering method of CCLR is rising-edge.

1: The triggering method of CCLR is level.

P2-51	Reserved			Address: 0266H 0267H
P2-52	Reserved		Address: 0268H 0269H	
P2-53	KPI	Position Integral Co	ompensation	Address: 026AH 026BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 6.3.6
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	ALL		
	Unit :	rad/s		
	Range :	0 ~ 1023		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

8-108 Revision July, 2018

When increasing the value of position control integral, reducing Settings: the position steady-state error, it may easily cause position overshoot and noise if the value is set too big.

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	SVP	The Gain of Synchronous Speed Control		Address: 026CH 026DH
_	Parameter	Devementar for individ	ual avia	Related Section: -
	Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		
	Operational	D 1/0 %		
	Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
	Default :	0		
	Control	A. I.		
	Mode:	Unit : rad/s nge : 0 ~ 8191		
	Unit:			
	Range :			
	Data Size :			
	Format : DEC			

Settings: When increasing the value of synchronous speed control, it can enhance the speed following of two motors. However, if the value is set too big, it may easily cause vibration and noise.

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

P2-55

SVI	Integral Compensat Speed	Address: 026EH 026FH	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: -	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	rad/s		
Range :) ~ 1023		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-109 Revision July, 2018

Settings:

When increasing integral compensation to synchronous speed, two motors speed following can be enhanced and the speed error between two motors can be reduced. However, if the value is set too big, it may easily cause vibration and noise.

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

P2-	56
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SPI	Integral Compensat Position	Address: 0270H 0271H	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute:			
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	nel / Software Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	rad		
Range :			
Data Size :			
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

When increasing integral compensation to synchronous position, two motors speed following can be enhanced and the speed error between two motors can be reduced. However, if the value is set too big, it may easily cause vibration and noise It is suggested to set the value the same as P2-06.

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

P2-57

SBW	The Bandwidth of S Control	Address: 0272H 0273H	
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individ	Related Section: -	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0)	
Control Mode:	ALL Hz 0 ~ 1023		
Unit:			
Range :			
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	Format : DEC		

8-110 Revision July, 2018

Settings: If users do not know how to set P2-54~P2-56, setting the bandwidth of synchronous control value will do since the value will correspond to P2-54~P2-56. The bigger the bandwidth of synchronous control value is, the better the synchronous effect will be. When increasing the bandwidth of speed loop and synchronous control, pay special attention to the response of P2-25 which should be faster than the setting of the both bandwidth.

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

P2-58	GTRY	Gantry Function		Address: 0274H 0275H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default: X Axis: 0000h Y Axis: 0010h Z Axis: 0020h			
Control Mode:				
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0000h ~ 0x1021		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		

8-111 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Enable/Disable the gantry function Command source Not in use

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

➤ DI synchronize ➤ Not in use

The switch of gantry function

0: Gantry function is not used

Disable the gantry function including command source selection and gantry compensation. Excessive synchronous deviation disables the function.

1: Gantry function is used

Enable the gantry function including command source selection and gantry compensation. Excessive synchronous deviation enables the function.

Command source

0: comes from X axis

When it is in position mode, the position command comes from the position command of X axis.

When it is in speed mode, the speed command comes from the speed command of X axis.

When it is in torque mode, the torque command comes from the torque command of X axis.

1: comes from Y axis

When it is in position mode, the position command comes from the position command of Y axis.

When it is in speed mode, the speed command comes from the speed command of Y axis.

When it is in torque mode, the torque command comes from the torque command of Y axis.

2: comes from Z axis

When it is in position mode, the position command comes from the position command of Z axis.

8-112 Revision July, 2018

When it is in speed mode, the speed command comes from the speed command of Z axis.

When it is in torque mode, the torque command comes from the torque command of *Z* axis.

DI synchronization

0: DI synchronization is used

DI status of the two axes of the gantry is the same

1: DI synchronization is not used

The DI status of two axis of the gantry is not synchronous.

P2-59

SERR	The Setting Value for Signaling Exceeding Deviation Error Between Two Axes		Address: 0276H 0277H
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for three a	Parameter for three axes Panel / Software Communication	
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software		
Default :	1280000		
Control Mode:	ALL	\LL	
Unit :	Pulse (based on the feedback of full-closed loop) 1 ~ (2 ²⁹ -1)		
Range :			
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

Set it as the two axes of gantry motion, if the feedback deviation between two axes exceeds the setting value, two axes will stop operating and show the alarm, AL081.

(Firmware, V1.005 sub00 will be provided soon)

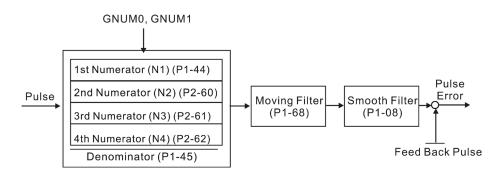
P2-60

GR4	Gear Ratio (Num	erator) (N2)	Address: 0278H 0279H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Default: 128		
Control Mode	Control Mode: PT Unit: Pulse		

Range :	1 ~ (2 ²⁹ -1)
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

Settings:

The numerator of electronic gear ratio can be selected via DI.GNUM0 and DI.GNUM1 (Please refer to table 8.1). If DI.GNUM0 and DI.GNUM1 are not set, P1-44 will automatically be the numerator of electronic gear ratio. Please switch GNUM0 and GNUM1 in stop status to avoid the mechanical vibration.



P2-61	GR5	Gear Ratio (Numerator) (N3)		Address: 027AH 027BH	
	Parameter	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: -	
	Attribute:				
	Operational	D 1/0 "			
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
	Default :	128			
	Control	PT			
	Mode:				
	Unit:	1 ~ (2 ²⁹ -1)			
	Range :				
	Data Size :				
	Format :	DEC			

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-60.

8-114 Revision July, 2018

-62	GR6	Gear Ratio (Numera	Address: 027CH 027DH	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	128		
	Control Mode :	PT		
	Unit:	Pulse		
	Range :	1 ~ (2 ²⁹ -1)		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P2-60.

P2-63	Reserved	Address: 027EH 027FH		
P2-64	Reserved	Address: 0280H 0281H		
P2-65	P2-65 GBIT Special-bit Register		Address: 0282H 0283H	
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
	Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	PT/PR/S	PT / PR / S	
	Unit :	Unit : -		
	Range : 0 ~ 0xFFFF			
	Data Size : -			
	Format :	-		

Settings: Special-bit Register:

epocial air regioner							
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8

- Bit0 ~ Bit5: reserved, please set to 0
- Bit6: In PT mode, the switch of pulse error protection function (pulse frequency is over high)
 - Bit6 = 0: Normally use the function of pulse error protection
 - Bit6 = 1: Disable the function of pulse error protection

Bit7 ~ Bit15: reserved, please set to 0

P2-66	GBIT2	Special-bit Register 2		Address: 0284H 0285H
	Parameter	Deremeter for individ	ual avia	Related Section: -
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
	Operational	Danal / Coffware	Campaniantian	
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control	DT / DD / O		
	Mode:	PT / PR / S		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 0x000F		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		

Settings: Special-bit Register 2:

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Bit0 ~ Bit1: reserved, please set to 0
- Bit2: Cancel the latch of low-voltage error

Bit2 = 0: The latch of low-voltage error: Low-voltage error will not be cleared automatically.

Bit2 = 1: Cancel the latch of low-voltage error: Low-voltage error will not be cleared automatically.

Bit3 ~ Bit7: reserved, please set to 0

8-116 Revision July, 2018

P2-67

JSL	The Stable Level of	Address: 0286H 0287H	
Parameter	Parameter for individ	Related Section: -	
Attribute :			
Operational	D	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1.5	15	
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit :	1 times	0.1 times	_
Range :	0 ~ 200.0	0 ~ 2000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	One decimal	DEC	
Example :	1.5 = 1.5 times	15 = 1.5 times	

Settings: In semi-auto mode, if the value of inertia estimation is smaller than P2-67 and the status remains for a while, the system will regard the inertia estimation as completed.

P2-68	Reserved	Address: 0288H 0289H
P2-69	Reserved	Address: 028AH 028BH
P2-70	Reserved	Address: 028CH 028DH
P2-71	Reserved	Address: 028EH 028FH

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P3-xx Communication Parameters

P3-00●	ADR	Address Setting		Address: 0300H 0301H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 9.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	

Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x7C		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x01 ~ 0x7F		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The communication address setting is divided into Y, X (hexadecimal):

	0	0	Y	X
Range	-	-	0 ~ 7	0 ~ F

When using RS-232/RS-485 to communicate, one servo drive can only set one address. The duplicate address setting will cause abnormal communication.

In this servo drive, the 3-axis address setting should be unique. The duplicate address will cause abnormal communication.

This address represents the absolute address of the servo drive in communication network. It is also applicable to RS-232/485 and CAN bus.

When the communication address setting of MODBUS is set to 0xFF, the servo drive will automatically reply and receive data regardless of the address. However, P3-00 cannot be set to 0xFF.

P3-01	BRT	Transmission Speed		Address: 0302H 0303H
	Parameter	Danama atau fau thua a		Related Section:
	Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Section 9.2
	Operational			
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0203		

8-118 Revision July, 2018

Control	A11
Mode :	ALL
Unit:	bps
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x0405
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	HEX

The setting of transmission speed is divided into Z, Y, X Settings: (hexadecimal):

	0	Z	Y	X
Communication port	-	CAN	-	RS-232/485
Range	0	0~4	0	0~5

- Definition of X setting value
 - 0:4800
 - 1:9600
 - 2: 19200
 - 3: 38400
 - 4: 57600
 - 5: 115200
- Definition of Z setting value
 - 0: 125 Kbit/s
 - 1: 250 Kbit/s
 - 2: 500 Kbit/s
 - 3: 750 Kbit/s
 - 4: 1.0 Mbit/s
- NOTE 1) If this parameter is set via CAN, only Z can be set and the others remain.
 - 2) The communication speed of USB is 1.0 Mbit/s only and is unchangeable.

P3-02	PTL	Communication Protocol		Address: 0304H 0305H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three a	axes	Related Section: Section 9.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	6		
	Control	ALL		
	Mode:	ALL		

8-119 Revision July, 2018

Unit:	-
Range :	0 ~ 0x8
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	HEX

Settings: The definition of the setting value is as the followings:

0: 7, N, 2 (MODBUS, ASCII)

1: 7, E, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

2: 7, O,1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

3: 8, N, 2 (MODBUS, ASCII)

4: 8, E, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

5: 8, O, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

6: 8, N, 2 (MODBUS, RTU)

7: 8, E, 1 (MODBUS, RTU)

8: 8, O, 1 (MODBUS, RTU)

P3-03

3	FLT	Communication Error Disposal		Address: 0306H 0307H
	Parameter	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
	Attribute :			Section 9.2
	Operational	Danal / Caffresa	O a manuscrip a eti a m	
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control			
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0 ~ 0x1		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	HEX		

Settings: The definition of the setting value is as the following:

0: Warning and keeps running

1: Warning and stops deceleration (The deceleration time is set to parameter P5-03.B)

8-120 Revision July, 2018

CWD	Communication Timeout		Address: 0308H 0309H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	sec		
Range :	0 ~ 20		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: If the setting value is not 0, enable communication timeout immediately. If it is set to 0, disable the function.

D9	n	
F 3=	U.	• 1

СММ	Communication Mechanism		Address: 030AH 030BH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for three avec		Related Section: Section 9.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00 ~ 0x01		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Communication port can select one or more than one communications.

Communication Interface

0: RS232 1: RS485

P3-06**■**

SDI	Control Switch of D	Control Switch of Digital Input (DI)	
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I. I		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x3FFF		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The source of DI controls the switch.

Each bit of this parameter decideds one input source of DI signal:

Bit0 ~ Bit5 correspond to DI1 ~ DI6.

Bit6 ~ Bit13 correspond to EDI7 ~ EDI14

The setting of bit is as the followings:

0: The input status is controlled by the external hardware.

1: The input status is controlled by P4-07.

For the functional planning of digital input, please refer to:

DI1 ~ DI6: P2-10 ~ P2-15

EDI7 ~ EDI14 : P2-16, P2-17, and P2-36 ~ P2-41

P3-07

CDT	Communication Res	Communication Response Delay Time	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	1ms		
Range :	0 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-122 Revision July, 2018

Settings: Delay the time of communication response from servo drive to controller

P3-08**■**

MNS	Monitor Mode		Address: 0310H 0311H
Parameter	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Attribute :			
Operational	Donal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0000		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	Shown as below		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The setting of monitor mode is divided into L and H. (hexadecimal):

Item	-	-	L	Н
Function	-	-	Low-speed monitoring time	Monitor Mode
Range	0	0	0 ~ F	0 ~ 4

The status of this axis or multi-axis can be monitored by USB. The definition of setting value is as follows:

- The definition of H setting value
 - 4: USB is high-speed monitor. The sampling frequency is 4K and can monitor 8CH.
 - 3: USB is high-speed monitor. The sampling frequency is 16K and can only monitor 2CH.
 - 2: USB is high-speed monitor. The sampling frequency is 8K and can monitor 4CH.
 - 1: USB is low-speed monitor. The sampling time is set by L and can monitor 4CH.
 - 0: disable the monitor function
- L: the sampling time of USB low-speed monitor. Its unit is ms.
 It means the axial status will be set via USB every L ms. So the controller can monitor the axial status. Each monitoring message includes 4 CH data (16 bit x 4). If L is set to 0, this function is disabled. L is enabled when H is set to 1.

SYC	CANopen Synchronize Setting		Address: 0312H 0313H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x57A1		
Control Mode:	CANopen		
Unit:	-		
Range :	Shown as below		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:

The synchronous setting of CANopen is divided into E, T, D and M (hexadecimal):

Item		E	T	D	М
Functi	on	Range of Synchronous error	Target value	Deadband	Adjusting amount
Rang	е	1 ~ 9	0 ~ 9	0 ~ F	1 ~ F

The slave of CANopen synchronizes with the master via SYNC. See as the followings:

- M: If the slave needs to synchronize with the master, correct the clock is a must. This parameter sets the maximum correction value per time. (Unit: usec)
- D: Set the size of deadband (Unite: usec). If the deviation between the SYNC reaching time and the target value does not exceed the deadband, correction is no need.
- T: SYNC arrival time. The standard value is 500usec but it might be different from the target value. Thus, the buffer is necessary.

Target value = $400 + 10 \times T$.

For instance, if T=5, the target value will be 450.

E: If the deviation between SYNC reaching time and the target value is smaller than the range, it means the synchronization is successful. (Unit: 10 usec)

P3-10	Reserved	Address: 0314H
P3-10	Reserved	0315H

8-124 Revision July, 2018

CANOP	CANopen Selection		Address: 0316H 0317H
Parameter	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		
Operationa	Danal / Software	Communication	
I Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000		
Control	CANopen		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	Shown as below		
Data Size:	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Synchronous setting of CANopen is divided into X, Y, Z and U (hexadecimal):

Item	U	Z	Υ	Χ
Functio n	undefine d	undefined	undefine d	Whether the parameter is saved into EEPROM
Range	-	-	-	0 ~ 1

The definition is as follows:

X=1: When writing parameters via PDO, parameters will be saved in EEPROM.

X=0: When writing parameters via PDO, parameters will not be saved in EEPROM.

Y: undefined

Z: undefined

U: undefined

NOTE This parameter is effective in the model of ASDA-M-M/F.

If X is set to 1 and write parameters by PDO continuously, it will shorten the lifetime of EEPROM.

8-125 Revision July, 2018

QSTPO	CANopen Support Setting		Address: 0318H 0319H
Parameter	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: -
Attribute:	Farameter for timee axes		
Operational	Panal / Software	Communication	
Interface :		Communication	
Default :	0x0000		
Control	CANopen		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	Shown as below		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The supporting setting of CANopen is divided into X, Y, Z and U (hexadecimal):

Item	U	Z	Υ	Х
Function	undefined	CANopen value will be loaded in	undefined	undefined
Range	-	0~1	-	-

The definition is as the followings:

X, Y, U: undefined

Z=0: After re-power on or reset the communication, CANopen default value will be loaded in.

Z=1: After re-power on or reset the communication, parameter value will not be changed.

8-126 Revision July, 2018

P4-xx Diagnosis Parameters

DI_{-}	
	$\mathbf{v}\mathbf{v}$

ASH1	Fault Record (N)		Address: 0400H 0401H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 4.4.1
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	Camana i antina	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	ALL		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
	Tl 1 4 - 1 1 - 4	4	

Settings: The last abnormal status record

Low word: LXXXX: display ALM number

High word: hYYYY: display the error code corresponds to

CANopen

P4-01★

ASH2	Fault Record (N-1)		Address: 0402H 0403H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The last second abnormal status record

Low word: LXXXX: display ALM number

High word word: hYYYY: display the error code corresponds to

CANopen

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P4-02★

ASH3	Fault Record (N-2)		Address: 0404H 0405H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 4.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Data Size :			

Settings: The last third abnormal status record

Low word: LXXXX: display ALM number

High word: hYYYY: display the error code corresponds to

CANopen

P4-03★

ASH4	Fault Record (N-3)		Address: 0406H 0407H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.4.1
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The last fourth abnormal status record

Low word: LXXXX: display ALM number

High word: hYYYY: display the error code corresponds to

CANopen

8-128 Revision July, 2018

P4-04★

ASH5	Fault Record (N-4)		Address: 0408H 0409H
Parameter		···al assia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 4.4.1
Operational	DI / O-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-		
Data Size :	32bit		

Settings: The last fifth abnormal status record

Low word: LXXXX: display ALM number

High word: hYYYY: display the error code corresponds to

CANopen

Format : HEX

P4-05	JOG	Servo Motor Jog Control		Address: 040AH 040BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 4.4.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	20		
	Control Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	r/min		
	Range :	0 ~ 5000		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

8-129 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

> Three control methods are as follows: Settings:

> > 1. Operation test

After the JOG speed is set by P4-05 via panel, the panel will display the symbol of JOG. Pressing the UP Key can control JOG operation in positive direction, pressing the DOWN Key can control negative direction. Stop pressing to stop the JOG operation. If there is any error in this setting, then the motor cannot operate. The maximum JOG speed is the maximum speed of the servo motor.

2. DI control

If the DI is set to JOGU and JOGD (refer to table 8.1), then the JOG operation in positive or negative direction can be controlled via this DI.

3. Communication control

1 ~ 5000: JOG speed

4998: JOG operation in positive direction 4999: JOG operation in negative direciton

0: Stop operation

NOTE When writing via communication, if the frequency is high, please set P2-30 to 5.

FOT	Digital Output Regi Writable)	ister (Readable and	Address: 040CH 040DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 4.4.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x31FF		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

8-130 Revision July, 2018 Settings: bit 00: correspond to DO code=0x30

bit 01: correspond to DO code=0x31

bit 02: correspond to DO code=0x32

bit 03: correspond to DO code=0x33

bit 04: correspond to DO code=0x34

bit 05: correspond to DO code=0x35

bit 06: correspond to DO code=0x36

bit 07: correspond to DO code=0x37

bit 08: correspond to DO code=0x38

bit 09: correspond to DO code=0x39

bit 10: correspond to DO code=0x3A

bit 11: correspond to DO code=0x3B

bit 12: correspond to DO code=0x3C

bit 13: correspond to DO code=0x3D

bit 14: correspond to DO code=0x3E

bit 15: correspond to DO code=0x3F

When setting the DO number of each axis, please add the axial parameter.

For example:

Each axis is used individually:

P2-18 of X axis is set to 0x1130, then the DO#1 of X axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of X axis.

P2-18 of Y axis is set to 0x2130, then the DO#1 of Y axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of Y axis.

P2-18 of Z axis is set to 0x3130, then the DO#1 of Z axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of Z axis.

Each axis can be used one another: The DO status can be output through P4-06 from other axes.

P2-18 of X axis is set to 0x2130, then the DO#1 of X axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of Y axis.

P2-18 of Y axis is set to 0x3130, then the DO#1 of Y axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of Z axis.

P2-18 of Z axis is set to 0x1130, then the DO#1 of Z axis is bit 0 status of P4-06 of X axis.

DO Code (0x30~0x3F) can be set via communication DO, and then write into P4-06.

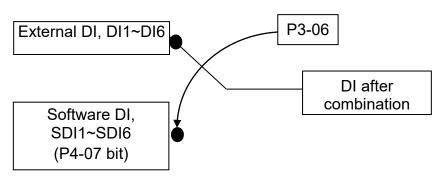
Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P4-07■

ITST	Multi-function of Di	gital Input	Address: 040EH 040FH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 4.4.4
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x3FFF		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:

The DI input signal can come from external terminal (DI1~DI6) or software SDI1~SDI6 (Bit 0~5 of corresponding parameter P4-07) and is determined by P3-06. The corresponding bit of P3-06 is 1, which means the source is software SDI (P4-07). If the corresponding bit is 0, then the source is hardware DI. See the following graph:



Read parameters: shows the DI status after combination

Write parameters: writes the software SDI status

For example:

The value of reading P4-07 is 0x0011, which means DI1 and DI5 is ON after combination.

The value of writing P4-07 is 0x0011, which means software SDI1 and SDI5 is ON.

Please refer to P2-10~P2-15 for the function programe of digital input pin DI (DI1~DI6)

Please refer to P2-16, P2-17, and P2-36~P2-41 for the function programe of digital input pin DI

8-132 Revision July, 2018

P4-08★	5		^	^	٨
	P4	п	U	ช	太

PKEY	Input Status of the Drive Keypad (Read-only)		Address: 0410H 0411H
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Daniel / Coffusion	Campaniantian	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	-		
Control	A 1 1		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	(Read-only)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The aim is to check if the five Keys, MODE, UP, DOWN, SHIFT and SET can work normally. This parameter is also used to check if the Keys are all functional when producing servo drives.

P4-09★

МОТ	Digital Output Statu	ıs (Read-only)	Address: 0412H 0413H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 4.4.5
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	_		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x1F		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		
		11.66	1 1 1

Settings: Note: There is no difference whether read by panel or

communication.

8-133 Revision July, 2018

P4-10**■**

CEN	Adjustment Selection	on	Address: 0414H 0415H
Parameter		···al avia	Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Danal / Coffuers	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 6		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: 0: reserved

- 1: Exectue the adjustment of analog speed input offset
- 2: Exectue the adjustment of analog torque input offset
- 3: Exectue the adjustment of current detector (V phase) offset
- 4:Exectue the adjustment of current detector (W phase) hardware offset
- 5: Exectue the adjustment of 1~4 hardware offset
- 6: Execute the adjustment of IGBT ADC



NOTE The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. When adjusting, the external wiring which connects to analog speed or torque needs to be removed completely and must be in Servo Off status.

P4-11

SOF1	Analog Speed Input 1	t Offset Adjustment	Address: 0416H 0417H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Attribute :			
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-134 Revision July, 2018

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-12

SOF2	Analog Speed Inpu	t Offset Adjustment	Address: 0418H 0419H
Parameter		Related Section: -	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control	All		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-13

TOF1	Analog Torque Input Offset Adjustment		Address: 041AH 041BH
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Denal / Coffusore	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-14

TOF2	Analog Torque Inpu 2	ıt Offset Adjustment	Address: 041CH 041DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	Factory default		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-15

COF1	Current Detector Adjustment	(V1 Phase) Offset	Address: 041EH 041FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-136 Revision July, 2018

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-16

COF2	Current Detector Adjustment	(V2 Phase) Offset	Address: 0420H 0421H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avie	Related Section: -
Attribute:	raiametei ioi muivid	uai axis 	
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-17

COF3	Current Detector (Adjustment	(W1 Phase) Offset	Address: 0422H 0423H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Attribute :			
Operational	D 1/0 ft		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-18

COF4	Current Detector Adjustment	(W2 Phase) Offset	Address: 0424H 0425H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

Manually adjust the hardware offset. The adjustment function needs to be enabled by the setting of parameter P2-08. It is not suggested to adjust the auxiliary adjustment. This parameter cannot be reset.

P4-19

TIGB	IGBT NTC Adjustment Detection Level (cannot reset)		Address: 0426H 0427H
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	Factory default		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	1 ~ 4		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Disease soal down the	drive to 25 Coloius e	logroo when adjusting

Settings: Please cool down the drive to 25 Celsius degree when adjusting

8-138 Revision July, 2018

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DOF1	Offset Adjustment Monitor Output (Ch		Address: 0428H 0429H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for three	axes	Section 6.6.3
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	mV		
Range :	-800 ~ 800		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Settings:	Offset adjustment va	llue (cannot reset)	

P4-21

DOF2	Offset Adjustment Value of Analog Monitor Output (Ch2)		Address: 042AH 042BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for three a	axes	Section 6.6.3
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A. I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	mV		
Range :	-800 ~ 800		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Off (): ()	1 (1)	

Settings: Offset adjustment value (cannot reset)

P4-22

SAO	Analog Speed Input OFFSET		Address: 042CH 042DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		

Control	C
Mode :	5
Unit:	mV
Range :	-5000 ~ 5000
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: Users manually adjust the OFFSET

P4-23

TAO	Analog Torque Inpu	Address: 042EH 042FH	
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avis	Related Section: -
Attribute :	l arameter for marvia	uai axis	
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	_		
Mode:	1		
Unit:	mV		
Range :	-5000 ~ 5000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Users manually adjust the OFFSET

P4-24	1	ı
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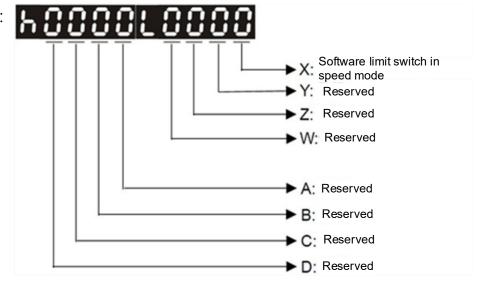
LVL	Level of Undervolta	Address: 0430H 0431H	
Parameter	Parameter for three a	Related Section: -	
Attribute :	raiametei ioi tillee a	axes	
Operational	D	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	160		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	V(rms)		
Range :	140~190		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-140 Revision July, 2018

Settings : When the voltage of DC BUS is lower than P4-24* $\sqrt{2}$, the undervoltage alarm occurs.

SFSW	Sp	ecial Function Swi	Address: 0432H 0433H	
Parame Attribute		Parameter for indiv	Related Section: -	
Operation Interface		Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
Default	t :	0x00000000		
Control Mode	:	ALL		
Unit	t :	-		
Range	:	0x00000000 ~ 0x00		
Data Size	:	32bit		
Format	t :	HEX		

Settings:



Sofware limit switch in speed mode

- 0: In speed mode, disable software limit protection and show alarms only
- 1: In speed mode, enable software limit protection and show alarms

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P5-xx Motion Setting Parameters

P5-00	Reserved	Address: 0500H 0501H
P5-01	Reserved	Address: 0502H 0503H
P5-02	Reserved	Address: 0504H 0505H

PDEC	Deceleration Time of	Address: 0506H 0507H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: -	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0XE0EFEEFF		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xF0F		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The parameter setting is divided into D, C, B, A, W, Z, Y, X (hexadecimal), including:

- The deceleration time when activating the auto-protection function: OVF, CTO (communication timeout AL020), SPL, SNL, PL, NL
- 2. Deceleration time of Stop Command: STP

Item	D	С	В	Α	W	Z	Υ	Х
Function	STP	Reserved	СТО	OVF	SNL	SPL	NL	PL
Range	0 ~ F	-	0 ~ F	0 ~ F	0 ~ F	0 ~ F	0 ~ F	0 ~ F

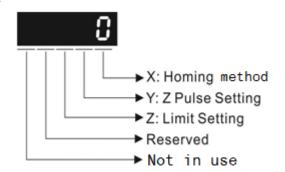
 $0 \sim F$ is used to indexing the deceleration time of P5-20 \sim P5-35. For example: If X is set to A, then the deceleration time of PL is determined by P5-30.

8-142 Revision July, 2018

P5-04

HMOV	Homing Mode	Address: 0508H 0509H		
Parameter				
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis		
Operational				
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	DD			
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	-			
Range :	0 ~ 0x128			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	HEX			

Settings:



The definition of the setting value is as the followings:

8-143 Revision July, 2018

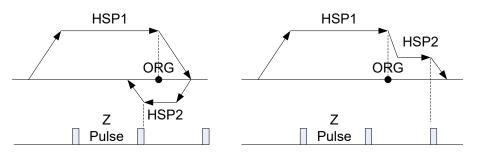
W	Z	Y	X	
Reserved	Limit Setting	Z pulse Setting	Homing Method	
-	0 ~ 1	0 ~ 2	0 ~ 8	
		Y=0: Stop and return to Z pulse	X=0: Homing in forward direction and regard PL as the homing origin.	
		Y=1: Go forward to Z pulse Y=2: Do not look	X=1: Homing in reverse direction and regard NL as the homing direction.	
	When encounter limit: Z=0: shows	for Z pulse	X=2: Homing in forward direction ORGP: OFF → ON, as the homing origin	
	error Z=1: rotates backwards		X=3: Homing in reverse direction ORGP: OFF → ON, as the	
			homing origin	
				X=4: Look for Z pulse in forward direction and regard it as the homing origin
			X=5: Look for Z pulse in reverse direction and regard it as the homing origin	
		Y=0: Stop and return to Z pulse	X=6: Homing in forward direction ORGP: ON → OFF, as the	
		Y=1: Go forward to Z pulse Y=2: Do not look for Z pulse	homing origin X=7: Homing in reverse direction ORGP: ON → OFF, as the homing origin	
			X=8: directly define the current position as the origin	

8-144 Revision July, 2018

P5-05

HSPD1	1 st Speed Setting of Homing	Address: 050AH 050BH	
Parameter		ival axia	Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100.0	1000	
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 2000.0	1 ~ 20000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1.5 = 1.5 r/min	15 = 1.5 r/min	

Settings: The 1st speed of high speed homing



P5-06	HSPD2	2 nd Speed Setting Homing	Address: 050CH 050DH	
	Parameter		deal and	Related Section: -
	Attribute:	Parameter for indivi	duai axis	
	Operational	D 1/0 6		
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	20.0	200	
	Control			
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
	Range :	1 ~ 500.0	10 ~ 5000	
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		
	Example :	15 = 15 r/min	150 = 15 r/min	

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: The 2nd speed setting of low speed homing

P5-07**■**

PRCM	Trigger Position Command (PR mode only)		Address: 050EH 050FH
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Denal / Coffusore		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 1000		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC	DEC	

Settings:

Set P5-07 to 0 to start homing

Set P5-07 to 1~99 to execute PR procedure which is the same as DI.CTRG+POSn

It is prohibited to set P5-07 to $100 \sim 9999$ (The value exceeds the valid range)

Set P5-07 to 1000 to execute Stop Command which is the same as DI.STOP

When reading P5-07:

If the command is incompleted, the drive will read the current command.

If the command is completed, the drive will read the current command + 10000.

If the command is completed and DO.TPOS is ON, reach the motor position, the drive will read the current command +20000.

When PR is triggered by DI, the reading value is the same

For example:

Set P5-07 to 3, PR#3 will be triggered.

If the reading value is 3, it means PR #3 is incompleted.

If the reading value is 10003, it means PR#3 is issued completed, but the motor has not reached the target position yet.

If the reading value is 20003, it means PR#3 is issued completed and the motor has reached the target position.

8-146 Revision July, 2018

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SWLP	Forward Software Limit		Address: 0510H 0511H
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2147483647		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	PUU		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: In PR mode, if the motor rotates in forward direction and its command position exceeds the setting value of P5-08, it will trigger AL283.

P5-09

SWLN	Reverse Software Limit		Address: 0512H 0513H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute :	aramotor for marria	adi dilio	
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	-2147483648		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	PUU		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
L	L DD L :6 11]

Settings: In PR mode, if the motor rotates in reverse direction and its command position exceeds the setting value of P5-09, it will trigger AL285.

8-147 Revision July, 2018

P5-10★

AYSZ	Data Array - Data Size		Address: 0514H 0515H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 7.2.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	-		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	Read-only		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Data size (N x 32 bits) means size N of data array

P5-11∎

AYID	Data Array - Add Writing	ress of Reading /	Address: 0516H 0517H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:		adi axio	Section 7.2.2
Operational	D 1/0 "	• "	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	0 ~ (value set by P5-10 minus 1)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The address of specified data when reading or writing data array.

P5-12∎

AIDU	Data Array - Window Writing	Address: 0518H 0519H	
Parameter Attribute :	aramatar for individual axia		Related Section: Section 7.2.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software (Communication	
Default :	0		

8-148 Revision July, 2018

Control	A11
Mode:	ALL
Unit:	-
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: Window #1 (Array[P5-11++])

When reading the parameter via panel, the value set by P5-11 will

not add 1, but the others will.

P5-13**■**

AYD1	Data Array - Window #2 for Reading / Writing		Address: 051AH 051BH
Parameter		val avia	Related Section:
Attribute:	Parameter for individu	uai axis	Section 7.2.2
Operational	DI / O-#	0	
Interface :	Panei / Soπware	Panel / Software Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Window #2 (Array[P5-11++])

When reading and writing the parameter via panel or communication, the value set by P5-11 will add 1. Panel is

Address: 051CH

write-protected.

Default : 0x0

DE 11

14	Reserved			051DH
		PATH#1 ~ PATH#2	No Data Potained	Addross: 051EH
5∎		Setting	No Data Retained	051FH
	Parameter			Related Section: -
	Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
	Operational	Daniel / Coffee	Oiti	
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	

Control	A11
Mode :	ALL
Unit:	-
Range :	0x0 ~ 0x0011
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	HEX

The parameter is divided into 00YX: Settings:

> X=0: PATH#1 Data retained X=1: PATH#1 No data retained Y=0: PATH#2 Data retained Y=1: PATH#2 No data retained

Others are reserved

Users can continuously write the new position into the drive through communication by P5-05.

P5-16**■**

AXEN	Axis Position - Motor Encoder		Address: 0520H 0521H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.3
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	PUU (User position u	PUU (User position unit)	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Read: The feedback position of the motor encoder, which is the monitor various V000 + the offset value.

> Write: Any value can be written into the parameter and will neither change V000 nor influence the positioning coordinate system. It is only for observation when adjusting the offset value.

8-150 Revision July, 2018

DE 4	
	- 11

AXAU	Axis Position - Auxiliary Encoder		Address: 0522H 0523H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.3
Operational	D	0 : 4:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	-		
Control			
Mode:	ALL .		
Unit:	Pulse number	Pulse number	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Sends back: pulse counts of the auxiliary encoder (linear scale)

P5-18

AXPC	Axis Position - Pulse Command		Address: 0524H 0525H
Parameter		Donomoston for in dividual cuis	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	-		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	Pulse number		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Canda baaki niilaa a	4 - . 	l

Settings : Sends back: pulse counts of pulse command

P5-19

TBS	E-Cam Curve Scaling		Address: 0526H 0527H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1.000000		

Control	DD
Mode:	PR
Unit:	0.000001 times which is 1 / (10^6)
Range :	-2147.000000 ~ +2147.000000
Data Size :	32 bit
Format :	DEC
Example :	1100000 = 1.1 times

Settings: This parameter is used to magnify or minify the E-Cam table without changing its setting value.

> For example, the data in the table is 0,10,20,30,40,20, magnification x 2.000000 equals to the data in the table: 0,20,40,60,80,40, magnification x 1.000000.

> Enable the operation of E-Cam by using the same pulse frequency of the master axis. Magnify the magnification will enlarge the route of E-Cam operation. The speed will be magnified as well.



NOTE 1) This parameter can be set anytime, but will be effective only when pre-engaged \rightarrow engaged.

P5-20	AC0	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #0)		Address: 0528H 0529H
	Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	200		
	Control Mode :	PR		
	Unit:	ms		
	Range :	1 ~ 65500		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

The setting time of acceleration/deceleration in PR mode, which Settings: is the time it needs when accelerating from 0 to 3000r/min

8-152 Revision July, 2018 P5-21

AC1	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #1)		Address: 052AH 052BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	300		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

P5-22

AC2	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #2)		Address: 052CH 052DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	500		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-23

Δ(:3	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #3)		Address: 052EH 052FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individua	al avie	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software C	Communication	

Default :	600
Control	DD
Mode :	PR
Unit:	ms
Range :	1 ~ 65500
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings : Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-24

AC4	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #4)		Address: 0530H 0531H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	800		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-25

AC5	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #5)		Address: 0532H 0533H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	900		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit :	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		

8-154 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	16bit	
Format :	DEC	

Settings : Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-26

AC6	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #6)		Address: 0534H 0535H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

P5-27

AC7	Acceleration/Decele (Number #7)	eration Time	Address: 0536H 0537H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1200		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

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	J =	40	١

AC8	Acceleration/Decele (Number #8)	eration Time	Address: 0538H 0539H
Parameter	D		Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1500		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

P5-29

AC9	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #9)		Address: 053AH 053BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

P5-30

Δ(:10)	Acceleration/Deceleration Time (Number #10)		Address: 053CH 053DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	

8-156 Revision July, 2018

Default :	2500
Control	DD
Mode :	PR
Unit:	ms
Range :	1 ~ 65500
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings : Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-31

AC11	Acceleration/Decele (Number #11)	eration Time	Address: 053EH 053FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	3000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-32

AC12	Acceleration/Decele (Number #12)	eration Time	Address: 0540H 0541H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individu	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	5000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		

Data Size :	16bit	
Format :	DEC	

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration

time in PR mode.

P5-33

AC13	Acceleration/Decele (Number #13)	eration Time	Address: 0542H 0543H
 Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	8000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to P5-20 for the setting of acceleration/deceleration time in PR mode.

P5-34

AC14	Acceleration/Decele (Number #14)	Address: 0544H 0545H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	50		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The default value of this parameter is smaller (short deceleration time) and it is used for deceleration time setting of auto protection.

8-158 Revision July, 2018

P5-35

AC15	Acceleration/Decele (Number #15)	Address: 0546H 0547H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Related Section: Section 7.10	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	30		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	1 ~ 65500		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

The default value of this parameter is smaller (short deceleration time) and it is used for short deceleration time and stops promptly of auto protection.

P5-36

CAST	CAPTURE - Start Array	Address of Data	Address: 0548H 0549H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11.1
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I. I		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ (value set by P5-		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The first data CAPTURE obtained should be saved in the address of data array.

NOTE It is writable only when COMPARE stops (please refer to P5-39)

P5-37**■**

CAAX	CAPTURE - Axis Position CNT		Address: 054AH 054BH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11.1
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Jection 7.11.1
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Shows the axis position of CAPTURE pulse source



- NOTE 1) It is writable only when COMPARE stops (please refer to P5-39)
 - 2) If the source is the main encoder, this parameter is write-protected and the content is the feedback position of the motor (monitor variable 00h).

P5-38∎

CANO	CAPTURE - The Nu Times	ımber of Capturing	Address: 054CH 054DH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.11.1
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	raner/ Sollware	Communication	
Default :	1		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	1 ~ (the value set by P5-10 minus the value set by P5-36)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

8-160 Revision July, 2018

When CAP stops, it means the number of data that expect to capture (readable and writable)

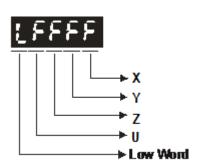
When CAP activates, it means the number of data that has not been captured (read-only); Every time, when it captures one data, the value of P5-38 will minus one. When the value is 0, it means the capturing is completed.

NOTE The number of data which is used by COMPARE, CAPTURE and E-Cam cannot exceed 1500.

P5-39-				
		9	0	
	-	o ⊟b`	Νí	ı

CACT	CAPTURE - Activate CAP Control		Address: 054EH 054FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11.1
Operational	D 1/0 f		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x2010		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0xF13F		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings:



X : See the following table

8-161 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

- Y: 0 CAPTURE is not working
 - 1 AUX ENC (linear scale) is set as the source
 - 2 PULSE Cmd
 - 3 Main ENC (main encoder)

When the source of CMP is CAP axis, the source Y of CAP cannot be changed.

Z:0-NO,1-NC。

U: trigger the minimum interval (Unit: ms)

Bit	3	2	1	0
X function	Execute PR	After	Reset the	Activate CAP
	when	capturing the	position of	
	finishing	first data,	the first data	
	capturing	CMP is		
		activated.		
Description	Execute PR	It is invalid	After	Starts to
	#50 after	when CMP is	capturing	capture when
	finishing CAP	activated	the first	it is set to 1.
			data, reset	After finishing
			the position	capturing, this
			coordinate	bit becomes 0
				automatically.

bit 0: When the value set by P5-38 is bigger than 0, set bit 0 to 1 will activate CAP function and DO.CAP_OK is OFF. Every time, when a data is captured, the value of P5-38 will minus one. When the P5-38 is 0, it means the capture function is completed, DO.CAP_OK is ON and bit 0 will be reset to 0 automatically. If P5-38 equals to 0, set bit 0 to 1 will not activate CAP function. DO.CAP_OK is OFF and bit 0 will automatically be set to 0. If CAP function is activated, it cannot set 1 to bit 0. It only can be written 0 to disable CAP function.

8-162 Revision July, 2018

- bit 1: If this bit is 1, when capturing the first data, the current position of CAP axis will be set to the value of P5-76.
- bit 2: If this bit is 1, when capturing the first data, CMP will be activated. (When bit 0 of P5-59 is set to 1 and P5-58 is set to the previous value.) If CMP has been activated, then this function is invalid.
- bit 3: If this bit is 1, as soon as the CAP finished, PR procedure #50 will be triggered automatically.

|--|

DLY0	Delay Time After F (Number #0)	Position Completed	Address: 0550H 0551H	
Parameter				
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10	
Operational	DI / O-#	Oiti		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	DD			
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	ms			
Range :	0 ~ 32767			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	DEC			

Settings: The 1st Delay Time of PR mode

P5-41

DLY1	Delay Time After F (Number #1)	Position Completed	Address: 0552H 0553H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 ft		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: The $2^{\rm nd}$ Delay Time of PR mode

P5-42

DLY2	Delay Time After F (Number #2)	Position Completed	Address: 0554H 0555H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "	:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	200		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The $3^{\rm rd}$ Delay Time of PR mode

P5-43

DLY3	Delay Time After F (Number #3)	Address: 0556H 0557H	
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	400		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 4^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

8-164 Revision July, 2018

P5-44

DLY4	Delay Time After I (Number #4)	Position Completed	Address: 0558H 0559H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 f		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	500		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 5^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

P5-45

DLY5	Delay Time After I (Number #5)	Position Completed	Address: 055AH 055BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	800		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 6th Delay Time of PR mode

P5-46

IIIYA	Delay Time After Po (Number #6)	osition Completed	Address: 055CH 055DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individua	al avic	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software C	Communication	
Default :	1000		

Control	DD
Mode :	PR
Unit:	ms
Range :	0 ~ 32767
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: The 7^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

P5-47

DLY7	Delay Time After F (Number #7)	Position Completed	Address: 055EH 055FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	DI / O-#	Oi t i	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1500		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 8^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

P5-48

DLY8	Delay Time After F (Number #8)	Position Completed	Address: 0560H 0561H	
Parameter				
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 ft			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	2000			
Control	DD			
Mode:	PR 			
Unit :	ms			
Range :	0 ~ 32767			
Data Size :	16bit			
Format :	DEC			

8-166 Revision July, 2018

Settings: The 9^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

|--|

DLY9	Delay Time After F (Number #9)	Position Completed	Address: 0562H 0563H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2500		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 10th Delay Time of PR mode

P5-50

DLY10	Delay Time After F (Number #10)	Position Completed	Address: 0564H 0565H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	3000		
Control	DD.		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 11th Delay Time of PR mode

P5-51

	Delay Time After F (Number #11)	Position Completed	Address: 0566H 0567H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individu	ual avia	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	

Default :	3500
Control	DD
Mode:	PK
Unit:	ms
Range :	0 ~ 32767
Data Size :	16bit
Format :	DEC

Settings: The 12th Delay Time of PR mode

P5-52

DLY12	Delay Time After I (Number #12)	Position Completed	Address: 0568H 0569H
Parameter		1	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	4000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 13th Delay time of PR mode

P5-53

DLY13	Delay Time After I (Number #13)	Position Completed	Address: 056AH 056BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	4500		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		

8-168 Revision July, 2018

Format : DEC

Settings: The 14th Delay time of PR mode

P5-54

DLY14	Delay Time After I (Number #14)	Position Completed	Address: 056CH 056DH
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	5000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 15th Delay time of PR mode

P5-55

DLY15	Delay Time After I (Number #15)	Position Completed	Address: 056EH 056FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	5500		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	ms		
Range :	0 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The 16^{th} Delay Time of PR mode

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P5-56

CMST	COMPARE - Start Array	Address of Data	Address: 0570H 0571H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	uol ovio	Related Section:
Attribute :		uai axis	Section 7.11.2
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ (The value of P5-	10 minus 1)	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The first COMPARE data is saved in the address of data array.

NOTE It is writable only when COMPARE stops (please refer to P5-59)

P5-57

CMAX	COMPARE - Axis Position		Address: 0572H 0573H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	uol evie	Related Section:
Attribute :	raiametei 101 mulvid	uai axis	Section 7.11.2
Operational	Donal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The axis position of COMPARE pulse source is displayed here. It is writable only when COMPARE stops (please refer to P5-59)

8-170 Revision July, 2018



- NOTE 1) It is write-protected when the source is Capture axis.
 - 2) When the source is the main encoder, P5-57 is also write-protected. The pulse revolution is determined by parameter P1-46. When P5-59.Y is set to the main encoder, this parameter is set to the motor feedback position (monitor variable 00h). If this parameter is not the same as the motor feedback position due to homing or reset by CAP function, the user can set P5-59.Y = 0 and then P5-59.Y = 3. In this way, this parameter will be reset to the motor feedback position.

P5-58**■**

СМИО	COMPARE - Compa	re Amount	Address: 0574H 0575H
Parameter Attribute :	Danama Aam familia distributati ancia		Related Section: Section 7.11.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1		
Control Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	1 ~ (the value set by value set by P5-56)	P5-10 minus the	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When COMPARE stops, it means the number of data that expect to compare (readable and writable)

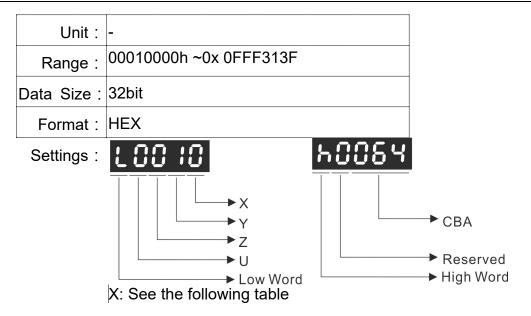
> When COMPARE activates, it means the number of data that has not been compared (read-only); Every time, when it compares one data, the value of P5-38 will minus one. When the value is 0, it means the comparing is completed.

P5-59

СМСТ	COMPARE - Activat	e CMP Control	Address: 0576H 0577H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section Section 7.11.2	on:
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	00640010h			
Control Mode :	ALL			

8-171 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M



- Y: 0 When selecting CAPTURE AXES, the source of CAP cannot be changed.
 - 1 AUX ENC (linear scale) is set as the source
 - 2 PULSE Cmd
 - 3 Main ENC (main encoder)
- Z: 0 NO, 1 NC outputs the polarity
- U: See table U below
- CBA: Output the Pulse length; Unit: 1ms

bit	3	2	1	0
X function	After	When	Cycle mode	CMP is
	finishing	finishing		activated
	comparing,	comparing,		
	the counter	CAP is		
	returns to 0.	activated		
Description	As soon as	It is invalid	Never end	Starts to
	the last data	when CAP		compare
	is	is activated		when this bit
	compared,			is set to 1. It
	P5-57 is set			returns to 0
	to 0.			when
				finishing
				comparing.

8-172 Revision July, 2018

- bit 0: When the value of P5-58 is more than 0, set bit to 1 will activate CMP. When comparing one data, the value of P5-58 will minus 1. When P5-58 is set to 0, the comparing is completed and returns to 0. If P5-58 is 0, set bit 0 to 1 will not do any comparing and return to 0 automatically. If bit 0 has already been set to 1, it is not allowed to write 1 as the new value into the parameter. But it is ok to write 0 to disable CMP.
- bit 1: If this bit is 1, P5-58 will be reset after comparing the last data. Then, start from the first data again. The cycle will never end and bit 0 is always 1.
- bit 2: If this bit is 1, CAP will be activated after comparing the last data. (Set bit 0 of P5-39 to 1 and reset P5-38 to the previous value) If CAP has already been activated, this function is invalid.
- bit 3: If this bit is 1, set the counter (P5-57) to 0 after comparing the last data. For example, if the comparing data is set to 3000 (one data in total), the default value of the counter (P5-57) is 0. It is expected to input 4000 pulse. When it reaches the 3000th pulse, the CMP is completed and P5-57 returns to 0. When the pulse reaches 4000, P5-57=1000. (No accumulative error)

The definition of each bit of is as follows:

bit	15	14	13	12
U function	-	-	Follow CAP	-
Description	-	-	CMP data is set	-
			by CAP	

DE		١
		•

POV0	Target Speed Setting #0		Address: 0578H 0579H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	20.0	200	
Control Mode :	PR		
		0.4.7.	
Unit :	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	15 = 15 r/min	150 = 15 r/min	

Settings: The 1st target speed of PR mode

	_		ı
-1	-	2	
-	• 🗆		

POV1	Target Speed Setting #1		Address: 057AH 057BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	50.0	500	
Control	DD.		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 2nd target speed of PR mode

8-174 Revision July, 2018

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POV2	Target Speed Setting #2		Address: 057CH 057DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100.0	1000	
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The $3^{\rm rd}$ target speed of PR mode

P5-63

POV3	Target Speed Setting #3		Address: 057EH 057FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Coffee	Ci +i	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	200.0	2000	
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 4th target speed of PR mode

P5-64

POV5	Target Speed Setting #4		Address: 0582H 0583H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	300.0	3000	
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		

10 = 1 r/min

Settings: The 5^{th} target speed of PR mode

Format : DEC

Example : 1 = 1 r/min

5	POV5	Target Speed Setting #5		Address: 0582H 0583H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	500.0	5000	
	Control Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
	Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		
	Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 6^{th} target speed of PR mode

8-176 Revision July, 2018

P5-66

POV6	Target Speed Setting #6		Address: 0584H 0585H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	r arameter for murviu	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	600.0	6000	
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 7th target speed of PR mode

P5-67

POV7	Target Speed Setting #7		Address: 0586H 0587H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	800.0	8000	
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR	_	
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 8^{th} target speed of PR mode

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POV8	Target Speed Setting #8		Address: 0588H 0589H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1000.0	10000	
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 9^{th} target speed of PR mode

P5-69

POV9	Target Speed Setti	Target Speed Setting #9	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:		udai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	1300.0 13000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 10th target speed of PR mode

8-178 Revision July, 2018

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POV10	Target Speed Setting #10		Address: 058CH 058DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational			Section 7.10
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Defalt :	1500.0	15000	
Control	PR		
Mode:	r K	1	
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 11th target speed of PR mode

P5-71

POV11	Target Speed Setting #11		Address: 058EH 058FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1800.0	18000	
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 12^{th} target speed of PR mode

P5-72

P5-73

POV12	Taget Speed Setting #12		Address: 0590H 0591H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individual	uuai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Denal / Coffware	Carrana residentia re	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2000.0 20000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 13th target speed of PR mode

POV13	Target Speed Setting #13		Address: 0592H 0593H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2300.0	23000	
Control Mode :	PR	•	
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 14^{th} target speed of PR mode

8-180 Revision July, 2018

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POV14	Target Speed Settin	Target Speed Setting #14	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	2500.0	25000	
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 15th target speed of PR mode

P5-75

POV15	Target Speed Setting #15		Address: 0596H 0597H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	3000.0	30000	
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	1 r/min	0.1 r/min	
Range :	0.1 ~ 6000.0	1 ~ 60000	
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		
Example :	1 = 1 r/min	10 = 1 r/min	

Settings: The 16th target speed of PR mode

P5-76★

CPRS	CAPTURE - First Position Reset Data		Address: 0598H 0599H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-1073741824 ~ +1073741823		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P5-39 X 1

P5-77

CSAX	The Position of Sy Axis (CAP SYNC A)	Address: 059AH 059BH	
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Daniel / Coffeens		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: The position of this axis will synchronize with CAP signal. That is to say, when activating CAP every two times, the motor moving distance of this axis is the value of P5-78. (There is no accumulative error and only in single-way operation) The synchronous capture axis can be the source of Master.

8-182 Revision July, 2018 P5-78

CSDS	The Interval Pulse Each Synchronous	Number between Capture Axis	Address: 059CH 059DH
Parameter			Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	Pulse	Pulse	
Range :	10 ~ +100000000		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: It is the moving distance of synchronous capture axis between two CAP actions.

> The new value can be written into the parameter not until CAP is disabled (P5-39, X0=0).

P5-79i

CSDS	Error Pulse Number Capture Axis	er of Synchronous	Address: 059EH 059FH	
Parameter	Parameter for individ	Related Section: -		
Attribute:				
Operational	Deve al / Caffrigue			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	A.1.1			
Mode:	ALL			
Unit:	Pulse			
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC			

8-183 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings:

When synchronous capture axis is operating, the synchronous error should be 0. This parameter shows this error value. The followings are its concept:

Synchronous Error = Output value of synchronous axis Setting value of synchronous axis

the accumulative amount of P5-77 -(P5-78 x Capturing number of times)

When capturing the data, the synchronous aixs works normally. This parameter updates once.

This parameter can be written into as well. It indicates the offset of synchronous master. When the synchronous capture axis is regarded as the master of flying shear, modify this parameter can deviate the cutting position to the left/right.

P5-80

CSDS	Max. Correction Racing Capture Axis	ate of Synchronous	Address: 05A0H 05A1H
Paramete	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Attribute	. I diditiotor for marvia	idai dalo	
Operation	al D I / O fi		
Interface	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default	: 10	10	
Control			
Mode	ALL	ALL	
Unit	: %		
Range	0 ~ 90		
Data Size	: 16bit	16bit	
Format	DEC		

8-184 Revision July, 2018

This parameter limits the percentage (%) of synchronous Settings: adjustment.

Correction rate

= pulse number output by synchronous axis /pulse number input by synchronous axis (100 -P5-80)% < correction rate< (100 + P5 - 80)%

The bigger correction rate, the faster the synchronous error becomes 0. However, the speed changing will be more severe.

The smaller correction rate, the slower the synchronous error becomes 0. However, the speed changing will be more smooth.

In the application of flying shear, after adjusting the synchronous error, P5-79: the bigger parameter value will reduce the time the slave axis goes to the desired position. However, the speed is not synchronized.

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ECHD	E-CAM: Start Address of Data Array		Address: 05A2H 05A3H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	r arameter for murviu	uai axis	Section 7.11
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	0 ~ (800 - P5-82)		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

The first data of E-Cam table is saved in the address of data Settings: array.



NOTE This parameter can be set anytime, but will be effective only when pre-engaged → engaged.

8-185 Revision July, 2018

P	5-	82	

ECMN	E-CAM: Area Number N (at least >=5)		Address: 05A4H 05A5H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	5		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	5 ~ 720, must < = (P	5-10 - P5-81)	
	And P5-82 x P5-84 < = 2147483647		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: It means the E-Cam curve is divided into N zone, and the table should include N+1 data.

NOTE This parameter can be wrote when E-Cam stops (Please refer toP5-88, X=0).

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ЕСММ	E-CAM: Master Gea	E-CAM: Master Gear Ratio Setting M	
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	1		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	1 ~ 32767		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When receiving pulse number P of the Master, E-Cam will rotate M cirle, which means the M cycle of the cam table.

NOTE This parameter can be wrote when E-Cam stops (Please refer toP5-88, X=0).

8-186 Revision July, 2018 P5-84

ЕСМР	E-CAM: Master Gear Ratio Setting P		Address: 05A8H 05A9H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	3600		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	_		
Range :	10 ~ 1073741823,		
	and P5-82 x P5-83	< = P5-84	
	and P5-82 x P5-84	< = 2147483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When receiving pulse number P of the Master, E-Cam will rotate M circle, which means the M cycle of the cam table.

NOTE This parameter can be modified anytime, and has no limit that mentioned above.

P5-85	ECME	E-CAM: Number of Area		Address: 05AAH 05ABH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode :	PR		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	0 ~ (P5-82 - 1)		
	Data Size :	16bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: The area number of E-cam when E-cam engaged.

P5-86**■**

ECAX	E-CAM: Master Axis Position		Address: 05ACH 05ADH
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11
Operational	DI/O-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC	DEC	

Settings: The position counter of the E-Cam Master

NOTE This parameter can be wrote when E-Cam stops (Please refer toP5-88, X=0).

P5-87

PLED	E-CAM: Lead Pulse		Address: 05AEH 05AFH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-1073741824 ~ +1073741823		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When the engaging condition (P5-88.Z) of E-cam is satisfied, the pulse number from the master has to exceed the setting value of this parameter, so that E-cam is fully engaged.

> In other words, E-cam engages after neglecting the lead pulse specified by this parameter.

8-188 Revision July, 2018 If the symbol of this parameter is + , it means the received forward pulse is regarded as the lead pulse

If the symbol of this parameter is - , it means the received reverse pulse is regarded as the lead pulse

P5-88**■**

ECON	E-CAM: Activate E-Cam Control		Address: 05B0H 05B1H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0000000h		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	0 ~ 0x206FF251		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The format of this parameter: (High word h) S0BA: (Low word L) UZYX

Definition of each column is as follows:

- X: E-Cam command
 - 0: Disable
 - 1: Activate (When E-Cam mode is activated, the content of the other column cannot be changed.)
- Y: Command source
 - 0: CAP axis
 - 1: AUX ENC
 - 2: Pulse Cmd
 - 3: PR command
 - 4: Time Axis (1ms)
 - 5: Synchronous Capture Axis (P5-77)
- Z: Engaging Time (No multiple choice)
 - 0: Immediately
 - 1: DI.CAM ON
 - 2: Any one of the Capture

 U: Disengaging Condition (2, 4 and 6 cannot be selected at the same time)

U	Disengaged Condition	Action after disengaged
0	Never disengaged	-
1	DI : CAM OFF	In STOP status
2	Master axis receives the pulse number which is set by P5-89 and stops immediately. (The symbol represents the direction)	
6	Same as 2, the E-cam starts to decelerate when disengaging. It is suitable for the application of calling the next PR position command right after disengaged.	In STOP status
4	Master axis receives the pulse number which is set by P5-89 and stops immediately. (The symbol represents the direction)	Back to the pre-engage status The lead pulse is P5-92
8	Disable E-cam after disengaging	Set X to 0



The servo is Off, when ALM or forward/reverse limit occur or PR is doing homing procedure, it disengages (P5-88, X = 0)

- BA: When disengaging condition is statisfied (P5-88, U = 2, 4, 6), a PR 00~63 (hexadecimal; 00 means no action) will automatically be executed.
- S:Shows the engage status (Read-only, the setting is invalid)

0: Stop

1: Engage status

2: Pre-engage status

P5-89	ECRD	E-CAM: Informatio	n of Disengaging	Address: 05B2H 05B3H
	Parameter			Related Section:
	Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.11
	Operational	D 1/0 #		
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control	DD		
	Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	-1073741824 ~ +107	3741823	
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

8-190 Revision July, 2018

Settings: (Please refer to the definition of P5-88 U setting value 2)

P5-90

СМАР	E-CAM: AREA No. + The Point of DO ON		Address: 05B4H 05B5H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avis	Related Section:
Attribute:	raiametei 101 muividi	uai axis	Section 7.11
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	PR Angle (It was changed after firmware V1.009) 0 ~ 360		
Control			
Mode:			
Unit:			
Range :			
Data Size :			
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When E-cam is engaged, set the start angle of DO output (DO. CAM_AREA).

P5-91

CMAN	E-CAM: AREA No. OFF	- The Point of DO	Address: 05B6H 05B7H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.11
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	Angle (It was changed after firmware V1.009)		
Range :	0 ~ 360		
Data Size :	16bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: When E-cam is engaged, set the end angle of DO output (DO. CAM_AREA).

P5-92

PLED	E-CAM: Pre-engag Cycle	ed Time of Each	Address: 05B8H 05B9H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Section 7.11	
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-100000000 ~ +1000		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings:

This parameter goes with the selection of P5-88, U=4 (E-cam will disengage if it exceeds the moving distance):

After disengaging, it does not enter the Stop status but pre-engaged status. The lead pulse is determined by this parameter.

The pulse number sent by the Master must exceed the setting value of this parameter so that E-cam will engage again.

In other words, E-cam will engage not until the lead pulse is ignored.

If the symbol of this parameter is +, it means the received positive pulse will be regarded as the lead pulse.

If the symbol of this parameter is -, it means the received negative pulse will be regarded as the lead pulse.

P5-93

CSDS	Motion Control Command Paramete	Macro Command: er # 4	Address: 05BAH 05BBH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three a		Related Section: -
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		

8-192 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	32bit	
Format :	DEC	

Settings: Before issuing the macro command, the relevant parameters # 4 must be set in advance.

> The function of the parameter is determined by the macro command. Not every macro command has its relevant parameters.

CSDS	Motion Control Command Parameter		Address: 05BCH 05BDH	
Parameter	Parameter for three a	Related Section: -		
Attribute:		Falailletei loi tillee axes		
Operational				
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control				
Mode:	ALL			
Unit:	-			
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC	DEC		

Settings: Before issuing the macro command, the relevant parameters # 3 must be set in advance.

> The function of the parameter is determined by the macro command. Not every macro command has its relevant parameters.

CSDS	Motion Control Command Paramete	Macro Command: er # 2	Address: 05BEH 05BFH
Parameter			Related Section: -
Interface :	Parameter for three a	Parameter for three axes	
Operational	Denal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A 1 1		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	47483647	

8-193 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	32bit	
Format :	DEC	

Settings: Before issuing the macro command, the relevant parameters # 2 must be set in advance.

> The function of the parameter is determined by the macro command. Not every macro command has its relevant parameters.

CSDS	Motion Control Command Paramete		Address: 05C0H 05C1H
Parameter	Parameter for three a	Related Section: -	
Attribute :			
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	O	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A. I.		
Mode :	ALL		
Unit :	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Before issuing the macro command, the relevant parameters # 1 must be set in advance.

> The function of the parameter is determined by the macro command. Not every macro command has its relevant parameters.

CSDS	Motion Control Mad Command / Execut	Address: 05C2H 05C3H	
Parameter	Development or for individ	ual avia	Related Section: -
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	
Operational	Danal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	100		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	pulse		
Range :	0 ~ 0x0999		

8-194 Revision July, 2018

Data Size :	16 bit	
Format :	HEX	

Settings: Write-in: It is used to issue the macro command (0CBAh)

Read: It is used to examine the execution result of macro command (If success, the result will be sent back to 1CBAh).

If the command issues 0001, 1001h will be sent back when success; and Fxxxh when failed (depending on the command description).

If issuing the command that is not supported, the failure code F001h will be sent back.

The provided command code is as the followings.

Command code 0003h	Motion parameter protection: password setting,				
Command code 000311					
	protection activation				
Macro parameters	P5-94= Protection level of data array (0~7)				
	P5-95= Set new password (1~16777215)				
	P5-96= Confirm new password (1~16777215)				
	Among them:				
	For success setting, the setting of P5-95 must				
	equal to P5-96 and the password must be set				
	within the allowable range.				
This function can be exe	ecuted before activating the function of parameter				
protection.					
If the protection function	is activated, when repeatly execute this function,				
the failure code will be se	ent back.				
Failure code F031h	Protection function has been activated and				
	cannot be set repeatly.				
Failure code F032h	Wrong password setting: P5-95 not equals to				
	P5-96.				
Failure code F033h	Password setting exceeds the allowable range				
	(1~16777215).				
Failure code F034h	The protection level, P5-94 exceeds the				
	allowable range (0~7).				
Success code: 1003h					

8-195 Revision July, 2018

Command code 0004h	Motion parameter protection: unlock the
	protection
Macro parameters	P5-96= enter the password (1~16777215)

This function can be executed when activating the function of parameter protection.

If the protection function is unlocked, repeatly execute this function will sent back the failure code.

If enter the wrong password, failure code Ennn will be sent back. nnn means the rest decode number. It will be minused one number after one failure.

When the number is 0, it will be locked for good.

Failure code F041h	Protection function is unlocked and it cannot be	
	repeatly unlocked.	
Failure code F043h	The password setting exceed the allowable range	
	(1~16777215).	
Failure code F044h	The number of times of entering wrong password	
	exceeds the limit: Lock for good.	
	Reset the parameter (P2-08=10) to unlock it is	
	the only method. However, all parameter will	
	return to the default value.	
Failure code Ennnh	Incorrect password setting: Failed to unlock.	
	nnn: the rest decode number. It will be minused	
	one number after one failure. When the number is	
	0, it will be locked for good.	
Success code: 1004h		

P5-98

EVON	PR# Triggered by E	Address: 05C4H 05C5H		
Parameter Attribute :		rameter for individual axis		
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control Mode :	PR			
Unit:	-			
Range :	0000 ~ 0xDDDD			

8-196 Revision July, 2018

Data S	Size :	16bit	
Forr	mat :	HEX	

Settings : Four items: UZYX

When EVx is set to ON, the PR# which will be executed

X=0: When EV1 is ON, PR will not be triggered.

X=1~D: When EV1 is ON, execute PR # 51~63.

Y=0: When EV2 is ON, PR will not be triggered.

Y=1~D: When EV2 is ON, execute PR # 51~63.

Note: EV3 and EV4 are supported after firmware V1.009.

Z=0: When EV3 is ON, PR will not be triggered.

Z=1~D: When EV3 is ON, execute PR # 51~63.

U=0: When EV3 is ON, PR will not be triggered.

U=1~D: When EV4 is ON, execute PR # 51~63.

P5-99

EVOF	PR# Triggered by E	Address: 05C6H 05C7H	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: -
Attribute :			
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	Control Mode: PR Unit: - Range: 0000 ~ 0xDDDD ata Size: 16bit		
Mode:			
Unit:			
Range :			
Data Size :			
Format :	HEX		
	E '(1171///		

Settings: Four items: UZYX

When EVx is set to OFF, the PR# which will be executed

X=0: When EV1 is OFF, PR will not be triggered.

X=1~D: When EV1 is OFF, execute PR # 51~63.

Y=0: When EV2 is OFF, PR will not be triggered.

Y=1 \sim D: When EV2 is OFF, execute PR # 51 \sim 63.

Note: EV3 and EV4 are supported after firmware V1.009.

Z=0: When EV3 is OFF, PR will not be triggered.

Z=1~D: When EV3 is OFF, execute PR # 51~63.

U=0: When EV4 is OFF, PR will not be triggered.

U=1~D: When EV4 is OFF, execute PR # 51~63.

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P6-xx PR Parameters (Please refer to Chapter 7 for detailed setting)

ODEF	Homing Definition		Address: 0600H 0601H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0x10F	FFF6F	
Data Size :	32bit		

Settings: Homing definition:

HEX

Format:

P6-00

.31 ~ 28	.27 ~ 24	.23 ~ 20	.19 ~ 16	.15 ~ 12	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
BOOT	-	DLY	DEC2	DEC1	ACC	PA	TH

- PATH: Path type (4 BIT)
 - 0: Stop: Homing complete and stop.
 - 1 ~ 99: Auto: Homing complete and execute the specified path.
- ACC: Select 0~F for acceleration time and corresponds to P5-20~P5-35.
- DEC1/DEC2: The deceleration time selection of 1st / 2nd homing, the setting value of DEC is 0∼F and corresponds to P5-20∼ P5-35.
- DLY: Select 0~F for the delay time and corresponds to P5-40 ~P5-55.
- BOOT: When the servo drive applies to the power, if searching the origin will be executed.
 - 0: Do not do homing
 - 1: Execute homing automatically (SRV ON for the first time after appling to power)

8-198 Revision July, 2018

- Apart from the above mentioned definition, the related setting of homing also includes:
 - 1. P5-04 Homing mode
 - 2. P5-05~P5-06 Speed setting of searching the origin
 - P6-01: ORG_DEF is the location of the origin. It may not be 0. This function is the offset of coordinate system.
 - A. After the origin is found (Sensor or Z), it has to decelerate to stop. The stop position will exceed the origin for a short distanct.

If it does not return to the origin, set PATH to 0.

If it needs to return to the origin, set PATH to non-zero value and set PABS = ORG DEF.

B. If the origin is found (Sensor or Z), desire to move an offset S and define the coordinate as P after moving, then PATH = non-zero and set ORG_DEF = P-S. The absolute position command = P.

P6-01

ODAT	Origin Definition	Address: 0602H 0603H		
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:	
Attribute :		·	Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 %			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control				
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC			

Settings: Value of origin definition:

.31 ~ 28	.27 ~ 24	.23 ~ 20	.19 ~ 16		11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0 BIT
		C	RG DE	F (32 bi	t)		

PDEF1	PATH#1 Definition	Address: 0604H 0605H		
Parameter			Related Section:	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 %			
Interface :	Panel / Software Communication			
Default :	0x00000000			
Control				
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	HEX			

Settings : Properties of PATH# 1:

	.31 ~	.27 ~	.23 ~	19 ~	.15 ~	11 ~ 8	7 ~ 4	3 ~ 0
	28	24	20	16	12			BIT
P6-02	-	-	DLY	-	-	-	OPT	TYPE
P6-03	DATA (32 bit)							

TYPE, OPT:

				-1/5-	
	OF	ا ا		TYPE	
7	6	5	4 BIT	3 ~ 0 BIT	
-	UNIT	AUTO	INS	1: SPEED, Speed setting control	
				2: SINGLE, Positioning control. It will stop when finished.	
CN	ИD	OVLP	INS	3: AUTO positioning control. It wi load in the next path when finished.	
			AUTO	4: Multi-axis linear interpolation	
-	-	AUTO	-	5: FEED RATE setting	
-	-	-	INS	7: JUMP to the specified path	
_	AUTO INS		INS	8: Write the specified parameter	
				to the specified path	
CN	CMD		AUTO	E: Three-axis helical interpolation	
	VID	OVLP	AUTU	F: Two-axis circular interpolation	

8-200 Revision July, 2018

- TYPE: 1 ~ 4 and E ~ F accept DO.STP stop and software limit.
- INS: When executing this PR, it interrupts the previous one.
- OVLP: Allow the overlap of the next path. The overlap is not allowed in speed mode. When overlap happens in position mode, DLY has no function.
- AUTO: When PR procedure completes, the next procedure will be loaded in automatically.
- CMD: Refer to Chapter 7 for PR command description.
- DLY: 0 ~ F, delay time number (4 BIT). The delay after executing this PR. The external INS is invalid.

DLY (4)

Index P5-40 ~ P5-55

3	PDAT1	PATH#1 Data				Addr	ess: 060 06	06H 07H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis					ed Section 7.10	on:
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Com	nmunic	ation			
	Default :	0						
	Control Mode :	PR						
	Unit:	-						
	Range :	-2147483648 ~ +21	47483	647				
	Data Size :	32bit						
	Format :	DEC						
	Settings:	PATH# 1 Data	3 ~ │	10 ~	15 ~			3 ~ ∩

31 ~ 27 ~ 23 ~ 19 ~ 15 ~ 11 ~ 8 7 ~ 4 BIT

DATA (32 bit)

Property of P6-02; P6-03 corresponds to the target position of P6-02 or jump to PATH_NO.

NOTE PATH (procedure)

P6-04	PDEF2	PATH#2 Definition	Address: 0608H 0609H	
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute :		Tual axis	Section 7.10
	Operational	Donal / Coffware	Communication	
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0000000		
	Control			
	Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :)x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		

P6-05	PDAT2	PATH#2 Data		Address: 060AH 060BH
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute:			Section 7.10
	Operational	D 1/0 6		
	Interface:	Panel / Software	anel / Software Communication	
	Default :)		
	Control			
	Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-06	PDEF3	PATH#3 Definition	Address: 060CH 060DH	
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute :			Section 7.10
	Operational	D 1/0 6		
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0000000		

8-202 Revision July, 2018

Control	DD
Mode:	PR
Unit:	-
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	HEX

P6-07

PDAT3	PATH#3 Data		Address: 060EH 060FH	
Parameter	D			
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 6			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control				
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC			

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-08

PDEF4	PATH#4 Definition		Address: 0610H 0611H	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:	
Attribute :			Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 ft			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0x00000000			
Control				
Mode:	PR			
Unit:	-	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	HEX			

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-09

PDAT4	PATH#4 Data		Address: 0612H 0613H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	anel / Software Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	PR			
Mode:				
Unit:	-			
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-10

PDEF5	PATH#5 Definition		Address: 0614H 0615H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-204 Revision July, 2018

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м	(0)	31	

PDAT5	PATH#5 Data		Address: 0616H 0617H	
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section:	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10	
Operational	D 1/0 %			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication		
Default :	0			
Control	DD			
Mode:	PR	² R		
Unit:	-			
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214			
Data Size :	32bit			
Format :	DEC			

P6-12

PDEF6	PATH#6 Definition		Address: 0618H 0619H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

Р	6-	1	E

PDAT6	PATH#6 Data		Address: 061AH 061BH
Parameter		wal avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	DI / O-ff	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
Settings:	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-03	-

PDEF7	PATH#7 Definition	Address: 061CH 061DH	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		dai anio	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-206 Revision July, 2018

P6-15	PDAT7	PATH#7 Data		Address: 061EH 061FH
	Parameter			Related Section:
	Attribute :	Parameter for individi	Parameter for individual axis	
	Operational	D 1/0 "		
	Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control			
	Mode:	PR		

Range : -2147483648 ~ +2147483647

Unit: -

Data Size : 32bit

Format : DEC

P6-16	PDEF8	PATH#8 Definition		Address: 0620H 0621H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0000000		
	Control Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
	Data Size :	32bit		_
	Format :	HEX		

Settings : Please refer to the description of P6-02

PDAT8	PATH#8 Data	PATH#8 Data	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:			
Range :	2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-18	PDEF9	PATH#9 Definition		Address: 0624H 0625H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0000000		
	Control Mode :	PR		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		
		Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	-

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-19	PDAT9	PATH#9 Data		Address: 0626H 0627H
	Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
	Attribute :			Section 7.10
	Operational	Panel / Software		
	Interface :	Panei / Soπware	Communication	
	Default :	0		

8-208 Revision July, 2018

Control	DD	
Mode:	PR	
Unit:	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647	
Data Size :	32bit	
Format :	DEC	

P6-20

PDEF10	PATH#10 Definition		Address: 0628H 0629H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Coffee and Communication		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-21

PDAT10	PATH#10 Date		Address: 062AH 062BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section: 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-22

PDEF11	PATH#11 Definition		Address: 062CH 062DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the d	escription of P6-02	-

P6-23

PDAT11	PATH#11 Data		Address: 062EH 062FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-210 Revision July, 2018

PDEF12	PATH#12 Definition		Address: 0630H 0631H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-25

PDAT12	PATH#12 Data		Address: 0632H 0633H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danel / Software Communication		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Please refer to the de	poorintion of D6 02	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-26	_			
P 0 - 2 0	Ю)	~	(0)	•
	E		74	•

PDEF13	PATH#13 Definition		Address: 0634H 0635H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software Communication		
Interface :			
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:	FK		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-27

37H
ion:

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-212 Revision July, 2018

PDEF14	PATH#14 Definition		Address: 0638H 0639H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	uol ovio	Related Section:
Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software Communication		
Interface :	Panei / Soitware	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control	DD	DD	
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

P6-29

PDAT14	PATH#14 Data		Address: 063AH 063BH
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section:
Attribute :	aramotor for marvia	aar axio	Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-30	PDEF

PDEF15	PATH#15 Definition		Address: 063CH 063DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
interface.			
Default :	0x00000000)x00000000	
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-31

PDAT15	PATH#15 Data		Address: 063EH 063FH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		aar ayno	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-214 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF16	PATH#16 Definition		Address: 0640H 0641H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-33

PATH#16 Data		Address: 0642H 0643H
Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
		Section 7.10
Panel / Software	Communication	
0		
DD		
PK .		
-		
-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
32bit		
DEC		
	Parameter for individ Panel / Software 0 PR2147483648 ~ +214 32bit	Parameter for individual axis Panel / Software Communication 0 PR 2147483648 ~ +2147483647 32bit

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-34

PDEF17	PATH#17 Definition		Address: 0644H 0645H
Parameter		1	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		

Control	DD
Mode:	PR
Unit:	-
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	HEX

P6-35

PDAT17	PATH#17 Data		Address: 0646H 0647H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for Individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P	6	-3	6

PDEF18	PATH#18 Definition		Address: 0648H 0649H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0 : 4:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000)x00000000	
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

8-216 Revision July, 2018

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PDAT18	PATH#18 Data		Address: 064AH 064BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-38

PDEF19	PATH#19 Definition		Address: 064CH 064DH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT19	PATH#19 Data		Address: 064EH 064FH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-40

PDEF20	PATH#20 Definition	Address: 0650H 0651H	
Parameter	Darameter for individual exis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational			Section 7.10
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-41

PDAT20	PATH#20 Data	Address: 0652H 0653H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute:			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		

8-218 Revision July, 2018

Control	DD
Mode:	PR
Unit:	-
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

P6-42

PDEF21	PATH#21 Definition	Address: 0654H 0655H	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings : Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-43

PDAT21	PATH#21 Data		Address: 0656H 0657H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	PR		
Mode:	r N		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-44	PDEF22	PATH#22 Definition		Address: 0658H 0659H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x0000000		
	Control	PR		
	Mode:			
	Unit:	_		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

Range : |0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF

Data Size : 32bit

Format : HEX

Р	6-4	Ţ	•1

PDAT22	PATH#22 Data	Address: 065AH 065BH	
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Section 7.10
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Please refer to the de	poorintion of D6 02	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-220 Revision July, 2018

PDEF23	PATH#23 Definition		Address: 065CH 065DH
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section:
Attribute:	aramotor for marvia		Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Caffrigue	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

P6-47

PDAT23	PATH#23 Data		Address: 065EH 065FH
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avie	Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Caffugara	Campunication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit	32bit	
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF24	PATH#24 Definition		Address: 0660H 0661H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit	32bit	
Format :	HEX		

P6-49

PDAT24	PATH#24 Data		Address: 0662H 0663H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-222 Revision July, 2018

PDEF25	PATH#25 Definition		Address: 0664H 0665H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings:	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

P6-51

PDAT25	PATH#25 Data		Address: 0666H 0667H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avie	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	Camananiaatian	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF26	PATH#26 Definition		Address: 0668H 0669H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	arior, contraro		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

D	6-	53

PDAT26	PATH#26 Data		Address: 066AH 066BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-224 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF27	PATH#27 Definition		Address: 066CH 066DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational	Panel / Software Communication		Jection 7.10
Interface :		Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:	FIX		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-55

PATH#27 Data		Address: 066EH 066FH
	val avia	Related Section:
Parameter for individu	uai axis	Section 7.10
D 1/0 "	:	
Panei / Soπware	Communication	
0		
20		
PR		
-		
-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
32bit		
DEC		
	Parameter for individence Panel / Software O PR2147483648 ~ +214 32bit	Parameter for individual axis Panel / Software Communication 0 PR 2147483648 ~ +2147483647 32bit

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF28	PATH#28 Definition		Address: 0670H 0671H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	_	
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-57

PDAT28	PATH#28 Data		Address: 0672H 0673H
Parameter	Darameter for individual exis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 (
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-226 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF29	PATH#29 Definition		Address: 0674H 0675H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-59

PDAT29	PATH#29 Data		Address: 0676H 0677H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF30	PATH#30 Definition		Address: 0678H 0679H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-61	PDAT30	PATH#30 Data		Address: 067AH 067BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	lual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0	•	
	Control Mode :	PR		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483648 ~ +2147483647	
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		
		Dlagge refer to the d	oscription of D6 03	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-228 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF31	PATH#31 Definition		Address: 067CH 067DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P6-63

PDAT31	PATH#31 Data		Address: 067EH 067FH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	aramotor for marria	dai axio	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF32	PATH#32 Definition		Address: 0680H 0681H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	DI / O-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit	32bit	
Format :	HEX		

P6-65

PDAT32	PATH#32 Data		Address: 0682H 0683H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-66

PDEF33	PATH#33 Definition		Address: 0684H 0685H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		

8-230 Revision July, 2018

Control	DD	
Mode:	PR	
Unit:	-	
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit	
Format :	HEX	

P6-67

PDAT33	PATH#33 Data		Address: 0686H 0687H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings : Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-68

PDEF34	PATH#34 Definition	PATH#34 Definition	
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-69	PDAT34	PATH#34 Data		Address: 068AH 068BH
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode:	PR		
	Unit :	-		
	Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF35	PATH#35 Definition	PATH#35 Definition	
Parameter			
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
	Diagna refer to the de	position of DC 00	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-232 Revision July, 2018

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PDAT35	PATH#35 Data		Address: 068EH 068FH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		- -
Default :	0		
Control	PR		
Mode:			-
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-72

PDEF3	36	PATH#36 Definition		Address: 0690H 0691H
				Related Section:
Operation Interfaction		Panel / Software	Communication	Section 7.10
Defau	lt :	0x0000000		
Contro	ol			
Mod	e :	PR		
Un	it:	-		
Rang	e :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Siz	ze :	32bit		
Forma	at:	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT36	PATH#36 Data		Address: 0692H 0693H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

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PDEF37	PATH#37 Definition		Address: 0694H 0695H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-234 Revision July, 2018

PDAT37	PATH#37 Data		Address: 0696H 0697H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-76

PDEF38	PATH#38 Definition		Address: 0698H 0699H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
	Diagram was ta tha di	. 1. (DO 00	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-77

PDAT38	PATH#38 Data		Address: 069AH 069BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:	rafameter for mulviu	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
Settings:	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-03	

P6-78

PDEF39	PATH#39 Definition		Address: 069CH 069DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P6-79

PDAT39	PATH#39 Data		Address: 069EH 069FH
Parameter			
Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational	DI / O-#	O	
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		

8-236 Revision July, 2018

Control	DD
Mode:	PR
Unit:	-
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647
Data Size :	32bit
Format :	DEC

P6-80

PDEF40	PATH#40 Definition		Address: 06A0H 06A1H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT40	PATH#40 Data		Address: 06A2H 06A3H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational	5 1/6 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

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PDEF41	PATH#41 Data		Address: 06A4H 06A5H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
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Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-238 Revision July, 2018

PDAT41	PATH#41 Data		Address: 06A6H 06A7H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-84

PDEF42	PATH # 42 Definition		Address: 06A8H 06A9H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	rarameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Donal / Coffware	Communication	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control	20		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
	Diagram 45 46 5 51	(DO 00	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-239 Revision July, 2018

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PDAT42	PATH#42 Data		Address: 06AAH 06ABH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-86

PDEF43	PATH#43 Definition		Address: 06ACH 06ADH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-240 Revision July, 2018

P6-87

PDAT43	PATH#43 Data		Address: 06AEH 06AFH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
interface :			
Default :	0		
Control	DD.		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-88

PDEF44	PATH#44 Definition		Address: 06B0H 06B1H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	i arameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Caffrigue	C	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
	Please refer to the de	sporintian of D6 02	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT44	PATH#44 Data		Address: 06B2H 06B3H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Coffessor		
Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

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PDEF45	PATH#45 Definition		Address: 06B4H 06B5H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual exis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-242 Revision July, 2018

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PDAT45	PATH#45 Data		Address: 06B6H 06B7H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-92

PDEF46	PATH#46 Definition		Address: 06B8H 06B9H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT46	PATH#46 Data		Address: 06BAH 06BBH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-94

PDEF47	PATH#47 Definition		Address: 06BCH 06BDH
Parameter Attribute:	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-244 Revision July, 2018

P6-95

PDAT47	PATH#47 Data		Address: 06BEH 06BFH
Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual avis	Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P6-96

PDEF48	PATH#48 Definition		Address: 06C0H 06C1H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT48	PATH#48 Data		Address: 06C2H 06C3H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

P6-98

PDEF49	PATH#49 Definition		Address: 06C4H 06C5H
Parameter	Parameter for individ	Decemeter for individual evia	
Attribute :		uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
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Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

8-246 Revision July, 2018

P6-99

PDAT49	PATH#49 Data		Address: 06C6H 06C7H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

P7-xx PR Parameters (Please refer to Chapter 7 for detailed setting)

0	PDEF50	PATH#50 Definition		Address: 0700H 0701H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
	Default :	0x0000000		
	Control	DD		
	Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	HEX		
•	Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	-

NOTE PATH (procedure)

P7-01	PDAT50	PATH#50 Data		Address: 0702H 0703H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
	Default :	0		
	Control Mode:	PR		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
	Data Size :	32bit		
	Format :	DEC		
	Settings :	Please refer to the description of P6-03		-

8-248 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF51	PATH#51 Definition		Address: 0704H 0705H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-03

PDAT51	PATH#51 Data		Address: 0706H 0707H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Jection 7.10
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF52	PATH#52 Definition		Address: 0708H 0709H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-05

PDAT52	PATH#52 Data		Address: 070AH 070BH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-250 Revision July, 2018

PDEF53	PATH#53 Definition		Address: 070CH 070DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-07

PDAT53	PATH#53 Data		Address 070EH 070FH
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF54	PATH#54 Definition		Address: 0710H 0711H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		·	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-09

PDAT54	PATH#54 Data		Address: 0712H 0713H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:	aramotor for marria	dai axio	Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0 : 4:	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-252 Revision July, 2018

PDEF55	PATH#55 Definition		Address: 0714H 0715H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the description of P6-02		

P7-11

PDAT55	PATH#55 Data		Address: 0716H 0717H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	rarameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

P7-12)
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PDEF56	PATH#56 Definition		Address: 0718H 0719H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-13

PDAT56	PATH#56 Data		Address: 071EH 071FH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-254 Revision July, 2018

PDEF57	PATH#57 Definition		Address: 071CH 071DH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-15

PDAT57	PATH#57 Data		Address: 071EH 071FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF58	PATH#58 Definition		Address: 0720H 0721H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-17

PDAT58	PATH#58 Data		Address: 0722H 0723H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Parier / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-256 Revision July, 2018

PDEF59	PATH#59 Definition		Address: 0724H 0725H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-19

PDAT59	PATH#59 Data		Address: 0726H 0727H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :		i arameter for individual axis	
Operational	Deve al / Caffrigue	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
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Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF60	PATH#60 Definition		Address: 0728H 0729H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-21

PDAT60	PATH#60 Data		Address: 072AH 072BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-258 Revision July, 2018

PDEF61	PATH#61 Definition		Address: 072CH 072DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-23

PDAT61	PATH#61 Data		Address: 072EH 072FH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF62	PATH#62 Definition		Address: 0730H 0731H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

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PDAT62	PATH#62 Data		Address: 0732H 0733H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Diagon refer to the de	secription of DC 02	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-260 Revision July, 2018

PDEF63	PATH#63 Definition		Address: 0734H 0735H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-27

PDAT63	PATH#63 Data		Address: 0736H 0737H
Parameter			Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :	r arameter for mulviu	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	Deve al / Caffrigue	O	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF64	PATH#64 Definition		Address: 0738H 0739H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-29

PDAT64	PATH#64 Data		Address: 073AH 073BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-262 Revision July, 2018

PDEF65	PATH#65 Definition		Address: 073CH 073DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-31

PDAT65	PATH#65 Data		Address: 073EH 073FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-263 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF66	PATH#66 Definition		Address: 0740H 0741H
Parameter		Parameter for individual axis	
Attribute :	Parameter for individ		
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-33

PDAT66	PATH#66 Data		Address: 0742H 0743H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-264 Revision July, 2018

PDEF67	PATH#67 Definition		Address: 0744H 0745H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-35

PDAT67	PATH#67 Data		Address: 0746H 0747H
Parameter		Parameter for individual axis	
Attribute :		adi axio	Section 7.10
Operational	5 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF68	PATH#68 Definition		Address: 0748H 0749H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-37

PDAT68	PATH#68 Data		Address: 074AH 074BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-266 Revision July, 2018

PDEF69	PATH#69 Definition		Address: 074CH 074DH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Caffrigue	C	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

P7-39

PDEF70	PATH#69 Data		Address: 0750H 0751H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +214	7483647	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF70	PATH#70 Definition		Address: 0750H 0751H
Parameter	D		Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-41

PDAT70	PATH#70 Data		Address: 0752H 0753H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		GG! G/!!0	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	O	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	_		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-268 Revision July, 2018

PDEF71	PATH#71 Definition		Address: 0754H 0755H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

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PDAT71	PATH#71 Data		Address: 0756H 0757H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF72	PATH#72 Definition		Address: 0758H 0759H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-45

PDAT72	PATH#72 Data		Address: 075AH 075BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-270 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF73	PATH#73 Definition		Address: 075CH 075DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Coffusors	Camanauniaatian	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

Control

Mode:

Unit: |-

Data Size : 32bit

Format : DEC

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P7-47

PDAT73	PATH#73 Data		Address: 075EH 075FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for indivi	idual axis	Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

Range: -2147483648 ~ +2147483647

8-271 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF74	PATH#74 Definition		Address: 0760H 0761H
Parameter			
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-49

PDAT74	PATH#74 Data		Address: 0762H 0763H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:		dui axio	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-272 Revision July, 2018

PDEF75	PATH#75 Definition		Address: 0764H 0765H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	C	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the description of P6-02		

P7-51

PDAT75	PATH#75 Data		Address: 0766H 0767H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	aramotor for marria	aar axio	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-273 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF76	PATH#76 Definition		Address: 0768H 0769H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	-

PDAT76	PATH#76 Data		Address: 076AH 076BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-274 Revision July, 2018

PDEF77	PATH#77 Definition		Address: 076CH 076DH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-55

PDAT77	PATH#77 Data		Address: 076EH 076FH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Opertaional	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF78	PATH#78 Definition		Address: 0770H 0771H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-57

PDAT78	PATH#78 Data		Address: 0772H 0773H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-276 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF79	PATH#79 Definition		Address: 0774H 0775H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-59

PDAT79	PATH#79 Data		Address: 0776H 0777H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF80	PATH#80 Definition		Address: 0778H 0779H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the description of P6-02		-

PDAT80	PATH#80 Data		Address: 077AH 077BH
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational			
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-278 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF81	PATH#81 Definition	PATH#81 Definition	
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-63

PDAT81	PATH#81 Data		Address: 077EH 077FH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF82	PATH#82 Definition		Address: 0780H 0781H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-65

PDAT82	PATH#82 Data		Address: 0782H 0783H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-280 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF83	PATH#83 Definition	PATH#83 Definition	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	-

PDAT83	PATH#83 Data		Address: 0786H 0787H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	rarameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Danal / Caffrigue	O	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF84	PATH#84 Definition		Address: 0788H 0789H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	-

PDAT84	PATH#84 Data		Address: 078AH 078BH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	aramotor for marvia	aar amo	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-282 Revision July, 2018

PDEF85	PATH#85 Definition		Address: 078CH 078DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute : Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		Jection 7.10
	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-71

PDAT85	PATH#85 Data		Address: 078EH 078FH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF86	PATH#86 Definition		Address: 0790H 0791H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings : Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-73

PDAT86	PATH#86 Data		Address: 0792H 0793H
Parameter		ual avia	Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Daniel / Caffrigue	Citi	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
	Diagon refer to the de	comintion of DC 02	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-284 Revision July, 2018

PDEF87	PATH#87 Definition		Address: 0794H 0795H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit :	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-75

PDAT87	PATH#87 Data	PATH#87 Data	
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		dui daio	Section 7.10
Operational	D1/0-#	0	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF88	PATH#88 Definition		Address: 0798H 0799H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-77

PDAT88	PATH#88 Data		Address: 079AH 079BH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-286 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF89	PATH#89 Definition		Address: 079CH 079DH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :		<u></u>	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 %		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-79

PDAT89	PATH#89 Data	PATH#89 Data	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

PDEF90	PATH#90 Definition		Address: 07A0H 07A1H
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute :	r arameter for murviu	uai axis 	Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	Paner / Sortware	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings : Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-81

PDAT90	PATH#90 Data		Address: 07A2H 07A3H
Parameter	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Attribute :			Section 7.10
Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
Interface :	arrer, Contrare		
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
L	Diagon refer to the de	. t. (D0 00	_

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-288 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF91	PATH#91 Definition		Address: 07A4H 07A5H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-83

PDAT91	PATH#91 Data		Address: 07A6H 07A7H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF92	PATH#92 Definition		Address: 07A8H 07A9H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-85

PDAT92	PATH#92 Data		Address: 07AAH 07ABH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	L		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-290 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF93	PATH#93 Definition		Address: 07ACH 07ADH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-87

PDAT93	PATH#93 Data		Address: 07AEH 07AFH
Parameter	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section:
Attribute:	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	Deve al / Caffrigue	O	
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
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Settigs: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF94	PATH#94 Definition		Address: 07B0H 07B1H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-89

PATH#94 Data		Address: 07B2H 07B3H
		Related Section:
Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Donal / Coffware	Campaniantian	
Paner / Sollware	Communication	
0		
DD		
PK		
-		
-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
32bit		
DEC		
	Parameter for individ Panel / Software 0 PR2147483648 ~ +214 32bit DEC	Parameter for individual axis Panel / Software Communication 0 PR 2147483648 ~ +2147483647 32bit

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-292 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF95	PATH#95 Definition	PATH#95 Definition	
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-91

PDAT95	PATH#95 Data		Address: 07B6H 07B7H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	Parameter for individual axis	
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control			
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF96	PATH#96 Definition		Address: 07B8H 07B9H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	55		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFF	FFFFF	
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		
Settings :	Please refer to the de	escription of P6-02	

PDAT96	PATH#96 Data		Address: 07BAH 07BBH
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-294 Revision July, 2018

PDEF97	PATH#97 Definition		Address: 07BCH 07BDH
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x00000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-	-	
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX	HEX	

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-02

P7-95

PDAT97	PATH#97 Data	PATH#97 Data	
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface:	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

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PDEF98	PATH#98 Definition		Address: 07C0H 07C1H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0000000		
Control	PR		
Mode:			
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-97

PDAT98	PATH#98 Data		Address: 07C2H 07C3H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

8-296 Revision July, 2018

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PDEF99	PATH#99 Definition		Address: 07C4H 07C5H
Parameter Attribute :	Darameter for individual axis		Related Section: Section 7.10
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0x0000000		
Control Mode:	PR		
Unit :	-	-	
Range :	0x00000000 ~ 0xFFFFFFF		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	HEX		

P7-99

PDAT99	PATH#99 Data		Address: 07C6H 07C7H
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for individ	uai axis	Section 7.10
Operational	D 1/0 6		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	DD		
Mode:	PR		
Unit:	-		
Range :	-2147483648 ~ +2147483647		
Data Size :	32bit		
Format :	DEC		
Format :	DEC		

Settings: Please refer to the description of P6-03

Chapter 8 Parameters ASDA-M

Table 8.1 Function Description of Digital Input (DI)

Setting Value: 0x01					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SON	When this DI is ON, servo is activated (Servo On).	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting Value: 0x02									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode						
	After the alarm has been cleared, when the DI is ON the drive will show that the alarm has been cleared.	Rising edge triggered	ALL						

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x03									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode							
GAINUP	In speed and position mode, when the DI is ON (P2-27	Level	PT, PR,							
	should be set to 1), the gain switched to the one multiplies	triggered	S							
	the switching rate.									

Setting Value: 0x04										
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode							
	0: clear the position pulse deviation (It is suitable in PT mode). When DI is ON, the accumulative pulse deviation of	Rising edge triggered, Level triggered	PT, PR							

Setting V	alue: 0x05		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
ZCLAMP	When the speed is slower than the setting of zero speed (P1-38), if the DI is ON, the motor stops ruuning.	Level triggered	S
	P1-38 (Zero speed) ZCLAMP input signal OFF ON		
	Setting value of P1-38 (Zero speed)		

8-298 Revision July, 2018

Setting Value: 0x06									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode						
	In PT and speed mode, when the DI is ON, the input command will be in reverse direction.	Level triggered	S, T						

Setting Value: 0x07									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode						
Reserved									

Setting Value: 0x08									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode						
	In PR mode, after selecting the PR command (POS0 ~ 5), when the DI is ON, the motor will rotate according to the	Rising edge triggered	PR						
	command issued by the register.								

Setting Value: 0x09									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode						
TRQLM	In speed and position mode, when the DI is ON, the motor	Level	PT, PR,						
	torque will be limited, and the limited torque command will be	triggered	S						
	internal register (P1-12~P1-14) or analog voltage command.								

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x0A										
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode								
GTRY	After activating the gantry function (Refer to the setting of	Level	PT, PR								
	P2-58), this DI is ON and will disable the gantry function so	triggered									
	as to enable the users to issue the command and the										
	two-axis will be triggered to move individually.										
	(Firmware V1.005 sub00 will be available afterwards)										

Setting Value: 0x10									
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger	Control						
		Method	Mode						
SPDLM	In torque mode, when the DI is ON, the motor speed will be	Level	T						
	limited, the limited speed command will be internal register	triggered							
	or analog voltage command.								

Setting	g Value: 0	x11, 0	x12, 0	x13, ()x1A,	0x1B,	0x1C				
DI	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)										Control
Name	r direction bescription of bigital input (bi)										Mode
POS0	PR Command Selection (1~64)										PR
POS1	Position	P095	POS4	DU23	POS2	POS1	POSO	CTRG	Corresponding	triggered	
POS2	command	1 000	1 004	1 000	1 002	1 001	F 030	CIIC	parameter		
POS3	Homing	0	0	0	0	0	0	↑	P6-00		
POS4		_	U	0	U	0	0		P6-01		
POS5	Procedure	0	0	0	0	0	1	↑	P6-02		
	1	0	U		0		'		P6-03		
	~										
	Procedure	rocedure 1 1	4		_	4	0	1	P6-98		
	50		1	0	0	1			P6-99		
	Procedure	4	1			4	4	†	P7-00		
	51	l I	I	0	0	1	1		P7-01		
	~										
	Procedure	4	1	4	1	4	4	↑	P7-26		
	63	I	I	1	1	1	1		P7-27		

Setting V	alue: 0x1	4, 0x1	5							
DI Name		Funct		Trigger Method	Control Mode					
	Internal S	Level	S							
SPD1	Speed command	DI sig	Command Source			Content	Range	triggered		
	number	SPD1	SPD0							
	S1	0 0	Mode	S	External analog command	Voltage deviation between V-REF and GND	+/-10 V			
					Sz	N/A	Speed command is 0	0		
	S2	0	1	Register parameter			P1-09	+/-5000 r/min		
	S3	1	0				P1-10	+/-5000 r/min		
	S4	1	1				P1-11	+/-5000 r/min		

8-300 Revision July, 2018

Setting V	alue: 0x10	6, 0x17	7							
DI Name		Funct	ion De	scripti	on	of Digital I	nput (DI)		Trigger Method	Control Mode
TCM0	Internal To	orque (Comma	and Se	ele	ction (1~4)			Level	T
TCM1	Torque	ĬO	nal of N1						triggered	
	command number	.TCM1	тсм0	Comi	maı	nd Source	Content	Range		
	T1	0	0	Mode	Т	Analog command	Voltage deviation between T-REF and GND	+/- 10 V		
					Tz	N/A	Torque command is 0	0		
	T2	0	1				P1-12	+/- 300 %		
	Т3	1	0	Regis	ter	parameter	P1-13	+/- 300 %		
	T4	1	1				P1-14	+/- 300 %		

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x18					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger	Control			
Di Naille	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Method	Mode			
S-P	In position and speed mode, if the DI is OFF, it is in speed	Level	Dual			
		triggered	Mode			
	PT or PR via DI.PT-PR (0x2B).)					

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x19				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger	Control		
Di Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Method	Mode		
S-T	In speed and torque mode, if the DI is OFF, it is in speed	Level	Dual		
	mode. And it is in torque mode when the DI is ON.	triggered	Mode		
	mede. 7 that it is in terque mede when the Brie ert.				

Setting \	Setting Value: 0x20				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger	Control		
Di Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Method	Mode		
T-P	In position and torque mode, if the DI is OFF, it is in torque	Level	Dual		
	mode; if the DI is ON, then it is in position mode.	triggered	Mode		
	mode, if the Dris Ork, then it is in position mode.				

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x21				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
EMGS	When this DI is ON, the motor stops urgently.	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting Value: 0x22				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode	
NL	Reverse inhibit limit (contact b)	Level triggered	ALL	

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x23					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
PL	Forward inhibit limit (contact b)	Level triggered	ALL			
		uiggerea				

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x24						
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode				
ORGP	In PR mode, during the process of homing if the DI is ON ←	Rising /Falling	PR				
	→ OFF, the servo will regard this position as the homing	edge					
	origin. (Please refer to the setting of parameter P5-04)	triggered					

Setting \	Setting Value: 0x27					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SHOM	In PR mode, when searching the origin is needed, it will activate the function of searching the origin when the DI is ON. (Please refer to the setting of parameter P5-04)	Rising edge triggered	PR			

Setting	Setting Value: 0x2B					
DI Nam	e Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
PT-PF	When selecting PT-PR dual mode or PT-PR-S multiple	Level	Dual			
	mode, source can be selected via this DI. If this DI is OFF, it	triggered	Mode			
	is in PT mode; If the DI is ON, it is in PR mode.		1			

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x36					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
	E-Cam engaging control (Please refer to the setting of P5-88 U, Z value)	Rising /Falling edge triggered	PR			

Setting \	Setting Value: 0x37					
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
JOGU	When this DI is ON, the motor will JOG in forward direction.	Level triggered	ALL			

8-302 Revision July, 2018

Setting \	/alue: 0x38		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
JOGD	When this DI is on, the motor will JOG in reverse direction.	Level triggered	ALL

Setting V	alue: 0x39		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
EV1	Event trigger command #1 (Refer to the setting of P5-98, P5-99)	Rising /Falling edge triggered	PR

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x3A			
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode	
EV2	Event trigger command #2 (Refer to the setting of P5-98, P5-99)	Rising /Falling edge triggered	PR	

Setting V	/alue: 0x3B		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
EV3	Event trigger command #3	Rising /Falling edge triggered	PR

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x3C				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger	Control Mode		
		Method			
EV4	Event trigger command #4	Rising	PR		
		/Falling			
		edge			
		triggered			

Setting V	alue: 0x43, 0x44		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
GNUM0 GNUM1	Gear Ratio Selection 0 (Numerator) Gear Ratio Selection 1 (Numerator) GNUM0, GNUM1 Ist Numerator (N1) (P1-44) 2nd Numerator (N2) (P2-60) 3rd Numerator (N3) (P2-61) 4th Numerator (N4) (P2-62) Denominator (P1-45) Denominator (P1-45)	Level triggered	PT

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x45				
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
INHP	In position mode, when this DI is ON, the external pulse input command is not working.	Level triggered	PT		
	(Note: The function has to be set to DI6 so as to ignore the pulse command)				

ASDA-M

Setting V	alue: 0x46		
DI Name	Function Description of Digital Input (DI)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
STOP	Motor stops	Rising edge	PR
		triggered	



- 1) 11~17 Single control mode; 18~20 Dual control mode.
- 2) When P2-10 \sim P2-17 is set to 0, DI has no function.

8-304 Revision July, 2018

Table 8.2 Function Description of Digital Output (DO)

Setting V	'alue: 0x01		
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode
SRDY	When the controlled and main circuit power is applied to the	Level	ALL
	drive, this DO is ON if there is no alarm occurs.	triggered	

Setting \	Value: 0x02		
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control
Name	Tunction Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode
SON	When the servo is ON, this DO is ON if no alarm occurs.	Level	ALL
		triagered	

alue: 0x03		
Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control
Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode
When the motor speed is slower than the setting speed of	Level	ALL
	triggered	
V	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Function Description of Digital Output (DO) When the motor speed is slower than the setting speed of Level triggered.

x04		
Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control
Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode
the motor speed is faster than the target speed	Level	ALL
	triggered	
t	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Function Description of Digital Output (DO) Trigger Method the motor speed is faster than the target speed Level

Setting Value: 0x05					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control		
Name	, , , ,	Method	Mode		
TPOS	In position mode, when the deviation pulse number is smaller	Level	PT, PR		
	than the position range (the setting value of P1-54), this DO is	triggered			
	ON.				

Setting Value: 0x06					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control		
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode		
TQL	When it is in torque limit, this DO is ON.	Level	ALL,		
	·	triggered	except T,		
			Tz		

Setting \	Setting Value: 0x07					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control			
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode			
ALRM	When the alarm occurs, this DO is ON.	Level	ALL			
	(Except forward / reverse limit, communication error,	triggered				
	undervoltage, abnormal fan)					

Setting \	Setting Value: 0x08						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode				
BRKR	When the signal of mechanical brake control is output, adjust the setting of parameter P1-42 and P1-43.	Level triggered	ALL				
	ON SON OFF ON BRKR OFF MBT1(P1-42) MBT2(P1-43) Motor Speed ZSPD (P1-38)						

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x09					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
HOME	When homing is completed, it means the position coordinates system is available and this DO is ON.	Level triggered	PR			
	When applying to the power, this DO is OFF. When homing is					
	completed, this DO is ON. During the operation, this DO is					
	ON until the counter overflows (including command or					
	feedback) and the DO becomes OFF.					
	When PR triggers homing command, this DO becomes OFF.					
	After homing, this DO becomes ON.					

Setting Value: 0x0B					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control		
Name	r drieder bescription of bigital edipat (be)	Method	Mode		
GTRY	After the gantry function is activated (please refer to the	Level	PT · PR		
	setting of P2-58), this DO is ON, which means the gantry	triggered			
	function is enabled. Whe this DI is OFF, the gantry function is				
	disabled.				
	(Firmware V1.005 sub00 will be available afterwards)				

8-306 Revision July, 2018

	/alue: 0x10		
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode
OLW	When reaching the overload setting, this DO is ON. toL= Overload allowable time of the servo x Setting value of P1-56, when the overload accumulative time exceeds toL, it will output pre-overload warning (OLW). However, if the overload accumulative time exceeds the overload allowable time of the servo, it will output pre-overload error (ALRM).	Level triggered	ALL
	For example: The setting value of pre-overload warning is 60% (P1-56=60). When the output average load of the servo drive is 200%, if the output time exceeds 8 seconds, the servo drive will show the overload alarm (ALE06). toL= The output average load of the servo exceeds 200% for 8 seconds x parameter setting value = 8sec x 60% = 4.8sec Result: When the output average load of the servo drive exceeds 200% for 4.8 seconds, this DO is ON. If it exceeds for 8 seconds, then, DO, ALRM is ON.		

Setting Value: 0x11					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control		
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode		
WARN	Warning output (Forward / reverse limit, communication	Level	ALL		
	error, undervoltage, abnormal fan)	triggered			

Setting Value: 0x12						
	DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control		
	Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode		
	OVF	Position Command Overflows	Level	PR		
			triggered			

Setting Value: 0x13					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SNL	Software limit (Reverse limit)	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting Value: 0x14					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SPL	Software limit (Forward limit)	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x15					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control			
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode			
Cmd_OK	Complete PR command and enter into PR mode, this DO is	Level	PR			
	ON.	triggered				
	When PR command is executing, this DO is OFF.					
	After completing the command, this DO is ON.					
	When the DO is ON, it means the command is completed, but					
	not finishing motor positioning. Please refer to DO.TPOS.					

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x16				
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
CAP_OK	CAP procedure completed	Level triggered	ALL		
		uiggerea			

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x17					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control			
Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode			
MC_OK	When DO.Cmd_OK and TPOS are both ON, this DO is ON.	Level	PR			
	Refer to P1-48.	triggered				

Setting Valu	Setting Value: 0x18					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
CAM_AREA	Master of E-Cam locates in setting area.	Level	PR			
		triggered				

Setting V	alue: 0x19		
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control
Name	r direction Description of Digital Output (DO)	Method	Mode
SP_OK	In speed mode, when the deviation between the speed	Level	S/Sz
	feedback and the command is smaller than the setting value	triggered	
	of P1-47 and exceed the setting time of P1-49, this DO is		
	ON. Whenever the deviation exceeds the setting range of		
	P1-47, the time count will be reset.		

Se	Setting Value: 0x30					
1	DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
S	SDO_0	Ouput the status of bit 00 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL		

8-308 Revision July, 2018

Setting Value: 0x31					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SDO_1	Ouput the status of bit 01 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting Value: 0x32					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SDO_2	Ouput the status of bit 02 of P4-06	Level	ALL		
		triggered			

Setting Value: 0x33					
	DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode	
	SDO_3	Ouput the status of bit 03 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL	

Setting Value: 0x34					
	DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode	
	SDO_4	Ouput the status of bit 04 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL	

Setting Value: 0x35					
Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
Duput the status of bit 05 of P4-06	Level	ALL			
	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Function Description of Digital Output (DO) Trigger Method			

Setting Value: 0x36					
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode		
SDO_6	Ouput the status of bit 06 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL		

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x37					
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger	Control			
Name	r another 2 description of 2 ignar output (2 d)	Method	Mode			
SDO_7	Ouput the status of bit 07 of P4-06	Level	ALL			
		triggered				

Setting Value: 0x38						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_8	Ouput the status of bit 08 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			

Setting V	Setting Value: 0x39						
DO	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)		Control				
Name			Mode				
SDO_9	Ouput the status of bit 09 of P4-06	Level	ALL				
		triggered					

Setting Value: 0x3A						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_A	Ouput the status of bit 10 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			

Setting Value: 0x3B						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_B	Ouput the status of bit 11 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			

Setting Value: 0x3C						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_C	Ouput the status of bit 12 of P4-06	Level	ALL			
		triggered				

Setting Value: 0x3D						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_D	Ouput the status of bit 13 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			

Setting Value: 0x3E						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_E	Ouput the status of bit 14 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			

Setting Value: 0x3F						
DO Name	Function Description of Digital Output (DO)	Trigger Method	Control Mode			
SDO_F	Ouput the status of bit 15 of P4-06	Level triggered	ALL			



NOTE 1) When P2-18 ~ P2-22 is set to 0, DO has no function.

8-310 Revision July, 2018

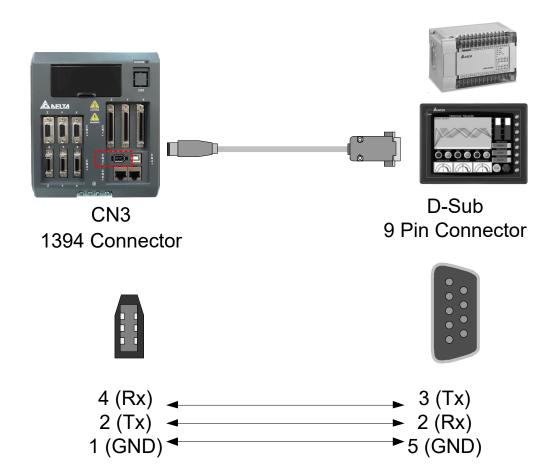
Chapter 9 Communication

9.1 RS-485 / RS-232 Communication Hardware Interface

This servo drive supports the serial communication of RS-485 and RS-232. Communication function enables the servo drive to access and change parameters inside the system. However, RS-485 and RS-232 cannot be used at the same time. Parameter P3-05 can use RS-485 and RS-232 as the communication protocol. Followings are the wiring description.

RS-232

Configuration

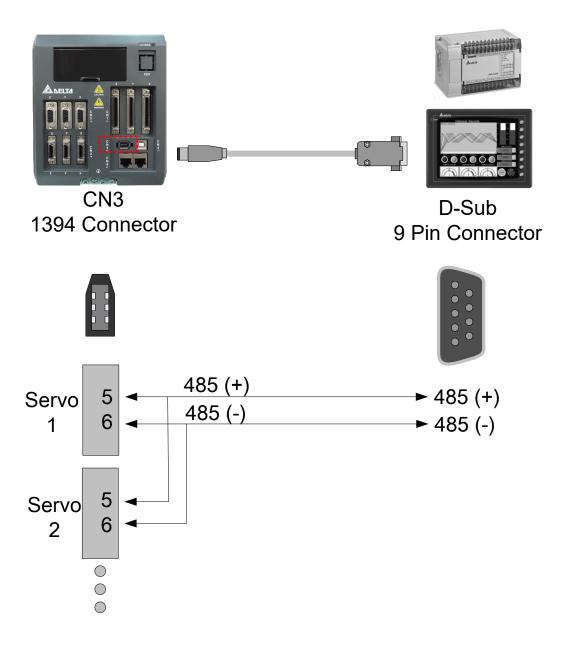




- 1) 15-meter communication cable is suitable for less interference environment. If the transmission speed is over 38400 bps, the length of communication cable should be shorter than 3 meters so as to ensure the accuracy of transmission.
- 2) Numbers shown in the above diagram represent the pin number of each connector.

RS-485

Configuration





- 1) 100 meters of communication cable is suitable for less interference environment. If the transmission speed is over 38400 bps, the length of communication cable should not longer than 15 meters so as to ensure the accuracy of transmission.
- 2) Numbers shown in the above diagram represent the pin number of each connector.
- 3) Please use the power supply unit whose direct current is over 12 volt.

9-2 Revision July, 2018

4) Using RS-485 can connect up to 32 servo drives at the same time. REPEATER can be used to connect more servo drives. 127 is the maximum.

5) Please refer to Chapter 3.5 for CN3 Pin Definition.

9.2 RS-485 / RS-232 Communication Parameters Setting

The following four parameters, P3-00 (Address Setting), P3-01 (Transmission Speed), P3-02 (Communication Protocol) and P3-05 (Communication Mechanism), are essential and must be set for the communication of the servo drive. The rest, such as P3-03 (Communication Error Disposal), P3-04 (Communication Timeout), P3-06 (Control Switch of Digital Input), P3-07 (Communication Response Delay Time) and P3-08 (Monitor Mode) is optional. Please refer to Chapter 8 of this user manual.

Followings are the content of P3-00 and its corresponding address is in the column at rightmost, $0300H \sim 0301H$.

P3-00∙	ADR	Address Setting		Address: 0300H 0301H
	Parameter	Parameter for individ	ual axis	Related Section: Section 9.2
	Attribute :			
	Operational	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Interface :	raner/ Software	Communication	
	Default :	0x7C		
	Control	A1.1		
	Mode:	ALL		
	Unit:	-		
	Range :	0x01 ~ 0x7F		
	Data Size :	16 bit		
	Format :	HEX		

9-4 Revision July, 2018

Settings:

The communication address setting is divided into Y, X (hexadecimal):

	0	0	Y	Х
Range	-	-	0 ~ 7	0 ~ F

When using RS-232 / RS-485 to communicate, one set of servo drives can only set one address. The duplicate address setting will cause abnormal communication.

In this servo drive, the 3-axis address setting should be unique. The duplicate address will cause abnormal communication.

This address represents the absolute address of the servo drive in communication network. It is also applicable to RS-232 / 485 and CAN bus.

When the communication address setting of MODBUS is set to 0xFF, the servo drive will automatically reply and receive data regardless of the address. However, P3-00 cannot be set to 0xFF.

P3-01

BRT	Transmission Speed		Address: 0302H 0303H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
Default :	0x0203		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	bps		
Range :	0x0000 ~ 0x0405		
Data Size :	16 bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The setting of transmission speed is divided into Z, Y, X (hexadecimal):

	0	Z	Υ	X
Communication port	-	CAN	-	RS-232 / 485
Range	0	0 ~ 4	0	0 ~ 5

9-5 Revision July, 2018

- Definition of X setting value
 - 0:4800
 - 1:9600
 - 2: 19200
 - 3: 38400
 - 4: 57600
 - 5: 115200
- Definition of Z setting value
 - 0: 125 Kbit / s
 - 1: 250 Kbit / s
 - 2: 500 Kbit / s
 - 3: 750 Kbit / s
 - 4: 1.0 Mbit / s

Unit:

Data Size: 16 bit

Format : HEX

Range : 0 ~ 0x8

- NOTE 1) If this parameter is set via CAN, only digit Z can be set and the others remain.
 - 2) The communication speed of USB is 1.0 Mbit / s only and is unchangeable.

P3-02	PTL	Communication Protocol		Address: 0304H 0305H
	Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
	Operational Interface :	Panel / Software	Communication	
	Default :	6		
	Control	ΔΙΙ		
	Mode:	ALL		

The definition of the setting value is as the followings: Settings:

0: 7, N, 2 (MODBUS, ASCII)

1: 7, E, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

2: 7, O, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

3: 8, N, 2 (MODBUS, ASCII)

4: 8, E, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

5: 8, O, 1 (MODBUS, ASCII)

6: 8, N, 2 (MODBUS, RTU)

7: 8, E, 1 (MODBUS, RTU)

8: 8, O, 1 (MODBUS, RTU)

9-6 Revision July, 2018 P3-03

FLT	Communication Error Disposal		Address: 0306H 0307H
Parameter Attribute :	Parameter for three axes		Related Section: Section 9.2
Operational Interface :	Panel / Software Communication		
Default :	0		
Control Mode :	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0 ~ 0x1		
Data Size :	16 bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: The definition of setting value is as the followings:

0: Warning and keeps running

1: Warning and decelerates to stop (The deceleration time is set to parameter P5-03.B)

P3-05

СММ	Communication Mechanism		Address: 030AH 030BH
Parameter			Related Section:
Attribute :	Parameter for three a	axes	Section 9.2
Operational	D 1/0 "		
Interface :	Panel / Software	Panel / Software Communication	
Default :	0		
Control	A.I.I.		
Mode:	ALL		
Unit:	-		
Range :	0x00 ~ 0x01		
Data Size :	16 bit		
Format :	HEX		

Settings: Communication port can select one or more than one communications.

Communication Interface

0: RS232 1: RS485

9.3 MODBUS Communication Protocol

There are two modes of MODBUS networks communication, ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) mode and RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) mode. Users could set the needed communication protocol via parameter P3-02. Apart from these two communication modes, this servo drive also supports function of 03H to access more than one data, 06H to write one character and 10H to write multiple characters. Please refer to the following descriptions.

Code Description

ASCII Mode:

The so-called ASCII mode is using American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) to transmit the data. Between two stations (Master and Slave) to transmit data 64H, the master will send '6' which represented by 36H of ASCII code and '4' represented by 34H of ASCII code.

ASCII code of digit 0 to 9 and characters A to F is as follows:

Character	'0'	'1'	'2'	'3'	'4 '	' 5'	'6'	'7'
ASCII code	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H
Character	'8'	'9'	'A'	'B'	C'	'D'	'E'	'F'
ASCII code	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

RTU Mode:

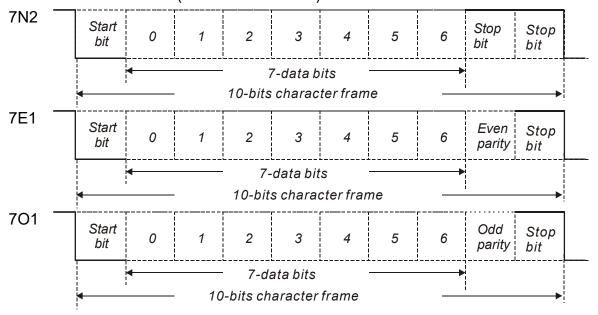
Every 8-bits of data is constituted by two 4-bits hexadecimal characters. If data 64H is transmitted between two stations, it will be transmitted directly, which is more efficient than ASCII mode.

9-8 Revision July, 2018

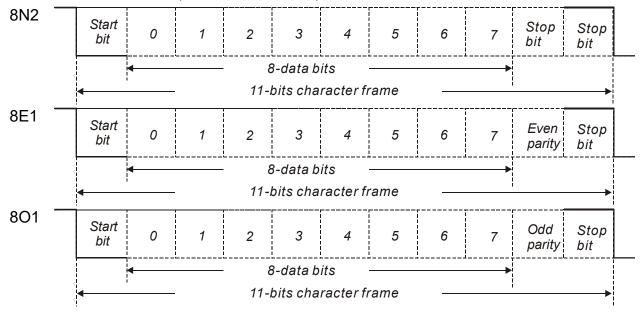
■ Character Structure

Characters will be encoded into the following framing and transmitted in serial. The checking method of different bit is as the following.

10 bits character frame (for 7-bits character)



11 bits character frame (for 8-bits character)



■ Communication Data Structure

The Data Frame in two different communication modes:

ASCII mode:

Start	Start character ': '(3AH)
Slave Address	Communication address: 1-byte includes 2 ASCII codes
Function	Function code: 1-byte includes 2 ASCII codes
Data (n-1)	
	Data content: n-word = 2n-byte includes 4n of ASCII code,
Data (0)	n<=10
LRC	Error checking: 1-byte includes 2 ASCII codes
End 1	End code 1 : (0DH) (CR)
End 0	End code 0 : (0AH) (LF)

The start character of communication in ASCII mode is colon ':'(ASCII is 3AH) · ADR is the ASCII code of two characters. The end code is CR (Carriage Return) and LF (Line Feed). And the communication address, function code, data content, error checking LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check), etc are between the start character and end code.

RTU mode:

Start	A silent interval which is longer than 10 ms	
Slave Address	Communication address : 1-byte	
Function	Function code: 1-byte	
Data (n-1)		
	Data content : n-word = 2n-byte, n<=10	
Data (0)		
CRC	Error checking: 1-byte	
End 1	A silent interval which is longer than 10 ms	

The start of communication in RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) mode is a silent interval. The end of it is another silent interval. The communication address, function code, data content, error checking CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check), etc are between the start and the end.

9-10 Revision July, 2018

Example 1: function code 03H, access multiple words:

The Master issues the command to the 1st Slave and reads the continuous 2 words starting from the start address 0200H. In response message from the Slave, the content of starting address 0200H is 00B1H and the content of the 2nd data address 0201H is 1F40H. The maximum allowable data in one single access is 10. The calculation of LRC and CRC will be described in next chapter.

ASCII mode: Command message from the Master:

_	<u></u>
Start	':'
Claye Address	'0'
Slave Address	'1'
Function	'0'
Function	'3'
	'0'
Starting data	'2'
address	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
Number of data	'0'
(In Word)	'0'
	'2'
LPC Chook	'F'
LRC Check	'8'
End 1	(0DH) (CR)
End 0	(0AH) (LF)

Response message from the Slave:

ge u e
· . ,
'0'
'1'
'0'
'3'
'0'
'4 '
' 0'
'0'
'B'
'1'
'1'
'F'
'4'
'0'
'E'
'8'
(0DH) (CR)
(0AH) (LF)

RTU mode: Command message from the Master:

Slave Address	01H
Function	03H
Starting data	02H (High word)
address	00H (High word)
Number of data	00H
(In Word)	02H
CRC Check Low	C5H (Low word)
CRC Check High	B3H (High word)

Response message from the Slave:

Slave Address	01H
Function	03H
Number of data (In Byte)	04H
The content of	00H (High word)
starting address 0200H	B1H (Low word)
The content of the	1FH (High word)
2 nd data address 0201H	40H (Low word)
CRC Check Low	A3H (Low word)
CRC Check High	D4H (High word)

Note: Before and after the transmission in RTU mode, 10 ms of silent interval is needed.

Example 2, function code 06H, write single word:

The Master issues command to the 1st Slave and writes data 0064H to address 0200H. The Slave sends the response message to the Master after the writing is completed. The calculation of LRC and CRC will be described in next chapter.

ASCII mode:
Command message from the Master:

Start	(,) =
Clayes Address	'0'
Slave Address	'1'
Function	' 0'
FullCuon	'6'
	'0'
Starting data	'2'
address	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
Data content	'0'
Data content	'6'
	'4'
LRC Check	'9'
LRC Check	'3'
End 1	(0DH) (CR)
End 0	(0AH) (LF)

Response message from the Slave:

Start	·.,	
Slave Address	'0'	
Slave Address	'1'	
Function	'0'	
Function	'6'	
	'0'	
Starting data	'2'	
address	'0'	
	'0'	
	'0'	
Data content	'0'	
Data Content	'6'	
	'4'	
L DC Chook	'9'	
LRC Check	'3'	
End 1	(0DH) (CR)	
End 0	(0AH) (LF)	

9-12 Revision July, 2018

RTU mode: Command message from the Master:

Address	01H	
Slave Function	06H	
Starting data	02H (High word)	
address	00H (Low word)	
Data content	00H (High word)	
Data Content	64H (Low word)	
CRC Check Low	89H (Low word)	
CRC Check High	99H (High word)	

Response message from the Slave:

Address	01H	
Slave Function	06H	
Starting data	02H (High word)	
address	00H (Low word)	
Data content	00H (High word)	
Data Content	64H (Low word)	
CRC Check Low	89H (Low word)	
CRC Check High	99H (High word)	

Note: Before and after the transmission in RTU mode, 10 ms of silent interval is needed.

Example 3, function code 10H, write multiple words:

The Master issues command to the 1st Slave and writes 0BB8H and 0000H to the starting address 0112H. That is to say, 0112H is written into 0BB8H and 0113H is written into 0000H. The maximum allowable data in one single access is 10. The Slave sends the response message to the Master after the writing is completed. The calculation of LRC and CRC will be described in next chapter.

ASCII mode: Command message from the Master:

Start	· . , -	
Clava Addraga	'0'	
Slave Address	'1'	
F 4!	'1'	
Function	'O'	
	'O'	
Starting data	'1'	
address	'1'	
	'2'	
	'O'	
Number of data	'0'	
(In Word)	'0'	
	'2'	
Number of data	' 0'	
(In Byte)	'4'	
	'0'	
The 1 st data content	'B'	
THE I data content	'B'	
	'8'	
	' 0'	
TI Ond -I - + + +	'0'	
The 2 nd data content	'0'	
	'0'	
	'1'	
LRC Check	'3'	
End 1	(0DH)(CR)	
End 0	(0AH)(LF)	

Response message from the Slave:

Start	.,	
Clava Addraga	' 0'	
Slave Address	'1'	
Function	'1'	
Function	'0'	
	'0'	
Starting data address	'1'	
	'1'	
	'2'	
	'0'	
Number of data	'0'	
Number of data	'0'	
	'2'	
LRC Check	'D'	
LRC CHECK	'A'	
End 1	(0DH) (CR)	
End 0	(0AH) (LF)	

9-14 Revision July, 2018

RTU mode: Command message from the Master:

Slave Address	01H	
Function	10H	
Starting data	01H (High word)	
address	12H (Low word)	
Number of data	00H (High word)	
(In Word)	02H (Low word)	
Number of data (In Byte)	04H	
The 1st data content	0BH (High word)	
The 1st data content	B8H (Low word)	
The 2 nd data content	00H (High word)	
THE Z UALA COHLEHL	00H (Low word)	
CRC Check Low	FCH (Low word)	
CRC Check High	EBH (High word)	

Response message from the Slave:

Slave Address	01H	
Function	10H	
Starting data	01H (High word)	
address	12H (Low word)	
Number of data	00H (High word)	
(In Word)	02H (Low word)	
CRC Check Low	E0H (Low word)	
CRC Check High	31H (High word)	

Note: Before and after the transmission in RTU mode, 10 ms of silent interval is needed.

■ LRC and CRC transmission error checking

The error checking in ASCII communication mode is LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check); CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is for RTU communication mode. The algorithm of both is as the following.

LRC (ASCII mode):

Start	(,) •	
Clava Addraga	'7'	
Slave Address	'F'	
Function	'0'	
FullClion	'3'	
	'0'	
Starting data address	' 5'	
Starting data address	,C,	
	'4'	
	' 0'	
Number of data	' 0'	
Number of data	'0'	
	'1'	
I DC Chook	'B'	
LRC Check	'4'	
End 1	(0DH) (CR)	
End 0	(0AH) (LF)	

The LRC algorithm is: add all byte, round down the carry and take 2' s complement. For example, 7FH + 03H + 05H + C4H + 00H + 01H = 14CH, round down carry 1 and take 4CH.

2's complement of 4CH is B4H.

9-16 Revision July, 2018

CRC (RTU mode):

The description of CRC is as the followings:

- Step 1: Load a 16-bits register of FFFFH, which is called CRC register.
- Step 2: (The low byte of CRC register) XOR (The first byte of command), and save the result in CRC register.
- Step 3: Right move one bit. Check the least significant bit (LSB) of CRC register. If the bit is 1, then (CRC register) XOR (A001H).
- Step 4: Return to Step 3 until Step 3 has been executed for 8 times. Go to Step 5.
- Step 5: Repeat the procedure from Step 2 to Step 4 until all byte is processing. Get the result of CRC value.

Description: After calculating CRC value, fill in the low word of CRC first in command message, and then fill in the high word of CRC. For example, if the result of CRC algorithm is 3794H, fill in 94H in low word and then 37H in high word.

ARD	01H	
CMD	03H	
Starting data address	01H (High word)	
Starting data address	01H (Low word)	
Number of data	00H (High word)	
(In Word)	02H (Low word)	
CRC Check Low	94H (Low word)	
CRC Check High	37H (High word)	

Example of CRC program:

```
unsigned char* data;
unsigned char length
This function returns CRC of unsigned integer.
unsigned int crc chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length) {
    int j;
    unsigned int reg_crc=0xFFFF;
    while( length-- ) {
        reg crc^= *data++;
        for (j=0; j<8; j++ ) {
             if( reg_crc & 0x01 ) { /*LSB(bit 0 ) = 1 */
                 reg crc = (reg crc \Rightarrow 1)^0xA001;
             } else {
                 reg crc = (reg crc > 1);
             }
        }
    }
    return reg_crc;
}
Example of personal computer procedure:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<dos.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includerocess.h>
                         the address of COM 1 */
#define PORT 0x03F8/*
#define THR 0x0000
#define RDR 0x0000
#define BRDL 0x0000
#define IER 0x0001
#define BRDH 0x0001
#define LCR 0x0003
#define MCR 0x0004
#define LSR 0x0005
#define MSR 0x0006
unsigned char rdat[60];
/* read 2 data from address 0200H of ASD with address 1 */
unsigned char tdat[60]={':','0','1','0','3','0','2','0','0','0','0','2','F','8','\r','\n'};
void main() {
int I;
                                   /* interrupt enable */
outportb(PORT+MCR,0x08);
                                           interrupt as data in */
outportb(PORT+IER,0x01);
outportb(PORT+LCR,(inportb(PORT+LCR) | 0x80));
   the BRDL/BRDH can be access as LCR.b7 == 1 */
outportb(PORT+BRDL,12);
outportb(PORT+BRDH,0x00);
outportb(PORT+LCR,0x06);
                                   /* set prorocol
                              <7,E,1> = 1AH,
                                                    <7,0,1> = 0AH
                               <8,N,2> = 07H
                                                    <8,E,1> = 1BH
```

Produce CRC in C language. This function needs two parameters:

9-18 Revision July, 2018

9.4 Write-in and Read-out in Communication Parameters

Please refer to Chapter 8, Parameters for all parameter details. And the descriptions of parameters which can be wrote or read through communication are as follows.

Parameters are divided into 8 groups, Group 0: Monitor Parameters, Group 1: Basic Parameters, Group 2: Extension Parameters, Group 3: Communication Parameters, Group 4: Diagnosis Parameters, Group 5: Motion Setting, Group 6: PR Definition and Group 7: PR Definition.

Write parameters via communication:

Parameters which can be written through communication include:

Group 0, except (P0-00 ~ P0-01), (P0-08 ~ P0-13) and (P0-46)

Group 1 (P1-00 ~ P1-76)

Group 2 (P2-00 ~ P2-67)

Group 3 (P3-00 ~ P3-11)

Group 4, except (P4-00 ~ P4-04) and (P4-08 ~ P4-09)

Group 5 (P5-00 ~ P5-99), except P5-10, P5-16 and P5-76

Group 6 (P6-00 ~ P6-99)

Group 7 (P7-00 ~ P7-27)

Please note that:

- (P3-01) When change to a new communication speed, the next data will be written in a new transmission speed after setting the new value.
- (P3-02) When change to the new communication protocol, the next data will be written with the new communication protocol after setting the new value.
- (P4-05) JOG controls parameters of the servo. Please refer to Chapter 8, Parameters for the description.
- (P4-06) Force to control output contact. This parameter is for DO (Digital Output) testing. Users can write 1, 2, 4, 8 and 16 to test DO1, DO2 and DO3 respectively. Please write 0 after the test so as to inform the servo drive that the test has been completed.
- (P4-10) Adjustment function selection. Write 20 (= 14H in hexadecimal format) in parameter P2-08 first to enable the adjustment so as to change the value of P4-10.
- (P4-11 ~ P4-21) This parameter is Offset Adjustment. Do not change the setting unless it is necessary. If it is necessary, please write 22 (= 16H, in hexadecimal format) in parameter P2-08 first to enable the function so as to change the value of (P4-11 ~ P4-21)

9-20 Revision July, 2018

Read parameters through communication:

Parameters can be read through communication include:

Group 0 (P0-00 ~ P0-46)	Group 4 (P4-00 ~ P4-23)
Group 1 (P1-00 ~ P1-76)	Group 5 (P5-00 ~ P5-99)
Group 2 (P2-00 ~ P2-67)	Group 6 (P6-00 ~ P6-99)
Group 3 (P3-00 ~ P3-11)	Group 7 (P7-00 ~ P7-27)

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9-22 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 10 Troubleshooting

10.1 Alarm of Servo Drive

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL001	Overcurrent	The current of the main circuit is 1.5 times more than the instantaneous current of the motor.	ALM	Servo Off
AL002	Overvoltage	The voltage of the main circuit is higher than the standard voltage.	ALM	Servo Off
AL003	Undervoltage	The voltage of the main circuit is lower than the standard voltage.	WARN	Servo Off
AL004	Motor Combination Error	The drive corresponds to the wrong motor.	ALM	Servo Off
AL005	Regeneration Error	Regeneration control is in error.	ALM	Servo Off
AL006	Overload	The motor and the drive is overload.	ALM	Servo Off
AL007	Overspeed	The control speed of the motor exceeds the normal speed.	ALM	Servo Off
AL008	Abnormal Pulse Command	The input frequency of the pulse command is over the allowable value of the hardware interface.	ALM	Servo Off
AL009	Excessive Deviation of Position Command	The deviation of position command exceeds the allowable setting value.	ALM	Servo Off
AL011	Encoder Error	The encoder produces abnormal pulse.	ALM	Servo Off
AL012	Adjustment Error	When executing electrical adjustment, the adjusted value exceeds the allowable value.	ALM	Servo Off
AL013	Emergency Stop	Press the emergency stop button.	WARN	Servo Off
AL014	Reverse Limit Error	Activate the reverse limit switch.	WARN	Servo On
AL015	Forward Limit Error	Activate the forward limit switch.	WARN	Servo On
AL016	IGBT Overheat	The temperature of IGBT is over high.	ALM	Servo Off

Revision July, 2018

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL017	Abnormal EEPROM	It is in error when DSP accesses EEPROM.	ALM	Servo Off
AL018	Abnormal signal output	The encoder output exceeds the rated output frequency.	ALM	Servo Off
AL019	Serial Communication Error	RS-232 / 485 communication is in error.	ALM	Servo Off
AL020	Serial Communication Time Out	RS-232 / 485 communication time out	WARN	Servo On
AL021	Reserved	Reserved		
AL022	Main Circuit Power Lack Phase	Only one single phase is inputted in the main circuit power.	WARN	Servo Off
AL023	Early Warning for Overload	Early warning for overload	WARN	Servo On
AL024	Encoder initial magnetic field error	The magnetic field of the encoder U, V, W signal is in error.	ALM	Servo Off
AL025	The Internal of the Encoder is in Error	The internal memory of the encoder and the internal counter are in error.	ALM	Servo Off
AL026	Unreliable internal data of the encoder	The error of the internal data has been detected for three times continuously.	ALM	Servo Off
AL027	The Internal of the Encoder is in Error	The internal reset of the encoder is in error.	ALM	Servo On
AL028	Encoder Voltage Error or the Internal of the Encoder is in Error	The charging circuit is not removed in the servo drive so the battery voltage becomes higher than the specification (> 3.8 V) or encoder signal is in error.	ALM	Servo On
AL029	Gray Code Error	The internal address of the encoder is in error.	ALM	Servo On
AL030	Motor Crash Error	The motor crashes the equipment, reaches the torque of P1-57 and exceeds the time set by P1-58.	ALM	Servo Off

10-2 Revision July, 2018

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL031	Incorrect wiring or disconnection of the motor power line U, V, W	Incorrect wiring or disconnection of the motor power line U, V, W, GND	ALM	Servo Off
AL040	Excessive Deviation of Full Closed-loop Position Control	Excessive deviation of full closed-loop position control	ALM	Servo Off
AL041	Communication of Linear Scale is Breakdown	The communication of linear scale is breakdown.	ALM	Servo Off
AL044	Warning of Servo Drive Function Overload	Warning of servo drive function overload	WARN	Servo On
AL060	The absolute position is lost	Due to battery under voltage or the failure of power supply, the encoder lost the internal record.	WARN	Servo On
AL061	Encoder Under Voltage	The voltage of the absolute encoder is lower than the specification.	WARN	Servo On
AL062	The multi-turn of absolute encoder overflow	The multi-turn of absolute encoder exceeds the maximum range: - 32768 ~ + 32767.	WARN	Servo On
AL067	Encoder Temperature Warning	Encoder temperature exceeds the warning level. (But it is still within the protective range.)	WARN	N/A
AL069	Wrong Motor Type	Incremental motor is not allowed to activate the absolute function.	ALM	Servo Off
AL070	Encoder does not Complete the Command which is Issued by Servo Drive	Servo drive has not completed writing barcode into encoder or the encoder does not complete the command issued by the servo drive.	WARN	Servo Off
AL081	Excessive Deviation between Two Axes of the Gantry	The deviation between the two selected axes of the gantry exceeds the setting value of P2-59.	ALM	Servo Off
AL082	Abnormal Gantry Selection	When enabling gantry function, not select any two axes as gantry operational axes.	ALM	Servo Off

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL099	DSP Firmware Upgrade	EEPROM has not been reset after upgrading the firmware. The fault can be cleared when firstly set P2-08 to 30. Then set P2-08 to 28. And re-power on the drive.	ALM	Servo Off

10.2 Alarm of CANopen Communication

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL111	CANopen SDO receives buffer overflow	SDO Rx Buffer overflow (receives more than two SDOs within 1 millisecond)	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset	ALM	Servo On
AL112	CANopen PDO receives buffer overflow	PDO Rx Buffer overflow (receives more than two same PDOs of the COBID within 1 millisecond)	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL121	Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO	The specified Index in the message does not exist.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL122	Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO	The specified Sub-Index in the message does not exist.	Same as	ALM	Servo On

10-4 Revision July, 2018

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL123	Data Size error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO	The data length in the message does not match to the specified object.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL124	Data range error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO	The data value in the message is over the range of the specified object.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL125	CANopen PDO object is read-only and write-protected	The specified object in the message is write-protected.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL126	CANopen PDO object is not allowed in PDO	The specified object in the message does not support PDO.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL127	CANopen PDO object is write-protected when Servo On	The specified object in the message is write-protected when Servo ON.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL128	Error occurs when reading CANopen PDO object via EEPROM	An error occurs when loading the default value via ROM at start-up. All objects of CAN returns to the default value automatically.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL129	CANopen	An error occurs when saving the current value into ROM.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL130	The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen PDO object	The quantity of the data inside ROM is over the planned space. It is probably because the software has been updated. The data inside ROM is stored by the old version. Thus, it cannot be used.		ALM	Servo On
AL131	CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen PDO object	It indicates that the data stored in ROM has been damaged. All objects of CAN will return to the default setting automatically.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL132	Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen PDO object	When entering parameters via CAN, the parameters are password-protected. Users have to decode the password first.	Same as above	ALM	Servo On
AL185	Abnormal CAN Bus hardware	The communication of CAN Bus is breakdown or Error Rx / Tx Counter is over 128.	NMT: Reset node or re-servo on	ALM	Servo On

10-6 Revision July, 2018

10.3 Alarm of Motion Control

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL201	An error occurs when loading CANopen data	An error occurs when loading data via EEPROM.	DI: ARST, CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter	WARN	Servo On
AL207	Parameter group of PR#8 is out of range	The group of PR#8 command source P_Grp exceeds the range.	DI: ARST · CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter	WARN	Servo On
AL209	The parameter number of PR#8 is out of range	Parameter number P_ldx of PR#8 command exceeds the range.	DI: ARST · CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter	WARN	Servo On
AL213	Write parameters: exceeds the range	Write parameters via PR procedure: the value is over the range.	DI: Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0	WARN	Servo On
AL215	Write parameters: read-only	Write parameters via PR procedure: the parameter is read-only.	DI: Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0	WARN	Servo On
AL217	Write parameters: parameter locked	Write parameters via PR procedure: it is write-protected when the servo is ON or the input data is unreasonable.	Correct the PR command and parameter	WARN	Servo On

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL219	Write parameters: parameter locked	Write parameters via PR procedure: it is write-protected when the servo is ON or the input data is unreasonable.	Correct the PR command and parameter	WARN	Servo On
AL231	The setting of monitoring item of PR#8 is out of range	The setting of monitoring item of PR#8 Sys_Var exceeds the range.	DI: ARST · CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter	WARN	Servo On
AL235	PR command overflows	Feedback position counter overflows and executes the absolute positioning command.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset	WARN	Servo On
AL245	PR positioning is over time	The execution of positioning command exceeds the time limit.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL249	The number of PR command exceeds the range	The range of PR command is between 0 and 63, or it will exceed the limit.		WARN	Servo On
AL261	Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object	The specified Index in the message does not exist.	DI: ARST NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset	WARN	Servo On
AL263	Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object	The specified Sub-Index in the message does not exist.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On

10-8 Revision July, 2018

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL265	Data Size error occurs when accessing CANopen object	The data length in the message does not match to the specified object.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL267	Data range error occurs when accessing CAN.	The data value in the message is over the range of the specified object.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL269	CANopen object is read-only and write-protected	The specified object in the message is write-protected.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL26b	PDO is not allowed in CANopen object	The specified object in the message does not support PDO.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL26d	CANopen object is write-protected when Servo On	The specified object in the message is write-protected when Servo ON.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL26F	Error occurs when reading CANopen object via EEPROM	An error occurs when loading the default value via ROM at start-up. All objects of CAN returns to the default value automatically.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL271	Error occurs when writing CANopen object via EEPROM	An error occurs when saving the current value into ROM.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL273	The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen object	The quantity in the data inside ROM is over the planned space. It is probably because the software has been updated. The data inside ROM is stored by the old version. Thus, it cannot be used.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL275	CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen object	It indicates that the data stored in ROM has been damaged. All CANopen objects will return to the default setting automatically.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL277	Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen object	When entering parameters via CAN, the parameters are password-protected. Users have to decode the password first.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL283	Forward Software Limit	The value of position command is bigger than forward software limit (P5-08).	The fault will be cleared automatically when the motor operates backwards.	WARN	Servo On
AL285	Reverse Software Limit	The value of position command is smaller than reverse software limit (P5-09).	The fault will be cleared automatically when the motor operates backwards.	WARN	Servo On

10-10 Revision July, 2018

Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Description	Corrective Actions	Corresponding DO	Servo Status
AL289	Feedback position counter overflows	Feedback position counter overflows.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset	WARN	Servo On
AL291	Servo OFF error	Servo OFF when motion command is not completed.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL301	CANopen fails to synchronize	CANopen IP mode fails to synchronize with the controller.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL302	The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too fast	The synchronized signal, SYNC of CANopen is sent too fast.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL303	The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too slow	The synchronized signal, SYNC of CANopen has not been received in time.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL304	CANopen IP command is failed	Command cannot be issued in CANopen IP mode.	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL305	SYNC Period is in error	CANopen 301 Object 0x1006 Data Error!	Same as above	WARN	Servo On
AL380	Position Deviation Alarm	Please refer to the description of parameter P1-48. After DO.MC_OK ON, DO.MC_OK becomes OFF because DO. TPOS turns OFF.	DI: Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0	WARN	Servo On
AL555	System Failure	DSP processing error		N/A	Do not Switch



If the alarm occurs and is different from the alarm showed in **Alarm of Servo Drive**, **Alarm of CANopen Communication** and **Alarm of Motion Control**, please contact with distributors or technical personnel.

10.4 Causes and Corrective Actions

Alarm Display

AL001: Overcurrent

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The drive output is short-circuit	Check if the wiring between the motor and the drive is correct and see if the wire is short-circuited.	Eliminate short-circuit and avoid metal conductor being exposed.
The motor wiring is in error.	Check if the wiring steps are correct when connecting the motor to the drive.	Rewiring by following the wiring description from the user manual.
IGBT is abnormal.	The temperature of the heat sink is abnormal.	Send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.
The control parameter setting is in error.	Check if the setting value exceeds the default setting.	Setting back to the default setting and then gradually adjust the value.
Unreasonable command	Check if the command doing reasonable acceleration time.	Less steep command used or filter applying to smooth command.

AL002: Overvoltage

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The input voltage of the main circuit is higher than the rated allowable voltage.	Use the voltmeter to see if the input voltage of the main circuit is within the rated allowable voltage value. (please refer to Chapter 12.1)	, , ,
Wrong power input (incorrect power system)	Use the voltmeter to see if the power system matches the specification.	Apply to the correct power supply or serial adaptor.
The hardware of the servo drive is damaged.	Use the voltmeter to see if the input voltage of the main circuit is within the rated allowable voltage value but still shows the error.	

10-12 Revision July, 2018

AL003: Undervoltage

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The input voltage of the		
main circuit is lower	Check if the input voltage wiring	Po confirm the voltage wiring
than the rated	of the main circuit is normal.	Re-confirm the voltage wiring.
allowable voltage.		
No power supply for the main circuit.	Use the voltmeter to see if the voltage of the main circuit is normal.	Check the power switch.
Wrong power input (incorrect power system)	Use the voltmeter to see if the power system matches the specification.	Apply to the correct power supply or serial adaptor.

AL004: Motor Combination Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The encoder is damaged.	The encoder is abnormal.	Change the motor.
The encoder is loose.	Check the encoder connector.	Install the motor again.
Motor Combination Error	Connect to the right motor.	Change the motor.

AL005: Regeneration Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Wrong selection of regenerative resistor or the external regenerative resistor is unconnected.	Check the connection of regenerative resistor.	Reconnect the regenerative resistor or calculate the regenerative resistor value. If the alarm does not go off, please send the drive back to the distributor or contact with Delta.
Parameter P1-53 is not set to zero when the regenerative resistor is not in use.	Check if parameter P1-53 of regenerative resister is set to zero.	Set parameter P1-53 of regenerative resistor to zero when it is not applying.
Wrong parameter setting	Check the setting value of parameter P1-52 and P1-53.	Correctly reset the value of P1-52 and P1-53.

AL006: Overload

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Over the rated loading of the drive and continuously excessive using	Set parameter P0-02 to 11 and see if the average torque [%] is over 100 % all the time.	Increase the motor capacity or reduce the load.
The setting of the control system parameter is inappropriate.	 Check if there is any mechanical vibration. Check if the acceleration / deceleration constant is set too fast. 	 Adjust the gain value of the control circuit. Slow down the acceleration / deceleration setting time.
Wrong wiring of the motor and the encoder.	Check the wiring of U, V, W and the encoder.	Correct wiring
The encoder of the motor is defective.	Send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.	

AL007: Overspeed

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Unreasonable command	signal of analog voltage is	Less steep command used or filter applying to smooth command.
Inappropriate parameter setting	•	Correctly set parameter P2-34 (the condition of over-speed warning).

AL008: Abnormal Pulse Command

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The pulse command frequency is higher than the rated input frequency.		Correctly set the input pulse frequency.

10-14 Revision July, 2018

AL009: Excessive Deviation of Position Command

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Parameter P2-35 is set too small.	parameter P2-35 (The warning condition of excessive position	Increase the setting value of P2-35. (The warning condition of excessive position deviation)
The setting of the gain value is too small.	Check if the setting value is appropriate.	Correctly adjust the gain value.
The torque limit is too low.	Check the torque limit value.	Correctly adjust the torque limit value.
Excessive external load	Check the external load.	Reduce the external load or evaluate the motor capacity again.

AL011: Encoder Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Wrong wiring of the encoder	Check if the wiring follows the suggested wiring of the user manual.	Correct wiring.
The encoder is loose.	Check the drive connector of CN2 and encoder.	Install the encoder again.
Bad connection of the encoder	Check if the connection between CN2 of the drive and the encoder of the servo motor is loose.	Reconnect the wiring.
The encoder is damaged.	Check if the motor is damaged.	Change the motor.

AL012: Adjustment Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The analog input contact is incorrectly set back to zero.	Measure if the voltage of the analog input contact is the same as the ground voltage.	Correctly ground the analog input contact.
The detection device is damaged.	Reset the power supply.	If the error still occurs after reset, send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.

AL013: Emergency Stop

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Press the emergency	Check if the emergency stop	Activate emergency step
stop button.	button is enabled.	Activate emergency stop.

AL014: Reverse Limit Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions	
Reverse limit switch is	Check if the limit switch is	Enable the verse limit entitle	
activated.	enabled.	Enable the reverse limit switch.	
The servo system is	Check the control parameter and	Re-adjust the parameter or	
unstable.	inertia ratio.	evaluate the motor capacity.	

AL015: Forward Limit Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions	
Forward limit switch is	Check if the limit switch is	Enable the femueral limit quitab	
activated.	enabled.	Enable the forward limit switch.	
The servo system is	Check the control parameter and	Re-adjust the parameter or	
unstable.	inertia ratio.	evaluate the motor capacity.	

AL016: IGBT Overheat

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Over the rated loading		
of the drive and continuously excessive using	Check if it is overloading or the motor current is too high.	Increase the motor capacity or reduce the load.
The drive output is short-circuit.	Check the drive output wiring.	Correct the wiring.

10-16 Revision July, 2018

AL017: Abnormal EEPROM

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
It is in error when DSP accesses EEPROM.	Press the SHIFT Key on the panel and it shows EXGAB. X = 1, 2, 3 G = group code of the parameter AB = hexadecimal of the parameter If it shows E320A, it means it is parameter P2-10; If it shows E3610, it means it is parameter P6-16. Please check the parameter.	The fault occurs when applying to the power. It means one of the parameters is over the reasonable range. Please re-power on after adjusting. The fault occurs in normal operation. It means it is in error when writing the parameter. The alarm can be cleared by DI.ARST.
Abnormal hidden parameter	Press the SHIFT Key on the panel and it shows E100X.	The fault occurs in parameter reset. The setting of the drive is wrong. Please set the correct type of the drive.
Data in ROM is damaged.	Press the SHIFT Key on the panel and it shows E0001.	The fault occurs when it is servo-on. Usually it is because the data in ROM is damaged or there is no data in ROM. Please send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.

AL018: Abnormal Signal Output

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions	
The encoder is in error	Check the fault records (P4-00 ~		
and cause the	P4-05). See if the alarm exists	Conduct the corrective actions of	
abnormal signal output.	with the encoder error (AL011,	AL011, AL024, AL025, AL026.	
abrioritiai signai output.	AL024, AL025, AL026).		
	Check if the following conditions	Correctly set parameter P1-76	
The output pulse exceeds the hardware allowable range.	produce:	and P1-46:	
	P1-76 < Motor Speed or	P1-76 > Motor Speed or	
	$\frac{\text{Motor Speed}}{60} \times \text{P1} - 46 \times 4 > 19.8 \times 10^6$	$\frac{\text{Motor Speed}}{60} \times \text{P1} - 46 \times 4 < 19.8 \times 10^6$	

AL019: Serial Communication Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Improper setting of the communication parameter	Check the setting value of communication parameter.	Correctly set the parameter value.
Incorrect communication address		Correctly set the communication address.
Incorrect communication value	Check the accessing value.	Correctly set the value.

AL020: Serial Communication Time Out

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Improper setting of the time-out parameter	Check the parameter setting.	Correctly set the value.
The drive hasn't received the communication command for a long time.	Check if the communication cable is loose or broken.	Correct wiring.

AL021: Reserved

AL022: Main circuit power leak phase

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The main circuit nower	or there is one single phase input	is still ahnormal inlease send the

AL023: Early warning for overload

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Early warning for overload	 Check if it is used in overload condition. Check if the value of parameter P1-56 is set to small. 	 Please refer to the corrective actions of AL006. Please increase the setting value of parameter P1-56. Or set the value over 100 and deactivate the overload warning function.

10-18 Revision July, 2018

AL024: Encoder initial magnetic field error

Causes		Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	1.	Check if the servo is properly grounded.	
The initial magnetic	2.	Check if the encoder cable	
field of the encoder is		separates from the power	If the situation is not improving,
in error		supply or the high-current	please send the drive back to the
(Signal U, V, W of the		circuit to avoid the	distributors or contact with Delta.
encoder magnetic field		interference.	
is in error.)	3.	Check if the shielding cables	
		are used in the wiring of the	
		encoder.	

AL025: The internal of the encoder is in error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The internal of the encoder is in error. (The internal memory and the internal counter are in error.)	 Check if the servo is properly grounded. Check if the encoder cable separates from the power supply or the high-current circuit to avoid the interference. Check if the shielding cables are used in the wiring of the encoder. 	 Please connect the UVW connector (color green) to the heat sink of the servo drive. Please check if the encoder cable separates from the power supply or the high-current circuit. Please use shielding mesh. If the situation is not improving, please send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.

AL026: Unreliable internal data of the encoder

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
		Please connect the UVW
	1. Check if the servo is properly	connector (color green) to the
	grounded.	heat sink of the servo drive.
	2. Check if the encoder cable	2. Please check if the encoder
The encoder is in error.	separates from the power	cable separates from the
(Errors occur in the	supply or the high-current	power supply or the
internal data for three	circuit to avoid the	high-current circuit.
times continuously.)	interference.	3. Please use shielding mesh.
	3. Check if the shielding cables	4. If the situation is not
	are used in the wiring of the	improving, please send the
	encoder.	drive back to the distributors
		or contact with Delta.

AL027: The internal of the Encoder is in error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The internal reset of the encoder is in error.	 Check if the encoder cable is properly connected. Check if the power supply is stable. Check if the operating temperature is over 95 °C. 	 Please connect the UVW connector (color green) to the heat sink of the servo drive. Please check if the encoder cable separates from the power supply or the high-current circuit. Please use shielding mesh. If the situation is not improving, please send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.

10-20 Revision July, 2018

AL028: Encoder voltage error or the internal of the encoder is in error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Battery voltage is too high.	 Check if the charging circuit exists in the servo drive. Check if the battery is correctly installed. (Voltage > 3.8 V). 	Please do the check according to the procedure Over voltage. When corrective actions are done, AL028 will be cleared automatically.
The internal encoder is in error.	grounded. 3. Check if the encoder cable separates from the power supply or the high-current circuit to avoid the interference.	 If the situation is not improving, please send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta. Please connect the UVW connector (color green) to the heat sink of the servo drive. Please check if the encoder cable separates from the power supply or the high-current circuit. Please use shielding mesh. If the situation is not improving, please send the drive back to the distributors or contact with Delta.

AL029: Gray code error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The internal address of	motor and check if the alarm will	If the alarm occurs again, please change the encoder.

AL030: Motor Crash Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Motor Crash Error	 Check if P1-57 is enabled. Check if P1-57 is set too small and the time of P1-58 is set too short. 	 If it is enabled by mistake, please set P1-57 to zero. According to the actual torque setting, if the value is set too small, the alarm will be triggered by mistake. However, if the value is set too big, it will lose the function of protection.

AL031: Incorrect wiring of the motor power line U, V, W, GND

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The wiring of U, V, W,		
of the motor is		
incorrectly connected		
or disconnected. (Check if U, V, W of the motor is	Follow the user manual to
The switch for cut-off	incorrectly connected or	correctly wire U, V, W and make
detection is set by	disconnected.	sure it is grounded.
P2.065 Bit 9, which		
default is set to disable		
)		

AL040: Excessive deviation of full closed-loop position control

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	 Check if P1-73 is set too small. Check if the connector is 	 Increase the value of P1-73. Check if the connection is well connected.
	mechanism.	

AL041: Communication of linear scale is breakdown

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The communication of linear scale is breakdown.		Check the communication of linear scale again.

10-22 Revision July, 2018

AL044: Warning of Servo Drive function overload

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Warning of Servo Drive function overload	INI / A	Set P2-66 Bit 4 to 1 can disable the display of this alarm.

AL060: The absolute position is lost

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Battery undervoltage	Check if the voltage of battery is lower than 2.8 V.	After changing the battery, conduct homing procedure again. Please refer to the description of absolute coordinate initialization in Chapter 12.
Change the battery when the power is OFF which is controlled by the servo drive.	Do not change or remove the battery power when the power is OFF which is controlled by the servo drive.	Conduct homing procedure again. Please refer to the description of absolute coordinate initialization in Chapter 12.
After activating the absolute function, the absolute coordinate initialization has not been completed.	 Install the battery. Check the wiring between the battery pack and power cable of the servo drive. Check the wiring of the encoder. 	Conduct homing procedure again. Please refer to the description of absolute coordinate initialization in Chapter 12.
Bad connection of the battery power circuit.	 Check the wiring of the encoder. Check the wiring between the battery pack and the power cable of the servo drive. 	Connect or repair the wiring of the battery so as to supply the power to the encoder. Conduct homing procedure again. Please refer to the description of absolute coordinate initialization in Chapter 12.

AL061: Encoder under voltage

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The voltage of the absolute encoder is lower than the specification.	 Check if the voltage of the battery on the panel is lower than 3.1 V (tentative specification). Check if the voltage of the battery is lower than 3.1 V (tentative specification). 	Change the battery when power is ON which is controlled by the servo drive. After changing the battery, AL061 will be cleared automatically.

AL062: The multi-turn of absolute encoder overflows

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The multi-turn of absolute encoder exceeds the maximum range: -32768 ~ +32767.	exceeds the range,-32768 ~ +32767, the absolute encoder is	Conduct homing procedure again. Please refer to the description of absolute coordinate initialization in Chapter 12.

AL067: Encoder temperature warning

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
IEVEL (But it is still	Check if the ventilation devices are normal.	Lower the temperature of the encoder.

AL069: Wrong motor type

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Incremental motor is not allowed to activate the absolute function.	Check if the motor is incremental or absolute	If users desire to use absolute function, please choose absolute motor. If not, please set parameter P2-69 to 0.

AL070: Encoder does not complete the command which is issued by servo drive

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Servo drive has not completely written barcode into encoder or the encoder does not complete the command issued by servo drive.	Check if the wiring is correct or there is any loose connection.	Correct the wiring.

AL081: Excessive deviation between two axes of the gantry

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The deviation of two selected axes of the gantry exceeds the setting value of P2-59 during operation.	 Check if the value of P2-59 is set too small. Check if the connection is loose or there is any connection problem of gantry mechanism. 	 Increase the value of P2-59. Check if the connection is well connected.

10-24 Revision July, 2018

AL082: Abnormal Gantry selection

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
When enabling gantry		
function, not select any	Check if the value of P2-58 which	Check the setting of parameter
two axes as the	can operate the two axes of the	P2-58 again.
operation axis. Then	gantry is correct.	F2-30 agaiii.
the error occurs.		

AL099: DSP firmware upgrade

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Upgrade DSP firmware.	Check if the firmware is upgraded.	Firstly set P2-08 to 30. Then set P2-08 to 28, the alarm will be cleared when re-power on.

AL111: CANopen SDO receives overflow

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
overflow (receives more than two SDOs	(sends) more than one SDO	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL112: CANopen PDO receives overflow

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
PDO Rx Buffer		
more than two PDOs of	Check if the servo drive receives (sends) more than one PDO of COBID within 1 ms.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL121: Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified Index in	Check if the Entry Index of PDO	NMT: Reset node or
the message does not	Mapping is modified when PDO	0x6040.Fault Reset
exist.	is receiving or sending.	0x0040.1 ault Neset

AL122: Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Sub-Index in the message does not	PDO Mapping is modified when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL123: Data Size error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The data length in the	Check if the data length of Entry	
message does not	of PDO Mapping is modified	NMT: Reset node or
match to the specified	when PDO is receiving or	0x6040.Fault Reset
object.	sending.	

AL124: Data range error occurs when accessing CANopen PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
message is over the range of the specified	wrong when PDO is receiving or	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL125: CANopen PDO Object is read-only and write-protected

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified object in the message is write-protected.	Check if the specified object is read-only when PDO is receiving or sending.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL126: CANopen PDO Object is not allowed in PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified object in	Check if the specified object	NIMT: Deach reads an
the message does not	allows PDO Manning when PDO	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset
support PDO.	is receiving or sending.	UX0040.Fauit Reset

AL127: CANopen PDO Object is write-protected when Servo On

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified object in	Check that when PDO is	
the message is	receiving or sending, if the	NMT: Reset node or
write-protected when	specified object is write-protected	0x6040.Fault Reset
Servo ON	when Servo On.	

10-26 Revision July, 2018

AL128: Error occurs when reading CANopen PDO object via EEPROM

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when loading the default value via ROM at start-up. All objects of CAN returns to the	When PDO is receiving or sending, check if the error occurs	

AL129: Error occurs when writing CANopen PDO into EEPROM

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when saving the current value into ROM.	When PDO is receiving or sending, check if the error occurs	NMT: Reset node or
		0x6040.Fault Reset
value into ixom.	wrote into EEPROM.	

AL130: The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen PDO object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The quantity of the data inside ROM is over the planned space. It is probably because the software has been updated. The data inside ROM is stored by the old version. Thus, it cannot be used.	Check that when PDO is receiving or sending, if the specified object enables EEPROM address exceeds the limit.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL131: CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen PDO object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
It means the data		
stored in ROM is	Check if the specified object	
damaged. All CANopen	would cause CRC calculation	NMT: Reset node or
objects automatically	error in EEPROM when PDO is	0x6040.Fault Reset
returns to the default	receiving or sending.	
value.		

AL132: Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen PDO object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
When entering		
parameters via CAN,	Check if the specified object	
parameters are	enters the wrong password when	NMT: Reset node or
password-protected.	PDO is receiving or sending.	0x6040.Fault Reset
Users have to decode		
the password first.		

AL185: Abnormal CAN Bus hardware

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	1. Check if the communication	
	cable of CAN Bus is good.	
Abnormal CAN Bus hardware	2. Check if the communication	
	quality is good. (It is	NMT: Reset node or re-servo on.
	suggested to use common	
	grounding and shielded	
	cable.)	

10-28 Revision July, 2018

AL201: An error occurs when loading CANopen data

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when loading CANopen data.	 If the alarm is cleared when re-servo on, it means the data error occurs instantaneously when accessing in the previous time. If the error still exists after re-servo on, it means the data in EEPROM is damaged. It has to enter the correct value again. The method is as the followings: 	DI: ARST · CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter

AL207: Parameter group of PR#8 is out of range

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The group of PR#8	Writing parameter via PR	
command source,	procedure: The parameter group	
	of command source exceeds the	Restore default parameter.
range.	range.	

AL209: Parameter number is out of range

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Parameter number	Writing parameter via PR	
P_ldx of PR#8		DI: ARST, CANopen 0x1011
	number of command source	Restore default parameter.
range.	exceeds the range.	

AL213 ~ AL219: An error occurs when writing parameter via PR

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
PR commands TYPE 8 Error occurs when writing parameters.		DI: Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0
	AL217: Servo ON or invalid value AL219: Servo ON or invalid value	

AL231: The setting of monitoring item of PR#8 is out of range

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The setting of monitoring item of PR#8, Sys_Var		DI: ARST, CANopen 0x1011 Restore default parameter.

AL235: PR command overflows

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
PR command error	PR mode continuously operates in one direction and causes feedback register overflows. And the coordinate system cannot reflect the correct position. If issuing the absolute positioning command (except incremental) at this time, the error will occur.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL245: PR positioning is over time

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
PR positioning is over time.	moment it it does niegse	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL249: The number of PR command exceeds the range

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The number of PR command exceeds the range.	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

10-30 Revision July, 2018

AL261: Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified Index in	This alarm will not occur at the	NMT: Reset node or
the message does not	moment. If it does, please	0x6040.Fault Reset
exist.	contact the distributors.	0x0040.Fault Neset

AL263: Sub-Index error occurs when accessing CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
message does not	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL265: Data size error occurs when accessing CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
match to the specified	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL267: Data range error occurs when accessing CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
range of the specified	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL269: CANopen object is read-only and write-protected

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified object in	This alarm will not occur at the	NMT: Reset node or
the message is	moment. If it does, please	0x6040.Fault Reset
write-protected.	contact the distributors.	0x0040.Fault Neset

AL26b: CANopen PDO Object is not allowed in PDO

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL26d: CANopen object is write-protected when Servo On

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The specified object in the message is write-protected when Servo ON.	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL26F: Error occurs when reading CANopen object via EEPROM

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when		
loading the default		
value via ROM at	This alarm will not occur at the	NMT: Reset node or
start-up. All objects of	moment. If it does, please	0x6040.Fault Reset
CAN returns to the	contact the distributors.	0X0040.Fault Neset
default value		
automatically.		

AL271: Error occurs when writing CANopen object via EEPROM

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
An error occurs when	This alarm will not occur at the	NMT: Reset node or
saving the current	moment. If it does, please	0x6040.Fault Reset
value into ROM.	contact the distributors.	0x0040.Fauit Reset

AL273: The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Causes The quantity of the data inside ROM is over the planned space. It is probably because the software has been updated. The data inside ROM is stored by the old version.		NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset
Thus, it cannot be used.		

10-32 Revision July, 2018

AL275: CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
It indicates that the		
data stored in ROM	This clarm will not occur at the	
has been damaged. All	This alarm will not occur at the moment. If it does, please contact the distributors.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset
objects of CAN will		
return to the default		
settings automatically.		

AL277: Enter the incorrect password when using CANopen object

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
When entering		
parameters via CAN,	This alarm will not occur at the	
the parameters are	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or
password-protected.	contact the distributors.	0x6040.Fault Reset
Users have to decode	Contact the distributors.	
the password first.		

AL283: Forward Software Limit

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	Forward Software Limit is	
	determined by the position	
	command, not the actual	
	feedback position. It is because	
	the command will arrive first and	
	then the feedback. When the	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset
Forward Software Limit	protection function is activated,	
	the actual position might not over	0x0040.Fault Neset
	the limit. Therefore, setting an	
	appropriate decelerating time	
	could satisfy the demand. Please	
	refer to the description of	
	parameter P5-03.	

AL285: Reverse Software Limit

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
	Reverse Software Limit is	
	determined by the position	
	command, not the actual	
	feedback position. It is because	
	the command will arrive first and	
	then the feedback. When the	NMT: Reset node or
Reverse Software Limit	protection function is activated,	
	the actual position might not over	0x6040.Fault Reset
	the limit. Therefore, setting an	
	appropriate decelerating time	
	could satisfy the demand. Please	
	refer to the description of	
	parameter P5-03.	

AL289: Feedback position counter overflows

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
counter overflows.	moment. If it does, please	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL291: Servo OFF Error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
Servo OFF error		NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL301: CANopen fails to synchronize

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
CANopen fails to synchronize.	 Check if the communication quality of the circuit is bad. Check if the controller sends SYNC signal successfully. Check if the setting of P3-09 is reasonable. (It is better to use the default value) 	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

10-34 Revision July, 2018

AL302: The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too fast

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too fast.		NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL303: The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too slow

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too slow.	 Checking Method Check if the communication quality of the circuit is bad. Check if synchronized cycle 0x1006 is the same as the setting of controller. Check if the setting of P3-09 is reasonable. (It is better to use the default value.) Check if the order of controller is incorrect. 	NMT: Reset node or

AL304: CANopen IP command fails

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
CANODEN IP command	takes too long. Please disable	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL305: SYNC Period is in error

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
SYNC Period is in error.	it is smaller than or equals to 0	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset

AL380: Position Deviation Alarm

Please refer to the description of parameter P1-48. After DO.MC_OK ON, DO.MC_OK becomes OFF because DO.TPOS turns OFF. DI : Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0	Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
The position of the motor might be deviated by the external force after positioning. This alarm can	DO.MC_OK is ON and becomes OFF.	Please refer to the description of parameter P1-48. After DO.MC_OK ON, DO.MC_OK becomes OFF because DO.TPOS turns OFF. The position of the motor might be deviated by the external force	

AL555: System Failure

Causes	Checking Method	Corrective Actions
DSP processing error	N / A	If AL555 occurs, please do not switch and send the drive back to the distributor or contact with Delta.

10-36 Revision July, 2018

10.5 Corrective Actions after the Alarm Occurs

AL001	: Overcurrent	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL002	: Overvoltage	Turn D.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL003	· Undervoltage	The alarm can be cleared after the			
ALUUS	: Undervoltage	voltage returns to normal.			
AL004	: The magnetic field of the motor is	The alarm can be cleared after			
ALUUT	abnormal.	re-power on.			
AL005	: Regeneration error	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL006	: Overload	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL007	: Excessive speed deviation	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL008	: Abnormal pulse command	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL009	: Excessive deviation of position control	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL011	: Encoder error	The alarm can be cleared after			
ALVII	. Encoder error	re-power on.			
		The alarm can be cleared when			
AL012	: Adjustment error	removing CN1 wiring and execute			
		auto adjustment.			
A1 040		The alarm can be cleared			
AL013	: Emergency stop	automatically after turning DI.EMGS off.			
		Turn DI.ARST on or Servo Off to clear			
		the alarm. The alarm also can be			
AL014	: Reverse Limit Error	cleared when the motor operates			
		backwards.			
		Turn DI.ARST on or Servo Off to clear			
AL015	: Forward Limit Error	the alarm. The alarm also can be			
ALUIS	. I of ward Littlit Littor	cleared when the motor operates			
		backwards.			
AL016	: The temperature of IGBT is abnormal.	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
		If the alarm occurs, then parameter			
		reset is a must. And re-servo on again.			
AL017	: Abnormal EEPROM	If it happens during the operation,			
		please turn DI.ARST on to clear the			
		alarm.			
AL018	: Abnormal signal output	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			

	_				
AL019	: Serial Communication Error	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL020	: Serial Communication Time Out	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL022	: Main circuit power leak phase	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL023	: Early warning for overload	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL024	· Freeder initial recording field array	The alarm can be cleared after			
ALU24	: Encoder initial magnetic field error	re-power on.			
AL025	: The internal of the encoder is in error.	The alarm can be cleared after			
ALUZU	. The internal of the chedder is in cirol.	re-power on.			
AL026	: The encoder is in error.	The alarm can be cleared after			
/12020	. The diseast is in one.	re-power on.			
AL030	: Motor Crash Error	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL031	: Incorrect wiring or disconnection of	The alarm can be cleared after			
ALOUI	the motor power line U, V, W.	re-power on.			
AL040	: Excessive deviation of full	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
	closed-loop position control				
AL041	: The communication of linear scale is breakdown.	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL081	: Excessive deviation between two axes of the gantry	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL082	: Gantry selection is in error.	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
		Firstly set P2-08 to 30. Then set it to			
AL099	: DSP firmware upgrade	28. And the alarm will be cleared after			
		re-power on.			
AL111	: CANopen SDO receives buffer	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALIII	overflow.	Reset			
AL112	: CANopen PDO receives buffer	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
A-114	overflow.	Reset			
AL121	: Index error occurs when accessing	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
, i	CANopen PDO.	Reset			
AL122	: Sub-Index error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	accessing CANopen PDO.	Reset			
AL123	: Data Size error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	accessing CANopen PDO.	Reset			
AL124	: Data range error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	accessing CANopen PDO.	NMT: Poset node or 0x6040 Fault			
AL125	: CANopen PDO object is read-only	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	and write-protected.	Reset			

10-38 Revision July, 2018

AL126	: CANopen PDO object is not allowed	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
AL120	in PDO.	Reset			
AL127	: CANopen PDO object is	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALIZI	write-protected when Servo On.	Reset			
AL128	: Error occurs when reading CANopen	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALIZO	PDO object via EEPROM.	Reset			
AL129	: Error occurs when writing CANopen PDO object via EEPROM.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset			
AL130	 The accessing address of EEPROM is out of range when using CANopen PDO object. 	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset			
AL131	: CRC of EEPROM calculation error occurs when using CANopen PDO object.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset			
AL132	: Enter the incorrect password when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALIJZ	using CANopen PDO object.	Reset			
AL185	: Abnormal CAN Bus hardware	NMT: Reset node or re-servo on			
	CANonen data	Turn DI.ARST on to clear the alarm.			
AL201		CANopen 0x1011 Restore default			
	o, intopon data.	parameter			
AL213	: An error occurs when writing parameter via PR : exceeds the range	DI.Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0			
AL215	: An error occurs when writing parameter via PR : read-only	DI.Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0			
AL217	: An error occurs when writing	Re-adjust PR command and			
ALZII	parameter via PR : parameter locked	parameter.			
A 1 040	: An error occurs when writing	Re-adjust PR command and			
AL219	parameter via PR : parameter locked	parameter.			
AL235	: PR command overflows.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset			
AL245	: PR positioning is over time.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
7L447	. 1 17 positioning is over time.	Reset			
AL249	: The number PR command exceeds the range.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset			
AL261	: Index error occurs when accessing	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
~L_U I	CANopen object.	Reset			
AL263	: Sub-Index error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZOO	accessing CANopen object.	Reset			

		NIMT: Depart made or 0x6040 Fault			
AL265	: Data Size error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	accessing CANopen object.	Reset			
AL267	: Data range error occurs when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
7 (220)	accessing CAN.	Reset			
AL269	: CANopen object is read-only and	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZUS	write-protected.	Reset			
		NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
AL26b	: PDO is not allowed in CANopen				
	object.	Reset			
ALOCA	: CANopen object is write-protected	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
AL26d	when Servo On.	Reset			
AL26F	: Error occurs when reading CANopen	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZOF	object via EEPROM.	Reset			
	-				
A1 074	: Error occurs when writing CANopen	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
AL271	object via EEPROM.	Reset			
AL273	: The accessing address of EEPROM	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
	is out of range when using CANopen				
	object.	Reset			
AL275	: CRC of EEPROM calculation error	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZIS	occurs when using CANopen object.	Reset			
AL277	: Enter the incorrect password when	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZII	using CANopen object.	Reset			
AL283	: Forward Software Limit	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZOS	. I OIWAIU SOIIWAIE LIIIII	Reset			
AL285	: Reverse Software Limit	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZOO	. Neverse software Little	Reset			
AL289	· Foodback position counter overflows	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZOJ	: Feedback position counter overflows	Reset			
AL291	: Servo Off error	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALZJI	. Jelvo Oli elloi	Reset			
AL301	: CANonon faile to synchronize	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
ALSUI	: CANopen fails to synchronize.	Reset			
A1 202	: The synchronized signal of CANopen	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault			
AL302	is sent too fast.	Reset			
	·				

10-40 Revision July, 2018

AL303	: The synchronized signal of CANopen is sent too slow.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset		
AL304	: CANopen IP command is failed.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset		
AL305	: SYNC Period is in error.	NMT: Reset node or 0x6040.Fault Reset		
AL380	: Position Deviation Alarm	DI.Alm Reset or P0-01 = 0		
AL555	: DSP processing error	N/A		

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10-42 Revision July, 2018

Chapter 11 Specifications

11.1 Specifications of Servo Drive (ASDA-M Series)

ASD-M Series		M Sorios	750W 1.5KW			
	A3D-I	W Series	07	15		
	Pha	se / Voltage	Three phase or single phase 220 VAC			
<u>_</u>	Permi	ssible voltage	Single phase / Three phase: 200 ~ 230 VAC, -15 % ~ 10 %			
Power	Input Cu	rrent (3PH) (Arms)	9.3	18.6		
٩	Input Cu	rrent (1PH) (Arms)	17.8	33.3		
	Continuo	us output current (Arms)	5.1	8.3		
		g method	Fan	cooling		
		resolution	20-bit (12)	80000 p / rev)		
		ck resolution	,	. ,		
		cuit control		/M Control		
	Contr	rol mode		ıal / Auto		
	Regenera	tive Resistor		uilt-in		
•	Max. inpu	it pulse frequency	Transmitted by differential: 500 K / 4 Mpps, transmitted by open-collector: 200 Kpps			
pode	Pulse type		Pulse + symbol; A phase +	B phase; CCW pulse + CW pulse		
ol m	Command source		External po	ulse / Register		
ontr	Smoothing strategy		Low-pass a	nd P-curve filter		
on c	E-gear ratio		E-gear ratio: N / M time, limitation: (1 / 50 < N / M < 25600)			
Position control mode		-year ratio	N: 1 ~ 32767 / M: 1 : 32767			
Pc	To	orque limit	Parame	eter settings		
	Feed forw	ard compensation	Parameter settings			
	ag an	0 ~ ±10 Vpc	0 ~ :	±10 Vpc		
	Analog comman d input	10 KΩ	1	0 ΚΩ		
4)	₹ 8 ₽	2.2 us	2	.2 us		
ode	Speed	control range*1	1 : 5000			
ol m	Com	mand source	External analog command / Register			
ontr	Smoo	thing strategy	Low-pass and S-curve filter			
Speed control m	Torque limit		Via parameter se	etting or analog input		
эьес	В	andwidth	Max. 1 kHz			
(U)			The load fluctuation	n (0 ~ 100 %) is 0.01 %		
	Spee	ed accuracy*2	The power fluctuation (±10 %) is 0.01 %			
		The ambient temperature fluctuation (0 \sim 50 $^{\circ}$ C) is 0.01 $\%$				

ACD M Couries		750W	1.5W				
	ASD-l	M Serie	S	07	15		
Φ	bu	Volta	age range	0 ~ ±	:10 Vpc		
Torque control mode	Analog command input	Input	resistance	10) ΚΩ		
ıtrol	CO A	Time	constant	2.	2 us		
cor	Com	mand s	ource	External analog of	command / Register		
rdue	Smoo	thing st	rategy	Low-p	ass filter		
2	S	peed lin	nit	Via parameter se	tting or analog input		
	Analog m	onitor o	utput	(Output volta	n can be set via parameters ge range: ±8 V)		
Input		Input	Command input reverse control, Torque limit, Speed limit, Interna Motor stop, Speed command se switching, Speed / torque mode switching, Pt / Pr command swit negative limit, Original point, For	Servo on, Fault reset, Gain switch, Pulse clear, Zero clamp, Command input reverse control, Internal position command trigger, Torque limit, Speed limit, Internal position command selection, Motor stop, Speed command selection, Speed / position mode switching, Speed / torque mode switching, Torque / position mode switching, Pt / Pr command switching, Emergency stop, Positive / negative limit, Original point, Forward / reverse operation torque imit, Homing activated, E-CAM engage, Forward / reverse JOG			
Di	Digital Input / Output			A, B, Z Line Driver output			
	Output		Output	Servo on, Servo ready, Zero speed, Target speed reached, Target position reached, torque limiting, Servo alarm, Mechanical brake control, Homing completed, Early warning for overload, Servo warning, Position command overflows, Software negative limit, Software positive limit, Internal position command completed, Capture procedure completed, Servo procedure completed, Master position area of E-CAM			
	Protective function			Over current, Overvoltage, Underror, Overload, Excessive speedeviation, Encoder error, Adjustr Negative / positive limit error, Exloop control, Serial communication	ment error, Emergency stop, cessive deviation of full-closed		
	Communic	ation int	erface	RS-232 / RS-485	5 / CANopen / USB		
	Inst	allation	site		ht), no corrosive fog (avoid fume, gas and dust)		
		Altitude)	Elevation under 1000 M			
	Atmosp	heric p	ressure	86 kPa ~ 106 kPa			
Environment	Operati	ng temp	perature	0 °C ~ 55 °C (If the temperature is over 45 °C, forced air circulation is needed.)			
Ivirol	Storag	e temp	erature	-20 ℃	C ~ 65 °C		
П	ŀ	Humidit	У	Under 0 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)			
	\	∕ibratin	9	Under 20 Hz, 9.80665 m / s ² (1	G), 20 ~ 50 Hz 5.88 m / s ² (0.6 G)		
		IP ratino	3	IP20			
	Pov	Power system TN system*3					

11-2 Revision July, 2018

ASD M Sovice	750W	1.5W
ASD-M Series	07	15
Approvals		5-1, UL 508C, C-tick

Note:

- *1 When it is in rated load, the speed ratio is: the minimum speed (smooth operation) / rated speed.
- *2 When the command is the rated speed, the velocity correction ratio is: (rotational speed with no load rotational speed with full load) / rated speed.
- *3 TN system: The neutral point of the power system connects to the ground directly. The exposed metal components connect to the ground via the protective earth conductor.

11.2 Specifications of Servo Motor (ECMA Series)

Low inertia series

	C104	C∆04	C	.06	C∆08		C∆09		C∆10
ECMA	0F	01	02	04 □ S	04	07	07	10	10
Rated power (kW)	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.75	0.75	1.0	1.0
Rated torque (N-m)*1	0.159	0.32	0.64	1.27	1.27	2.39	2.39	3.18	3.18
Max. torque (N-m)	0.477	0.96	1.92	3.82	3.82	7.16	7.14	8.78	9.54
Rated speed (r / min)		1	30	00		1	3000		3000
Max. speed (r / min)			50	00			30	3000	
Rated current (A)	0.69	0.90	1.55	2.60	2.60	5.10	3.66	4.25	7.30
Max. instantaneous current (A)	2.05	2.70	4.65	7.80	7.80	15.3	11	12.37	21.9
Max. power per second (kW / s)	12.27	27.7	22.4	57.6	24.0	50.4	29.6	38.6	38.1
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²)	0.0206	0.037	0.177	0.277	0.68	1.13	1.93	2.62	2.65
Mechanical constant (ms)	1.14	0.75	0.80	0.53	0.74	0.63	1.72	1.20	0.74
Torque constant – KT(N-m / A)	0.23	0.36	0.41	0.49	0.49	0.47	0.65	0.75	0.44
Voltage constant – KE (mV / (r / min))	9.8	13.6	16.0	17.4	18.5	17.2	24.2	27.5	16.8
Armature resistance (Ohm)	12.7	9.30	2.79	1.55	0.93	0.42	1.34	0.897	0.20
Armature inductance (mH)	26	24.0	12.07	6.71	7.39	3.53	7.55	5.7	1.81
Electric constant (ms)	2.05	2.58	4.30	4.30	7.96	8.36	5.66	6.35	9.30
Insulation class	Class A (UL), Class B (CE)								
Insulation resistance	> 100 MΩ · DC 500 V								
Insulation strength				1.8	k Vac,1	sec			
Weight – without brake (kg)	0.42	0.5	1.2	1.6	2.1	3.0	2.9	3.8	4.3
Weight – with brake (kg)		0.8	1.5	2.0	2.9	3.8	3.69	5.5	4.7
Radial max. loading (N)	78.4	78.4	196	196	245	245	245	245	490
Axial max. loading (N)	39.2	39.2	68	68	98	98	98	98	98
Max. power per second (kW / s) (with brake)		25.6	21.3	53.8	22.1	48.4	29.3	37.9	30.4
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²) (with brake)		0.04	0.19	0.30	0.73	1.18	1.95	2.67	3.33
Mechanical constant (ms) (with brake)		0.81	0.85	0.57	0.78	0.65	1.74	1.22	0.93
Brake holding torque [Nt-m (min)] *2		0.3	1.3	1.3	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	8.0
Brake power consumption (at 20 °C) [W]		7.3	6.5	6.5	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	18.7
Brake release time [ms (Max)]		5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

11-4 Revision July, 2018

ECMA	C104	C∆04 C∆06		C∆08		C∆09		C∆10	
	0F	01	02	04 □ S	04	07	07	10	10
Brake pull-in time [ms (Max)]		25	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Vibration grade (µm)	15								
Operating temperature (°C)	0 °C ~ 40 °C								
Storage temperature (°C)	-10 °C ~ 80 °C								
Operating humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)								
Storage humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)								
Vibration capacity	2.5 G								
IP Rating	IP65 (use the waterproof connector and shaft seal installation (or oil seal) model)								
Approvals	CE c SUs								

Note:

*1 The rated torque is the continuous permissible torque between 0 ~ 40 °C operating temperature which is suitable for the following heat sink dimension.

ECMA-__ 04 / 06 / 08 : 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm

ECMA-_ 10 : 300 mm x 300 mm x 12 mm ECMA-_ 13 : 400 mm x 400 mm x 20 mm

Material: Aluminum – F40, F60, F80, F100, F130

*2 The built-in brake of the servo motor is for remaining the item in stop status. Do not use it to decelerate or as the dynamic brake.

Medium / High inertia series (ECMA-E1)

FOMA	E △13		G ∆13		F△13			
ECMA	05	10	15	03	06	09	08	13
Rated power (kW)	0.5	1.0	1.5	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.85	1.3
Rated torque (N-m)*1	2.39	4.77	7.16	2.86	5.73	8.59	5.41	8.34
Max. torque (N-m)	7.16	14.3	21.48	8.59	17.19	21.48	13.8	23.3
Rated speed (r / min)		2000	1		1000		1500	
Max. speed (r / min)		3000			2000		3000	
Rated current (A)	2.9	5.6	8.3	2.5	4.8	7.5	7.1	12.6
Max. instantaneous current (A)	8.7	16.8	24.9	7.5	14.4	22.5	19.4	38.6
Max. power per second (kW / s)	7.0	27.1	45.9	10.0	39.0	66.0	21.52	34.78
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²)	8.17	8.41	11.18	8.17	8.41	11.18	13.6	20
Mechanical constant (ms)	1.91	1.51	1.10	1.84	1.40	1.06	2.43	1.62
Torque constant – KT(N-m / A)	0.83	0.85	0.87	1.15	1.19	1.15	0.76	0.66
Voltage constant – KE (mV / (r / min))	30.9	31.9	31.8	42.5	43.8	41.6	29.2	24.2
Armature resistance (Ohm)	0.57	0.47	0.26	1.06	0.82	0.43	0.38	0.124
Armature inductance (mH)	7.39	5.99	4.01	14.29	11.12	6.97	4.77	1.7
Electric constant (ms)	12.96	12.88	15.31	13.55	13.50	16.06	12.55	13.71
Insulation class	Class A (UL), Class B (CE)							
Insulation resistance	> 100 MΩ · DC 500 V							
Insulation strength				1.8	k Vac,1	sec		
Weight – without brake (kg)	6.8	7.0	7.5	6.8	7.0	7.5	8.6	9.4
Weight – with brake (kg)	8.2	8.4	8.9	8.2	8.4	8.9	10.0	
Radial max. loading (N)	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490
Axial max. loading (N)	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98
Max. power per second (kW / s) (with brake)	6.4	24.9	43.1	9.2	35.9	62.1	19.78	32.66
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²) (with brake)	8.94	9.14	11.90	8.94	9.14	11.9	14.8	21.3
Mechanical constant (ms) (with brake)	2.07	1.64	1.19	2.0	1.51	1.13	2.65	1.73
Brake holding torque [Nt-m (min)]*2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Brake power consumption (at 20 °C) [W]	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
Brake release time [ms (Max)]	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Brake pull-in time [ms (Max)]	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70

11-6 Revision July, 2018

Vibration grade (μm)	15
Operating temperature (°C)	0 °C ~ 40 °C
Storage temperature (°C)	-10 °C ~ 80 °C
Operating humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)
Storage humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)
Vibration capacity	2.5 G
IP Rating	IP65 (use the waterproof connector and shaft seal installation (or oil seal) model)
Approvals	C €c FL °us

Note:

*1 The rated torque is the continuous permissible torque between $0 \sim 40$ °C operating temperature which is suitable for the following heat sink dimension.

ECMA-_ _ 04 / 06 / 08 : 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm

ECMA-_ 10: 300 mm x 300 mm x 12 mm ECMA-_ 13: 400 mm x 400 mm x 20 mm

Material: Aluminum - F40, F60, F80, F100, F130

- *2 The built-in brake of the servo motor is for remaining the item in stop status. Do not use it to decelerate or as the dynamic brake.
- *3 To have the motor reach the maximum torque 250 %, it is suggested to use the servo drive with higher watt.

High inertia series

	C∆06	C △08	
ECMA	04□H	07□H	
Rated power (kW)	0.4	0.75	
Rated torque (N-m)*1	1.27	2.39	
Max. torque (N-m)	3.82	7.16	
Rated speed (r / min)	3000	3000	
Max. speed (r / min)	5000	5000	
Rated current (A)	2.6	5.1	
Max. instantaneous current (A)	7.8	15.3	
Max. power per second (kW / s)	21.7	19.63	
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²)	0.743	2.91	
Mechanical constant (ms)	1.42	1.6	
Torque constant – KT(N-m / A)	0.49	0.47	
Voltage constant – KE (mV / (r / min))	17.4	17.2	
Armature resistance (Ohm)	1.55	0.42	
Armature inductance (mH)	6.71	3.53	
Electric constant (ms)	4.3	8.36	
Insulation class	Class A (UL), Class B (CE)		
Insulation resistance	> 100 MΩ,	, DC 500 V	
Insulation strength	1.8 k Va	ac,1 sec	
Weight – without brake (kg)	1.8	3.4	
Weight – with brake (kg)	2.2	3.9	
Radial max. loading (N)	196	245	
Axial max. loading (N)	68	98	
Max. power per second (kW / s) (with brake)	21.48	19.3	
Rotor inertia (× 10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²) (with brake)	0.751	2.96	
Mechanical constant (ms) (with brake)	1.43	1.62	
Brake holding torque [Nt-m (min)] *2	1.3	1.3	
Brake power consumption (at 20 °C) [W]	6.5	6.5	
Brake release time [ms (Max)]	10	10	
Brake pull-in time [ms (Max)]	70	70	
Vibration grade (µm)	15		
Operating temperature (°C)	0 °C ~ 40 °C		

11-8 Revision July, 2018

ECMA	C∆06	C △08	
ECIVIA	04□H	07□H	
Storage temperature (°C)	-10 °C ~ 80 °C		
Operating humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)		
Storage humidity	20 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)		
Vibration capacity	2.5 G		
IP Rating	IP65 (use the waterproof connector and shaft seal installation (or oil seal) model		
Approvals	(€ 0		

Note:

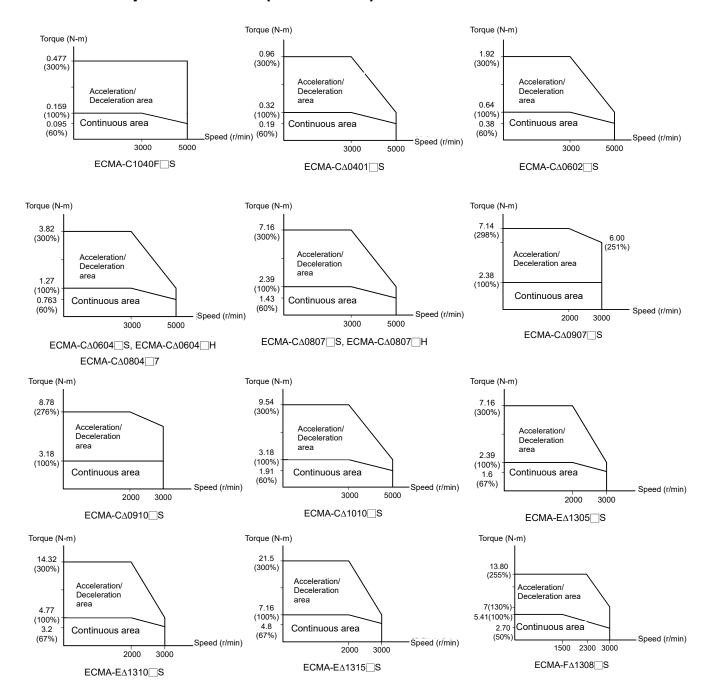
*1 The rated torque is the continuous permissible torque between $0 \sim 40$ °C operating temperature which is suitable for the following heat sink dimension.

ECMA-__ 04 / 06 / 08 : 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm

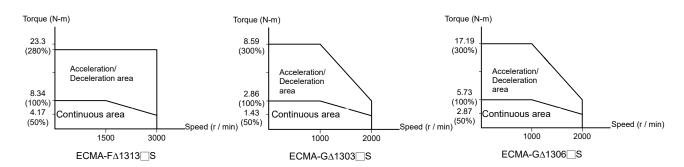
Material: Aluminum- F40, F60, F80

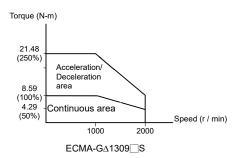
- *2 The built-in brake of the servo motor is for remaining the item in stop status. Do not use it to decelerate or as the dynamic brake.
 - 3 To have the motor reach the maximum torque 250 %, it is suggested to use the servo drive with higher watt.

11.3 Torque Features (T-N curve)



11-10 Revision July, 2018





11.4 Overload Features

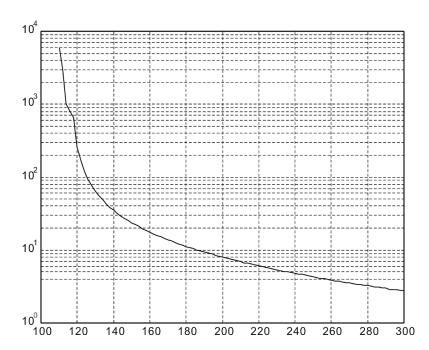
The definition of overload protection

The overload protection is to prevent the motor in overheat status.

The cause of overload

- 1) When the motor operates over the rated torque, the operation time is too long
- 2) The inertia ratio is set too big and frequently accelerate / decelerate
- 3) Connection error between the power cable and encoder wiring
- 4) Servo gain setting error and cause resonance of the motor
- 5) The motor with brake operates without releasing the brake

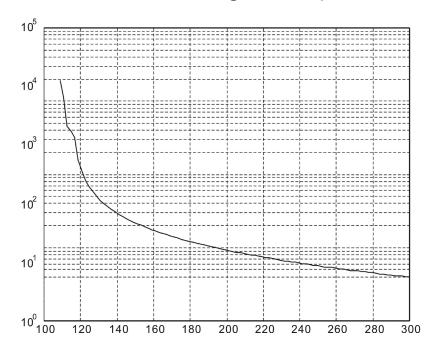
The Graph of Load and Operating Time Low inertia (ECMA C1, C2 Series)



Load	Operating Time
120%	263.8s
140%	35.2s
160%	17.6s
180%	11.2s
200%	8s
220%	6.1s
240%	4.8s
260%	3.9s
280%	3.3s
300%	2.8s

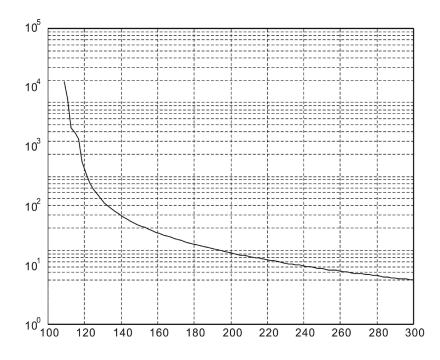
11-12 Revision July, 2018

Medium and Medium-high inertia (ECMA E1, E2 Series)



Load	Operating Time
120%	527.6s
140%	70.4s
160%	35.2s
180%	22.4s
200%	16s
220%	12.2s
240%	9.6s
260%	7.8s
280%	6.6s
300%	5.6s

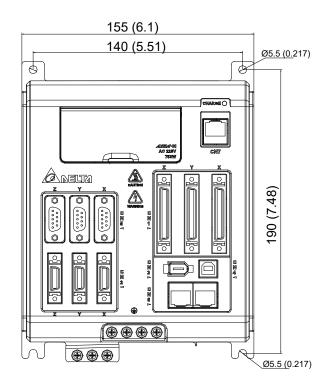
High inertia (ECMA G1 Series)

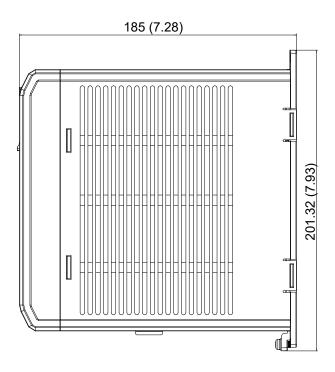


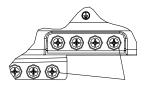
Load	Operating Time
120%	527.6s
140%	70.4s
160%	35.2s
180%	22.4s
200%	16s
220%	12.2s
240%	9.6s
260%	7.8s
280%	6.6s
300%	5.6s

11.5 Dimensions of the Servo Drive

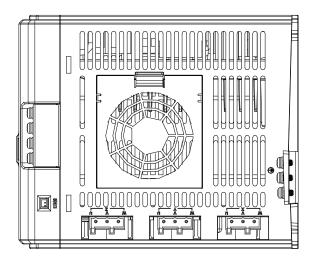
ASD-M-0721 (750W)







Screw: M4 × 0.7 Tightening torque: 14 (kgf-cm)



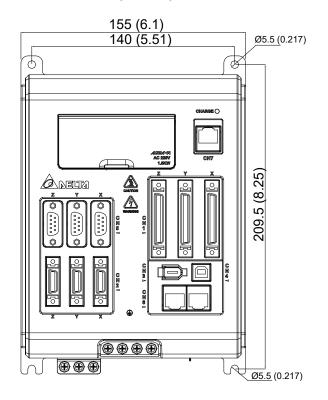
Weight 3.5 (7.7)

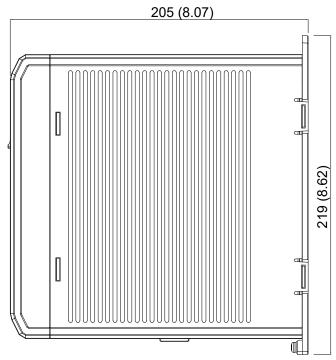


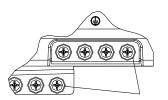
- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches); Weights are in kilograms (pounds).
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.

11-14 Revision July, 2018

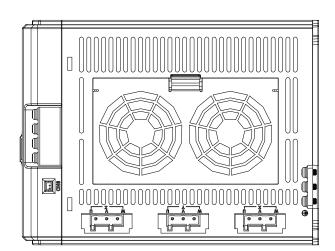
ASD-M-1521 (1.5kW)







Screw: M4 × 0.7 Tightening torque: 14 (kgf-cm)



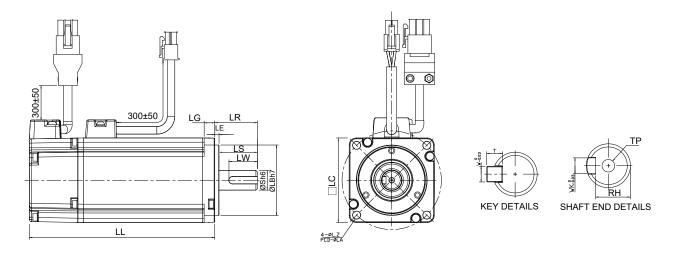
Weight 4.5 (9.9)



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters (inches); Weights are in kilograms (pounds).
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.

11.6 Dimensions of the Servo Motor

Motor Frame Size: 86 or below (Units: mm)



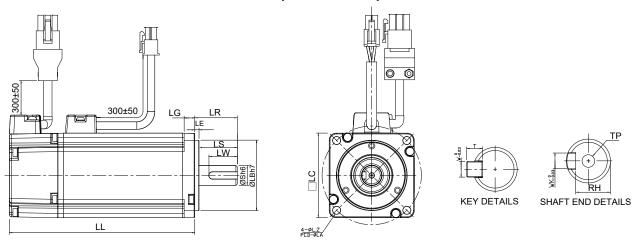
Model	C1040F∐S	C∆0401∏S	C∆0602⊡S	C∆0604∏S	C∆0604∏H
LC	40	40	60	60	60
LZ	4.5	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
LA	46	46	70	70	70
S	8(+0,009)	8(+0,009)	14(+0 / -0.011)	14(+0 / -0.011)	14(+0 -0.011)
LB	30(+0,-0.021)	30(+00.021)	50(⁺⁰ _{-0.025})	$50(^{+0}_{-0.025})$	$50(^{+0}_{-0.025})$
LL (without brake)	79.1	100.6	105.5	130.7	145.8
LL (with brake)		136.6	141.6	166.8	176.37
LS	20	20	27	27	27
LR	25	25	30	30	30
LE	2.5	2.5	3	3	3
LG	5	5	7.5	7.5	7.5
LW	16	16	20	20	20
RH	6.2	6.2	11	11	11
WK	3	3	5	5	5
W	3	3	5	5	5
Т	3	3	5	5	5
TP		M3 Depth 8	M4 Depth 15	M4 Depth 15	M4 Depth 15



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.
- 3) Box, (\Box) represents the shaft end / brake or the number of oil seal.
- 4) Triangle, (△) represents the type of encoder. Please refer to Chapter 1 for detail

11-16 Revision July, 2018

Motor Frame Size: 86 or below (Units: mm)

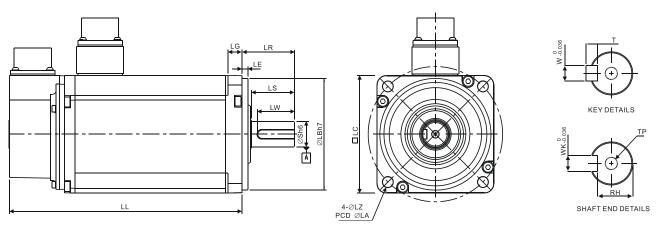


Model	C∆0804 <u></u> 7	C∆0807∏S	C∆0807∏H	C∆0907⊡S	C∆0910 <u></u> S
LC	80	80	80	86	86
LZ	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
LA	90	90	90	100	100
S	14(⁺⁰ _{-0.011})	19(+0 / -0.013)	19(+0 / -0.013)	16(⁺⁰ _{-0.011})	16(⁺⁰ _{-0.011})
LB	70(+0 -0.030)	70(+0 / -0.030)	70(+0 -0.030)	80(+0,030)	80(+0,030)
LL (without brake)	112.3	138.3	151.1	130.2	153.2
LL (with brake)	152.8	178	189	161.3	184.3
LS	27	32	32	30	30
LR	30	35	35	35	35
LE	3	3	3	3	3
LG	8	8	8	8	8
LW	20	25	25	20	20
RH	11	15.5	15.5	13	13
WK	5	6	6	5	5
W	5	6	6	5	5
Т	5	6	6	5	5
TP	M4 Depth 15	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M5 Depth 15	M5 Depth 15



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.
- 3) Box, (\Box) represents the shaft end / brake or the number of oil seal.
- 4) Triangle, (△) represents the type of encoder. Please refer to Chapter 1 for detail

Motor Frame Size: 100 ~ 130 (Units: mm)



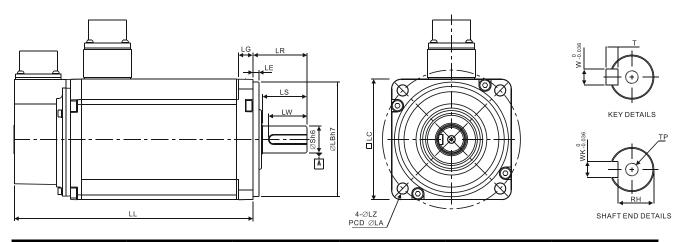
	1		1	
Model	C∆1010∐S	E∆1305∏S	E∆1310∐S	E∆1315∐S
LC	100	130	130	130
LZ	9	9	9	9
LA	115	145	145	145
S	22(+0 -0.013)	22(+0 / -0.013)	22(+0 -0.013)	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$
LB	95(+0 / -0.035)	110(+0 / -0.035)	110(+0 / -0.035)	$110(^{+0}_{-0.035})$
LL	450.0	447.5	4.47.5	407.5
(without brake)	153.3	147.5	147.5	167.5
LL	100 =	100 =	100 -	000
(with brake)	192.5	183.5	183.5	202
LS	37	47	47	47
LR	45	55	55	55
LE	5	6	6	6
LG	12	11.5	11.5	11.5
LW	32	36	36	36
RH	18	18	18	18
WK	8	8	8	8
W	8	8	8	8
Т	7	7	7	7
TP	M6	M6	M6	M6
	Depth 20	Depth 20	Depth 20	Depth 20



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.
- 3) Box, (\Box) represents the shaft end / brake or the number of oil seal.
- 4) Triangle, (△) represents the type of encoder. Please refer to Chapter 1 for detail

11-18 Revision July, 2018

Motor Frame Size: 100 ~ 130 (Units: mm)



Model	F∆1308∏S	F∆1313 <u></u> S	G∆1303∏S	G∆1306⊟S	G∆1309∏S
LC	130	130	130	130	130
LZ	9	9	9	9	9
LA	145	145	145	145	145
S	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$	$22(^{+0}_{-0.013})$
LB	$110(^{+0}_{-0.035})$	110(+0 / -0.035)	110(+0 -0.035)	110(+0 -0.035)	110(+0 / -0.035)
LL		40			
(without brake)	152.5	187.5	147.5	147.5	163.5
LL	101		100 -	100 -	400
(with brake)	181		183.5	183.5	198
LS	47	47	47	47	47
LR	55	55	55	55	55
LE	6	6	6	6	6
LG	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
LW	36	36	36	36	36
RH	18	18	18	18	18
WK	8	8	8	8	8
W	8	8	8	8	8
Т	7	7	7	7	7
TP	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20	M6 Depth 20



- 1) Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Dimensions and weights might be revised without prior notice.
- 3) Box, (\Box) represents the shaft end / brake or the number of oil seal.
- Triangle, (△) represents the type of encoder. Please refer to Chapter 1 for detail

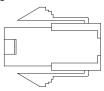
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11-20 Revision July, 2018

Appendix A Accessories

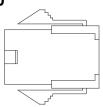
■ Power Connector

Delta Part Number: ASDBCAPW0000



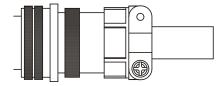
Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*2PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Delta Part Number: ASDBCAPW0100



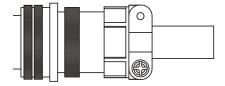
Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*3PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1000



3106A-20-18S

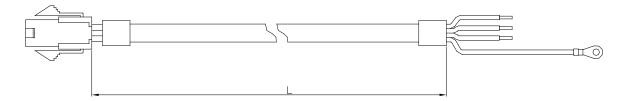
Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2000



3106A-24-11S

■ Power Cable

Delta Part Number: ASD-ABPW0003, ASD-ABPW0005



Title	Part No.	Manufacturer
Housing	C4201H00-2*2PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Title	Part No.	L	
Titlo	Title Fait No.		inch
1	ASD-ABPW0003	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABPW0005	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

Delta Part Number: ASD-ABPW0103, ASD-ABPW0105

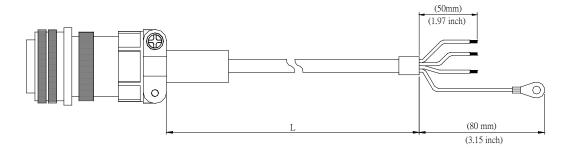


Title	Part No. Manufactur	
Housing	C4201H00-2*3PA	JOWLE
Terminal	C4201TOP-2	JOWLE

Title	Title Part No.		_
Title	i aitivo.	mm	inch
1	ASD-ABPW0103	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABPW0105	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

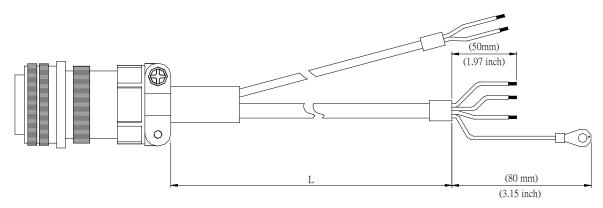
A-2 Revision July, 2018

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1003, ASD-CAPW1005



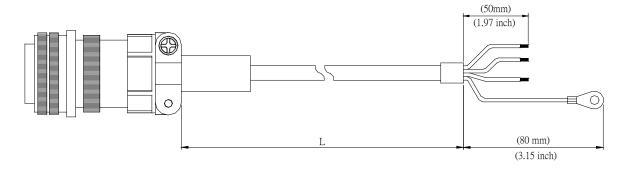
Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
Title	i aitivo.	Straight	mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1003	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1005	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW1103, ASD-CAPW1105



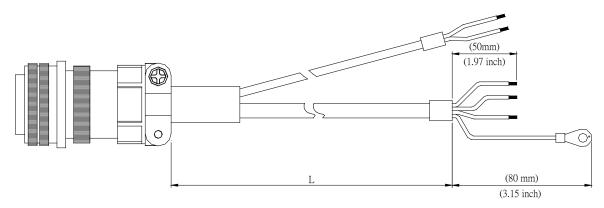
Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
THE	r art ivo.	Ottalgrit	mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW1103	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW1105	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

Delta Part Number: ASD-A2PW1003, ASD-A2PW1005



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
Title	i arrivo.	Ottaignt	mm	inch
1	ASD-A2PW1003	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-A2PW1005	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

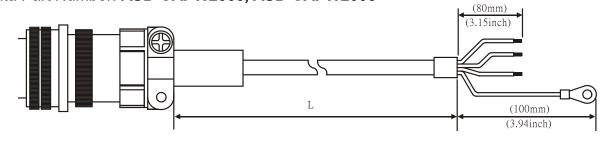
Delta Part Number: ASD-A2PW1103, ASD-A2PW1105



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
THE	r art ivo.		mm	inch
1	ASD-A2PW1103	3106A-20-18S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-A2PW1105	3106A-20-18S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

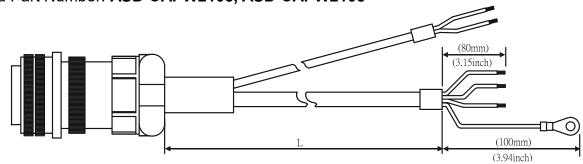
A-4 Revision July, 2018

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2003, ASD-CAPW2005



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
Title	r art ivo.		mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW2003	3106A-24-11S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW2005	3106A-24-11S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

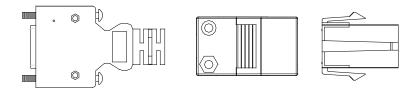
Delta Part Number: ASD-CAPW2103, ASD-CAPW2105



Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
Title	i arrivo.	Ottalgrit	mm	inch
1	ASD-CAPW2103	3106A-24-11S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAPW2105	3106A-24-11S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

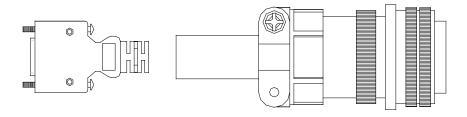
■ Encoder Connector

Delta Part Number: ASD-ABEN0000



Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
	Housing	AMP (1-172161-9)	AMP
MOTOR SIDE	Terminal	AMP (170359-3)	AMP
	CLAMP	DELTA (34703237XX)	DELTA
	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
DRIVE SIDE	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAEN1000

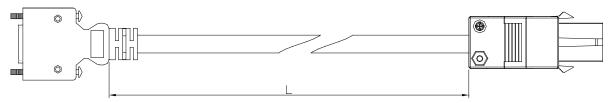


Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR SIDE		3106A-20-29S	-
	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
DRIVE SIDE	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

A-6 Revision July, 2018

■ Encoder Cable

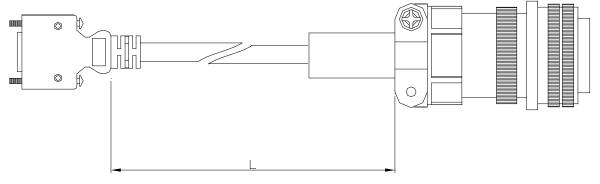
Delta Part Number: ASD-ABEN0003, ASD-ABEN0005



Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
	Housing	AMP (1-172161-9)	AMP
MOTOR SIDE	Terminal	AMP (170359-3)	AMP
	CLAMP	DELTA (34703237XX)	DELTA
DRIVE SIDE	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
DRIVE SIDE	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

Title	Part No.	L	
	i aitivo.	mm	inch
1	ASD-ABEN0003	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-ABEN0005	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

Delta Part Number: ASD-CAEN1003, ASD-CAEN1005



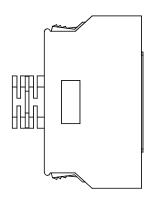
Title		Part No.	Manufacturer
MOTOR	SIDE	3106A-20-29S	-
	PLUG	3M 10120-3000PE	3M
DRIVE SIDE	SHELL	3M 10320-52A0-008	3M

Title	Part No.	Straight	L	
Titlo	r artivo.	Ottalgitt	mm	inch
1	ASD-CAEN1003	3106A-20-29S	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4
2	ASD-CAEN1005	3106A-20-29S	5000 ± 100	197 ± 4

■ I/O Connector

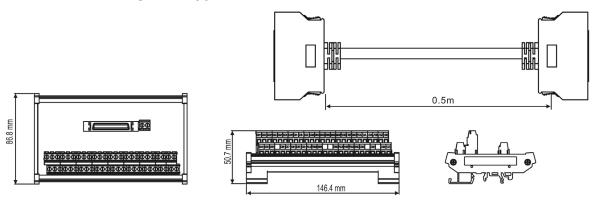
Delta Part Number: ASD-CNSC0050

Vendor Name	Vendor P / N
3M TAIWAN LTD	10150-3000PE
3M TAIWAN LTD	10350-52A0-008

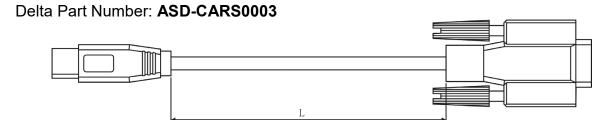


■ Terminal Block Module

Delta Part Number: ASD-BM-50A



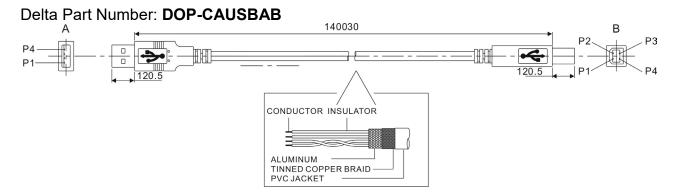
■ RS-232 Communication Cable



Title	Part No.	L	
Title	i ditivo.	mm inch	inch
1	ASD-CARS0003	3000 ± 100	118 ± 4

A-8 Revision July, 2018

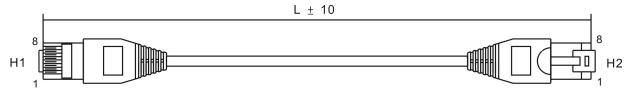
■ Software Communication Cable



Title	Part No.	I	_
Title	i ditivo.	mm i	inch
1	DOP-CAUSBAB	1400 ± 30	55 ± 1.2

■ CANopen Communication Connector

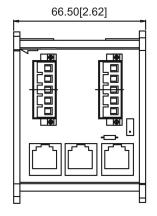
Delta Part Number: TAP-CB03, TAP-CB05

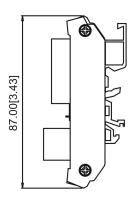


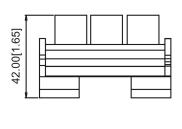
Title	Part No.	L	
Tille		mm	inch
1	TAP-CB03	300 ± 10	19 ± 0.4
2	TAP-CB05	500 ± 10	39 ± 0.4

■ CANopen Distribution Box

Delta Part Number: TAP-CN03

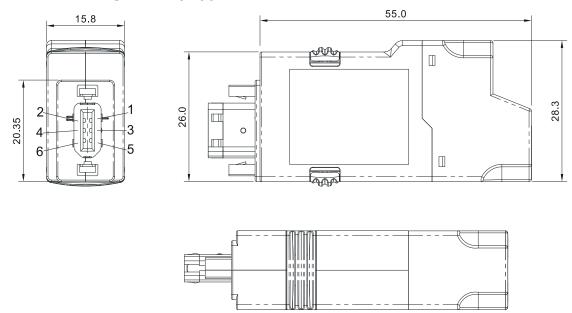






■ RS-485 Connector

Delta Part Number: ASD-CNIE0B06



A-10 Revision July, 2018

Optional Accessories

750W servo drive and 50W low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□	
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C1040F□S	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW000X	
(without brake)	ASD-ABF WOODA	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0000	
(without brake)	ASDBOAFWOOO	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW010X	
(with brake)	AGD-ADI WOTOX	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0100	
(with brake)	AGDBOAI WUTUU	
Incremental Type	ASD-ABEN000X	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ADENOUA	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB000X	
Connector	AGD-AZEBUUUA	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000	

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 100W low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□	
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C∆0401□S	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW000X	
(without brake)	ASD-ABF WOODA	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0000	
(without brake)	ASDBCAF W0000	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW010X	
(with brake)	AGD-ADI WOTOX	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0100	
(with brake)	ACDBOAL WOTOO	
Incremental Type	ASD-ABEN000X	
Encoder Connector	AOD-ADLINOUA	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB000X	
Connector	ACE AZEBOOK	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000	

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 200W low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□	
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C∆0602□S	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW000X	
(without brake)	ASD-ABPW000A	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0000	
(without brake)	ASDBCAF WOODO	
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW010X	
(with brake)	ASD-ABF WOTOX	
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0100	
(with brake)	ASBBOAL WOTOO	
Incremental Type	ASD-ABEN000X	
Encoder Connector	AGD-ABENUUUA	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB000X	
Connector	AOD-AZEBUUUA	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000	

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 400W low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C△0604□S ECMA-C△0604□H ECMA-C△0804□7
Motor Power Cable (without brake)	ASD-ABPW000X
Power Connector (without brake)	ASDBCAPW0000
Motor Power Cable (with brake)	ASD-ABPW010X
Power Connector (with brake)	ASDBCAPW0100
Incremental Type Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN000X
Absolute Type Encoder Connector	ASD-A2EB000X
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

A-12 Revision July, 2018

750W servo drive and 500W medium-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□
Medium-inertia Motor	ECMA-E△1305□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW100X
(without brake)	ASD-CAF W 100A
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW110X
(with brake)	ASD-CAF WITOX
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	ASD-AZED 100A
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 300W high-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□
High-inertia Motor	ECMA-G∆1303□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW100X
(without brake)	ASD-CAP W 100A
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW110X
(with brake)	AGD-CAI WITOX
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAENTOUX
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 750W low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□
	ECMA-C∆0807□S
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C∆0807□H
	ECMA-C∆0907□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW000X
(without brake)	ASD-ABF WOODA
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0000
(without brake)	ASDBCAPWOOO
Motor Power Cable	ACD ADDIMOTOR
(with brake)	ASD-ABPW010X
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0100
(with brake)	ASDBOAF WOTOO
Incremental Type	ASD-ABEN000X
Encoder Connector	ASD-ADENUUUA
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB000X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

750W servo drive and 600W high-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-0721-□
High-inertia Motor	ECMA-G∆1306□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD CADWARDOV
(without brake)	ASD-CAPW100X
Motor Power Cable	ACD CADWAAOY
(with brake)	ASD-CAPW110X
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

A-14 Revision July, 2018

750W servo drive and 850W medium-high-inertia motor

Servo Drive	SD-M-1521-□
Medium-high-inertia Motor	ECMA-F∆1308□S
Motor Power Cable (without brake)	ASD-CAPW100X
Motor Power Cable (with brake)	ASD-CAPW110X
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN100X
Absolute Type Encoder Connector	ASD-A2EB100X
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

1.5kW servo drive and 1kW low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-1521-□
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C△1010□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW100X
(without brake)	ASD-CAPW 100A
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW110X
(with brake)	AGD-CAI WITOX
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAENTOUX
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

1.5kW servo drive and 1kW low-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-1521-□
Low-inertia Motor	ECMA-C∆0910□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW000X
(without brake)	ASD-ABPW000A
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0000
(without brake)	ASDBCAF WOODO
Motor Power Cable	ASD-ABPW010X
(with brake)	ASD-ABF WUTUA
Power Connector	ASDBCAPW0100
(with brake)	ASDBOAL WOTOO
Incremental Type	ASD-ABEN000X
Encoder Connector	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB000X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-ABEN0000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

1.5kW servo drive and 1kW medium-inertia motor

ASD-M-1521-□
ECMA-E∆1310□S
ASD-CAPW100X
ASD-CAPW 100X
ASD-CAPW110X
AGD-CAI WITOX
ASD-CAPW1000
ASD-CAEN100X
ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

A-16 Revision July, 2018

1.5kW servo drive and 900W high-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-1521-□
High-inertia Motor	ECMA-G△1309□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW100X
(without brake)	ASD-CAF W 100X
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW110X
(with brake)	AGD-CAI WITOX
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAENTOUX
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3 indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)

1.5kW servo drive and 1.5kW medium-inertia motor

Servo Drive	ASD-M-1521-□
Medium-inertia Motor	ECMA-E∆1315□S
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW100X
(without brake)	ASD-CAPW 100A
Motor Power Cable	ASD-CAPW110X
(with brake)	ASD-CAFWIIUX
Power Connector	ASD-CAPW1000
Incremental Type	ASD-CAEN100X
Encoder Connector	
Absolute Type Encoder	ASD-A2EB100X
Connector	ASD-AZED 100A
Encoder Connector	ASD-CAEN1000

(X = 3) indicates that the cable length is 3 m; X = 5 indicates that the cable length is 5 m)



- Box, (\Box) at the end of the servo drive model names represents the product code of ASDA-M. Please refer to the actual situation of purchasing.
- 2) Box, (\Box) in the model name of the servo motor represents brake or keyway / oil seal.
- 3) Triangle, (\triangle) represents the type of encoder. Please refer to Chapter 1 for detail

Other Accessories (suitable for the whole series of ASDA-M)		
Name	Product Number	
50-pin I / O Connector (CN1)	ASD-CNSC0050	
Terminal Block Module	ASD-BM-50A	
RS-232 Communication Cable	ASD-CARS0003	
Software Communication Cable	DOP-CAUSBAB	
CANopen Communication Connector	TAP-CB03 / TAP-CB04	
CANopen Distribution Box	TAP-CN03	
RS-485 Connector	ASD-CNIE0B06	
Regenerative Resistor 400W 40 Ω	BR400W040	
Regenerative Resistor 1kW 20 Ω	BR1K0W020	
Regenerative Resistor 1.5kW 5 Ω	BR1K5W005	

A-18 Revision July, 2018

Appendix B Maintenance and Inspection

Basic Inspection

Item	Content
General inspection	Periodically check if the screws of the servo drive, the connection
	between the motor shaft and the mechanical system as well as
	the connection of terminal block and mechanical system are
	securely tightened.
	The gap of the control chamber and the installation of the cooling
	fan should free from oil, water or metallic particles. Also, shall the
	servo drive free from the cutting power of the power drill.
	If the control chamber is installed in the site which contains
	harmful gas or full of dust, please be ensured the servo drive is
	free from the harmful gas and dust.
	When making encoder cable or wire rods, please be ensured the
	wiring is correct. Otherwise, the motor may have sudden
	unintended acceleration or be burned.
Inspection before operation (has not applied to the power yet)	To avoid the electric shock, the ground terminal of the servo drive
	should firmly connect to the ground terminal of the control
	chamber. If the wiring is needed, wait at least 10 minutes after
	disconnecting the drive from the main supply power, or discharge
	electricity by discharge device. (Please wait until the power
	indicator is off.)
	The splicing parts of the wiring terminal should be isolated.
	Make sure the wiring is correct so as to avoid the damage or any
	abnormity.
	Check if the electric conductivity objects including sheetmetal (such
	as screws) or inflammable objects are not inside the servo drive.
	Check if the control switch is in OFF status.
	Do not place the servo drive of external regenerative resistor on
	inflammable objects.
	To avoid the electromagnetic brake losing efficacy, please check if

Item	Content
	stop function and circuit break function can work normally.
	If the peripheral devices are interfered by the electronic
	instruments, please reduce electromagnetic interference with devices.
	Please make sure the external voltage level of the servo drive is correct.
Inspection before running the servo drive (has already applied to the power)	The encoder cable should avoid excessive stress. When the
	motor is running, please be ensured the cable is not frayed or
	over extended.
	Please contact with Delta if there is any vibration of the servo
	motor or unusual noise during the operation.
	Make sure the setting of the parameters is correct. Different
	machinery has different characteristic, please adjust the
	parameter according to the characteristic of each machinery.
	Please reset the parameter when the servo drive is in the status of
	SERVO OFF, or it may cause malfunction.
	When the relay is operating, make sure it can work properly.
	Check if the power indicator and LED display works normally.

Maintenance

- Please use and store the product in a proper site.
- Periodically clean the surface of the servo drive and servo motor so as to avoid the dust and dirt.
- Do not disassemble any mechanical part when in maintenance.
- Periodically clean the ventilation ports of the servo drive and do not use the product in a high-temperature site for a long time so as to avoid the malfunction.

B-2 Revision July, 2018

The lifetime of machinery parts

■ Dc Bus Capacitor

DC Bus Capacitor will be deteriorated by the affection of ripple current. Its lifetime is determined by the surrounding temperature and operating conditions. If it is operating in an air-conditioned site, its lifetime can up to 10 years.

Relay

The contact of switching power supply will wear and leads to poor contact. The lifetime of relay is influenced by the power supply capacity; thus, the accumulative time of switching power supply is about 100,000 times.

Cooling Fan

In continuous operation, the lifetime of the cooling fan is 2 to 3 years. However, if there is any unusual noise or vibration during inspection, place a new one is a must.

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B-4 Revision July, 2018